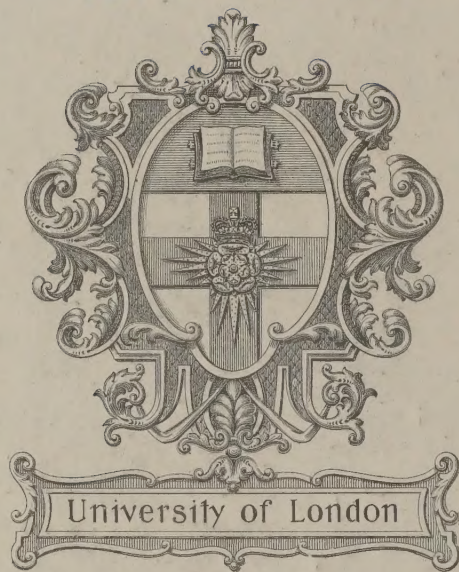
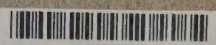


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605135

ACCOUNTS AND PAPERS:

FIFTEEN VOLUMES.

—(9.)—

EDUCATION INQUIRY,

SCOTLAND.

Session

31 *January*—17 *July* 1837.

VOL. XLVII.

1837.



ACCOUNTS AND PAPERS:

1837.

FIFTEEN VOLUMES:—CONTENTS OF THE

NINTH VOLUME.

N.B.—*THE* Figures at the beginning of the line, correspond with the N° at the foot of each Paper; and the Figures at the end of the line, refer to the MS. Paging of the Volumes arranged for The House of Commons.

EDUCATION (SCOTLAND):

133. ABSTRACT of the ANSWERS and RETURNS relative to the EDUCATION
INQUIRY (*Scotland*) - - - - - p. 1
-

Education Enquiry.

ABSTRACT

OF THE

ANSWERS AND RETURNS

MADE PURSUANT TO

AN ADDRESS OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS,

Dated 9th July 1834.

SCOTLAND.

Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,

21 March 1837.

SHIRES OR COUNTIES OF

ABERDEEN - - - - p. 2	KINCARDINE - - - - p. 426
SUMMARY - - - - 62	SUMMARY - - - - 440
ARGYLL - - - - 64	KINROSS - - - - 442
SUMMARY - - - - 96	SUMMARY - - - - 446
AYR - - - - 98	KIRKCUDBRIGHT - - - - 448
SUMMARY - - - - 130	SUMMARY - - - - 468
BANFF - - - - 132	LANARK - - - - 470
SUMMARY - - - - 150	SUMMARY - - - - 508
BERWICK - - - - 152	LINLITHGOW - - - - 510
SUMMARY - - - - 174	SUMMARY - - - - 520
BUTE - - - - 176	NAIRN - - - - 522
SUMMARY - - - - 180	SUMMARY - - - - 526
CAITHNESS - - - - 182	ORKNEY AND SHETLAND - - - - 528
SUMMARY - - - - 192	SUMMARY - - - - 550
CLACKMANNAN - - - - 194	PEEBLES - - - - 552
SUMMARY - - - - 198	SUMMARY - - - - 564
DUMBARTON - - - - 200	PERTH - - - - 566
SUMMARY - - - - 210	SUMMARY - - - - 616
DUMFRIES - - - - 212	RENFREW - - - - 618
SUMMARY - - - - 242	SUMMARY - - - - 634
EDINBURGH - - - - 244	ROSS AND CROMARTY - - - - 636
SUMMARY - - - - 276	SUMMARY - - - - 664
ELGIN - - - - 278	ROXBURGH - - - - 666
SUMMARY - - - - 292	SUMMARY - - - - 688
FIFE - - - - 294	SELKIRK - - - - 690
SUMMARY - - - - 336	SUMMARY - - - - 694
FORFAR - - - - 338	STIRLING - - - - 696
SUMMARY - - - - 380	SUMMARY - - - - 712
HADDINGTON - - - - 382	SUTHERLAND - - - - 714
SUMMARY - - - - 400	SUMMARY - - - - 726
INVERNESS - - - - 402	WIGTOWN - - - - 728
SUMMARY - - - - 424	SUMMARY - - - - 740
SUMMARY OF THE ABOVE THIRTY-THREE SHIRES OR COUNTIES - p. 743	
SUPPLEMENT - - - - 746	

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Mercurii, 9^o die Julii, 1834.

ORDERED, That an humble Address be presented to His Majesty, that He will be graciously pleased to give Directions, That there be laid before this House,—

- ‘ A Return from the several Presbyteries in *Scotland*, showing the Name of each
 ‘ Parish in each Presbytery, with the Population as ascertained in the year 1831 ;
 ‘ whether the Parish is entirely landward or entirely a Burgh, or part of any Burgh
 ‘ or large Town, or whether it is partly landward, and partly a Burgh or Town, or
 ‘ in any Burgh or large Town.’

 - ‘ A Return, showing how many Children of each Sex in such Parish, under Five years
 ‘ of age, have been taught to read, or are now learning to read ; how many
 ‘ Children of each Sex, between Five and Fifteen years of age, have been taught
 ‘ to read, or are now learning to read ; and how many of such Children have been
 ‘ taught to write, or are now learning to write.’

 - ‘ A Return, showing the Number of Parochial Schools, and what number of Instructors
 ‘ in those Schools ; the Amount of Salary, of School Fees, and of any other Emolu-
 ‘ ments ; the least Number of Scholars, and the greatest Number of Scholars of
 ‘ each Sex, who attended such Parochial Schools, in any part of the half year ending
 ‘ Michaelmas 1833, and the like of the half year ending Lady Day 1834 ; what
 ‘ branches of Education are directed to be taught in these Parochial Schools ;
 ‘ what are usually taught, and whether any other branches of Education might be
 ‘ conveniently therein taught.’

 - ‘ A Return, showing the Number of Schools not Parochial (including Boarding
 ‘ Schools), and the Number of Instructors in such Schools ; the least Number and
 ‘ the greatest Number of Scholars, of each Sex, who were under Instruction in such
 ‘ Schools, in any part of the half year ending Michaelmas 1833, and the like of the
 ‘ half year ending Lady Day 1834 ; and what branches of Education are taught in
 ‘ the Schools which may have been included in the class of Schools not parochial.’
-

A B S T R A C T

OF

E D U C A T I O N R E T U R N S

(SCOTLAND):

1834.

County of Aberdeen.

ABSTRACT OF EDUCATION

[The ancient Parishes are placed in Alphabetical order throughout the County, established, are always entered under

ABERDEEN CITY.

1. CLEMENTS, St. Parish - (Pop. 6,501.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			36	29	65	144	27	271	92	45	137		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.										
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.										
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
11	11	235	209	444	-	-	-	-	-	-	215	191	406

2. EAST Parish - - - - (Pop.3,846.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
15	21	-	-	745	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

County of Aberdeen.

RETURNS, JULY M.DCCC.XXXIV.

except those in the City of Aberdeen; but the Parochial Districts recently the name of their ancient Parishes.

ABERDEEN CITY.

1.—CLEMENT'S, ST. Parish is entirely Burgh.

There is no Parochial School, strictly so called; but there are from eight to ten Schools not Parochial, one whereof is a Public School, patronized by the magistrates, who allow the master the fees appertaining to the clerk of the burial ground, and hence it is, that this School is sometimes styled a Parochial School. Another is a Free School, endowed by a bequest in money at interest, the teacher of which is allowed a salary of 30*l.* per annum, also a school-room, and an apartment, rent free. There are no fees exacted at this School, excepting for coals and candles. The branches taught at the above Schools are, reading, writing, sewing, spelling, knitting, catechisms, and prayers and graces at meals; in addition to these, there are taught at the larger Schools, English and Latin grammar, arithmetic, book-keeping, geography, navigation, and the principles of the Christian religion.

Many children of this parish are sent to Schools in other parishes within Aberdeen, particularly to the Grammar School, to acquire a knowledge of the Latin language.

(signed) J. Thomson, Minister.

2.—EAST Parish is entirely Burgh.

There is no Parochial School, but fifteen others not parochial, wherein all the usual branches of education are taught; one of these is a Sessional School, the master whereof is allowed a Salary of 10*l.* per annum, with a school-house, rent free, and the School fees amount to about 40*l.* annually. It is supported by a subscription and collection, made by the members of the East Church congregation. Two other Schools are under the patronage of the magistrates. In addition to the above, seven Sabbath Schools exist in the Parish.

The proportion of scholars in this parish is very high, but no correct idea can be formed of the state of education therein, without considering the whole town wherein it is situate.

The question as to the number of children under five years of age, who are taught to read; and the questions as to the number between five and fifteen years of age, who are taught to read and to write, cannot be accurately answered without weeks of labour. With the exception of certain parts of the parish, including probably one-fifth of the whole, education is generally attended to.

(signed) James Foote, Minister.

Aberdeen City—continued.

3. GREY FRIARS - (Pop. 4,706.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

4. MACHAR (OLD), other- wise St. MICHAEL Parish { (Pop ⁿ , includ- ing Woodside, 25,107.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.						
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.						
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.				
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.												
Schools. Instructors.			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
1			1	47	31	78	34	22	56	-	-	-	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.												
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
Schools. Instructors.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
62			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

5. WOODSIDE Parish { Pop ⁿ included in Old Machar.			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			28	19	47	247	187	434.	170	108	278

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
10	10	334	208	542	182	139	321	306	232	538	251	140	391

*Aberdeen City—continued.***3.—GREY FRIARS Parish:**

By the census of 1831, the population of Grey Friars was 4,706; but by a late *quoad sacra* division, it now contains about 5,500 souls. The population throughout is very much of the same class, and is the poorest in Aberdeen, so that the following may serve as a specimen of the whole, in answer to the first set of queries. It is found that, in a district containing about 660 souls, there are 25 children under five years of age, and 165 between five and fifteen, able to read, and 89 between five and fifteen able to write. There are about six adventure Schools within the parish, attended by about 200 children in all, some of which are *migratory*, and inefficiently taught. The only thing at all of the nature of a Parochial School is one established by the Minister, attended throughout the day and evenings of the week by about 240 children; in addition to which, there are seven Sabbath Evening Schools, attended by about 400 or 500 children, where, however, religious instruction only is communicated. These Schools (Week and Sabbath) are supported chiefly by the contributions of the congregation. The branches generally taught, both in the *Adventure* and other Schools, are reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar and geography, &c. In short, the means of education for the poorer classes in this parish are deplorably inefficient and defective, and the result has been, is, and will continue every day more strongly to show itself in the ignorance, irreligion and immorality of the inhabitants; in which respects it is not singular, but only the same with the other parishes of large towns in Scotland.

(signed) *Abercromby L. Gordon*, Minister.

4.—MACHAR, OLD, Parish includes an extensive landward district, also the Burgh of Old Aberdeen, and great part of New Aberdeen.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, geometry and geography; the salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with 31*l.* 14*s.* 6*d.* school fees, and 29*l.* 14*s.* 11*d.* other emoluments annually, arising from the Dick bequest. At the Schools not parochial (which are attended by 2,160 children), the usual branches of education are taught. Of these Schools (eleven whereof are Evening Schools), fifty-three are taught by members of the Established Church, and the remaining nineteen by Dissenters. There are also twenty-four Sabbath Schools, sixteen of which are taught by members of the Established Church, and the other eight by Dissenters; and these Schools are attended by 1,687 persons.

In a parish so large, and so circumstanced as this is, it is quite impossible either to return an answer to the question as to the number of children under five years of age who are taught to read, or as to the number between five and fifteen who are taught to read and to write. Neither can a satisfactory answer be given to the queries regarding the number of children who attended the Schools not parochial, during the period specified.

(signed) *Robert Smith*, Minister.

5.—WOODSIDE is a Parish *quoad spiritualia*, and has been disjoined from the parish of Old Machar, in consequence of the Act of last General Assembly respecting Chapels of Ease. It consists of five villages, three of them contiguous to each other, and a considerable landward district. Woodside is no Burgh, neither is it part of one; it is distant one mile and a quarter from the Burgh of Old Aberdeen, and two miles from the Burgh of New Aberdeen.

There is no Parochial School at Woodside; the one belonging to Old Machar is situate in Old Aberdeen, and from its distance and other causes, can be of no use whatever to this parish. At the Schools not parochial (which include Evening Schools), reading, writing, arithmetic, sewing and knitting are taught.

The Schools are very inefficient; the teachers are in general totally unqualified. There is no encouragement for good teachers, the emoluments being trifling; the fees are almost universally paid weekly, and the income of the master, for that period, varies from 5*s.* to 12*s.* Very little good is done at the Evening Schools, the attendance consisting principally of such as have been at work in the mills during the day, and are consequently too fatigued to make much progress in education; besides, the frequent changes in the mill hours prevent regularity of attendance.

There is no endowment of any kind for the instruction of youth; the state of education is most deplorable, there being many who cannot read.

(signed) *Andrew Gray*, Minister.

Aberdeen City—continued.

6. NORTH Parish - - - (Pop. 4,616.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	5	538	329	867	90	42	132	-	-	-	-	-	-

7. SOUTH Parish - - - (Pop. 4,313.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
12	24	778	366	1,144	702	345	1,047	721	430	1,151	684	381	1,065

8. WEST Parish - - - (Pop. 8,930.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	86	-	-	-	-	-	65	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
8	17	977	265	1,242	-	-	-	804	221	1,025	-	-	-

*Aberdeen City—continued.***6.—NORTH Parish is entirely Burgh.**

There is no Parochial School in the parish. Of the Schools not Parochial, one is a flourishing School now in operation, built and endowed by the magistrates of Aberdeen from funds bequeathed by the late Dr. Bell, of Calcutta, and is attended by 400 boys and 200 girls, under a male and female teacher; the branches taught are English, writing, arithmetic, grammar and geography; another is a Roman Catholic School, attended by 58 boys and 64 girls, also under a male and female teacher; the third is an Infant School, and stands much in need of endowment.

No satisfactory answer can be given to the question as to the number of children under five years of age who are taught to read, nor as to the number between five and fifteen who are taught to read and to write. The answer as to the smallest number of children who attended the Schools not Parochial refers only to the Infant School.

(signed) *John Murray*, Minister.

7.—SOUTH Parish consists of a part of the Burgh of Aberdeen.

The instruction at the Schools not Parochial, consists of reading, writing, English grammar, religious instruction, arithmetic, mathematics, geography, Latin, Greek, drawing, architecture, needlework and French; two of these Schools are supported by the members of the congregation, and males and females engaged throughout the day at manufactories or other employments, are taught reading and writing for an hour in the evening during five days every week; these are the only substitutes for a Parochial School, of which the parish is very much in need.

It is to be remarked that an effort was made to answer the questions as to the number of children under five years of age who are taught to read, and to the number between five and fifteen who are taught to read and to write, but the weak health of the Minister compelled him to desist; the result however was favourable, as far as the inquiry went. The Minister also adds that there are two Sabbath Schools under his superintendence, and that there are several others under the inspection of a general society established for the purpose; but of these Sabbath day scholars no notice has been taken in the Return.

(signed) *Alexr Davidson*, Minister.

8.—WEST Parish is part of the Burgh of Aberdeen.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and spelling, English grammar, elocution and religious instruction; the salary of the master is 22*l.* 4*s.* 6*d.* per annum, with about 120*l.* school fees, and 60*l.* other emoluments annually. At the Schools not Parochial the branches taught are Latin, English reading, spelling and grammar, elocution, religious instruction, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, French and drawing.

The questions as to the number of children under five years of age who are taught to read, and the number between five and fifteen who are taught to read and to write, could not be answered with accuracy on account of the fluctuating nature of the population, neither could the smallest numbers who attended the Parochial School, or the Schools not Parochial during the periods specified, be ascertained.

(signed) *George Glennie*, Minister.

ABERDOWER Parish - (Pop. 1,548.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				3	2	5	32	12	44	26	10	36

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	40	7	47	30	6	36	54	5	59	34	6	40		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	32	21	53	-	-	-	61	35	96	-	-	-		

ABOYNE and GLEN- TANER Parish } (Pop. 1,163.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	260	240	500	260	240	500

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	45	27	72	19	11	30	46	28	74	21	13	34

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	29	21	50	15	10	25	39	27	66	14	10	24

ALFORD Parish - - - (Pop. 894.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	33	12	45	30	10	40	51	18	69	50	16	66		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
None.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

ABERDOUR Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, English grammar and mathematics; any other branch would be taught if there was a demand for it. The salary of the master is 32*l.* per annum, with 8*l.* 5*s.* 6*d.* school fees, and 3*l.* annually, from the office of session clerk. At one of the Schools *not* parochial, the same branches of education are taught as at the Parochial School; the other is kept by a female, who only teaches the elements of the English language and sewing.

The smallest number attending the Schools not parochial is not stated, because at times, especially after the vacation, and about the terms of Whitsunday and Martinmas, very few, perhaps not more than two or three, attend.

(not signed.)

ABOYNE and GLENTANER Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, practical mathematics, Latin, Greek, geography, book-keeping, and occasionally French and algebra. The salary of the master is 26*l.* per annum, with 12*l.* school fees, and 1*l.* 5*s.* annually, other emoluments; he is also entitled to a share of Dick's bequest, which is in favour of the parochial schoolmasters in the shires of Aberdeen, Banff and Moray, and which, it is expected, will average to each about 30*l.* per annum. At the School *not* parochial, which was established by the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge, English reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

From the locality of the parish, (parts whereof being upwards of six miles from either of the established Schools) many children attend Schools in adjacent parishes. In addition to the Schools above, one or two subscription Schools are open for a few months in the winter. All the adult population of the parish have been taught to read and write.

(signed) *Robert Milne Miller*, Minister.

ALFORD Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, mathematics, arithmetic, geography, writing, English grammar, reading, and the principles of religion. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with about 10*l.* school fees, and a yearly mortification of 2*l.* The master charges no fees for the children of the poor, or of common labourers.

The number of children who have been taught to read and write cannot be ascertained, no lists having been kept from which such information can be gathered. It is not common for children to be taught under five years of age; a few have, and a few are now learning. All above six years old have been taught, or are learning, and all the inhabitants above fifteen years of age can read and write. Females are often taught at home by their parents, which accounts for so few of that sex being at the Parochial School.

(signed) *James Farquharson*, Minister.

AUCHINDOIR with } KEARN Parish - } - (Pop. 1,030.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				12	9	21	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	53	35	88	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	32	27	59	-	-	-

AUCHTERLESS Parish - (Pop. 1,701.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				4	14	18	68	55	123	55	31	86

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	51	7	58	34	6	40	51	9	60	42	8	50

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	96	91	187	52	62	114	113	89	202	53	56	109

BANCHORY DAVENICK Parish. See KINCARDINESHIRE.

BELHELVIE Parish - (Pop. 1,621.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	35	9	44	-	-	-	28	17	45	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	50	20	79	-	-	-	40	18	58	-	-	-

AUCHINDOIR with **KEARN** Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin, geography, book-keeping and mathematics. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with 21*l.* 10*s.* school fees, and 2*l.* annually, other emoluments. At the Schools not parochial, English reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

With the exception of a very few aged individuals, who have come into the parish from the Highlands, there is no one above the age of fifteen years who cannot read.

(signed) *William Reid*, Assistant Minister.

AUCHTERLESS Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, geography, Greek and Latin. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with about 21*l.* school fees, 2*l.* annually from the office of session clerk, and some small dues accruing from baptisms, &c. At three of the Schools *not* parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught, and at the other two, sewing.

Three of the Schools not parochial are situate on the borders of the parish; at one whereof, three-fourths, and at the other two about one half, of the children are from adjoining parishes. So far as it is known, there are none in the parish above the age of fifteen who are unable to read.

(signed) *George Dingwall*, Minister.

BELHELVIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, English reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and mathematics, to which land-surveying and navigation might conveniently be added. The salary of the master is 27*l.* per annum, with 16*l.* 10*s.* school fees, and other emoluments, amounting to about 7*l.* annually, arising from the office of session clerk, and keeper of the registers of baptisms, &c. He is also allowed a house and garden. At the three Schools *not* parochial, English reading, writing and arithmetic are taught. In addition to these three Schools, are several others kept by females, who teach reading and sewing (and in a few cases writing) to children, mostly under five years of age.

It is impossible to state the number of children under instruction in the small schools, on account of the irregularity of their attendance, more especially the young ones, who are often sent more for the purpose of keeping them from harm, than for instruction. Almost all the children, at five years old, can read a little; all between five and fifteen can read; and all who have attained the age of fifteen can write, or at least can sign their names.

(signed) *Alex. Forsyth*, Minister.

BIRSE Parish - - (Pop. 1,476.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	154	151	305	108	55	163

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	50	9	59	17	5	22	60	15	75	18	3	21

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	44	48	92	14	10	24	101	86	187	18	14	32

BOURTIE Parish - - (Pop. 472.)					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					4	3	7	22	15	37	18	12	30

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	17	14	31	13	7	20	25	17	42	20	15	35

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

BRAEMAR and CRATHIE } (Pop. 1,808.) Parish - - - - }					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					17	11	28	146	91	237	83	41	124

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools. Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	43	17	60	13	19	32	54	24	78	15	8	23

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools. Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	53	47	100	28	21	49	68	65	133	57	38	95

BIRSE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Greek, Latin, reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, and occasionally mathematics and geography. The salary of the master is 28*l.* per annum, with 6*l.* 10*s.* school fees, and other emoluments, amounting to 5*l.* annually. Of the four Schools *not* parochial, two have endowments; at one of these, Greek, Latin, mathematics, and all the common branches of a commercial education, are given; at the other, which is kept by a female, reading, writing and sewing; and at the remaining two Schools, reading, writing and arithmetic, are taught; in all the Schools religious instruction is given from the Assembly Catechisms, as a text book.

Besides the four Schools *not* parochial, two others frequently exist in the parish during the winter season, in parts remote from the regular Schools; these are taught by a person employed by the parents of the children for a stipulated season; and from the poverty of their employers, are generally ill qualified to communicate instruction to the children; but the existence of such temporary schools evinces the desire of the parents universally to bestow a measure of education upon their children. These Schools may perhaps be attended by a number of children varying from 20 to 30; but their irregular nature has caused them to be omitted from the number of Schools and scholars. It is difficult to give a correct account of the number who have been taught, or are now learning, to read, as children are seldom sent to school until they are five years of age, and have in many cases been taught at home previously by their parents.

(signed) George Smith, Minister.

BOURTIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, and occasionally Latin, with practical geometry and land-surveying. It is doubtful whether any additional branch could be advantageously introduced; because, although this might occasionally be attended with convenience to an individual, yet from the great quantity of the master's time it would consume, a few only could be benefited at the expense of the many. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum (including an allowance for garden), with about 8*l.* school fees, and 3*l.* annually other emoluments.

It is believed that all the children in the parish begin to read before they reach the age of five years, being either taught by their parents at home, or at the parish School. In some cases, where this is distant, the children of a few neighbouring families assemble together, and are instructed by, in general, some aged female. All above the age of five years are taught to write.

(signed) James Bisset, Minister.

BRAEMAR and CRATHIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, Gaelic, Greek, Latin, writing, mathematics, algebra, geography, book-keeping, &c. The salary of the master is 26*l.* per annum, with from 7*l.* to 8*l.* annually, school fees, and a free house and garden. At the Schools *not* parochial, English, Gaelic, writing and arithmetic are taught. These three Schools are endowed by the Society in Edinburgh for propagating Christian Knowledge in the Highlands and Islands of Scotland.

Very few children are sent to School in this parish under five years of age, on account of the great distance many of them have to travel. The school fees amount to little, on account of the poverty of the inhabitants, who are in general unable to pay for their children. In the summer half year, the number of scholars is less than during the winter season, because then many of the children are employed in herding or attending cattle.

(signed) A. Macfarlane, Minister.

CAIRNEY Parish (which is partly in the shire of Banff, but wholly entered here) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, English grammar, arithmetic, mathematics, geography, Latin, Greek, and the principles of religion. The salary of the master is 18*l.* 16*s.* 7½*d.* per annum in money, and 16 bolls of meal, 15*l.* school fees, and 5*l.* other emoluments, exclusive of house and garden. At one of the Schools *not* parochial, the same branches of education are taught as at the Parochial School, and at the other the same also, with the exception of Greek and Latin.

It is believed that there are no children in the parish under ten years of age who cannot read, and but very few who cannot write.

(not signed.)

CLATT Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, arithmetic, geometry, book-keeping and Latin; no other branches are required. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum, with from 8*l.* to 10*l.* school fees, and an annual allowance arising from Dick's bequest. At the School *not* parochial, which is only for females, English reading, and writing are taught.

There is not an individual in the parish, who has attained a proper age, but can read, and all, with the exception of a few aged persons, can write also. There are two girls, imbecile in mind, who are not capable of enjoying the benefits of education; also another girl, entirely blind, who is much in need of the instruction that an asylum for the blind is capable of affording, but for whom an admission cannot be procured. The people are in general much alive to the advantages of education, and the children are sent, at a proper age, to School, and remain as long as it is necessary.

(signed) *Robert Cook*, Minister.

CLUNY Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, mathematics, geometry, book-keeping and English grammar. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum, with about 14*l.* school fees; and 8*l.* per annum other emoluments, being the interest of 200*l.* mortified for teaching eight poor children gratis, and 2*l.* 2*s.* 9*d.* annually, in lieu of garden.

There are no children in the Parochial School under five years of age; but it is believed that all above that age have either been taught, or are now learning, to read and write.

(signed) *John Fraser*, Minister.

COULL Parish - - - (Pop. 767.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			10	14	24	70	77	147	48	27	75

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	12	8	20	10	6	16	32	9	41	11	9	20

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	18	9	27	-	-	-	13	7	20	-	-	-

CRIMOND Parish - - (Pop. 879.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			3	6	9	48	45	93	33	17	50

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	32	3	35	22	2	24	37	7	44	28	3	31

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	18	52	70	14	31	45	14	44	58	12	31	43

CRUDEN Parish - - (Pop. 2,120.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			5	4	9	39	21	60	33	12	45

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	48	12	60	-	-	-	47	10	57	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	103	55	158	-	-	-	82	61	143	-	-	-

COULL Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic and Latin; no other branches seem called for. The salary of the master (who is aged, and for the greater part of the year keeps an assistant), is 26*l.* per annum, with 7*l.* 14*s.* 1*d.* school fees, and 2*l.* 2*s.* 9*d.* annually other emoluments, exclusive of the Dick bequest, which in 1832 amounted to 29*l.* 3*s.* The School *not* parochial is kept by an aged female and her daughter, who only teach reading and writing.

Only one person is known in the parish, above fifteen years of age, who is unable to read, and he is not a native of Coull. A Sunday School is kept, during the summer months of every alternate year, by the clergyman of the parish, which is attended by about 35 of both sexes. A parochial library was established, under the superintendence of the clergyman, in 1831, containing chiefly standard works of practical divinity, with a select number of books of history, voyages and travels. It has succeeded well; and it is thought that similar libraries, if established in every place in the kingdom, would prove a great blessing. At all the above Schools the scholars are carefully instructed in the principles of the Christian religion.

(signed) *William Campbell*, Minister.

CRIMOND Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, reading, writing, arithmetic, theoretical and practical mathematics, book-keeping and geography, frequently Greek, and French occasionally; no other branch could conveniently be taught. The salary of the master is 35*l.* per annum, with 11*l.* 12*s.* 11*d.* school fees, and other emoluments, arising from the interest of mortification, and perquisites from the office of session clerk, amounting together to 19*l.* 8*s.* 11½*d.* for the year previous to the harvest of 1834. The salary was only 28*l.* per annum, until last year, when it was raised, by the liberality of the heritors, to meet the views of "Dick's trustees." At one of the Schools *not* parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught; at another, the same, with sewing in addition; at another, reading, writing and sewing; and at the other two, reading and knitting only.

The Schools returned in this parish contain 23 children from other parishes, and 7 children belonging to this parish (not included) attend Schools in other parishes. There is no child capable of attending School but what is sent.

(signed) *W. Boyd*, Minister.

CRUDEN Parish lies on the Sea Coast, and contains neither Burgh or Town.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, Latin, arithmetic, writing, book-keeping, mathematics and navigation. The salary of the master is 26*l.* per annum, with about 18*l.* school fees, and 9*l.* other emoluments annually. At the Schools *not* parochial, English reading, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught.

The Parochial School is at present (December 1834) attended by 70 children, and is rapidly increasing, in consequence of the master (who is aged) having lately engaged a very excellent assistant. There is only one person in the parish (an aged fishwoman) who is unable to read.

(signed) *Alex. Cook*, Minister.

CULSAMOND Parish - (Pop. 1,138.)						Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
						Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
						Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
						-	-	-	50	7	57	32	4	36	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	60	10	70	30	5	35	55	9	64	25	3	28		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

DAVIOT Parish - - (Pop. 691.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
			-	-	-	32	12	44	25	7	32			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools. Instructors.			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		34	16	50	25	11	36	38	17	55	33	12	45
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

DEER, NEW Parish - (Pop. 3,525.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			40	42	82	426	390	816	331	200	531

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	136	51	187	85	34	119	145	40	185	81	31	112

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
8	8	143	96	239	90	54	144	213	112	325	86	67	153

CULSAMOND Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, book-keeping, mathematics and Latin, together with Greek, which is seldom required. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with about 19*l.* school fees, and an annual allowance of 2*l.* 2*s.* 6*d.* in lieu of a garden.

It is not known that there are any children in the parish between the ages of five and fifteen years, who have not either been taught, or are now learning to read ; a great proportion can also write. It is believed that all the adult population are able to read. The poor are taught gratuitously ; hence the means of education are within the reach of all.

(signed) *W. Middleton*, Assistant Minister.

DAVIOT Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, grammar, writing, arithmetic, geography, book-keeping, the principles and practice of geometry, theoretical and practical trigonometry, algebra, Latin and Greek. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with about 14*l.* school fees, and 6*l.* annually other emoluments.

Children are rarely sent to school until they are five years old. There is not one person in the parish, above fifteen years of age, who is unable to read.

(not signed.)

DEER, NEW, Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, Latin, Greek, geometry and algebra. The salary of each master is 21*l.* 7*s.* 9*d.* per annum ; the school fees of the three collectively amount to 62*l.* 9*s.* 10*d.* ; and one also receives 5*l.* 10*s.* annually, from the office of session clerk. Six of the Schools *not* parochial are conducted by young men ; the other two by females. In all these Schools the ordinary branches of education, such as reading, writing and arithmetic, are taught, and in one of them Latin.

(not signed.)

DEER, OLD, Parish (which is partly in the shire of Banff, but wholly returned here) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at one of the Parochial Schools consists of Greek, Latin, English grammar, mathematics, geography, book-keeping, arithmetic and writing; the same branches are likewise taught at the other two Parochial Schools, with the exception of Greek, and the parts of mathematics. The master of the principal School has a salary of 31*l.* 6*s.* 7½*d.* per annum, and about 24*l.* 10*s.* school fees; each of the others is paid 10*l.* per annum, with about 20*l.* school fees. At the Schools *not* parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught, and sometimes needlework.

The Schools *not* parochial being unendowed, the attendance is very irregular; consequently, the number at any stated period cannot be ascertained; but it is probable that there are, at least, double the number of children belonging to the parish undergoing the formal process of education than are stated to attend the Parochial Schools. Three Schools (situate in remote parts of adjoining parishes, and two whereof are parochial), accommodate and instruct a considerable number of children belonging to this parish. Most of the children under five years of age get what instruction they receive from their parents at home. It is probable (but cannot be verified) that no person within the parish, capable of learning, has reached fifteen years of age without being able to read; and the boys generally, and most of the girls (even children of the poor), now obtain some lessons in writing.

(not signed.)

DRUMBLADE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, mensuration, English grammar, Latin, geography and book-keeping, with Greek, or any other branches that may be necessary. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with school fees, amounting on an average to 23*l.* 10*s.*, and 3*l.* annually, arising from the office of session clerk; exclusive of the bequest left to the parochial masters of Aberdeen, Banff and Morayshire, (no regular payment having yet been made on that account) which, it is expected, will amount to between 20*l.* and 30*l.*

One or two indigent females take a few children (perhaps 10 or 15) along with their own, to instruct, but these cannot be considered Schools. A respectable female instructor is much wanted in the parish, to teach the ordinary branches of female education.

(not signed.)

DRUMOAK Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin, history, geography, Greek and mathematics; other branches might also be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with about 22*l.* school fees; and other emoluments arising from the office of session clerk, and meal mortified for teaching twelve poor children, which together may amount to 10*l.* annually. There are generally two Schools *not* parochial, but one is at present vacant; the branches taught are reading, sewing and knitting.

The children returned in the School *not* parochial are those who are generally in attendance.

(signed) A. Corbet, Minister.

DYCE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar and the catechism; no other branches are requisite. The salary of the master is 26*l.* per annum, with 8*l.* school fees, and 6*l.* annually other emoluments. The number of children stated to be taught to read and to write is the average number so taught during each year. It is impossible to state the number between the age of five and fifteen years *who have been taught*, but the number of persons in the parish who cannot read must be extremely few, certainly not more than 20; perhaps not so many.

(not signed.)

ECHT Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, geography and history; no other branches could be conveniently added, without a larger school-room. The salary of the master is 29*l.* per annum, with 20*l.* 17*s.* school fees, and 1*l.* 18*s.* 10*d.* other emoluments annually. At the Schools *not* parochial, English, writing, arithmetic and Latin are taught.

The teacher of one of the private Schools is allowed an annual salary of 5*l.*; the other no salary. It would tend much to their usefulness if Government would bestow a small yearly allowance to the teachers of Schools like these. All persons in the parish (with the exception of a few very aged) above fifteen years old are enabled to read. The teachers of the private Schools having been both changed in spring 1833 and 1834, the numbers of scholars cannot be asserted as quite exact, but they are as nearly so as could be discovered.

(not signed.)

ELLON Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, the elements of Greek, mathematics, English grammar, arithmetic, writing, geography and English reading. The salary of the master is 28*l.* per annum, with 25*l.* school fees; he is also entitled to a share of Dick's bequest, left for the schoolmasters of Aberdeen, Banff and Morayshire, averaging perhaps 20*l.* annually.

There are in the parish two Schools *not* parochial, conducted by males, wherein reading, writing and arithmetic are taught; and eight or ten others, kept by females, who teach knitting and sewing. The number of children attending these Schools cannot be accurately given; but they probably contain about 100 males and 100 females. It is impossible to ascertain how many children under fifteen years old have been taught, or are learning to read and to write; but it is believed that all who are of a proper age, can read, and that most of them can write a little. The system of instruction in many side Schools, as well as the teaching, being very often imperfect, endeavour is now being made to establish another Parochial School in the parish.

(signed) James Robertson, Minister.

FERGUS, St. Parish. See BANFFSHIRE.

FINTRAY Parish - (Pop. 1,046.)					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					3	4	7	51	31	82	41	22	63
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	47	19	66	34	21	55	43	26	69	41	16	57
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	29	19	48	12	22	34	31	19	50	12	22	34

FORGUE Parish - - - (Pop. 2,286.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
				13	12	25	200	220	420	-	-	-	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	47	13	60	26	10	36	49	15	64	20	8	28
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	100	70	170	50	54	104	90	65	155	45	50	95

FOVERAN Parish - - (Pop. 1,699.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			11	9	20	120	60	180	100	50	150

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	49	5	54	32	12	44	56	7	63	42	7	49

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	84	39	123	70	30	100	119	51	170	100	40	140

FINTRAY Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, geometry, land-measuring, book-keeping, geography and Latin, on all of which the candidate for the School is examined by the Presbytery. The salary of the master is 28*l.* per annum, a garden renting 1*l.* annually, and school fees amounting to 23*l.* if regularly paid (but this is far from being the case), together with the interest of Dick's mortification, but as this depends on the pleasure of the trustees, it may or may not be given, as to them shall seem fit. At the School *not* parochial, English reading and grammar, arithmetic, land-measuring, geometry and book-keeping are taught. This School was established by the Rev. Dr. Morison, and the master receives the interest of 200*l.* as salary.

The number of children given as taught to read and to write are those only *who are now actually learning*.

(signed) *John Leslie*, Minister.

FORGUE Parish is entirely landward, extending nine miles in length and six in breadth.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, Latin, Greek and geography. The salary of the master is 28*l.* per annum, and about 20*l.* annually, school fees; he is also entitled to a share of the Dick bequest, the arrears of which now amount to about 100*l.* At one of the Schools *not* parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught; the other four are kept by females, who teach reading and needlework only.

From the great extent of the parish, about 60 children (for convenience) attend two Schools, which are situate on the borders, the one an Assembly School at Bog, in the parish of Inch, the other at Lady Bog, in the parish of Auchterless. It is supposed that all the children in the parish between six and fifteen years of age have been taught, or are now learning, to read, and almost all the boys, and a part of the girls, have also been taught, more or less, to write.

(signed) *J. Cordiner*, Minister.

FOVERAN Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, geography, Latin and Greek, to which might conveniently be added, French, navigation, and the higher branches of mathematics. The salary of the master is 28*l.* per annum, with 30*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.* school fees, and 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* annually other emoluments. At the Schools *not* parochial (one of which is a Charity School, wherein 60 children are instructed), English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic and geography are taught.

(signed) *Maxwell Gordon*, Minister.

FRASERBURGH Parish (Pop. 2,954.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				11	9	20	301	177	478	185	55	240			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	68	12	80	60	8	68	59	13	72	56	13	69		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
9	9	248	174	422	180	143	323	253	160	413	114	99	213		

FYVIE Parish - - (Pop. 3,252.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Females.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	60	17	77	35	13	48	74	22	96	30	13	43
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	100	62	162	70	44	114	136	83	219	61	37	98

GARIOCH Chapelry, otherwise LOGIE-DURNOW Parish,		(Pop. 1,873.)		Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				16	20	36	221	205	426	149	84	233

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	55	12	67	31	10	41	54	15	69	22	7	29		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	113	61	174	43	39	82	136	54	190	28	15	43		

FRASERBURGH Parish:

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, Greek, French, geography, mathematics, writing and arithmetic; no other branches could be taught advantageously by one instructor. The salary of the master is 29*l.* 18*s.* 10*d.* per annum, with about 48*l.* school fees, and 8*l.* annually other emoluments. He is also entitled to a proportion of Dick's bequest, from which he received, last year, 100*l.* sterling; and it is expected that the yearly allowance will henceforth amount to between 20*l.* and 30*l.* At four of the Schools *not* parochial, which are conducted by male teachers, English reading, writing and arithmetic are taught; the other five are kept by females, who only teach reading and writing.

An assistant teacher is greatly needed at the Parochial School, and application to that effect was made to the heritor some years since, without success. The school-room and dwelling-house for the master are much too small, and further accommodation in these respects ought to be made. Children under five years of age are generally taught at home by their parents.

(signed) *John Cumming*, Minister.

FYVIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, English grammar, geography, the elements of Greek and mathematics, and the principles of the Christian religion; no other branches have hitherto been required, nor could any other be introduced with advantage. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 30*l.* school fees, 7*l.* annually, arising from the office of session clerk, and a dwelling-house and garden. At the Schools *not* parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught, in addition to which females are instructed in needlework. Two of these Schools are towards the boundary of the parish, and derive part of their scholars from adjoining parishes.

The children in this parish generally begin to read at the age of four years; all between the age of five and fifteen are able to read, more or less perfectly; and nearly all the boys, and the greater part of the girls, between those ages, have been taught, or are now learning, to write. It is not known that there are any persons in the parish above fifteen years old who are unable to read. It may be observed, that a great benefit would be done to Scotland if a small sum was given towards the endowment of Schools *not* parochial.

(not signed.)

GARROCH Chapelry, otherwise LOGIE DURNOW Parish, is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic; book-keeping, Latin and Greek occasionally; geography and practical mathematics might be also advantageously taught. The salary of the master is 27*l.* per annum (exclusive of the Dick bequest), with about 20*l.* school fees, and from 4*l.* to 5*l.* annually other emoluments. This School is at present conducted by an assistant, the master being unable to teach. At the Schools *not* parochial, English reading, writing, arithmetic and practical mathematics are taught.

There are no persons in the parish above the age of fifteen who cannot read, and only a few aged persons who are unable to write.

(signed) *Henry Simson*, Minister.

GARTLY Parish - - (Pop. 1,127.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.						
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.						
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.				
			-	-	30	-	-	400	-	-	300				
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	70	-	-	50	-	-	100	-	-	30		
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

GLASS Parish - - - (Pop. 932.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
			5	-	5	117	39	156	60	16	76			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
1	1	23	9	32	-	-	-	40	15	55	-	-	-	
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
1	1	36	11	47	-	-	-	32	12	44	-	-	-	

GLENBUCKET Parish - (Pop. 539.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			7	4	11	107	57	164	56	32	88

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	60	34	94	54	30	84	54	27	81	48	23	69

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	22	11	33	12	10	22	14	10	24	10	11	21

GARTLY Parish (which is partly in the Shire of Banff, but wholly returned here) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, and the elements of Greek and mathematics, which are all the branches deemed necessary. The salary of the master is 32*l.* per annum, with about 20*l.* school fees, and 6*l.* annually other emoluments. There is no other permanent School in the parish, but Schools on private adventure are occasionally opened during the winter months.

The master of the Parochial School has recently left, and a successor newly appointed; consequently, exact answers cannot be given to the questions relative thereto, neither (on account of the extent of the parish, and the limited time given for collecting information) can it be exactly stated how many children are now learning, or how many have already been taught, to read and write; but it is believed that the numbers returned is a near approximation. Many families reside from four to seven miles distance from the Parochial School; consequently, an additional School is greatly needed.

(signed) *John Robertson*, Minister.

GLASS Parish (which is partly in the Shire of Banff, but wholly entered here) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English grammar, writing, arithmetic, geometry, Latin, Greek and geography; no other branches are required. The salary of the master is 35*l.* 6*s.* 11½*d.* per annum, with 7*l.* school fees, and a share of the bequest of the late James Dick, esq., the annual amount of which is not yet exactly known. At the School *not* parochial, English grammar, writing and arithmetic are taught.

The answers required by these questions cannot be made with complete accuracy, but those given are near the truth. Besides the Schools here mentioned, a few others of minor order sometimes exist in the parish, but these are not permanent.

(signed) *John Cruickshank*, Minister.

GLENBUCKET Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geography, mathematics and Latin; other branches might advantageously be taught. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with 5*l.* school fees, and 1*l.* annually, arising from the office of session clerk. At the School *not* parochial, reading and writing are taught, and sometimes arithmetic.

The School last-mentioned is situated at Badenyon, a remote part of the parish, and is conducted by a person who has no fixed salary, but is paid a trifle by the parents of the children. Such a preparatory School, with a suitable salary to the teacher, is much wanted. The Earl of Fife, the only heritor, has given a site for a house, and half an acre of ground for a garden. With the exception of two or three very old people, there is no person in the parish, above fifteen years of age, who cannot read and write.

(signed) *Robert Scott*, Minister.

GLENMUCK, TULLICH and GLENGAIRN Parish } (Pop. 2,279.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				19	15	34	231	104	235	154	47	201

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	58	29	87	33	14	47	66	27	93	45	19	64

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
8	8	149	61	230	61	33	94	250	119	369	139	63	202

HUNTLEY Town & Parish, (Pop. 3,545.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			44	40	84	318	366	684	—	—	513

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	80	50	95	55	10	65	100	30	130	52	20	72

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
8	9	139	130	269	125	120	245	179	175	354	135	135	270

INSCH Parish - - - - (Pop. 1,333.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	159	162	321	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1		1		42	11	53	17	6	23	39	9	48	20	5	25

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3		3		54	36	90	-	-	-	60	31	91	-	-	-

GLENMUICK, TULLICH and GLENGAIRN Parish, is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, English grammar, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics, geography and Latin; no other branches are necessary. The salary of the master is 30*l.* 2*s.* 9*d.* per annum, with about 15*l.* school fees, and 7*l.* annually, arising from the office of session clerk. At five of the Schools *not* parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught, and the same at the other three, together with English grammar, book-keeping, plain trigonometry and mensuration. Besides the branches of education here enumerated, reading the scriptures, catechetical exercises, committing to the memory psalms, paraphrases, and select passages of scripture, are, in accordance to the directions of the church, carefully attended to in all the Schools, especially on Saturdays.

Five of the Schools *not* parochial are only open for about four months during the winter of each year, which will account for the small number of children attending during the first half year. As regards the number of children under fifteen years of age, who are stated to have been taught to read and write, or who are now learning, those returned are *the actual number who have attended School* from March 1833 to March 1834. It is believed that the number of persons in the parish, above fifteen years of age, who are unable to read, is comparatively few, and those chiefly females; but the exact number cannot be ascertained.

(signed) *Hugh Burgess*, Minister.

HUNTLEY Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, Greek, Latin, writing, arithmetic, mathematics and book-keeping; to which might conveniently be added, French and geography. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 44*l.* school fees, and 8*l.* annually other emoluments. At the Schools *not* parochial, the elementary branches are chiefly taught.

This parish is united to Kinore, which is separated from Huntley by the River Bogie, and at a very considerable distance both from the parish church and the Parochial School. A permanent School, with an efficient teacher, is much wanted in the district of Bogie. It is not known that there are any persons in the united parish (except a few Highland labourers) above the age of fifteen years, who are unable to read.

(signed) *James Walker*, Minister.

INSCH Parish is partly landward, and partly a Burgh of Barony.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin and book-keeping. The salary of the master is 27*l.* per annum, with 15*l.* school fees, and 2*l.* annually other emoluments. At the Schools *not* parochial, reading, writing, &c. are taught.

The teachers of the Schools last mentioned cannot state the smallest number of children that attended their respective Schools during any part of the year.

(not signed.)

INVERURY Burgh and } (Pop. 1,419.) Parish - - - - - }			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			4	6	10	223	154	377	177	135	312

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools. Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	136	34	170	54	26	80	101	26	127	33	15	48

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools. Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
6	6	49	94	143	39	85	124	40	78	118	30	63	93

KEIG Parish - - - - (Pop. 592.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			1	-	1	58	51	109	39	23	62

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	28	7	35	-	-	-	45	8	53	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	25	25	-	-	-	-	47	47	-	-	-

KEITHALL & KINKELL } (Pop. 877.) Parish - - - - - }			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			1	3	4	58	52	110	52	46	98

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	40	14	54	30	10	40	47	10	57	40	10	50		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	10	12	22	4	11	15	9	21	30	4	15	19		

NVERURY Parish is partly landward, and partly a Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, English grammar, geography, Latin, and occasionally Greek. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with about 30*l.* school fees, and 5*l.* annually other emoluments. At the Schools *not* parochial, (which are chiefly conducted by females) reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, sewing and knitting are taught.

It is not known that there are any persons in the parish above fifteen years of age who are unable to read.

(signed) *Robert Lessel*, Minister.

KEIG Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and Latin; Greek, mathematics and English grammar might also be advantageously taught. The salary of the master is 36*l.* per annum, with 8*l.* school fees, and a share of Dick's bequest to the parochial schoolmasters of Aberdeen, Banff and Morayshire, the amount of which is not yet determined. At the School *not* parochial, reading, grammar, writing and sewing are taught.

There may be one or two aged people in the parish who cannot read, but it is scarcely thought that there are any in the middle stages of life in that unhappy condition, and very few who cannot both read and write. The Parish Schools in Scotland are generally efficient, and have raised her common people to a degree of moral and intellectual rank which is unknown in other nations; but it is very desirable that the Government should make the emoluments of the teachers such as would render the office of parochial schoolmaster worthy of the ambition of well-educated men, which they cannot at present be said to be.

(signed) *Alexander Low*, Minister.

KEITHALL and KINKELL Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, arithmetic, English reading and writing. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with 15*l.* school fees, and 25*l.* annually other emoluments. At the School *not* parochial (which is kept by a female), arithmetic, English, writing and sewing are taught.

Children under five years of age are generally taught at home by their parents, before they are sent to school; but the number so instructed cannot be ascertained. It is not known that there is one person in the parish, above fifteen years of age, who is unable to read.

(signed) *John Keith*, Minister.

[illegible]

KILDRUMMY Parish - (Pop. 678.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				8	8	16	44	17	61	26	6	32

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	53	11	64	26	6	32	43	8	51	37	7	44

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	15	12	27	-	-	-	37	16	53	-	-	-

[illegible]

KEMNAY Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, geography and book-keeping, together with land-surveying and mathematics, when required. The salary of the master (who takes boarders, and occasionally employs an assistant) is 25*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum, with 35*l.* school fees, 1*l.* annually, arising from the office of session clerk, and the interest, at three per cent, of 850 merks Scots, bequeathed by different persons to the School; in addition to which, he is entitled to a share of the money bequeathed by Mr. Dick to the parochial schoolmasters of Aberdeen, Banff and Morayshire, amounting to upwards of 130,000*l.*, the interest whereof he appointed to go to the increase of the school salaries in these three counties, but expressly excluding the masters of Schools in all the royal burghs in those counties from a participation therein. This bequest is committed to a certain number of trustees at Edinburgh, who consider themselves to be vested with a discretionary power to divide the interest according to rules, which a majority of them shall agree to. The schoolmaster of this parish, and it is thought the greatest number in the said three counties, have received 100*l.* each of what is called arrears, but none, as yet, have received their annuities from the bequest.

It is believed that there are not three persons in the parish who cannot read. In answer to the questions, as to how many children under fifteen years of age have been taught, or are now learning to read and write, the numbers returned are those who are *now* actually learning.

(signed) *P. Mitchell*, Minister.

KILDRUMMY Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geography and Latin; no other branches are necessary. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum, with 11*l.* 6*s.* 4*d.* school fees, and some other emoluments which are uncertain. At the School *not* parochial, English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic and Latin, are taught.

All the children in the parish begin to read about four or five years of age; those returned under fifteen years, who have been taught, or who are now learning to read and write, are the actual numbers who attended the Parochial School from Michaelmas 1833 to Michaelmas 1834.

(signed) *Alexander Reid*, Minister.

KINCARDINE O'NEIL Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of Latin, arithmetic, reading, English grammar, writing, land-measuring and geography. The salaries of the masters conjointly are 67*l.* 19*s.* 7½*d.* per annum, with 57*l.* 2*s.* 9*d.* school fees, and 12*l.* 17*s.* 6*d.* annually other emoluments, averaging nearly 46*l.* per annum each.

In 1829 the heritors assessed themselves in the maximum salary fixed by law, that they might be enabled to establish three separate Parochial Schools, which were found necessary to benefit the inhabitants of the whole parish. On that occasion, the salary was as equally as possible divided amongst the three teachers. It is believed that, with two or three exceptions, every individual in the parish above fifteen years old can read.

(signed) *John Rogers*, Minister.

KINELLAR Parish - - (Pop. 449.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	64	30	94	37	17	54

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	24	11	35	13	7	20	40	15	55	25	6	31

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	-	16	16	-	14	14	-	24	24	-	20	20

KING-EDWARD Parish - (Pop. 1,966.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.				CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.										
				From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
Schools.	Instructors.													
1	1	23	7	30	11	5	16	29	9	38	17	6	23	
OTHER SCHOOLS.				CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.										
				From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
Schools.	Instructors.													
2	2	25	15	40	25	9	34	74	29	103	-	-	-	

KINNETHMONT Parish (Pop. 1,131.)					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	32	5	37	32	5	37	38	7	45	38	7	45
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	50	48	98	50	48	98	81	57	138	81	57	138

KINELLAR Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, grammar, arithmetic and Latin. The salary of the master is 26*l.* per annum, with 11*l.* 3*s.* 6*d.* school fees, and from 4*l.* to 5*l.* annually other emoluments. At the School *not* parochial, which is for females, reading, writing, arithmetic and sewing are taught.

(not signed.)

KING-EDWARD Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, arithmetic, English reading, writing, book-keeping, Greek, mathematics, English grammar and geography. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, including an allowance for a garden, 10*l.* 6*s.* 6*d.* school fees, and 4*l.* 10*s.* annually other emoluments; besides which, he is entitled to a share of the Dick bequest, the amount of which is not yet settled. At one of the Schools *not* parochial, the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School; at the other, English grammar, reading, writing and arithmetic only.

Besides the two private Schools here mentioned, another exists in the parish, containing about 50 children, half of whom are from an adjoining parish; and as one of the others has only recently been opened, the answers to all the queries cannot be accurately given. A new school-room has also lately been erected in a distant district, where a teacher is much wanted. The parish is well supplied with Schools, but the private teachers are very badly paid. Children under five years of age are generally taught at home, and it is believed that there are very few in the parish who are unable to write.

(signed) William Findlay, Minister.

KINNETHMONT Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, English, writing, arithmetic, mensuration and book-keeping; no other branches could conveniently be taught. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum, with 9*l.* 10*s.* 2*d.* school fees, and 3*l.* annually other emoluments. At one of the Schools *not* parochial, English, writing, arithmetic, mensuration and Latin are taught; at another, the same branches, with the exception of Latin; and at the other two, only English reading is taught.

Another Parochial School is much wanted in this parish, and which would supply the place of the four Schools *not* parochial. These are, at present, supported entirely by subscription; and as the emolument to each School does not exceed 6*l.* or 7*l.* annually, they are, of necessity, conducted by a very inferior class of teachers, and their existence can only be considered temporary. Few children are sent to school under five years old, but all between that age and fifteen have been taught, or are learning, to read, and almost all to write. The greatest and smallest number which have attended school at any particular part of the year cannot be ascertained, but those returned may be considered the average number throughout the year.

(signed) William Minty, Minister.

KINTORE Burgh and Parish - - - } - (Pop. 1,184.)						Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
						Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
						Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
						3	4	7	132	127	259	83	68	151

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.												
1	1	47	29	76	32	24	56	53	33	86	14	10	24

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.												
2	2	15	11	26	13	10	23	18	32	50	14	21	35

[illegible]

LOCHELL-CUSHNIE Parish - - - - } (Pop. 1,077.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			20	15	35	170	160	330	120	115	235

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	65	34	99	28	24	52	62	37	99	24	18	42

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	21	13	34	12	10	22	45	22	67	16	15	31

KINTORE Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin and mathematics ; to which might conveniently be added, Greek and geography, which the instructor is qualified to teach. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with 24*l.* school fees, and 4*l.* annually other emoluments ; he is also entitled to a share of the Dick bequest, no part of which has yet been paid to him, on the ground that the heritors have not provided a school-house. At one of the Schools *not* parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught ; at the other, reading and needlework only.

Children are seldom sent to school under five years of age, unless by parents who live in the immediate neighbourhood of the Schools. It is believed that all the children between six and fifteen years of age have been taught, or are now learning, to read, and that all can write before they attain that age ; and that very few, if any, can be found in the parish above fifteen years old, who cannot both read and write.

(signed) R. Simpson, Minister.

LESLIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and Latin ; but the two branches last-mentioned are seldom required. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum, with about 13*l.* school fees, an allowance of 2*l.* 2*s.* 9*d.* annually in lieu of garden, and a mortification from which is paid 1*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum, as fees for the children of poor widows.

(not signed.)

LOCHELL-CUSHNIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School at Cushnie consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, land-surveying, Latin, geography and English grammar ; the same branches are also taught at the School at Lochell, with the exception of Latin and geography. The salary of the master of Cushnie School is 25*l.* 13*s.* 3½*d.*, with 10*l.* school fees, and 3*l.* annually other emoluments ; a like salary is also paid to the master of Lochell School, with about 8*l.* school fees, but no other emoluments. At the two Schools *not* parochial, one of which is endowed by Sir Charles Forbes, bart., the other (which commenced since Michaelmas 1833) by the late Mr. M'Combie, the same branches are taught as at the Cushnie School.

Besides the Schools above-mentioned, two others are occasionally kept in remote parts of the parish, each of which is attended by from 25 to 35 children (many of whom belong to neighbouring parishes), and reading, writing and arithmetic are taught therein. All the children in the parish, above four years of age, are either learning, or have been already taught, to read.

(not signed.)

LOGIE-BUCHAN Parish - (Pop. 684.)						Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
						Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
						Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
						4	2	6	46	54	100	33	34	67

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	27	10	37	20	5	25	30	9	39	8	4	12

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

[illegible]

LONGSIDE Parish - - (Pop. 2,479.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				20	16	36	109	35	144	108	32	140

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	106	34	140	85	29	114	138	39	177	124	35	159

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
8	8	20	22	42	18	18	36	28	32	60	24	30	54

LOGIE-BUCHAN is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and practical mathematics; it would be advantageous if Latin and Greek were taught also. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum, with 9*l.* 7*s.* 6*d.* school fees, and 3*l.* annually other emoluments.

Besides the above, two Schools are occasionally kept by females, where from 20 to 30 children are taught to read. The reason that Latin and Greek are not taught at the Parochial School is, that the master was appointed prior to the Schoolmasters' Act of 1803; before that time the emoluments were so small, that a thoroughly educated teacher could not be obtained. In this parish, which is divided by a tide river, two Schools are much needed; but the expense is thought too heavy on the heritors of so small a parish.

(signed) *George Cruden*, Minister.

LOGIE-COLDSTONE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, Latin, book-keeping, geography and Greek. The salary of the master is 26*l.* per annum, with 22*l.* school fees, 2*l.* annually, arising from the office of session clerk, and a share of the Dick bequest, the amount of which is as yet unknown.

(not signed.)

LONGSIDE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools (one of which a principal, and the other two subsidiary or side Schools) consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, geometry, book-keeping, geography, Latin and Greek. The salary of the principal schoolmaster is 31*l.* 6*s.* 7*d.* per annum, with about 16*l.* school fees, and from 8*l.* to 9*l.* annually, arising from the office of session clerk. Each of the other two masters has a salary of 10*l.* per annum, and about 16*l.* annually, school fees. At the Schools *not* parochial (two of which are kept by males, the other six by females), reading, writing, knitting and sewing are taught. The exact numbers attending these Schools cannot be ascertained.

The two subsidiary (or side) Schools were instituted in 1829. Very few can be found in this part of the country who are unable to read. The teachers are generally well qualified for their office, except that they have not been instructed in the art of teaching, and are precluded by poverty from witnessing and taking advantage of new improvements in their profession.

(signed) *John Imray*, Minister.

LONMAY Parish - (Pop. 1,798.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	6	79	37	116	43	20	63

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	107	47	154	88	36	124	125	68	193	82	43	125

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	25	-	-	15	-	-	25	-	-	15

LUMPHANAN Parish - (Pop. 957.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	1	43	26	69	26	17	43	57	29	86	27	15	42	

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	1	21	25	46	14	16	30	40	21	61	28	18	46	

MACHAR (NEW) Parish, } (Pop. 1,246.) with STRALOECH-LAND - }			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	16	8	24	18	9	27

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	1	25	18	43	20	15	35	43	17	60	27	16	43	

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
	1	37	29	66	18	17	35	44	29	73	26	13	39	

ONMAY Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English reading and grammar, writing and arithmetic; and at the first or original School (at the fishing village of St. Combs) Latin, geography and mathematics, in addition; navigation is also appointed to be taught at this School, if necessary, but none at present are learning it. The salary from the heritor to the master of the first School is 28*l.*; to the second, 21*l.* 6*s.* 3*d.*; and to the third, 10*l.* per annum; the school fees are 23*l.* 8*s.*, 21*l.* 6*s.* 3*d.*, and 15*l.* respectively per annum, and for the last four years the first master has received 25*l.* annually from Dick's bequest; but the same benefit has not been extended to the other two. The master of the first School is unable to do his duty, consequently it is conducted by an assistant, who is allowed 7*l.* per annum by the heritor, and holds the office of Church Session Clerk, which may be worth from 5*l.* to 6*l.* annually; he also receives the fees from the scholars.—At the School *not* parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

Very few children begin their attendance at School before they are six years old; but it appears that the younger children acquire the knowledge of the alphabet, and words of one syllable, from their friends at home previous to their being sent to school. In answer to the question, as to how many children under fifteen years of age have been taught, or are now learning to read and write, the number returned are those who are now actually under instruction.

(signed) *Charles Gibbon*, Minister.

UMPHANAN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School (wherein the Monitorial System is to a certain extent adopted) consists of reading, writing, English grammar, arithmetic, mathematics, Latin, and the elements of Greek and Geography; no other branches seem at present to be necessary. The salary of the master is 27*l.* per annum, with about 12*l.* 12*s.* school fees, and 2*l.* 10*s.* annually, other emoluments.—At the school *not* parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

Children under five years of age are generally taught at home by their parents; nearly all the children in the parish, between five and 15 years of age, have been taught, or are now learning to read; and it is believed that almost all are taught to write before they arrive at 15 years of age.

(signed) *Charles McCombie*, Minister.

IACHAR, NEW Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, reading and grammar, Latin, writing, arithmetic, geography, mensuration, and the Assembly's Catechism. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with 5*l.* school fees, and 3*l.* 8*s.* other emoluments annually.—At the school *not* parochial, English, reading, writing, arithmetic and catechism are taught.

The inhabitants, even the poorest, show a laudable desire to have their children educated.

(signed) *Alexr Simpson*, Minister.

MELDRUM, OLD, Parish - (Pop. 1,790.)		Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
		Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
		-	-	-	78	82	160	-	-	-			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	32	11	43	28	9	37	32	11	43	28	9	37
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	10	33	43	8	29	37	10	33	43	8	29	37

METHLICK Parish - (Pop. 1,439.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	65	43	108	43	34	77	51	35	86	41	33	74		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

MIDMAR Parish - - (Pop. 1,056.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				16	9	25	109	96	205	82	67	149

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	43	15	58	37	12	49	66	18	84	34	10	44

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	13	23	36	7	18	25	9	22	31	5	16	21

OLD MELDRUM Parish is landward, comprehending a Burgh of Barony.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, Latin, Greek and mathematics. The salary of the master is 28*l.* per annum, with 14*l.* school fees, the interest of 200*l.* annually, bequeathed by a charitable person for teaching the children of the poor, and a share of Dick's bequest, the amount of which is not yet ascertained. At the Schools *not* parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

Children are seldom sent to school under five years of age, but the average number between five and fifteen years old, who are annually taught to read and write, is about 160. Besides the Schools above-mentioned, a few others are kept by aged females.

(not signed.)

METHLICK Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Greek, Latin, English grammar, geography, arithmetic, book-keeping and mensuration. The salary of the master is 28*l.* per annum, with 23*l.* school fees, and 18*l.* 10*s.* annually other emoluments. It is also expected that something will be forthcoming from Dick's bequest. At the Schools *not* parochial (one of which is closed during the summer), reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

It is impossible to state how many children have been taught, and are now learning, to read and write; but from October 1833 to August 1834, when the harvest vacation commenced, 124 children (not all at one time), had attended School; neither can the number of children who attended the Schools *not* parochial, at any particular time of the year, be ascertained, no account having ever been kept. Few, if any, children ever attend School in this parish who are under five years of age.

(signed) *Ludovick Grant*, Minister.

MIDMAR Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin and English grammar with geography and mathematics, if required. The salary of the master is 27*l.* per annum, and about 19*l.* 5*s.* 6*d.* school fees (part of which is unpaid); he is also entitled to participate in the Dick bequest. At the Schools *not* parochial, needlework, reading and writing (the last very imperfectly) are taught.

Some of the parents of the children are neither able, nor very willing, to pay the school fees; most of them, however, are very desirous to have their children taught to read and write, and also to understand the first rules of arithmetic. Several attend school very partially, from the time at which they usually commence, say at four years of age, to about fifteen, the time at which most of them give up attending School. It is believed that not more than seven or eight persons in the parish (and those very aged) are unable to read.

(signed) *George Middleton*, Minister.

MONQUHITTER Parish - (Pop. 2,004.)						Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
						Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
						Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
						9	3	12	105	53	158	71	31	102

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	34	17	51	26	14	40	50	14	64	25	12	37

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	99	54	153	48	28	76	103	49	152	38	23	61

MONYMUSK Parish - (Pop. 1,011.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			11	7	18 .	120	104	224	74	41	115

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	26	14	40	20	8	28	46	22	68	26	10	36		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	39	21	60	33	14	47	73	40	113	52	26	78		

NEWHILLS Parish (Pop. 2,552.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			93	88	186	227	238	465	182	196	378		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools. Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	43	20	63	32	17	49	40	20	60	37	16	53

MONQUHITTER Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, English grammar, geography, mathematics and Greek; no other branches are ever required. The salary of the master is 29*l.* 18*s.* 10*d.* per annum, with 23*l.* 10*s.* annually, school fees; but this amount is seldom realized. The master is also entitled to a participation in the benefit of Dick's bequest. At the Schools *not* parochial, English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, mathematics and Latin, are taught.

Few children under five years of age are sent to school; those who commence their education earlier are generally taught at home by their parents or friends. This will account for the small number of children returned as attending any public School. There are not more than two or three persons in the parish (and these are not natives, but who in advanced life have come to reside in it) who are unable to read.

(signed) *Hugh Gordon*, Minister.

MONYMUSK Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, book-keeping and practical mathematics. The salary of the master is 26*l.* per annum, with about 14*l.* school fees, and 3*l.* 10*s.* annually other emoluments. At one of the Schools *not* parochial, which is permanently endowed, the same branches are taught, as at the Parochial School, at the other three, reading, writing and needlework are taught, and at one of them a little arithmetic.

There are no persons in the parish, of any age, capable of being taught, who are not able to read.

(signed) *Robert Forbes*, Minister.

NEWHILLS Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction usually given at the Parochial School (which is at present closed on account of the death of the master) consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin, the principles of the Christian religion, and occasionally geography, mathematics and Greek. The salary allowed is 32*l.* 2*s.* 3*d.*, with about 6*l.* annually, arising from the office of session clerk. The fees attached to the School, nor the usual number of children attending it, cannot, on account of the death of the master, be stated. At the two Schools *not* parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

The number of persons in the parish above fifteen years of age, who are unable to read, is supposed to be about fifteen.

(not signed.)

OYNE Parish - - - (Pop. 796.)					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					-	-	-	105	89	194	86	74	160

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	38	17	55	27	13	40	52	23	75	36	16	52		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	9	21	30	4	15	19	11	18	29	7	11	18		

PETERCULTER Parish (Pop. 1,223.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			6	3	9	94	54	148	70	27	97

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.												
1	1	20	14	43	27	12	39	38	16	54	34	15	49

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.												
4	4	49	43	92	41	36	77	62	39	101	55	32	87

[illegible]

YNE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin and mathematics; no other branches are required. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with 12*l.* 10*s.* school fees, and 4*l.* 5*s.* annually other emoluments, exclusive of Dick's bequest. At the School *not* parochial, which is kept by a female, English reading, writing and sewing are taught.

It is not known how many children under five years of age have been taught to read, and as they are usually first sent to school between five and seven years old, with respect to the acquirement of any useful learning, it must be unimportant at which of these ages they commence. There are no parishioners above fifteen years of age who are unable to read the Bible. One part of the parish is four miles distant from the Parochial School, and separated from it by a considerable mountain; so that the children (about 18 in number) attend a School in the adjacent parish of Monymusk, which was endowed by the late Lord Cullen, one of the senators of the College of Justice.

The fullest attendance at all country Schools in this quarter, is from Martinmas to Candlemas.

(signed) *Alexander Cushny*, Minister.

ETERCULTER Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, English grammar, geography and Latin. The salary of the master is 28*l.* per annum, with 14*l.* school fees, and 3*l.* 14*s.* 2*d.* annually other emoluments, for teaching poor children. At three of the Schools *not* parochial, English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, geography, Latin and mathematics are taught; and at the other, which is a Boarding School, the same branches, with French and Greek in addition.

It is difficult to say whether any other branches of education could, with advantage, be taught at the Parochial School, as it is not desirable to have the teacher's attention directed to too many thoughts at one and the same time.

(signed) *John Stirling* Minister.

ETERHEAD Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of languages ancient and modern, mathematics and other branches, by far too numerous for one instructor. The salary of the teacher is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with from 40*l.* to 80*l.* school fees, and about 20*l.* annually from the office of session clerk. At the Schools *not* parochial, the elementary branches are for the most part taught.

There are no means of obtaining satisfactory answers to many of these queries, without instituting an expensive, troublesome and inquisitorial examination. It may therefore be sufficient to remark, that education among the mass of the community, in the town and parish of Peterhead is presumed to have kept pace with its progress through the country at large. A minute inquiry was made by the present parish schoolmaster three years ago; from which it appeared, that there were then about 700 scholars of both sexes receiving instruction in the town and parish, exclusive of those attending Schools taught by females, which may be estimated at 100. Thus the whole number receiving education is probably 800, of whom 500 boys and 300 girls is a proportion which, it is believed, will approximate very nearly to the truth. Girls have not, for many years past, attended the Parochial School.

(not signed.)

PITSLIGO Parish - - (Pop. 1,439.)					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					-	-	-	80	80	160	40	40	80

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	71	9	80	39	8	47	85	20	105	19	4	23		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

PREMNAY Parish - - (Pop. 625.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
				10	8	18	71	76	147	46	21	67	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	27	9	36	10	5	15	35	12	47	7	5	12
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

RATHEN Parish - - (Pop. 2,100.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			-	-	-	233	180	413	133	64	197		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	40	20	60	21	12	33	38	15	53	11	2	13
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	65	31	96	33	11	44	103	41	144	31	24	55

PITSLIGO Parish is partly landward, and partly a Burgh of Barony.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, spelling and grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin, book-keeping, Greek, mathematics and the elements of religious knowledge; it is also in contemplation to teach geography; no other branches are considered necessary. The salary of the master is 32*l.* 2*s.* 6*d.* per annum, with 19*l.* 8*s.* school fees (a fourth of which is unpaid), and some trifling emoluments, arising from the office of session clerk. At the Schools *not* parochial, reading, writing and sewing are taught, and in some, arithmetic. The number of children attending these Schools cannot be rightly ascertained.

This part of the country is badly provided with school-houses and proper teachers; the population has so much overgrown the provisions made by law both for school and church accommodation, that in many cases it ought to be threefold. Heritors and ministers have each a vote in the appointment of school-masters; nevertheless, they are frequently put in more through interest than qualification. Preachers are often appointed to Schools, which is objectionable on the ground that they remain only for a temporary period, are often unsettled, preaching, not teaching, being their object, and frequent changes are hurtful. It is desirable that there should be Schools or Seminaries for the instruction and training of teachers, from which a diploma ought to be indispensable.

(signed) *E. Hume.*

PREMNAY Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping; to which all the usual branches of elementary education might be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 27*l.* per annum, with from 10*l.* to 11*l.* school fees, 1*l.* 11*s.* 8*d.* mortification money annually, and an allowance of 2*l.* 2*s.* 9½*d.* for a garden.

There are no persons in the parish who cannot read, and but few males who cannot write a little.

(signed) *John Wilson, Minister.*

ATHEN Parish is entirely landward, with Fishing Villages belonging to two of the Heritors.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, navigation, geography and Latin; no other branches are considered necessary. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 3½*d.* per annum, with, it is believed, about 16*l.* 4*s.* 6*d.* sterling school fees (but this cannot be exactly ascertained, the School having become vacant in November 1834), and a share of Dick's bequest, the amount of which is at present uncertain. At the Schools *not* parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

The few children under five years of age who have commenced reading, have generally been taught at home by their parents.

(signed) *William Cock, Minister.*

RAYNE Parish - - - (Pop. 1,484.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	230	160	390	195	148	343

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	45	27	72	38	25	63	52	34	86	44	26	70

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	94	71	165	78	64	142	98	79	177	75	62	137

RHYNIE and ESSIE Parish (Pop.1,018.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

SKENE Parish - - - (Pop. 1,677.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			20	19	39	127	77	204	87	55	142

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	25	9	34	-	-	-	44	14	58	-	-	-		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
6	6	65	51	116	-	-	-	100	77	177	-	-	-		

RAYNE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, mathematics and Latin. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 3½*d.* per annum, besides a garden of a quarter of a Scots acre, 32*l.* 10*s.* school fees, and other emoluments (exclusive of Dick's bequest), amounting to 5*l.* 15*s.* annually. At the Schools *not* parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

Children residing in the immediate neighbourhood of the Schools are usually first sent at about five years of age; others a year later. Few of them begin to write before they are seven years old; and those who commence at that age make as much progress in one year, as the younger writers do in three years. The Parochial School is central, and might be attended by 150 scholars if it were sufficiently capacious; but having been built about 24 years ago, it is too limited for the present population, and cannot contain more than 80 children. The minister, in his annual examinations through the parish, during 14 years, has not found one parishioner above fifteen years of age who could not read the Bible with more or less accuracy.

(signed) A. Cushny, Minister.

RHYNIE and ESSIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of all the common branches of education, with Latin, Greek and mathematics. The salary of the master is 24*l.* 7*s.* 8½*d.* per annum, and eight bolls of meal. At the School *not* parochial, English reading and grammar, arithmetic, writing and mensuration are taught.

The queries respecting the number of children that have been taught to read, &c. within the age specified, or the number that attended School within the periods specified, cannot be accurately answered, a parochial schoolmaster having been appointed, and likewise a teacher to the private School, since April last. The late parochial schoolmaster had become inefficient, from the infirmities of age, and had consequently few scholars; the present master has had more than 80, though few attend school in summer, in country parishes, compared to the number that are to be found in winter. The other School has had as many as 75 scholars. Besides these two Schools, there is one kept by two females (in a small village which has sprung up in the parish), who instruct a few children in reading and sewing. Religious instruction forms a part of the system of education in all the Schools. It is believed that there is not a person in the parish of ten years of age, who has not been taught, or is not now learning to read and write, and that there is scarcely an individual among the aged who cannot read.

(signed) William Allardyce, Minister.

SKENE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin and English grammar; Greek, land-surveying and book-keeping might also be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, allowance for garden 12*l.*, school fees amounting to (but not fully paid) 18*l.*, and 20*l.* 8*s.* annually, arising from Dick's bequest. At the Schools *not* parochial (two of which are kept by females), reading, writing and arithmetic are taught; the Scriptures are also read daily, and the Assembly's shorter catechism is regularly taught in all the Schools.

The teachers of the private Schools have no emoluments but the school fees, which average only 10*s.* a year from each scholar. Some parts of the parish are above three miles distant from the Parochial School, and being an agricultural district, more scholars attend the Schools in the winter months than during the summer.

(signed) George Mackenzie, Minister.

SLAINS Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin and mathematics, which comprehend all the branches that are necessary. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with 14*l.* school fees, and 2*l.* 10*s.* annually other emoluments.

There are no means of ascertaining how many children, under fifteen years of age, have been taught to read and write; the number returned are those now actually learning. All within that age have the means of instruction within their reach, the children of the poor being taught gratuitously.

(signed) *W. Middleton*, Assistant Minister.

TRATHDON Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, geography, English grammar and the elements of Latin. The salary of the master is 28*l.* per annum, with about 10*l.* school fees, 1*l.* 5*s.* arising from the office of session clerk, and 1*l.* 10*s.* annually, in lieu of a garden. At five of the Schools *not* parochial (three of which have been appointed by the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge), reading, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, English grammar and the elements of Latin are taught; at the other School, which is for females, needlework is taught.

It is to be observed, that according to the dates required, it is impossible to give a distinct idea of the number of children attending the different Schools, summer and winter. The rolls of the parish are from Whitsunday to Martinmas; and taking Ladyday for a term (which occurs when the Schools are fullest), makes a greater number appear in the summer half year than in reality attend all that time. On the other hand, three of the Schools *not* parochial are kept on private adventure, and these are only open during the winter months; besides which, the elder children are engaged as herds during the summer, and the younger ones are kept at home to herd the family cow, which will account for the great proportion between the winter and summer half years. It is believed that there are none in the parish above fifteen years of age (with the exception of one or two very old people) who are unable to write.

(not signed.)

TRICHEN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, Greek, reading, writing and arithmetic; no other branches are particularly required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 21*l.* school fees; he is also entitled to a share of the Dick bequest. At the Schools *not* parochial, which are kept by females, reading only is taught in three, and at the other, reading, writing and needlework.

Children under five years of age are generally taught at home by their parents. At the four Schools *not* parochial, from 70 to 80 children are constantly under instruction; and as a considerable number of children, whose parents reside at the two extremities of the parish, attend Schools in adjoining parishes, there are very few to be found who have not been taught to read; but as part of the parish is distant four miles from the Parochial School, another is greatly needed.

(signed) *A. S. Simpson*, Minister.

TARLAND and MIGVIE } Parish - - - } (Pop. 1,074.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	74	72	146	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	55	19	74	-	-	-	52	20	72	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

TARVES Parish - - - (Pop. 2,232.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.			From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.								
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1		1		40	25	65	28	12	40	51	30	81	28	12	40
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.			From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.								
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5		5		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TOUGH Parish - - - (Pop. 828.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				3	3	6	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS,		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	42	20	62	25	8	33	44	21	65	28	10	38

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	33	17	50	15	10	25	37	19	56	29	18	47

TARLAND and MIGVIE Parish is entirely landward, with a Baronial Burgh, containing 300 persons.

The instruction given at the Parochial School, which is situated at Tarland, consists of Latin, English, arithmetic and writing. The salary of the master is 28*l.* per annum, with about 14*l.* 10*s.* school fees, and an allowance of 2*l.* 2*s.* 9*d.* annually for a garden.

A School, with a teacher of the branches specified at the Parochial School, is much needed at Migvie, which is three miles distant from Tarland, this would also accommodate the detached parts of the parish of Logie-Coldstone, the means of education would thus be extended to at least 40 children.

(signed) *Andrew Watson*, Minister.

ARVES Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, mathematics, arithmetic, reading, writing, English grammar, geography, and occasionally Greek. The salary of the master is 28*l.* per annum, with 23*l.* school fees, and a proportion of the Dick bequest, which may amount to about 25*l.* annually. At the Schools *not* parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

As to the number of children under fifteen years of age, who have been taught to read and write, or who are now learning, it is impossible to give any accurate information. It may, however, be said, that all the children in the parish can or are now learning to read; neither can the number of children attending the Schools *not* parochial be given.

(signed) *Francis Knox*, Minister.

OUGH Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and the principles of religion, together with mensuration, trigonometry, land-surveying and Greek, when required; it is also proposed to introduce geography, the elements of natural philosophy and the French language. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, with about 5*l.* school fees annually; he is also entitled to a share of the Dick bequest, the trustees of which have never yet made any regular payments, nor stated what their intentions are. At the School *not* parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic and the principles of religion are taught.

Owing to the very limited time allowed for collecting the required information, it has been found impracticable to answer all the questions proposed; it may, however, be stated, that there is no person in the parish, of sound mind, who is unable to read. Children under five years of age are generally instructed by their parents at home. A few young women (in this and many other parishes) have never been taught to write. Schools where needlework, and other branches of female usefulness, might be taught, are greatly wanted.

(signed) *James Gillan*, Minister.

TOWIE Parish - - - (Pop. 728.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			12	13	25	63	56	119	45	36	86

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	34	29	63	28	24	52	36	30	66	30	24	54

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TULLYNESTLE-WITH- FORBES, Parish - - }		(Pop. 778.)		Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
				4	3	7	112	76	188	92	57	149	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	66	29	95	37	22	59	71	36	107	16	8	24
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TURRIFF Town and } Parish - - - } (Pop. 2,807.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	75	43	118	46	23	69	77	27	104	34	13	47
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	60	50	110	54	35	89	68	54	122	58	32	90

TOWIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin and book-keeping, together with geography and mathematics; the elements of chemistry and other sciences might also be taught in the evening, during the winter months, provided remuneration and attendance could be obtained. The salary is 28*l.* per annum, with school fees of the average amount of 12*l.* annually.

The present school-room is only 16 feet by 14, and is therefore very inadequate to the wants of the parish, not only proving a drawback upon the teacher's usefulness, but a source of much discomfort to those taught. Were the school-room enlarged, and fitted up on a plan similar to that of the British and Foreign School Society in the Borough Road, and entrants admitted only at stated intervals during the year, it would tend greatly to facilitate the progress of the pupils themselves, and advance the cause of education in general. At present, entrants are admitted at all times when it suits their own convenience, which often creates an additional class for one scholar, to the manifest loss of that one itself, as it has no equals to contend with, besides being an additional labour to the teacher, which is an equal loss to his other pupils. Every person in the parish above the age of fifteen years can read.

(In the absence of the Minister)

(signed) *John Fyfe*, Schoolmaster.

ULLYNESTLE with FORBES Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, land-surveying, geography, Latin and Greek. The salary of the master is 29*l.* 18*s.* 10*d.* per annum, with 23*l.* 2*s.* school fees, and about 2*l.* 2*s.* annually, arising from the office of session clerk; he is also entitled to a share of the Dick bequest, which is under the management of certain trustees, who can best tell to what extent the schoolmasters are likely to be permanently and regularly benefited.

The smallest number of children which are returned at the period last-mentioned, are those which assembled on the first day after the vacation.

(signed) *James Paull*, Minister.

URRIFF Parish is partly landward, and partly a Burgh of Barony.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, practical mathematics, book-keeping and geography; French might also, perhaps, be introduced to advantage. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* per annum, with from 41*l.* to 42*l.* school fees, and other emoluments arising from the office of session clerk, and from a mortification amounting to 18*l.* 1*s.* 8*d.* annually. At the Schools *not* parochial (except one where instruction is not given in Latin), the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School, and religious instruction is regularly given in all the Schools.

The children in this parish generally begin to read rather under, or about, five years old. The number at present attending School under that age is 48. From a minute inquiry made by the minister about twelve months ago, only one person between five and fifteen years of age was found who could not read, and at least nine-tenths had learned to write. Besides the four principal Schools above-mentioned, are nine others, kept by females, each of which is attended by about 20 children; also Sabbath Schools for religious instruction.

(signed) *James Cruickshank*, Minister.

TYRIE Parish - - - (Pop. 1,613.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
				2	2	4	14	2	16	9	1	10	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	19	13	32	35	15	50	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	-	-	-	9	76	85	90	112	202	-	-	-

UDNY Parish - - - (Pop. 1,309.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				10	10	20	38	24	62	31	18	49

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	16	8	24	-	-	-	18	6	24	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	18	7	25	-	-	-	18	7	25	-	-	-

YRIE Parish is entirely landward, but it contains a large Village.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, Greek, mathematics, English reading and writing. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum, with 12*l.* school fees, and 8*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* other emoluments annually, exclusive of Dick's bequest, the allowance from which has not yet been fixed. At the Schools *not* parochial, the branches taught consist of English reading, writing and arithmetic, and at one Latin is occasionally taught.

In answer to the question, as to how many children under fifteen years of age have been taught, or are now learning, to read and write, the number returned includes those only who are now learning at the Parochial School.

(signed) *T. M. Simpson*, Minister.

DNY Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin and Greek; no other branches are required. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with about 14*l.* school fees, and 5*l.* 10*s.* annually other emoluments, arising from the office of session clerk. At the Schools *not* parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

The people, especially the poor, are very anxious to give their children education; and the best means of enabling them to do so, is by giving encouragement to agriculture. The Schools are better attended in winter than in summer, as the poorer people, whose lands are not inclosed, must employ their children in summer to herd their cattle.

(not signed.)

SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF ABERDEEN.

1. NUMBER of INHABITANTS in the SHIRE of ABERDEEN in the Year 1831 - - - - - 177,657.

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
2. NUMBER of Children under five years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	610	537	1,147
Number of Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	7,712	6,113	13,825
Number of such Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write - - - - - }	5,141	3,234	8,375

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
3. PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS - - - - -	93	96	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools, from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			3,851	1,559	5,410	2,279	1,059	3,338
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			4,477	1,806	6,283	2,253	963	3,216

	£.	s.	d.
TOTAL AMOUNT of Salaries received by Parochial Schoolmasters - - - - -	2,509	17	10
— of School Fees received by - - ditto - - - - -	1,741	18	4
— of other Emoluments received by ditto - - - - -	531	18	8½
	£.	4,783	14 10½

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
4. SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - - -	347	379	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			6,080	3,846	9,926	2,488	1,878	4,366
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			5,519	3,491	9,010	2,767	2,038	4,805

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
5. TOTAL NUMBER of PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, and SCHOOLS not PAROCHIAL - - - - - }	440	475	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Total Number of Children attending School from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			9,931	5,405	15,336	4,767	2,937	7,704
Total Number of Children attending School from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			9,996	5,297	15,293	5,020	3,001	8,021

REMARKS ON THE SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF ABERDEEN.

The number of Inhabitants attributed to the several parishes in this Abstract of Education Returns, differs from the total number ascribed to the Shire of Aberdeen in the Population Abstract of 1831, because in a few instances parishes extend into adjoining shires, in which case the entire parish is ascribed to that shire in which the larger portion of its population reside; this kind of correction being unavoidable in a Return strictly parochial. The total Population of the parishes entered in this Abstract thus becomes 480 persons additional to 177,657, and is taken at 178,137 in all the calculations on which the subsequent remarks are founded.

To this number might be added in strictness, an increase of nearly four per cent (or 40 in 1,000), during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and ten months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years; such estimated increase somewhat lessens the *proportion* of children educated, or under education in the shire of Aberdeen, but does not alter any of the *numbers* which are stated in the Summary, or in the following remarks.

The difficulty of personal inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has not permitted the ministers of thirty-nine parishes in Aberdeenshire, to specify the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read, or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears on the opposite page to have been 1,147; which by application of the rule of proportion to the population of all the parishes, gives 2,586 for the entire shire of Aberdeen.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age, who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read (as specified in the Returns) is 13,825; adding to which a due proportion for twenty-three parishes (which are defective in this particular), the total number may be assumed at 25,000. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years of age at Lady Day 1834, must have been 41,647, supposing the same proportion as before, now to exist throughout the shire of Aberdeen.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write (as specified in the Returns) is 8,375, adding to which a due proportion for twenty-nine parishes (defective in this particular), the total number of such children is 16,556.

The number of Parochial Schools is 93, in which are 96 instructors. The greatest number of scholars at these Schools between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 5,410; but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 6,586, and the least number of scholars (3,338) in like manner becomes 4,339.

The greatest number of Scholars at Parochial Schools between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 6,283; but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 7,468, and the least number of Scholars (3,216) in like manner becomes 4,250.

The total amount of Salaries, School-fees and other Emoluments appertaining to the Parochial Instructors, exclusive of augmentation from Dick's bequest, was £.4,783 from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834. Some of the Instructors have moreover received payments from Dick's bequest, which when generally appropriated, is expected to afford an average of £.25 per annum to the several parochial Instructors in the shires of Aberdeen, Banff and Moray (Elgin.)

The number of Schools not parochial, is 347, in which are 379 Instructors. The greatest number of Scholars between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 9,926; adding to which a due proportion for defective returns, the estimated number becomes 12,593; and the least number of scholars (4,366), the return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 8,904.

The greatest number of scholars at Schools not parochial, between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 9,010; adding to which a due proportion for defective returns, the estimated number becomes 14,581; and the least number of scholars (4,805), the return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 9,518.

The total number of Schools (parochial and not parochial) is 440, in which are 475 instructors. The total number of scholars at all Schools in the shire of Aberdeen, between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 15,336, adding to which a due proportion for defective returns, the estimated number becomes 19,179; and the least number of scholars (7,704), the return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 13,243.

The total number of scholars at all Schools in the shire of Aberdeen, between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 15,293; adding to which a due proportion for defective returns, the estimated number becomes 22,049; and the least number of scholars (8,021), the return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 13,768.

Sabbath-day Schools are frequently mentioned in the Returns; but children receiving daily instruction, and no others, are included in the foregoing Summary and Remarks.

County of Argyll.

ABSTRACT OF EDUCATION

[The ancient Parishes are placed in Alphabetical order throughout the County,
the name of their

1. APPIN Parish - (Pop. in 1831, 1,095.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	99	73	172	81	15	96

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	18	12	30	9	6	15	114	55	169	99	41	140

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

2. DUROR Parish - (Pop. 1,480.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	92	47	139	52	19	71

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	-	-	-	63	38	101	101	64	165	-	-	-		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	18	7	25	13	6	19	-	-	-	-	-	-		

County of Argyll.

RETURNS, JULY M.DCCC.XXXIV.

but the Parochial Districts recently established, are always entered under ancient Parishes.]

APPIN Parish (which has recently been divided) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, book-keeping, arithmetic, English and Gaelic reading; in addition to which, Greek, navigation and practical mathematics are directed to be taught. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, including Queen Ann's mortification of 11*l.* 5*s.* sterling, and the school fees amount to 20*l.* annually; but out of these sums he has to pay an assistant. It is seldom that any children are sent to school under five years of age.

(signed) *John Stewart*, Minister of Lismore.

DUROR Parish is a new Government District, disjoined from the Parish of Appin.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English and Gaelic reading, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping. The salary of the teacher of the largest School is 18*l.* per annum, with from 20*l.* to 22*l.* school fees; that of the smallest School 8*l.* per annum, with from 9*l.* to 10*l.* school fees. The former is so numerously attended, that to do the children justice an assistant is much needed, and nothing but deficiency of funds prevents the teacher from engaging one. The instruction at the two Schools *not* parochial consists of English, Gaelic and arithmetic.

(signed) *D. Mac Naughton*, Minister.

ARDCHATTAN Parish - (Pop. 1,650.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			—	—	—	180	113	293	86	57	137

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	24	17	41	23	12	35	23	12	35	12	6	18

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	104	59	163	—	—	—	134	77	211	—	—	—

ARDNAMURCHAN Parish (Pop. 5,609.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			12	8	20	499	252	751	254	76	330

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	41	15	56	21	6	27	69	24	93	43	19	62

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
10	11	193	90	283	116	58	174	341	135	476	238	83	321

[illegible]

ARDCHATTAN Parish is entirely landward, and very extensive, it being upwards of 30 miles long by a breadth of 8 or 9 miles.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, Gaelic, Latin, arithmetic, book-keeping and practical mathematics. The cause of the School being attended by so few children arises from its being inconveniently situated at a distance from the most populous part of the parish. The salary of the master is 29*l.* 16*s.* 7½*d.* per annum (including 4*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.* mortified money); the school fees amount to 11*l.* sterling; he also receives 2*l.* 4*s.* per annum as session clerk. The two Schools *not* parochial are on the establishment of the General Assembly; the same branches of education are taught in these, as in the Parochial School, and in all, the Bible (not extracts) is read, and the catechism, and principles of religion, are also taught. Children under five years of age are seldom sent to school. There may be in this parish from 40 to 50 aged persons who are unable to read. Besides the above Schools are one or two others, in remote parts of the parish.

(Not signed.)

ARDNAMURCHAN Parish (partly in the Shire of Inverness, but wholly entered here) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Gaelic, English, writing, book-keeping, geography, English grammar, Latin, algebra and mensuration; to which might conveniently be added, English and Gaelic composition. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 3*d.* per annum, with 10*l.* school fees, and a house, garden and two acres of land, valued at 7*l.* per annum. In one of the Schools *not* parochial, Latin is taught; in three others, geography and mensuration; and in all, Gaelic, English, writing and arithmetic. In the Protestant division of this parish, containing 3,311 inhabitants, are six preaching stations, under the care of four ministers of the Established Church, and of these inhabitants are 842 above fifteen years of age who cannot read. In another division of the parish, of still greater extent, containing 2,358 inhabitants, there are not more than 300 scattered Protestants, the Church not being able, even yet, to give these wide districts the benefit of more than one assistant minister; it is therefore difficult to obtain accurate information from this part of the parish; but, judging from the evident fact, that education has made little comparative progress, and is not by any means so eagerly or universally desired in the Popish as in the Protestant districts, as well as from an acquaintance of seven years with the effects of Schools operating in the former, it may safely be asserted, that the proportion of those above fifteen years of age who are unable to read in the Popish, is double of that of persons in the same predicament in the Protestant district. Schools under the authority and direction of the Church, and there are none else, are most acceptable and successful among the Roman Catholics.

(signed) *Angus M'Laine.*

BOWMORE Parish, with KILMENNY, is 15 miles long, and in some parts 12 broad.

There are two Parochial Schools, one whereof is situate at Bowmore, taught by a licentiate of the church; the other at Kilmenny, taught by a student in divinity. Of the Schools *not* parochial, two are Gaelic Schools (one of which is held in each parish), supported by the Gaelic Society in Edinburgh; the other ten are small Schools situate in different parts of the parish, and taught by young men, who are engaged and paid by the parents of the children under instruction, which never exceeds 2*s.* 6*d.* per quarter. At these small Schools, without salary, the instruction afforded is not at all what could be wished. At all the above Schools there are generally about 1,000 children in attendance.

(signed) *James Mackintosh, Minister.*

CAMPBELTOWN Parish - (Pop. 9,472.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	860	570	1,430	650	413	1,063

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	95	27	122	88	25	113	100	22	122	90	20	110		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
22	22	604	436	1,040	487	371	858	738	494	1,232	586	435	1,021		

COLL Parish. See TIR-Y.

COLLONSAY Island (Pop. 893.)

COLLONSAY Island - - (Pop. 893.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				-	-	-	60	35	95	10	4	14			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
Schools.	Instructors.	1	1	18	12	30	6	8	14	24	18	42	17	13	30
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
Schools.	Instructors.	1	1	24	25	49	12	18	30	37	18	55	14	22	36

CRAIGNISH Parish - (Pop. 892.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			13	15	28	73	50	123	50	25	75

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	18	12	30	-	-	-	60	25	85	-	-	-		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	12	8	20	-	-	-	32	23	55	-	-	-		

AMPBELTOWN Parish is partly landward and partly Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin, French mathematics, Greek, geography and navigation. The salary of the master, who employs an assistant, is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with an average of 140*l.* school fees, and a house and garden valued at 20*l.* per annum, other emoluments. At the Schools *not* parochial, English, writing, arithmetic and navigation are taught.

There are no Infant Schools in the parish, and the cases where children under five years of age are sent to school are so very rare, that it may be said there are none of that age learning to read at school. The Parochial School is not, strictly speaking, parochial; it is burgh and parochial, the one half of the salary being paid by the heritors of the landward part of the parish, the other half by the magistrates of the burgh; while the magistrates and town council have, by use and wont, the right of electing the schoolmaster, subject to the examination of the presbytery. From the great extent of the landward district, the benefit of the Parochial School is confined almost exclusively to the burgh and suburbs. Of the twenty-two Schools *not* parochial, thirteen are in the borough and suburbs, and the remaining nine in the landward district. Of those in the landward district, four are taught only during a portion of the year, being shut up during the greater part of summer, and the whole of the autumn. The teachers of these Schools are mere boys, who are engaged by the parents of the children to teach for the season, at a low rate. In the burgh and suburbs, the proportion of females who are at school is much greater than in the landward part of the parish; their number in the burgh is nearly equal to that of the males. The kind of education afforded by many of the twenty-two Schools *not* parochial is most defective. With a few exceptions, where the School is not partially endowed or supported by some society, the teacher is but ill qualified for the task he has undertaken. The children are taught, perhaps, to read; but their intellectual and moral powers are not called into exercise.

(signed) *Donald Smith*, Minister.

the Island of COLLONSAY is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English and Gaelic reading, writing and arithmetic; no other branches could be conveniently taught there, owing to the incapacity of the teacher, and want of desire and means on the part of the people: the salary of the master is 11*l.* 2*s.* per annum, with 1*l.* 10*s.* school fees, and 1*l.* other emoluments annually. At the School *not* parochial (which is endowed by the Society for Propagating Christian Knowledge), reading English and Gaelic, writing and arithmetic, are taught.

There are 483 persons in this Island who are not able to read, of whom 216 are believed to be upwards of fifteen years of age.

(signed) *Hugh M'Calman*, Minister.

RAIGNISH Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, Gaelic, reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and Latin; to which might conveniently be added, navigation. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* per annum, with 20*l.* school fees, and other emoluments amounting to 2*l.* 10*s.* annually. The instruction at the School *not* parochial consists of the same branches (Latin excepted) as at the Parochial School. There are no persons in the parish, from five to twenty years of age, who are unable to read; but there are 72 older persons who can neither read English nor Gaelic.

(signed) *A. F. Stewart*, Minister.

UNOON and KILMUN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the three Parochial Schools consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and navigation, and in one, Latin in addition. Greek might conveniently be added in this School, and Latin and Greek in the other two. The salary of one master is 30*l.* per annum, with 28*l.* school fees; of another, 25*l.* 14*s.* per annum, with 18*l.* school fees: each of these two is also allowed a house and garden. The salary of the other master is 21*l.* per annum, with 8*l.* 8*s.* school fees, a house rent free, and 2*l.* 2*s.* annually in lieu of garden. One of these schoolmasters is session clerk also, which is worth about 10*l.* per annum. The branches of education taught at the Schools *not* parochial, consist, in one which is a Boarding School, of all the ordinary branches of female education; in another, a Daily School for females, of reading, writing and sewing; in another, Latin, Greek, French, mathematics, English, Gaelic, writing and arithmetic; and in the other three, English, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught. Two of these Schools are on the scheme of the General Assembly's Committee, and are provided with school-house, dwelling-house and salary (one 25*l.* per annum, and 15*l.* for an assistant; the other with 20*l.* per annum). Two others have but recently commenced, and the number of children attending them is not included in this return.

(Not signed.)

IGHA and CARA Parish is entirely landward.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial School consist of English and Gaelic reading, writing, book-keeping, arithmetic and navigation, of which reading, writing arithmetic and book-keeping are usually taught. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 3½*d.* per annum, with 8*l.* school fees, and other emoluments of 3*l.* annually, as precentor and session clerk. The Parochial School (and there is no other in the parish), is not so well attended now as formerly, owing to the teacher being nearly eighty years of age, and, consequently, very inefficient. Gaelic is the vernacular tongue of the inhabitants, but there are between 30 and 40 persons in the parish above the age of fifteen who can neither read Gaelic nor English. The population is on the decrease, the number of inhabitants, at present, being only 468.

(Not signed.)

GLENORCHY and INISHAIL Parishes, which contain respectively 971 and 835 inhabitants, are entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consist of Gaelic, English, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping; in addition to which, Latin and Greek are directed to be taught. Two of the Schools are in the parish of Glenorchy; and the schoolmasters' salaries are 25*l.* 13*s.* 3½*d.* per annum, with about 8*l.* annually to each, arising from school fees. The salary of the master at the Inishail School is 34*l.* 4*s.* 5*d.* per annum, with about 20*l.* for school fees.

(Not signed.)

INVERCHAOLAIN Parish - (Pop. 596.)						Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
						Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
						Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
						-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.												
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
2	2	28	26	54	-	-	-	27	26	53	-	-	-	
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.												
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	14	32	-	-	-	

INVERARY Burgh and Parish, with GLENARY } (Pop. 2,133.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.						
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.						
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.				
			13	11	24	167	102	269	87	65	152				
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	3	92	48	140	70	35	105	102	53	155	82	31	113		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
5	5	62	75	137	44	46	90	74	81	155	56	54	110		

JURA Parish - - - (Pop. 1,312.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			1	-	-	141	128	269	107	-	107

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	53	21	74	-	-	-	52	25	77	-	-	-		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	104	75	179	-	-	-	102	70	172	-	-	-		

VERCHAOLAIN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English and Gaelic reading, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping; Latin and navigation are also taught in the principal School, and other branches of education might conveniently be taught in this School, if the master had suitable accommodation. The salary is 600 merks per annum to the two Schools, which is divided, viz. 400 merks to the principal schoolmaster (who alone is established in the terms of the Act of 1803), and 200 merks to the other. The school fees, between the two masters, amount to about 10*l.* annually, and no other emoluments are allowed, the heritors taking advantage of the eleventh section of the Act of 1803, as the salary was divided, refused to give the legal accommodation. The two Schools *not* parochial have very recently commenced; the only branches of instruction taught therein are English and Gaelic reading, writing and arithmetic.

This parish is very extensive, interrupted by an arm of the sea, and, consisting principally of sheep farms, it is consequently thinly peopled, and the families situated frequently at a great distance from each other, so that one or two Schools would not be sufficient to embrace the extent of it, and some of the families are more convenient in the neighbouring parishes of Dunoon and Kilmodan, which lessens the number attending the Parish Schools; and there being no legal accommodation provided for the principal School, many are prevented from attending it who might otherwise be inclined to do so, which renders it particularly desirable that this School should have the legal accommodation, and be sufficiently endowed. In March 1829, a meeting of the heritors and minister of the parish was held, in order to fix the schoolmaster's salary for the following twenty-five years, in conformity with the Act of 1803, which the heritors refused to comply with, and passed a series of resolutions accordingly, against which the minister of the parish dissented, and the parochial schoolmaster appealed to the quarter sessions, but received no redress.

(Not signed.)

VERARY Burgh and Parish (in the Return of which is included the Parish of Glenary) is partly landward.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial Schools consist of English in all its branches, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping; to which are added, Greek, Latin, French, mathematics, history and composition; no other branch of education is required. These Schools are conducted by two masters (one having an assistant), whose salaries, together, are 51*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum, with 58*l.* 12*s.* school fees, and other emoluments arising from the interest of mortified money, amounting to 14*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.* annually. The instruction at the Schools *not* parochial consists of English, Gaelic, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping, with music, drawing and sewing.

The principal School being in the burgh, is thus situate in the centre of the parish, which extends about fourteen miles in a north-east and south-west direction. There is another branch of the Parochial School, placed at a distance of four miles and a half from the town; and in the opposite direction, at the distance of four miles, is a School established by a charitable institution. There are besides, in the parish, three other stations so secluded from the above, that the children cannot travel to them; and here they assemble from 40 to 50 at each, and receive instruction from a young man, hired from time to time, who, from the small allowance given to him, does not possess the necessary qualifications for his office. All the young people in the parish, with few exceptions, indeed, are able to read and write. The Bible is to be found in every cottage; and with the exception of four families, viz. two of Roman Catholics, and two of the Baptist denomination, all the inhabitants of the Parish are of the Established Church.

(signed) *Duncan Campbell*, Minister.

JURA Parish is entirely landward, containing six inhabited Islands, scattered over a surface of nearly 50 miles in length and 25 in breadth, including broad estuaries and dangerous ferries.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of Gaelic, English, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping; no other branches could be taught conveniently. The maximum salary of 33*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* is equally divided among three parochial teachers, of whom two are stationed at Jura, the third in the island of Collonsay (from which a separate Return will be made). Each master also receives about 8*l.* annually from school fees, and one 2*l.* sterling from the office of session clerk.

The branches of instruction above mentioned are also taught at the Schools *not* parochial. Of these Schools, one is supported by the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge; the teachers of the remaining four depend wholly upon the school fees, and on account of the general poverty of the inhabitants, they are not able to be kept open regularly throughout the year, which is highly injurious to the rising generation of the necessitous districts of this extensive parish.

Collonsay Island is said to be in the Parish of Juna; but is entered separately. See pp. 88, 89.

(signed) *Alexander Kennedy*, Minister.

KIFINICHEN and KIL- VICKEORE Parish } (Pop. 3,819.)					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					4	7	11	351	276	627	131	63	194
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	-	-	-	48	27	75	116	66	182	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
6	7	-	-	-	180	100	280	442	103	627	-	-	-

KILBERRY and KILCAL- MONELL Parishes - - } (Pop. 3,488.)						Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
						Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
						Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
						8	6	14	320	213	533	214	50	264

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	104	46	150	-	-	-	79	37	116	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
7	7	-	-	395	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

KILBRANDON and KIL- CHATTON Parishes } (Pop. 2,833.)						Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
						Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
						Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
						-	-	-	346	243	589	240	139	379

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.	-	-	100	-	-	-	121	79	200	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.	-	-	185	-	-	-	166	100	266	-	-	-

KILFINICHEN and KILVICKEORE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English and Gaelic reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, Latin, geography and mathematics, no other branch is considered necessary at present. The salary of one master is 30*l.*, that of the other 21*l.* 6*s.* 6*d.* per annum, and each has 8*l.* annually, school fees. In the Schools *not* parochial, Gaelic and English reading, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught.

(Not signed.)

KILBERRY and KILCALMONELL Parishes are entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping; and it is thought the attempt to teach any other branch would not succeed. The schoolmasters have no house accommodation furnished them by the heritors; the school fees in both Schools amount to about 24*l.* per annum, with 3*l.* 10*s.* arising from other emoluments. The same branches of education are taught at the Schools *not* parochial, as at the Parochial Schools.

It is supposed that there are about 300 persons in these parishes above 15 years of age, who are unable to read. The quality of education dealt out in all the Schools is on the average very indifferent, and three additional Schools are needed to meet the wants of the inhabitants.

(signed) John Macarthur, Minister.

KILBRANDON and KILCHATTON Parishes are entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of Latin, English and Gaelic reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, and the principles of religion; Latin is rarely sought for, but mathematics, geography and navigation might be conveniently added. The salary of the master of one Parochial School is 34*l.* per annum, with 26*l.* school fees, and a house and garden worth about 8*l.* annually; that of the other 25*l.* per annum, with the same amount accruing from school fees, but no other emolument or accommodation. At three of the Schools *not* parochial English and Gaelic reading, with writing and arithmetic are taught, and in the other the same branches of education, with Latin, book-keeping and navigation in addition.

It is quite impossible to furnish lists from this parish of the numbers in attendance on the Schools in the form and according to the plan submitted in the queries, as some of the teachers do not keep regular lists of their scholars, and the *terms* observed by them are not the same as those stated in the queries; the prefixed statement is all that can be given, showing first the summer and autumn, and secondly the winter and spring; in this part of the country a very large proportion of the children are taken away from the Schools during the summer and autumn, to be employed in purposes of husbandry. The number of persons in these parishes above fifteen years of age, who are unable to read, is about 420; the inhabitants in general are very poor, and the teachers' fees, although low, are in consequence very irregularly paid.

(signed) R. Elder.

KILCHOMAN Parish - (Pop. 4,822.)					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					27	21	48	407	310	717	180	47	217

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	16	12	28	10	7	17	34	21	55	30	16	46		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
13	13	217	206	423	200	194	394	341	321	662	312	283	595		

KILCHRENAN and DALAVICH Parish - } (Pop. 1,466.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			1	4	5	119	128	247	51	37	88

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	60	49	109	11	9	20	90	67	157	10	8	18		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

KILDALTON Parish - (Pop. 3,065.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Females.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				7	5	12	14	8	22	8	6	14

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	72	35	107	14	8	22	36	24	60	12	6	18

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	91	75	166	30	25	55	98	63	161	25	20	45

LCHOMAN Parish is entirely landward.

The teacher in the Parochial School is only qualified to teach reading, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping; Latin, Greek, grammar, and mathematics might be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, the school fees amount to 4*l.*, and other emoluments to 5*l.* 19*s.* 2*d.* annually. The instruction given at the Schools not parochial, consists of reading, writing and arithmetic.

(Not signed.)

KILCHRENAN and DALAVICH Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools, which are situate at Kilchrenan, Dalavich and Ardchonnell, consists of Gaelic and English reading, writing, arithmetic, and the principles of the Christian religion, with the addition of Latin for Ardchonnell School, Greek, Latin, and English grammar for Dalavich School; Latin is seldom taught in Ardchonnell School, but it might be conveniently taught in Kilchrenan School. The salary of the teacher of Kilchrenan School is 17*l.* 2*s.* 2½*d.*, the school fees amount to 13*l.* and other emoluments to 2*l.* 2*s.*; the teacher of Dalavich School also receives 17*l.* 2*s.* 2½*d.*, the school fees amount to 12*l.* 10*s.* and other emoluments to 1*l.* 1*s.*; the teacher of Ardchonnell School receives 17*l.* 9*s.* 5*d.*, the school fees amount to 9*l.* 8*s.* and other emoluments to 1*l.* 1*s.* There is also a School not parochial which was opened in November 1834, and in which English and Gaelic reading, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught.

(signed) W^m Fraser, Minister.

LDALTON Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English and Gaelic reading, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping; Greek, Latin, mathematics, French, navigation and mensuration are also much required. The salary of the master is 25*l.* per annum; the school fees amount to 10*l.*, and other emoluments to 10*l.* At the Schools not parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught.

(signed) Arc^d M^e Tavish.

KILFINAN Parish - - (Pop. 2,004.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	190	120	310	70	45	115

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	45	35	80	34	26	60	49	40	89	37	30	67

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	184	95	279	115	59	174	181	100	281	124	70	194

KILLEAN and KILL- CHENZIE Parish } (Pop. 2,866.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			5	4	9	266	202	468	110	84	194

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	60	45	105	54	40	94	64	48	112	58	42	100		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	168	128	296	159	120	279	160	125	285	160	124	284		

1. KILMALLIE Parish - (Pop. 4,332.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			1	20	21	383	265	648	188	109	297		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	70	30	100	60	20	80	75	45	120	68	35	103
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
11	11	436	265	701	296	182	478	480	281	761	320	192	512

ILFINAN Parish is entirely landward.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial School consist of English and Gaelic reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and Latin, to which is added English grammar, no other branches are necessary in the parish; the same branches (with the exception of Latin) are also taught at the Schools *not* parochial.

There are no children taught to read in any of the Schools who are under five years of age. Two of the teachers in the Schools *not* parochial, are allowed 3*l.* per annum each by the heritors.

(Not signed.)

ILLEAN and KILLCHENZIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial Schools consists of reading, writing, grammar, geography, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics, navigation and Latin, no other branches could be conveniently added. One of the teachers receives a salary of 31*l.* 6*s.* 6½*d.*, and the other 20*l.* per annum, the school fees amount to 15*l.* in all, one teacher is also provided with a house and garden. The teacher who resides in the central division of the parish is subjected to a great loss and inconveniency for want of a free house and other necessary accommodations, he is at present compelled to pay a rent of 14*l.* sterling for a house and cow's grass. At the Schools *not* parochial, reading, writing, grammar and arithmetic are taught. There are a few persons in the parish above the age of 15 who are not able to read, but the number cannot at present be ascertained.

(signed) *D. Macdonald.*

ILMALLIE Parish (which is partly in the Shire of Inverness, but wholly entered here) is partly landward, and partly a town, Fort William being situate therein.

The branches of instruction given at the Parochial School consist of Greek, Latin, mathematics, arithmetic, geography, writing, English grammar and reading, no other branch is required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* per annum, with 45*l.* school fees, but no other emoluments. The instruction given at the Schools *not* parochial, consists of English and Gaelic reading, writing arithmetic and book-keeping, and in two of them Latin in addition.

(signed) *Donald M^c Gillivray, Minister.*

2. BALCHULLISH } - (Pop. 1,224.) Parish - - - }				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				9	7	16	125	68	193	76	35	111

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	71	56	127	-	-	-	129	78	207	-	-	-

KILMARTIN Parish - (Pop. 1,475.)					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					-	-	-	130	113	243	-	-	126

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	36	30	66	26	24	50	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	55	45	100	40	37	77	-	-	-	-	-	-

KILMERFORD and } KILNINVER Parish }				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				5	6	11	86	69	155	46	39	85			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.				CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.				From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.				From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	76	44	120	50	40	90	104	66	170	98	52	150		
OTHER SCHOOLS.				CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
				From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.				From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
1	1	19	12	31	19	12	31	19	13	32	19	13	32		

LCHULLISH Parish is a new Government district, disjoined from the parish of Kilmallie.

The branches of instruction taught in the three Schools (neither of which is a Parochial School) consist of Latin, Greek, reading, writing and arithmetic.

There are 225 persons in the parish above the age of twenty, and 66 between the ages of six years and twenty, who are unable to read.

(Not signed.)

MARTIN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, English, Gaelic, arithmetic, writing and book-keeping; to which Greek and mathematics might be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with 10*l.* school fees, together with some trifling emoluments arising from the office of session clerk and precentor. At the Schools *not* parochial, English, Gaelic, writing and arithmetic are taught.

There are very few in the parish above the age of 15 years who are unable to read.

(signed) *Hugh Dewar*, Minister.

LMERFORD and KILNINVER Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of Greek, Latin, French, geography, arithmetic, book-keeping, writing, grammar, English and Gaelic reading, none other is required. The salary of one master is 34*l.* 4*s.* per annum, with 20*l.* school fees, that of the other is 20*l.* per annum, with 15*l.* school fees, and each has 1*l.* annually of other emoluments. At the School *not* parochial Latin, English, Gaelic, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught.

(Not signed.)

KILMICHAEL- GLASSRY Parish } - - (Pop. 1,354.) LOCH-GILPHEAD Parish (Pop. 2,700.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			8	4	12	318	250	568	140	106	246
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2		50	36	86	-	-	-	58	40	98
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
7	7		187	131	318	-	-	-	191	118	309

KILMODAN Parish - - (Pop. 648.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	88	76	164	58	42	100
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		22	19	41	14	12	26	34	22	56
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3		39	42	81	29	25	54	50	52	102

KILMORE Parish - - - (Pop. 2,836.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			2	6	8	195	149	344	126	79	205
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2		60	40	100	30	20	50	65	41	106
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
6	7		136	134	270	117	103	220	148	144	292

LOCH-GILPHEAD Parish, which is one of the lately erected parishes *quoad sacra*, is entirely landward, it includes two sections of the parishes of Glassry and South Knapdale, the Parochial Schools are attached to these parishes, though they are within the bounds of the District connected with the Parliamentary Church of Loch-Gilphead.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of reading, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, Gaelic, book-keeping, mathematics, Latin and geography. The salaries of the masters are 25*l.* 7*s.* 10½*d.* with school fees amounting to 35*l.* and no other emoluments. At the Schools *not* parochial the same branches are taught as at the Parochial Schools, with drawing, French and Greek in addition at the Schools for males, and sewing and knitting at those for females.

No return was received from the teachers, regarding the smallest number of children attending the above Schools.

(signed) *Peter McKichan*, Minister.

N.B.—No Return could be obtained from the ancient part of the parish of Kilmichael Glassry.

ILMODAN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, English and Gaelic reading, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping, together with Greek and navigation if necessary; no other branches have hitherto been required. The salary of the master is 23*l.* per annum, with 12*l.* school fees, and 3*l.* annually arising from the offices of session clerk and precentor. At the Schools *not* parochial English and Gaelic reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

There are but few persons in the parish, and those very aged, who cannot read.

(signed) *Donald Campbell*, Minister.

ILMORE is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

The instruction given at the parochial Schools consists of English, Gaelic, writing arithmetic and book-keeping; other branches might be added if they were required. The salary of one master is 25*l.* per annum, with 10*l.* school fees, and 5*l.* annually, accruing from other emoluments; that of the other is 21*l.* per annum, with 6*l.* school fees, but no other emoluments. At the Schools *not* parochial English, Gaelic, Latin, French, writing, arithmetic, geography, drawing and sewing are taught.

(Not signed.)

KILMORICH Parish. See LOCHGOILHEAD.

1. KILNINIAN - - - - (Pop. 2,332.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	240	173	413	95	22	117

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS,		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.												
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
Schools.	Instructors.													
1	1	40	-	40	20	-	20	70	-	70	40	-	40	

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHIEDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.												
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
Schools.	Instructors.													
4	4	97	104	201	65	70	135	170	173	343	93	95	188	

2. TOBERMORY Parish (Pop. 1,450.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			3	16	19	108	101	209	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	4	100	107	207	85	94	179	115	119	234	33	78	111

3. ULVA Parish - (Pop. 1,048.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.						
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.						
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.				
			-	-	-	100	56	156	35	12	47				
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	15	5	20	8	4	12	24	12	36	20	8	28		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	42	18	60	24	12	36	80	36	116	56	26	82		

KILNINIAN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar and occasionally Latin, navigation might probably be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 25*l.* per annum, and the school fees amount to 2*l.* 10*s.*, there are no other emoluments except a house and garden. The reason that there are no female scholars attending the parochial School of Kilninian is, that in the same village there is a School of Industry, which is attended by all the female children in that vicinity. At the Schools *not* parochial reading, Gaelic and English, arithmetic and sewing in the Female School are taught. The population of the whole parish of Kilninian, by the census of 1831, was 4,830. In the said parish there are two Parliamentary Churches, namely Tobermory and Ulloa, and a district of the parish has also been assigned to the Parliamentary Church of Salen, in the parish of Torosay. The preceding Return therefore refers only to the Schools in that portion of the parish which is under the charge of the Parish Minister, and which contains a population of about 2,100 souls.

(signed) *Donald McArthur*, Minister of Kilninian.

TOBERMORY (a new Government District) is landward.

The instruction given at these Schools consists of Gaelic, English, Latin, writing, arithmetic, geography, and mathematics. This district formerly belonged to the United Parish of Kilninian and Kilmore. There has been no Parochial School in this place. One of the Schools at present in operation in this village is entirely for young females, which accounts for the number of females being greater than that of the males. A Parochial School is very much required in Tobermory, which is a small sea port town, and contains a population of nearly 1,400, exclusive of the country district attached to it.

(signed) *Finlay Macpherson*, Minister.

ULVA Parish, which is entirely landward, is a new Government District, disjoined by the General Assembly from the parishes of Kilninian and Kilmore.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English and Gaelic, reading, writing and arithmetic, grammar, if necessary, is also directed to be taught, but no other branches are required. The salary of the master is 15*l.* per annum, being part of the parochial stent of the original parish of Kilninian, the inhabitants are for the most part poor crofters, consequently the school fees only amount to 1*l.* 10*s.* annually. The teacher has a dwelling and a school-house rent free, but no other emolument. Of the Schools *not* parochial, one in which Gaelic only is taught, is supported by the Gaelic School Society in Edinburgh, this School is only temporary. Another is supported by the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge, and the third is a private School, supported by the proprietor and the inhabitants; in the two Schools last-mentioned English, Gaelic, writing and arithmetic are taught.

The number of persons in this parish above six years of age, who are unable to read, is 340, of whom 243 are upwards of fifteen years of age.

(signed) *Neil Mac Lean*, Minister.

KNAPDALE, NORTH, Parish - - - - }			(Pop. 2,583.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
						Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
						Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
						6	4	10	388	322	710	205	115	320

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	52	32	84	50	31	81	81	73	154	90	77	167

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	40	38	78	34	22	56	52	48	100	50	45	95

KNAPDALE, SOUTH, } (Pop. 2,137.) Parish - - - - }			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			5	4	9	142	72	214	60	25	85

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	90	34	124	68	20	88	135	46	181	76	32	108

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	33	30	63	27	18	45	51	33	84	42	25	67

LISMORE Parish - - (Pop. 1,790.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.						
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.						
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.				
			-	-	-	192	96	288	50	35	85				
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	50	30	80	30	16	46	158	70	228	70	30	100		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
1	1	15	10	25	10	5	15	35	15	50	20	10	30		

KNAPDALE, NORTH, Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English and Gaelic, reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and Latin, no other branch is ever asked for, the salary of each of the masters is 17*l.* 2*s.* 2*d.* per annum, with 33*l.* school fees, and one derives an emolument of 5*l.* annually from the office of session clerk. The maximum salary being divided amongst the three schoolmasters none of them is entitled to the accommodation of a free school-house, dwelling-house and garden, they have accordingly to pay rent, the same as if they were private teachers. At the Schools *not* parochial, English and Gaelic, reading, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught.

The number of persons who are unable to read is about 189, and from the great extent of the parish, and the distance of many of the hamlets from any School; the facilities enjoyed in most other parishes in Scotland, of giving education to the children, is not afforded to many of the people here.

(signed) *Duncan Campbell*, Presbytery Clerk.

KNAPDALE, SOUTH, Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Gaelic and English, reading, grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and navigation; it is desirable that Latin should be taught also. The three masters have each a salary of 12*l.* 12*s.* per annum, the school fees of one amount to 25*l.*, of another to 12*l.*, and of the third to 4*l.* annually; one is also session clerk, for which office he draws about 3*l.* per annum. At the three Schools *not* parochial, Gaelic and English, reading, grammar, writing and arithmetic are taught.

Formerly four Parochial Schools existed here, but one situate at the village of Ardessaig is now attached to the new Government District of Lochgilphead.

(signed) *Duncan Ranken*, Minister.

LISMORE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English and Gaelic reading, Latin, book-keeping, writing and arithmetic. The salary of one master (including mortified money) is 27*l.* per annum, with 12*l.* school fees; that of the other 18*l.* 9*s.* 4*d.* per annum, with 11*l.* school fees; each instructor requires an assistant between Michaelmas and Lady-day, but the school fees being very low, and most of the inhabitants poor, they cannot afford to pay for assistance. At the School *not* parochial (which is only an occasional School) English reading, writing, arithmetic, &c. are taught.

(signed) *John Stewart*, Minister.

LOCHGOILHEAD and KILMORICH Parish - } (Pop. 1,196.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
				10	8	18	116	98	214	-	-	152	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.				CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.									
				From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.			
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	25	20	45	12	10	22	24	19	43	15	10	25
OTHER SCHOOLS.				CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.									
				From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.			
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
8	8	53	35	88	-	-	-	113	77	190	-	-	-

MORVERN Parish - - (Pop. 2,137.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			3	3	6	140	60	200	150	30	180

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	90	30	120	-	-	-	130	75	205	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

MUCKAVIN Parish - - (Pop. 770.)					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					1	1	2	54	46	100	34	32	66

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	37	24	61	23	13	36	40	26	66	25	15	40

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	79	54	133	40	34	74	76	59	135	43	32	75

CHGOILHEAD and KILMORICH Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic and English grammar; Latin is also directed to be taught if necessary, and geography might be added, but that the children are taken too early from School; the salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with a house and garden; the school fees amount to about 5*l.* annually, he also receives 1*l.* per annum for the office of session clerk. At the Schools *not* parochial, English and Gaelic reading, writing and arithmetic are taught; one of these Schools receives a salary from the Society in Scotland for propagating Christian Knowledge; there is also a benevolent society instituted in the parish by which four of the Schools are supported on the outskirts of the parish during the winter season; the number of scholars in these Schools is in some places very small, they are designed to meet the wants of perhaps two or three families in one neighbourhood, who could not, without help, afford to provide for themselves a teacher. There is not a native of the parish above fifteen years of age who cannot read, and but one or two settlers from other parishes.

(signed) *J. Macdougall*, Minister.

ORVERN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English and Gaelic reading, arithmetic, &c., and in one School Latin is also taught; no other branch, under the present circumstances of the inhabitants, is required. The maximum amount of salary is given, which is divided between the three teachers; the school fees may amount to about 8*l.* per annum each, one has 1*l.* annually, arising from the office of precentor, another has some trifling emoluments from that of session clerk.

The population of this parish (the remote districts of which are chiefly pastoral) is much scattered, consequently it is difficult to place Schools so as to ensure an attendance of scholars, however urgently the destitution of the people may demand it. There are many private Schools during the winter months, taught by inferior teachers; but during the summer there is scarcely any attendance as the poverty of the inhabitants obliges them to send their children to herding, and other employments.

(signed) *John Mac Leod*, Minister.

UCKAVIN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of book-keeping, arithmetic, English grammar, reading, writing, and occasionally Latin. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 3¼*d.* per annum, the school fees amount to about 15*l.* annually, but owing to the poverty of the inhabitants they are very irregularly paid. In the School *not* parochial, which was established by the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge, English and Gaelic reading, book-keeping, writing and arithmetic are taught.

The parochial school-house has for some years past been in a ruinous state, and consequently the number of scholars is considerably short of the average of former years, the greatest number attending then exceeded 100; but now an excellent school-house is about being finished, and the parish will then have ample accommodation. There are two Sabbath Schools in the parish conducted by the two masters of the Daily Schools; these are well attended, and all classes have the means of religious instruction within their reach. With the exception of very aged people, and a few strangers from remote quarters, there are not any persons in the parish above fifteen years of age who are unable to read.

(signed) *Peter Mc Vean*, Minister.

SADDLE and SKIPNESS } (Pop. 2,152.) Parishes - - - - }			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			10	13	23	147	102	249	62	32	94
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2		111	74	185	64	41	105	49	33	82
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2		102	66	168	50	30	80	102	63	165

SMALL ISLES. No Return could be obtained from these Isles.

SOUTHEND Parish - (Pop. 2,120.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			14	10	24	174	93	267	91	44	135
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		48	38	86	27	18	45	56	42	98
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3		102	61	163	54	26	80	146	94	213

STRACHUR and STRATH- LACHLAN Parishes - } (Pop. 1,083.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	40	24	64	18	5	23
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		21	13	34	12	8	20	36	28	64
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5		40	38	78	30	35	65	-	-	-

SADDLE and SKIPNESS Parishes are entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English and Gaelic reading, grammar, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping; no other branches could be conveniently taught there at present. The salaries to the teachers are 51 *l.* 6 *s.* 8 *d.* sterling, equally divided; each School averages about 4 *l.* of fees annually; one teacher has a house and cow's grass, about 3 *l.* value. At the Schools *not* parochial, the branches above-mentioned, together with Latin, geography, mathematics, and the principles of religion, are taught. The number of individuals who are unable to read in this parish may amount to about 70; they justly ascribe this defect to the want of Schools, or to distance from them when they were established. It is a remarkable fact, that the first parochial schoolmaster was inducted here in 1821; formerly the parishioners hired young men from a distance during the winter months, and these generally so defective that little advantage could accrue from their services. The same system is still adopted, though upon a smaller scale, by persons at a distance from the Parochial or General Assembly's Committee Schools, the labours of the latter have proved peculiarly serviceable from the very high qualifications of their teachers.

(Not signed.)

OUTHEND Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, and grammar, Latin, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping. The salary of the master is 34 *l.* 4 *s.* 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ *d.* and the school fees amount to 27 *l.* 5 *s.* annually, there are no other emoluments. At the Schools *not* parochial, English and Gaelic reading, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught.

(Not signed.)

STRACHUR and STRATHLACHLAN, United Parishes, are entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, Latin and navigation occasionally, and church music is also directed to be taught, no other branches could conveniently be given. The salary of the schoolmaster is 26 *l.* 13 *s.* 8 *d.* per annum, with 8 *l.* school fees, and 2 *l.* 18 *s.* annually arising from other emoluments. In the five Schools *not* parochial, English reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

Two of these small Schools are in the parish of Strachur, the other three are in the parish of Strathlachlan, the teachers of the former are allowed 5 *l.*, those of the latter 16 *l.* per annum between them, which sums are given by the respective heritors; with these exceptions the teachers are wholly dependent on their school fees.

(Not signed.)

TIR-Y and COLL Parish, including the Eastern and Western Districts of TIR-Y Island - - - }					Number of Children taught to Read.					To Write.			
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					27	26	53	531	346	877	248	81	329

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	142	51	193	42	21	63	150	57	207	47	26	73

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
11	11	402	206	608	240	132	372	442	250	692	275	149	424

[illegible]

2. KINLOCH SPELVIE } (Pop. 519.) Parish }			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			6	7	13	40	35	75	17	8	25

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	27	18	45	8	4	12

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	21	6	27	21	6	27	28	6	34	28	6	34

R-Y and COLL Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English, Gaelic, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping, Latin and practical mathematics are also directed to be taught, but no other branches are necessary. Each of the schoolmasters receives an annual salary of 22*l.* 4*s.* 5½*d.*, with about 6*l.* school fees, and the same amount of other emoluments. At ten of the Schools *not* parochial, English and Gaelic, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and practical geometry are taught, at the other, which is for females only, sewing is taught; two of these Schools have recently commenced.

(Not signed.)

ROSAY Parish is landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic and church music, English grammar and book-keeping are also directed to be taught, and to which Latin might conveniently be added. The Salary of the teacher is 15*l.*, with 5*l.* annually school fees.

(Not signed.)

NLOCH SPELVIE Parish (a new Government District) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English and Gaelic reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, English grammar and Latin. The salary of the master is 15*l.* 8*s.* 10¼*d.*, with 8*l.* school fees annually, and no other emoluments. At the School *not* parochial (which is a Society's School) English and Gaelic reading, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught.

The number of children who attended the Parochial School from Lady-day to Michaelmas 1833 cannot be given; as the School was not in operation during that period.

(Not signed.)

LEN Parish (a new Government District) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, and the elements of arithmetic, to these English grammar, Latin, and the elementary parts of mathematics, might conveniently be added; the salary of the master is 5*l.* sterling, and he receives bed and board in lieu of fees, there are no other emoluments whatever; the School is located in a valley where there are only a few families, who are placed at too great a distance to avail themselves of any other School in the parish. The parish however enjoys the partial benefit of two other Parochial Schools that are located on its boundaries. Until Whitsunday 1835 there were two Society Schools in operation, viz. a Gaelic School, and one of the General Assembly's Schools, the former has been removed; in the latter, reading, English and Gaelic, writing, bookkeeping, and the elements of English grammar and mathematics are taught. As the teachers do not note down the daily attendance of scholars, it is found impossible to furnish in this instance the information required; the attendance in summer will not average more than half the winter attendance.

(Not signed.)

SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF ARGYLL.

1. NUMBER of INHABITANTS in the SHIRE of ARGYLE in the Year 1831 - - - - - 100,973.

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
2. NUMBER of Children under five years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	219	228	447
Number of Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	8,295	5,725	14,020
Number of such Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write - - - - - }	4,560	2,261	6,821

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
3. PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS - - - - -	70	74	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools, from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			2,098	1,159	3,257	1,125	632	1,757
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			2,870	1,567	4,437	1,309	701	2,010

	£.	s.	d.
TOTAL AMOUNT of Salaries received by Parochial Schoolmasters - - -	1,266	9	5 ½
— of School Fees received by - - ditto - - -	942	18	-
— of other Emoluments received by ditto - - -	105	12	6
	£.	2,314	19 11 ½

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
4. SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - - -	194	201	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			4,298	3,053	7,351	2,623	1,894	4,517
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			5,405	3,441	8,846	2,830	2,032	4,862

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
5. TOTAL NUMBER of PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, and SCHOOLS not PAROCHIAL - - - }	264	275	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Total Number of Children attending School from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			6,396	4,212	10,608	3,748	2,526	6,274
Total Number of Children attending School from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			8,275	5,008	13,283	4,139	2,733	6,872

REMARKS ON THE SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF ARGYLL.

The number of Inhabitants attributed to the several parishes in this Abstract of Education Returns, differs from the total number ascribed to the Shire of Argyll in the year 1831, because in a few instances, parishes extend into adjoining shires, in which case the entire parish is ascribed to that shire in which the larger portion of its population reside; this kind of correction being unavoidable in a Return strictly parochial. The total Population of the parishes entered in this Abstract thus becomes 5,545 persons additional to 100,973, and is taken at 106,518 in all the calculations on which the subsequent remarks are founded.

To this number might be added in strictness, an increase of rather more than one per cent (or 11 in 1,000), during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and ten months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years; such estimated increase somewhat lessens the proportion of children educated, or under education in the shire of Argyll, but does not alter any of the numbers which are stated in the Summary, or in the following remarks.

The difficulty of personal inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has not permitted the ministers of sixteen parishes in Argyllshire, to specify the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read, or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears on the opposite page to have been 447; which by application of the rule of proportion to the population of all the parishes, gives 678 for the entire shire of Argyll.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read (as specified in the Returns) is 14,020; adding to which a due proportion for four parishes (which are defective in this particular), the total number may be assumed at 15,482. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years of age at Lady Day 1834, must have been 28,472, supposing the same proportion as before, now to exist throughout the shire of Argyll.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write (as specified in the Returns) is 6,821; adding to which a due proportion for four parishes (defective in this particular), the total number of such children is 7,532.

The number of Parochial Schools is 70, in which are 74 instructors. The greatest number of scholars at these Schools between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 3,257, but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 3,402, and the least number of scholars (1,757) in like manner becomes 2,050.

The greatest number of Scholars at Parochial Schools between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 4,437; but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 4,494, and the least number of Scholars (2,010) in like manner becomes 2,923.

The total amount of Salaries, School-fees and other Emoluments appertaining to the Parochial Instructors was £.2,314, from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834, exclusive of the Salary, School-fees and other Emoluments appertaining to the Parochial Schools at Bowmore and Kilfinan, and of the Salary belonging to the School at Kilberry, the particulars whereof are not given in the Returns.

The number of Schools not parochial, is 194, in which are 201 Instructors. The greatest number of Scholars between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 7,351, adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 8,595, and the least number of scholars (4,517), the return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 6,176.

The greatest number of scholars at Schools not parochial, between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 8,846; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 10,401, and the least number of Scholars (4,862), the return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 7,367.

The total number of Schools (Parochial and not Parochial) is 264, in which are 275 instructors. The total number of Scholars at all Schools in the shire of Argyll, between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 10,608; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 11,997; and the least number of Scholars (6,274), the return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 8,226.

The total number of Scholars at all Schools in the shire of Argyll, between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 13,283; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 14,895; and the least number of Scholars (6,872), the return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 10,290.

No Return could be obtained from the Ancient Parish of Kilmichael-Glassry, or the Small Isles situate in the strait of Mull, but these defects are estimated in the above calculations of the total number of children under instruction in the Shire of Argyll.

County of Ayr.

ABSTRACT OF EDUCATION

[The Parishes are placed in

ARDROSSAN } Parish - - }		Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
		Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
		9	19	28	230	178	408	95	49	144

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	48	12	60	-	-	-	54	15	69	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
8	8	268	177	445	-	-	-	262	171	433	-	-	-

AUCHINLECK Parish - (Pop. 1,662.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	18	11	29	3	2	5	16	10	26	4	3	7
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	83	47	130	61	40	101	88	47	135	61	33	96

County of Ayr.

RETURNS, JULY M.DCCC.XXXIV.

Alphabetical order throughout the County.

ARDROSSAN Parish is partly landward, and partly consisting of the Towns of Saltcoat and Ardrossan, containing respectively 2,500 and 600 Inhabitants.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial School are English, writing, Latin, arithmetic, book-keeping, and elements of mathematics, all of which are usually taught, with the addition of French, Greek, geography and navigation, and no other branches are required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum; the school fees (on an average of ten years) amount to 25*l.* 6*s.*; and other emoluments consist of a house and garden, valued at 6*l.* per annum. At the Schools *not* parochial, the instruction consists of English, writing and arithmetic, and at one of them, geography, and at another, Latin and mathematics are taught in addition.

The Parochial School is too small, being crowded with sixty scholars. An additional Parish School is much wanted in the town of Ardrossan, as well as the enlargement of the present one, which is situate at the town of Saltcoats. The number of children returned in the Parochial and other Schools is larger than what appears in the columns respecting the number of children under five years of age who are taught to read, and the number between five and fifteen who are taught to read and write. This is accounted for, by the former including children from the adjacent parish of Stevenston, who attended the Schools during the periods herein named, whereas the latter embrace only the children belonging to the parish. In addition to the day scholars, there are 120 males and 32 females attending Evening Schools, and perhaps one-third of these may be included under the returns from the Daily Schools. There are also 145 males and 208 females in Sabbath Evening Schools, in which the instruction is purely religious. The Parochial School is regularly opened with prayer, the Scriptures daily read, and the Church catechisms taught. There are nearly 20 persons above 15 years of age who cannot read, all of whom are Irish, with the exception of two, who are natives of the Highlands.

(signed) John Hendry, Minister.

UCHINLECK Parish is landward, with the exception of a village containing 600 persons.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing and arithmetic; Latin is also directed to be taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 11½*d.* per annum; the school fees amount to about 10*l.* 10*s.*, and other emoluments (for keeping registers) to 1*l.* 7*s.* per annum. At the Schools *not* Parochial, the instruction consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping.

It is found impossible to return accurate answers to the questions concerning the number of children under five years of age who are taught to read, and the number between five and fifteen years who are taught to read and write; but it may be mentioned that, generally, all persons who are not strangers in the parish are, with few exceptions, taught to read and write. The Parochial School has never been well attended, and the Presbytery lately deposed the master on account of drunkenness and other immoralities. A School for teaching young girls sewing and knitting, &c. would be of great benefit to the parish.

The parishioners are generally poor, so that there is not the same desire after a more liberal education which there probably might be if they were in better circumstances, the children being sent early to work to gain a livelihood. An active teacher in the Parochial School would, in addition to the common branches of education, give his pupils some knowledge of geography. History, or perhaps mathematics, would be sufficient for the educational wants of the parish; though, perhaps, its great extent (being 18 miles long) renders the School inaccessible to many.

(not signed.)

AYR Burgh and Parish - (Pop. 7,606.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
				30	45	75	444	355	799	248	182	430	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	8	279	181	460	-	-	-	283	174	457	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
16	19	291	300	591	-	-	-	374	299	673	-	-	-

BALLANTRAE Parish - (Pop. 1,506.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			4	6	10	94	61	155	61	38	99

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.												
1	2	31	18	49	23	14	37	25	13	38	21	11	32

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.												
3	3	50	33	83	32	20	52	66	41	107	39	27	66

[illegible]

R. Parish is partly a Burgh and partly landward.

The instruction at the Parochial Schools (which were formed into an Academy in 1797) consists of mathematics, natural philosophy, chemistry, geography, English composition, Greek, Latin, modern languages, arithmetic, book-keeping, navigation and mensuration, writing, drawing, English, English grammar and civil history. These Schools are conducted by six teachers, and (generally by) two Assistants. The salary of the Rector or head master is 100*l.* per annum; that of the other teachers from 15*l.* to 22*l.* each; and the school fees are as follow: for teaching English, 5*s.*; Latin and Greek, 7*s.* 6*d.*; French, 15*s.*; arithmetic, 5*s.*; writing, including paper, &c. 7*s.* 6*d.*; drawing, 21*s.*; mathematics, natural philosophy and chemistry, &c. 10*s.* 6*d.* per quarter. Of the instruction at the Schools *not* parochial (two whereof are Boarding Schools), Latin and French are taught in some, and the common branches at all of them, with the exception of three, wherein English reading only is taught.

(signed) { *Robert Auld,*
 Alexander Cuthill, } Ministers.

LLANTRAE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English reading, grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geography and practical mathematics; and there appears to be no demand for any other branches. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* per annum, with 16*l.* school fees, and 16*l.* annually other emoluments, being the interest of mortified money. At the Schools *not* parochial, English reading, grammar, writing, arithmetic and geography are taught, and at one of them Latin, in addition.

This parish is of large extent, its extreme length being ten miles, and its extreme breadth nine.

(signed) *John Milroy*, Minister.

RR. Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing and arithmetic; no other branches are required. The salary of the master is the maximum amount of 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 18*l.* school fees, and 10*l.* other emoluments annually, as session clerk, &c. The Schools *not* parochial are only held during the winter months, and the instruction therein consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic and the catechism.

This parish occupies a surface of 100 square miles, and contains a very scattered population, with only one village, the population of which is about one-fourth of the whole parish, but is greater in winter than in summer, owing to a considerable number of boys and girls going to summer service. The number of children taught at the Parochial School (especially in summer) consequently bears a small proportion to the whole number. The manner of teaching is chiefly by tutors being engaged in the farm-houses during winter, and a few families, who are contiguous, unite, and keep a tutor alternately at each others' houses; but the mother, in very many cases, begins the work, and the result of her labours, and of various contrivances to suit circumstances, is, that none grow up without being taught to read (though perhaps not well), and few without writing and accounts in a small degree. It is impossible, however, in this state of matters, to give, in any schedule, a fair representation of the education of the parish, and all similar parishes must be in a like condition, or in a state of ignorance.

(signed) *E. B. Wallace*, Minister.

107
EITH Parish (which is partly in Renfrewshire, but wholly entered here) is partly landward and partly a Town.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, Latin, Greek and French; no other branches seem to be required. The salary of the master is the minimum amount, which he has to collect from about 300 individuals. The school fees are as follows: for teaching English, 2s. 6d. per quarter; English and writing, 3s. 6d.; ditto, with arithmetic, 5s.; Latin and Greek, 3s. each, and French, 8s. per quarter; and there are no other emoluments. Of the instruction at the Schools *not* parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught at six of them; and English and sewing at the other two, which are for females.

In all the Schools the Bible is read as a class-book, and the shorter catechism of the Church is taught. The ministers of this parish bind the parochial schoolmaster to teach 20 scholars recommended by them, at 2s. per quarter, if learning English only, and at 3s. per quarter, if learning writing and arithmetic. There are a few individuals above fifteen years of age (it cannot be stated with certainty the exact number) who have not learned to read. There are at present about 25 persons above fifteen years of age who are learning to read at the Evening School, which is kept by the master of the Parochial School.

All the teachers of these Schools are persons of excellent character, and diligent in their calling as instructors of youth. The parochial schoolmaster, in particular, is a person who has received an excellent education, and is a most laborious and successful teacher; at present he teaches twelve hours during every day in the week, except Saturday and Sunday. On the Saturdays he teaches from 9 till 1 o'clock p. m., and he takes also an active part in the Sabbath Evening School, which is attended by about 300 scholars.

(signed) George Colville, Minister.

OLMONELL Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of Greek, Latin, French, English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping. The salary of the master (who has an assistant) is 34l. 5s. per annum, with 26l. school fees, and 22l. 9s. 9d. other emoluments, as session clerk, and money mortified to him annually.

At the Schools *not* parochial, English reading and grammar, writing and arithmetic, are taught.

(not signed.)

DYLTON Parish is, with the exception of a few small villages, entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek and mathematics. The salary of the master is 30l., with school fees, amounting on an average to 20l., and other emoluments, on an average to 10l. annually. At two of the Schools *not* parochial, English reading, writing and arithmetic are taught, and at the other, English grammar only.

It seldom happens that there are any children under five years of age at school. About 200 children between five and fifteen years of age have either been taught, or are now receiving instruction. There are no means of ascertaining the proportion of each sex, as the teachers have kept no register of them. It is almost invariably the case that writing and arithmetic are learned by all, unless there may be, in one or two cases, a few who are removed from School before they are fit to begin these branches.

Owing to the extent of the parish, and a considerable proportion of the population lying nearer to Schools in adjoining parishes, it is necessary to state the number of children who are extra-parochially taught, in order to know the number belonging to the parish that are in course of receiving education; and the number above stated (about 200) may be considered the total amount. The teachers not having lists of the sexes of their scholars from 25th March 1833 to 25th March 1834, the proportions cannot be ascertained without taking a census of the parish for the purpose.

(not signed.)

CRAIGIE Parish - - - (Pop. 824.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	102	107	209	56	53	109

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	38	20	58	29	16	45	39	18	57	30	16	46

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	9	16	7	9	16

CUMNOCK, NEW, Parish (Pop. 2,184.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	55	30	85	—	—	—	41	40	81	—	—	—
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

CUMNOCK, OLD, Parish (Pop. 2,763.)					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	66	32	98	—	—	—	80	40	120	—	—	—
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	98	90	188	—	—	—	110	100	210	—	—	—

AIGIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, Latin, Greek and practical mathematics. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 18*l.* annually school fees, and no other emoluments. At the School *not* parochial, English reading, writing and arithmetic are taught. The number of children attending this School, from Lady-day to Michaelmas 1833, could not be ascertained, in consequence of the teacher for that period being changed.

A few children under five years of age, in this parish, are taught by their parents at home.
(not signed.)

W CUMNOCK Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic and English grammar. There seems to be no demand for any other branches. The salary of the master is 32*l.* per annum. The terms of the school fees are 2*s.* per quarter for reading, 2*s.* 6*d.* for reading and writing, and 3*s.* for writing and arithmetic. Other emoluments amount to 4*l.* 10*s.* per annually.

The parish extends to 140 square miles, with a widely-scattered population employed in agriculture, and the keeping of sheep. In various corners of the parish, remote from the Parochial School, it is the custom for a family to engage a young man for two, three or four months, in the winter or spring, to teach the children reading, writing and accounts, and two or three of the neighbouring families send their children to him, and pay a proportion of the stipulated fees. Two private Schools are kept open more regularly, but are conducted in such a way that no further information could be obtained respecting them. The whole system, indeed, is so irregular, that it was found impossible to make accurate returns. It ought, at the same time, to be added, that irregular as the system of education is, it is almost the only one that could be found to answer; and the proof of its almost surprising efficiency is, that it is believed there is not an individual in the parish who is of sound mind, and above twelve years of age, who cannot read, write and repeat the catechism.

(signed) *Robert Craig.*

D CUMNOCK Parish is partly landward, and partly a Town; the former contains 1,163, and the latter 1,600 inhabitants.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics and Latin, no other branches could be conveniently added. The salary of the master is the maximum amount of 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 15*l.* school fees, and 30*l.* other emoluments annually, being 5*l.* as session clerk, and 25*l.* derived from a mortification. At the Schools *not* parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

Very few children learn to read under five years of age; but almost all at the age of fifteen years are able to read, and the greater part also to write. Sometimes one or two other Schools are open during some parts of the year.

(not signed.)

DAILLY Parish - - (Pop. 2,074.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	-	-	-	250	250	500	-	-	322

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	65	-	-	45	-	-	80	-	-	54

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

DALMELLINGTON } Parish - - - }	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	-	-	-	120	128	248	75	70	145

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	38	12	50	28	12	40	35	10	45	26	10	36

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	43	59	102	30	46	76	46	56	102	32	45	77

DALREY Parish - - - (Pop. 3,739.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	-	-	-	220	165	385	185	135	320

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	87	48	135	70	35	105	93	53	146	76	38	114

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	103	98	201	72	62	134	123	118	241	73	68	141

AILLY Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English, reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin, practical mathematics, geography, and occasionally Greek; no other branches could be conveniently taught, the school-room not being large enough to admit of those above-mentioned being very well taught, and the teacher having so many objects already to attend to, would find it difficult to apply himself to more. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with 25*l.* school fees, and 5*l.* other emoluments annually.—At the Schools *not* parochial, English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic book-keeping and practical mathematics are taught.

In all probability there are not twenty persons above the age of fifteen who cannot read, and of them not one is a native of Scotland. There is no Infant School in the parish; it is only in private that children are instructed under five years of age; in general they are not sent to School till after that age. It would be difficult to give a very accurate answer to the questions concerning the number of children under five years of age who are taught to read, and the number between five and fifteen years who are taught to read and write, an approximation having only been attempted. None of the teachers at the Schools *not* parochial have been in the practice of keeping a regular register of their scholars; it is only, therefore, from recollection that they can give an average of their scholars in the year. The attendance, as in the Parochial School, is always greater in winter. In the three Schools the average attendance may be stated at 100, and of this number the largest proportion is composed of males.

(signed) *Alex^r Hill*, Minister,

ALMELLINGTON Parish is partly landward and partly a Village, of which, in the latter, there is about two-thirds of the population.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, practical mathematics, Latin and Greek, geography also might conveniently be taught here. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 10*l.* school fees, and no other emoluments. The branches taught at one of the Schools *not* parochial, are English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, algebra, book-keeping, Latin, French and geography; those taught at the other (which is for females) are English reading, writing, and plain and fancy needlework.

There are only two or three persons in the parish, above the age of fifteen years, who are unable to read.

(not signed.)

ALREY Parish is partly Town and partly landward, each part containing about an equal proportion of the population.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, geometry, French, Latin and Greek; the Bible is daily taught as a class-book; and no other branches are required. The salary of the master is 32*l.* 15*s.* 9*d.* per annum, with 65*l.* school fees, and no other emoluments. At the Schools *not* parochial, English, writing, arithmetic and Latin are taught.

Very few children are taught under five years of age.

(not signed.)

LYRYMPLE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of all the ordinary branches of education, and occasionally Latin, to which might be conveniently added, Greek, French, mathematics and geography, &c. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with 25*l.* school fees, and 4*l.* other emoluments, annually. At the School *not* parochial, the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School.

(not signed.)

EGHORN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English with grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, practical geometry, land-surveying, geography and Latin; no other branches could be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 29*l.* 18*s.* 10½*d.* per annum, with 50*l.* school fees, and 10*l.* other emoluments annually. The branches taught at one of the Schools *not* parochial, are English with grammar, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping; those taught at the other (which is for females), are reading and writing only.

It is believed that every person in the parish above the age of fifteen years is able to read.

(not signed.)

NDONALD Parish, including TROON and SHEWALTON village, is chiefly landward, but comprehends five populous villages.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, English grammar, arithmetic and book-keeping; to which practical geometry and navigation might be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 29*l.* 18*s.* 9*d.* per annum, with about 30*l.* school fees; the other emoluments are, as session clerk 20*l.* annually, and the legal accommodation of house and ground. At the Schools *not* parochial, three of which are exclusively for females, reading, writing, English grammar, arithmetic, book-keeping, the principles of religion, and navigation are taught; three of these Schools are allowed a small salary each, paid by the heritors.

There are a few Irish labourers in the parish above fifteen years of age, who are unable to read, and a considerable number read very imperfectly. For the number of children who attend the Schools *not* parochial, reference must be made to the answer given to the question, as to how many children under fifteen years of age are taught to read and write.

(signed) John Macleod, Minister.

DUNLOP Parish - - (Pop. 1,043.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			3	2	5	123	114	237	83	72	155

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	24	16	40	16	11	27	26	18	44	14	12	26		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	65	45	110	59	34	93	60	43	103	56	35	91		

FENWICK Parish - - (Pop. 2,018.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	107	74	181	43	28	71

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	32	14	46	22	14	36	47	21	68	16	16	32

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	78	59	137	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

GALSTON Parish - - (Pop. 3,655.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	272	184	456	111	66	177

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	82	49	131	75	45	120	75	40	115	67	38	105

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	185	131	316	168	117	285	179	126	305	159	112	271

UNLOP Parish (which is partly in Renfrewshire, but wholly entered here) is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, land-measuring and Latin; likewise geography and mathematics might be taught with advantage. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 3*d.* per annum, with from 15*l.* to 18*l.* school fees, and about 3*l.* other emoluments annually, being the average amount of fees as session clerk. At the Schools *not* parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught.

The number of children given in answer to the questions concerning the number instructed in the Parochial and other Schools, during the year ending 25th March 1834, falls considerably short of the real number residing in the parish, who, during that time, were receiving education, there being many children who, for the sake of convenience, are sent to Schools in other parishes; but the exact number who received this extra-parochial education during the past year, cannot be ascertained, probably very nearly the same as at present. The total number of children belonging to the parish, now attending School, is 164; of these, 127 attend Schools in the parish, and the remaining 37 attend those in other parishes. From 30 to 40, therefore, must be added to the numbers given, if the total number of children at that time receiving education is to be ascertained. All who are now at School are day-scholars and there is only one person in the parish (a native of the Highlands) who cannot read.

(signed) *Matthew Dickie*, Assistant Minister.

ENWICK Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geometry, land measuring, Latin, and sometimes the elements of Greek; and these branches seem to embrace all the necessities of the parish. The salary of the master is 27*l.* 16*s.* 0*½d.* per annum, with 20*l.* school fees, and 8*l.* 0*s.* 4*d.* annually other emoluments, after deducting 3*l.* for precentor's fee. At the Schools *not* parochial, English, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, mensuration, geometry, and occasionally Latin are taught.

The number of children given in the Schools *not* parochial, refer to the average number who attended during the periods specified.

(not signed.)

ALSTON Parish is landward, with a Village containing a population of 2,200.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and Latin. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*½d.*; the school fees amount to 55*l.*, of which not more than 45*l.* are actually received, and other emoluments as session clerk, to about 10*l.* annually. At one of the Schools *not* parochial, English, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught the other three Latin also.

(signed) *Robert Stirling*, Minister.

RVAN Parish is partly landward, and partly a Burgh of Barony.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of reading, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, geography, mathematics, French, Latin and Greek, no other branches could be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, and 20*l.* in lieu of a house and garden; the School fees, together with the interest of 900*l.* of mortified money (for teaching 40 poor children), amount to 80*l.*, and other emoluments (as session clerk), to about 8*l.* 10*s.* per annum. At three of the Schools not parochial, the instruction consists of English grammar, writing, arithmetic, practical mathematics, Latin and Greek; at another, reading, writing and a little arithmetic, and at the other only catechism and reading are taught.

Most of the children under five years of age attend the School where only the catechism and reading the Scriptures are taught. Almost all the scholars are sent to School at a much younger age now than when the cotton manufactories were less common. It will be observed that the attendance at the Parochial School was considerably less during the latter period of the half year from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834, than during the former period of the said half year; the reason of which was, the principal teacher was promoted to a church living, and the assistant teacher happened to be less popular. Nearly all the native inhabitants of the parish are able to read, but there are many who have come to it from Ireland during the last thirty years, who cannot read.

(signed) *Peter M'Master*, Minister.

VINE Parish is partly Burgh and partly landward.

There is no Parochial School, but an academy conducted by three teachers, each of whom receives a salary of 30*l.* per annum, and the school fees are as follows; for teaching Latin or Greek, 7*s.* 6*d.* per quarter; mathematics, 15*s.*; English reading, 3*s.* 6*d.*, and writing or arithmetic, 3*s.* per quarter; of the other eight Schools (which include two Boarding Schools), mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Italian are taught at one of them, and English reading, writing and arithmetic at the seven others.

As there is no Parochial or Burgh School, many of the questions cannot be answered. The total number of children in Irvine is 695.

(not signed.)

LBIRNIE Parish is partly landward, and partly consisting of a Village containing 1,200 inhabitants.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and Latin, no other branches are necessary. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum, and the school fees are as follows; for teaching English reading, 2*s.* 6*d.*; writing, 3*s.*; arithmetic, 3*s.* 6*d.*, and Latin, 5*s.* per quarter.

There are not known to be any children who are taught under five years of age.

There were till lately two private Schools, one of which is now closed; no further public provision is supposed to be necessary; the number taught may be 150.

(signed) *Robert Urquhart*, Minister.

KILBRIDE, WEST, Parish (Pop. 1,685.)		Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
		Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
		—	—	—	103	84	187	50	12	62

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	61	37	98	62	34	96	62	34	96	61	33	94

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	37	53	90	—	—	—	32	49	81	—	—	—

KILMARNOCK Town } and Parish - - - }				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	1,357	1,096	2,453	1,357	1,096	2,453

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	3	212	91	303	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
22	23	1,059	842	1,901	-	-	-	1,145	1,005	2,150	-	-	-		

KILMAURS Parish - (Pop. 2,130.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				—	—	—	131	117	248	42	20	62

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	42	39	81	40	38	78	45	40	85	43	37	80

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	70	66	136	—	—	—	73	67	140	—	—	—

EST KILBRIDE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, English grammar, geography, mensuration, Latin, Greek and French; no other branches could be conveniently added, the master having too many already to attend to, unless his emoluments were so increased as to enable him to retain a very efficient assistant. The salary of the master is 27*l.* 17*s.* 8*d.* per annum, with 37*l.* 6*s.* 9*d.* school fees, on an average of eight years, and no other emoluments arising from the office of parochial teacher. Of the instruction at the Schools *not* parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught at one, and reading and plain sewing at the other, which is kept by a female; the smallest number of children attending these Schools could not be ascertained.

As no Infant School exists in the parish (at least in the proper sense of the term), teaching children to read under the age of five is little practised. As it could not be known without an actual survey from house to house how many children between five and fifteen years of age have been taught to read and to write, the numbers given are those actually attending School. The population of the parish at present (November 1834), is believed to be 1,788, and of these about 236 males and 208 females are between five and fifteen years of age, and of course ought to be receiving instruction. But of the whole 444, only 187 are learning to read, &c.; viz. 86 at the Parochial School, 41 at one of the private Schools, 40 at the other, and 20 at the extremities of the parish attending School in another parish, &c., leaving 257 not at School who should be there. Indeed about 41 at the Parochial School, and 20 at the private School, where writing, &c. is taught, do give a partial attendance at the winter evening classes, but the time is so short, the attendance so desultory, and the benefit produced so small, that no notice has been taken of them in answering these queries.

(not signed.)

LMARNOCK Parish, which includes the Burgh of Kilmarnock, is landward.

The instruction given at the academy (in which the classical teacher is the parish schoolmaster), consists of English, French, Latin, Greek, writing, arithmetic and geography; to which might be conveniently added mathematics, mechanics and natural history; the salary of the first master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*, and the other two teachers have 15*l.* per annum each, paid by the magistrates of the town. The school fees of the first master are 94*l.* 15*s.*, those of the English teacher about 140*l.*, and those of the teacher of writing and arithmetic, say from 192*l.* to 200*l.*, and no other emoluments certain, save a house and garden for the parish schoolmaster. At the Schools *not* parochial, English, Latin, Greek, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, music and sewing are taught.

The question as to the number of children under five years of age cannot be answered. The number of children returned in the Parochial School was the present number, which must be about the average number; and the number of children returned in the Schools *not* parochial is also the average number during the periods specified. In consequence of the rapid increase of the population in this parish, the inhabitants convinced of the great benefits derived from the parochial system of education, have with the concurrence of the heritors, established three teachers in the Parochial School, for classics, English, and commercial department; the second and third teachers are but ill endowed. This mode of extending the parochial system seemed well adapted for towns and large villages.

(not signed.)

LMAURS Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, book-keeping, and occasionally Greek, geography, navigation, and land surveying, to which might be conveniently added, civil history, elements of natural history and English composition, and geography on a more extended scale. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.*, with 33*l.* school fees, and 13*l.* other emoluments annually. Of the Schools *not* parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught at one of them; reading, grammar, writing, arithmetic, French, geography, sewing, drawing and music at another; and English, writing, arithmetic and elements of Latin at the other. The master of this last mentioned School, which is situate at Crosshouse (two miles distant from the Parochial School), receives 6*l.* per annum from the heritors, and a house and school-house are provided for him by subscription. About 25 children attend schools in the adjacent parishes.

(not signed.)

KILWINNING Parish - (Pop. 3,772.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	241	161	402	122	68	190

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.												
1	1	32	21	53	27	20	47	45	30	75	40	25	65

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.												
6	6	164	118	282	152	109	261	186	129	315	170	118	288

KIRKMICHAEL Parish - (Pop. 2,758.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			15	8	23	82	34	116	54	20	74

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.												
1	1	54	26	80	44	20	64	49	29	78	48	19	67

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.												
1	1	45	28	73	40	27	67	40	36	76	38	32	70

KIRKOSWALD Parish - (Pop. 1,951.)						Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
						Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
						Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
						2	3	5	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	67	39	106	60	34	94	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	60	21	81	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

WINNING Parish is partly landward and partly a Town; the latter contains 2,450 inhabitants.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, Latin, French, rarely mathematics and Greek, no other branches are required. The salary of the master is 37*l.*, with school fees and other emoluments amounting to 20*l.* per annum. At the Schools *not* parochial English, writing and arithmetic are taught, and at two of them Latin in addition.

Very few children under five years of age are now learning to read, and it being difficult to find their numbers separately, they are included in the columns respecting the number of children between five and fifteen years of age, who are taught to read. A considerable number of children between five and fifteen years of age cannot read at all, and a very large number only imperfectly. Owing to the poverty of many parents, their children are kept but a short time at School, and that often irregularly. Each handloom weaver engaged in making shawls, now a very common work in the town, requires a boy or girl to assist him; and children are sent to this employment at eight or nine years of age.

(signed) *Arch^d B. Campbell*, Minister.

RKMICHAEL Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geometry, geography and Latin. The salary of the master is the maximum, with about 30*l.* school fees, but from the poverty of the working classes these are badly paid; the other emoluments are, as session clerk, about 4*l.* annually. At the School *not* parochial the same branches of education are taught as at the Parochial School.

The number of children between five and fifteen years of age, stated above as taught to read, comprehends all those in the parish of that age who attended School during the last twelve months.

(signed) *J. Rogers*, Session Clerk.

RKOSWALD Parish.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, practical mathematics, book-keeping, architecture, drawing, geography and Latin. The salary of the master is 30*l.* sterling, with 40*l.* average of school fees; the other emoluments are 5*l.* sterling annually as session clerk, and some trifling fees. At the Schools *not* parochial, English reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar and practical mathematics are taught.

The number of children attending the Parochial School during the second periods specified, cannot be now ascertained, as not a teacher is now in the parish who was officiating then, except the parish schoolmaster, who from bad health was unable to teach, and kept no lists. The number of children returned in the Schools *not* parochial, is the present number that attended the Schools; no lists remain of those who attended during the periods herein specified. About two-thirds of the scholars are now learning to write, and most of the rest will follow in course.

(signed) *James Inglis*.

LARGS Parish - - - (Pop. 2,848.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
			-	-	-	450	430	880	365	244	609			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
1	1	3	-	3	3	-	3	1	-	1	1	-	1	
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
11	11	209	170	379	209	170	379	243	190	433	243	190	433	

LOUDOUN Parish - - (Pop. 3,959.)						Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
						Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
						Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
						-	-	-	224	189	413	54	33	87

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	71	47	118	60	38	98	48	47	95	46	40	86

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	90	70	160	55	40	95	97	73	170	56	39	95

MAUCHLINE Town and } Parish - - - - -			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			12	15	27	165	114	279	81	49	130

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	96	58	154	79	45	124	118	64	182	96	48	144

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	59	75	134	45	64	109	57	67	124	55	61	116

RGGS Parish is partly landward and partly a large Village.

The branches directed to be taught at the Parochial School consist of English, Latin, Greek, writing, arithmetic, geography, &c., with geometry and French, &c. in addition if required, all of which are necessary in the parish, and might be taught in the school, were there a proper teacher. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 3½*d.* per annum, with 1*l.* 10*s.* 6*d.* School fees; and other emoluments are the interest on a mortification of 175*l.* 4*s.* 8*d.* per annum. At the Schools *not* parochial the instruction generally consists of English, Latin, writing, arithmetic, but Latin is only taught in five of them. All persons in the parish above five years of age, either can read or are now learning to read, with the exception of a few, who are natives of Ireland. The Parochial School, owing to the inefficiency of the teacher, has been lost to the public for many years. The teachers of the Schools *not* parochial say they cannot give precisely the greatest and smallest number of children who attended their Schools for the periods specified, not having a perfect record of some who attended for a short time; the number given is the exact average of all who completed quarters or months of the time. Schools without the vigilant superintendence of the church are a serious evil; ignorant pretenders commence teaching, the public are gulled, and doctrines the most pernicious both to church and state, are often taught. In any new arrangement about Schools, this should be remedied.

(signed) *John Dow*, Minister.

JDOUN Parish is partly landward, partly a Town and partly a Village.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, Latin and Greek. The salary of the master is the maximum amount of 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with about 40*l.* school fees, and about 10*l.* other emoluments annually as session clerk, but these are not necessarily connected with the office of schoolmaster. At the Schools *not* parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught; there is also a Sunday School attended by 125 children; these are included in the column respecting the number of children between five and fifteen years of age who are taught to read.

A great number of the cotton hand-loom weavers in this parish weave "harnesses," a kind of work in which each weaver requires a "draw boy" or girl to assist him. This kind of fabric was introduced here about two or three years ago, and the children who are employed are generally from seven to ten or eleven years of age; this has been the means of reducing the number of children at School very considerably, as the children are removed from School after one or two years attendance.

(signed) *Arch^d Lawrie*, D. D., Minister.

UCHLINE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, practical mathematics, Latin, Greek, French, geography, and no other branch could be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 40*l.* school fees, and 10*l.* other emoluments annually. At the Schools *not* parochial, English, writing, arithmetic, and sewing are taught.

The number of children stated who are taught to read and to write, is the actual number at present at School; it is believed that there are no persons in the parish between the ages of five and fifteen who cannot read. Besides those children who are stated as being at School, there are also several who attend Schools in other parishes, chiefly such as are at a distance from the parish School, so that the number of Scholars in the parish may be stated to be about 340, being full one-seventh of the whole population.

(signed) *John Tod*, Minister.

MAYBOLE Parish - - - (Pop. 6,287.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			15	10	25	480	240	720	400	200	600

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	106	50	156	87	32	119	115	40	155	100	33	133

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
12	13	384	221	605	294	143	437	381	220	601	290	140	430

MONKTON Parish - - (Pop. 1,818.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	216	114	330	211	109	320

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	80	36	116	70	33	103	67	48	115	57	25	82

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	30	14	44	30	14	44	38	14	52	38	14	52

[illegible]

YBOLE Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, reading and grammar, writing arithmetic, book-keeping, Latin, Greek, French and geography; but Greek and French are not so much required as the other branches. The salary of the master (who has an assistant), is 34*l.*, with from 95*l.* to 100*l.* school fees annually, and no other emoluments of any consequence. At the Schools *not* parochial, English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, and generally a little Latin and geography are taught.

(not signed.)

NKTON Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh of Barony.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English reading, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, practical mathematics, Latin, geography and book-keeping; there is no demand for any other branches. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, and the school fees are as follows; for teaching English reading 2*s.* 6*d.* per quarter; with writing, 3*s.* 6*d.*; with arithmetic, 4*s.*, and all additional branches 4*s.* 6*d.* per quarter; the other emoluments (as session clerk and Kirk treasurer), amount to about 5*l.* per annum. The instruction at the School *not* parochial is the same as that given at the Parochial School.

There are also two Sabbath Schools attended by between 130 and 180 children, some of whom attend no week day School, but the number of these is not great; and most of them at some period before they are fifteen years old, attend a public School.

(not signed.)

IRKIRK Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, French, geography and practical mathematics. The salary of the master is 28*l.* per annum, with 30*l.* school fees, and 5*l.* other emoluments annually. At the Schools *not* parochial, English reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

(not signed.)

NEWTON-UPON- AYR Parish - - } - (Pop. 4,020.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	184	123	307	65	33	98

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	81	35	116	-	-	-	76	33	109	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	108	90	198	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OCHILTREE Parish - (Pop. 1,562.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	160	141	301	120	112	232

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	60	30	90	-	-	-	90	25	115	-	-	-		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	30	40	70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

QUIVOX, St. Parish - (Pop. 5,289.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	343	228	571	162	74	236

CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.												
1	1	15	5	20	-	-	-	15	5	20	-	-	-

CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
OTHER SCHOOLS.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.												
7	8	328	223	551	-	-	-	328	223	551	-	-	-

WTON-UPON-AYR Parish is entirely a Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic and English grammar, no other branches are required. The salary of the master is maximum; the following are the terms of the school fees, viz.; for reading, 3s.; reading and writing, 3s. 6d.; reading, writing and arithmetic, 4s.; and for English grammar 5s. per quarter; there are no other emoluments. At the Schools *not* parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, English grammar, mathematics and Latin are taught; in addition to the above there are occasionally two or three dame's Schools, whereat a few children are taught a little reading and sewing.

In answer to the question as to the number of children under five years of age who are taught to read, there may be a few under that age learning to read, but their numbers could not be ascertained, although certainly very small, and the numbers of those between five and fifteen years of age stated above as taught to read and write, consist of those now actually learning.

(not signed.)

HILTREE Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, Latin, Greek, writing, arithmetic and practical mathematics. The salary of the master, who has an assistant, is maximum, and 6*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.* of a mortification, with 25*l.* average school fees, and about 5*l.* annually other emoluments. At one of the Schools *not* parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught by a master, and at the other, reading, writing and sewing by a female.

There are very few, if any, children under five years of age in this parish who are taught to read.

(signed) *James Boyd*, Minister.

QUIVOX Parish (with Wallacetown and Content) is landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English, reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar and book-keeping, and no other branches are at present required. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with eight bolls of meal from the Teinds of Auchincruive, the school fees amount to about 15*l.*, and other emoluments to from 10*l.* to 15*l.* annually. At six of the Schools *not* parochial, English with grammar, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught; and reading and sewing only at the other, which is for females.

It is important to observe that Wallacetown and Content, a suburb of Ayr, contains about 4,000 souls of the population of this parish; and the children of that district have convenient access to the academy of Ayr, and to the private Schools in that town, as also to the parish School of the contiguous burgh of Newton-upon-Ayre. The parish School is situated near the centre of the landward part of the parish, three miles distant from the mass of the population. The present small attendance at this School arises from temporary causes.

(not signed.)

CCARTON Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English, reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, geography, book-keeping, Latin, Greek and French; other branches might also conveniently be taught if required, and encouraged. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.* per annum, with 50*l.* school fees, and no other emoluments as schoolmaster. At the Schools *not* parochial, English reading and grammar, writing and arithmetic are taught.

There are few, if any, persons in the parish above the age of fifteen years, who have not been taught to read.

(signed) *John Moody*, Minister.

ERN Parish is composed partly of a landward population of 1,253, partly of the Village of Dalgain, containing 300, and partly of that of Catrine, containing 2,700 persons in 1831.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, Latin, Greek, French, geography and practical mathematics; no other branches could be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 13*l.* school fees, and 10*l.* 9*s.* other emoluments annually, derived from the office of session clerk. At eleven of the Schools *not* parochial, English grammar, writing and arithmetic are taught, and at the other two, the instruction is nearly the same as that given at the Parochial School.

The diminution of numbers in the Parochial School for the half year ending Lady-day 1834, was owing to the prevalence of measles during that period. The number of children returned in the Schools *not* parochial is only the year's average number for six of the Schools, the teachers of which could only furnish the particulars partly from their lists, and partly from recollection; five other Schools have only recently commenced, and the average number of children who attended the other two Schools is 46. Besides the above Schools, the Catrine Cotton Company provide evening education, free of expense, for their workers, of whom about 200 are thus instructed, and also 36 children receive education on terms of the Factory Bill. There are no children in this parish above fifteen years of age who are not able to read.

(signed) *John Stewart*, Minister.

AIR Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mensuration, geography, the principles of religion and Latin; no other branches are at present required. The salary of the master, who occasionally has an assistant, is 30*l.* sterling, with about 20*l.* school fees, and 2*l.* 10*s.* annually, other emoluments. There is also a School *not* parochial, in which at present 16 males and 17 females are taught English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, and the principles of religion.

The numbers returned in the School *not* parochial refer to those who were in attendance at the time the inquiry was made; the number who attended during the second period cannot be given, on account of the person who was then teacher having left.

(signed) *William Rorison*, Minister.

STEVENSTON Parish is partly landward; it contains the large Village of Stevenston, and part of the Town of Saltcoats.

The branches directed to be taught at the Parochial School are Latin, French, English, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping; all of which are taught, but chiefly English writing and arithmetic; to which might conveniently be added, Greek, mathematics, geography, drawing and English composition. The salary of the master (who is paralytic) is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with about 15*l.* school fees, and other emoluments are as follows; viz. a small house and garden, valued at 6*l.*; an allowance for ground, of 2*l.* 2*s.* 9*d.*; and interest of mortified money, amounting to 16*s.* 7½*d.* At the Schools *not* parochial, chiefly English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

Were the teacher in vigorous health, the parish school-room would be much too small, as it will not contain more than 70 scholars. In addition to the day scholars, there are, in the Sabbath Evening Schools, 120 males and 225 females. The number of scholars attending Evening Schools during the week, is 66 males and 13 females; these children are included in the columns respecting the number of children between five and fifteen years of age, who are taught to read. The number of children at school would be much greater could the parents afford to pay the school wages. The parochial teacher instructs a considerable number gratis.

(signed) *David Landsborough*, Minister.

SEWARTON Parish is entirely landward, having a large Town and Suburbs in the centre, with a population of 2,969, leaving 1,534 for the country part, in the year 1831.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek and French; also book-keeping, mathematics and history, &c. might be conveniently taught. The salary of the master (who was appointed in 1788) of 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 2*l.* 2*s.* 9½*d.* in lieu of garden ground. The school fees are as follows; viz. for teaching reading, 2*s.* 6*d.*; writing, 3*s.*; and arithmetic, Latin, Greek and French, 5*s.* each per quarter. The other emoluments of the master are, an annual sum of 5*l.* for teaching poor children, mortified by Mr. William Smith, and the emolument derived from his office as session clerk; he has also a school-house, 32 feet long by 18 wide, well furnished with seats and tables, and a dwelling-house over the School, consisting of kitchen, parlour, bedroom, and two finished garrets, with other conveniences; all built in 1829, and finished in 1830. The instruction at the Schools *not* parochial (in addition to those branches taught at the Parochial School) consists of book-keeping and various branches of mathematics. The number of children attending these Schools is not given, as the masters were only appointed in March 1834.

The number of persons not able to read, whether above or below fifteen years of age, cannot at present be ascertained.

(not signed.)

STRAITON Parish is entirely landward.

Of the Parochial Schools one is held at the Village of Straiton, the other at that of Patna. The branches directed to be taught at these Schools are, English grammar, arithmetic, writing, geometry and Latin; those usually taught are the four first-menoned branches, together with geography and book-keeping. The master of the Straiton School has a salary of 31*l.* 10*s.* per annum; the school fees (on an average of five years) amount to 31*l.*, and other emoluments to 3*l.* per annum; the Patna master has a salary of 11*l.*, and school fees amounting to 25*l.* per annum. The branches taught at the Schools *not* parochial are the same as those taught at the Parochial Schools.

The extent of the parish being about 90 square miles, precludes the success of Infant Schools, and consequently children are not sent to school until six years of age, or more. The number of children under instruction at all the Schools, public and private, in March 1834, was 186, being about the ratio of one-seventh of the whole population. This is larger than the general proportion in the country, and almost as many as can ever be in this parish; the whole number of persons from five to fifteen years of age, being 365, and many beginning to attend School later than five, and leaving School about the age of eleven or twelve. Some parents, from poverty, do not keep their children long enough at School. There are not more than twelve children who cannot read, and these are of Irish parentage.

(signed) *Robert Paton*, Minister.

SYMINGTON Parish - (Pop. 884.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	40	50	90	20	25	45

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	48	36	84	40	31	71	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TORBOLTON Parish - (Pop. 2,274.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	20	20	40	20	20	40	20	20	40	20	20	40

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	78	81	159	70	68	138	83	80	163	70	70	140

MININGTON Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar, Latin, and sometimes Greek and French. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 5*s.* 10½*d.* per annum, with 50*l.* school fees, and 2*l.* 5*s.* other emoluments annually. At the School *not* parochial, only reading and sewing are taught.

(not signed.)

R BOLTON Parish is partly landward, and partly a Burgh of Barony.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, geography, book-keeping and Latin, and it is thought that no other branches could be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 29*l.* 18*s.* 10½*d.*, with school fees amounting to about 16*l.* annually. At the Schools *not* parochial the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School.

In answer to the question as to the number of children under five years of age who are taught to read, none at that age are sent to school; and in answer to the questions as to the number of children between five and fifteen years of age who are taught to read and to write, it may be said that every individual in the parish between those ages has been taught to read and to write, or is now learning to read and to write.

(not signed.)

SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF AYR.

1. NUMBER of INHABITANTS in the SHIRE of AYR in the Year 1831 - - - - - 145,055.

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
2. NUMBER of Children under five years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	178	226	404
Number of Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	8,590	6,724	15,314
Number of such Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write - - - - - }	5,599	3,771	9,370

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
			Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
3. PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS - - - - -	46	62						
Number of Children attending such Schools, from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			2,580	1,537	4,117	1,338	825	2,163
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			2,394	1,438	3,832	1,250	747	1,997

	£.	s.	d.
TOTAL AMOUNT of Salaries received by Parochial Schoolmasters - - - - -	1,624	12	10 ³ / ₄
- of School Fees received by - - ditto - - - - -	1,575	8	3
- of other Emoluments received by ditto - - - - -	285	8	9 ¹ / ₂
	£.	3,485	9 11 ¹ / ₄

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
			Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
4. SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - - -	225	241						
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			5,357	4,069	9,426	1,898	1,492	3,390
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			4,734	3,816	8,550	1,931	1,512	3,443

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
			Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
5. TOTAL NUMBER of PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, and SCHOOLS not PAROCHIAL - - - - - }	271	303						
Total Number of Children attending School from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			7,937	5,606	13,543	3,236	2,317	5,553
Total Number of Children attending School from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			7,128	5,254	12,382	3,181	2,259	5,440

REMARKS ON THE SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF AYR.

The number of Inhabitants attributed to the several parishes in this Abstract of Education Returns, differs from the total number ascribed to the Shire of Ayr, in the Population Abstract of 1831, because in two instances a parish extends into an adjoining shire, in which case the entire parish is ascribed to that shire in which the larger portion of its population reside; this kind of correction being unavoidable in a Return strictly parochial. The total Population of the parishes entered in this Abstract thus becomes 121 persons added to 145,055, and is taken at 145,176 in all the calculations on which the subsequent remarks are founded.

To this number might be added in strictness, an increase of nearly four per cent (or 40 in 1,000), during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and ten months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years; such increase somewhat lessens the *proportion* of children educated, or under education in the shire of Ayr, but does not alter any of the *numbers* which are stated in the Summary, or in the following remarks.

The difficulty of personal inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has not permitted the ministers of twenty-six parishes in Ayrshire, to specify the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read, or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears on the opposite page to have been 404; which by application of the rule of proportion to the population of all the parishes, gives 874 for the entire shire of Ayr.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age, who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read (as specified in the Returns) is 15,314; adding to which a due proportion for eight parishes (which are defective in this particular), the total number may be assumed at 17,615. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years of age at Lady-day 1834, must have been 37,971, supposing the same proportion as before, now to exist throughout the shire of Ayr.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write (as specified in the Returns) is 9,370; adding to which a due proportion for eight parishes (defective in this particular), the total number of such children is 10,778.

The number of Parochial Schools is 46, in which are 62 instructors. The greatest number of scholars at these schools between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 4,117, but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 4,195, and the least number of scholars (2,163) the return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 3,387.

The greatest number of Scholars at Parochial Schools between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady-day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 3,832; but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 4,390, and the least number of scholars (1,997) the return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 3,385.

The total amount of salaries, school-fees and other emoluments appertaining to the Parochial Instructors was £3,485 from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834, exclusive of the fees connected with the Parochial Schools in the parishes of Ayr, Beith, New Cumnock, Kilbirnie, Monkton, Newton-upon-Ayr, and Stewarton, no satisfactory answers having been given therefrom to this part of the inquiry.

The number of Schools not parochial is 225, in which are 241 Instructors. The greatest number of scholars between Lady-day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 9,426, adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 9,906, and the least number of scholars (3,390) the return of whom is very defective, in like manner, becomes 8,167.

The greatest number of scholars at Schools not parochial, between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady-day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 8550, adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 10,349, and the least number of scholars (3,443), the return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 8,256.

The total number of Schools (parochial and not parochial) is 271, in which are 303 instructors. The total number of scholars at all Schools in the shire of Ayr, between Lady-day and Michaelmas 1833 appears on the opposite page to have been 13,543, adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 14,101; and the least number of scholars (5,553), the return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 11,554.

The total number of scholars at all Schools in the shire of Ayr, between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady-day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 12,382; adding to which a due proportion for defective returns, the estimated number becomes 14,739; and the least number of scholars (5,440), the return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 11,641.

Sabbath Day and Evening Schools are occasionally mentioned in the Returns; but children receiving daily instruction, and no others are included in the foregoing Summary and Remarks.

County of Banff.

ABSTRACT OF EDUCATION - -

[The ancient Parishes are placed in Alphabetical order throughout the County, the name of the

ABERLOUR Parish (Pop. in 1831, 1,276.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				3	2	5	14	6	20.	12	1	13

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	37	14	51	21	7	28	31	13	44	19	6	25

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

ALVAH Parish - - - (Pop. 1,278.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	34	16	50	24	8	32	36	18	54	30	10	40		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	34	28	62	23	24	47	37	34	71	25	27	52		

County of Banff.

RETURNS, JULY M.DCCC.XXXIV.

*at the Parochial Districts recently established, are always entered under
ancient Parishes.]*

ERLOUR Parish is landward, with a small Village lately erected.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, mathematics and Latin, to which church music might be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 10*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.* school fees; the other emoluments are a house, valued at 6*l.*, and a garden worth 2*l.* 2*s.*, and in expectation of a share of the Dick bequest, which is uncertain. There is no School *not* parochial, but a lady instructs a few girls, about six, during the year, in English reading, sewing and knitting stockings.

The number of children under 15 years of age, stated as taught to read and write, comprehends those only who are now actually at school, as it is understood that all under that age have been taught or are now learning.

In the course of the Minister's annual examination of the parishioners, he has never found any in this parish above the age of 15 years who could not read the Scriptures of the Old and New Testament.

(signed) Alex. Wilson, Minister.

VAH Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English grammar, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, Latin, Greek and geography, but there is no Greek scholar at present; French has been occasionally taught here; no other branches seem necessary at present. The salary of the master is 30*l.*, the school fees from 9*l.* to 10*l.* (about 20 scholars being generally taught gratis), and other emoluments about 3*l.*, on no occasion exceeding 4*l.*, per annum.

There are three Schools *not* parochial, but as one of these has been but recently established, the number of children attending is not stated; in these Schools the instruction consists of reading, writing and arithmetic, and in one, conducted by a female, needle-work is taught.

In answer to the questions as to the number of children under 5 years of age taught to read, and of those between 5 and 15 years of age taught to read and write, there are very few children in this parish but have begun to read before they attain their fifth year, either in some of the Schools within the parish, or in those situated on the confines of the adjoining parish, and almost all the children in this parish between 5 and 15 years of age can read and write, although their numbers cannot be accurately ascertained.

(not signed.)

BANFF Parish - - - (Pop. 3,711.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	62	34	96	390	164	554	265	93	358

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	3	156	26	182	-	-	-	148	16	164	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
15	18	378	193	571	—	—	—	389	157	546	—	—	—

BELLIE Parish. *See* ELGINSHIRE.

BOHARM Parish - - (Pop. 1,385.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	57	11	68	40	10	50	50	10	60	30	6	36

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	30	27	57	25	17	42	42	35	77	35	22	57

BOTRIPHNE Parish - (Pop. 721.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	8	8	16	69	68	137	-	-	55

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	28	12	40	13	3	16	26	8	34	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	35	18	53	24	10	34

FF Parish is partly landward, and partly Burgh.

There is no legally established parochial School, but the rector of the Grammar School receives the parochial salary, the amount of which, with the school fees, is not reported. The instruction given consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar, geography, Latin, Greek, French, mathematics and drawing, and these comprehend all that are necessary. At the Schools *not* parochial (which include two boarding and two free Schools), reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar, geography, music, French, Italian, drawing and all kinds of needle-work, are taught.

In stating that there is no legally-established Parochial School, it is meant, that though the heritors pay the parochial salary to the rector of the Grammar School, they do so, under the reservation, that it is to be only during their pleasure, in as much as they have nothing to say in the election of the said rector, and as they contemplate establishing a legal Parochial School in the landward part of the parish.

(signed) *William Grant*, Minister.

ARM Parish (which is partly in Elginshire, but wholly entered here) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, Latin, arithmetic, mathematics, book-keeping and occasionally Greek. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 5½*d.*, with 15*l.* average school fees; other emoluments consist of a garden allowance of 2*l.* 2*s.* 9½*d.* annually, with a house valued at 8*l.* and an uncertain share of the Dick bequest. At two of the Schools *not* parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught, and at the other, a female School, reading, sewing, knitting, &c.; at all the above Schools the Scriptures are read, and the Catechism of the Church of Scotland is taught. There are also in various quarters of the parish, chiefly at a distance from the parochial and the other Schools, infant or rather dame Schools, where the children from 5 to 7 years of age are taught reading, until they are capable of walking to the parochial or the other Schools; the former of which is situated in the centre, and the latter at each extreme ends, of the parish, which is 13 miles long.

In answer to the questions as to the number of children under 5 years of age taught to read, and of those between 5 and 15 taught to read and write, it was found, in examination from house to house, that some of the children under 5 years of age were taught to read by their parents, but very few are taught at Schools of any description under that age; after that age they are all sent to School for longer or shorter periods; sufficient, however, at the shortest to enable them by six or seven years of age to read the Scriptures; and at seven years of age, none are found unable to read to this extent.

(signed) *Lew. W. Forbes*, Minister.

RIPHNE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, Latin, arithmetic and book-keeping; various other branches might be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 30*l.* with 7*l.* school fees; the other emoluments are a house and garden, value about 10*l.* per annum. At the Schools *not* parochial, which are only open during the winter quarter, English reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

(not signed.)

BOYNDIE Parish - - (Pop. 1,501.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools. Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
1	1	24	8	32	23	5	28	17	6	23	12	5		
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
2	2	64	18	82	52	16	68	114	43	157	71	18		

CABRACH Parish - - (Pop. 978.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.						
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.						
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.				
			5	10	15	108	117	225	62	66					
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	21	17	38	1	1	2	32	20	52	1	1			
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	39	17	56	2	1	3	34	20	54	3	2			

CAIRNEY Parish. See ABERDEENSHIRE.

CULLEN Burgh and Parish (Pop. 1,593.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Females.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			20	25	45	180	195	375	90	35			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	29	6	35	29	6	35	29	6	35	29	6	
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
10	10	185	200	385	185	200	385	185	200	385	185	200	

NDIE Parish is entirely landward.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial School are English, writing, French, Latin, Greek, arithmetic, mathematics, book-keeping and navigation, all of which are usually taught, except Greek, navigation and French; in addition to which geography might be conveniently taught did time permit. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 12*s.* 4*d.* per annum, with about 22*l.* 12*s.* 9*d.* school fees, and about 5*l.* annually other emoluments, arising from the office of session clerk; and he will enjoy a contingent interest in Dick's fund.

At the Schools *not* parochial, the instruction consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, a little geometry and practical mathematics; there are also three Dame's Schools, and four Sunday Schools.

In reference to the questions as to the number of children under 5 taught to read, and to the number between 5 and 15 years of age taught to read and write, it is impossible to give a precise answer; but it may be stated that at the last census there were of persons under 15 years of age, 535, all of whom above the age of 5 either can, in some sense, read, or are now learning, and most of whom can write, imperfectly, or are now learning. But in many instances, especially where the families are large, the education received is so interrupted, and consequently defective, as to prove ultimately of very little service. In consequence of the failure of the herring fishery, some individuals are affording a little assistance to those fishermen having large families, in paying their school fees, but this being regarded as charitable aid, has a bad effect in another view; besides the evil has in it the elements of permanency, unless additional public facilities be afforded for the education of the poor, for which it presents a strong claim. A man earning on an average from 6*s.* to 9*s.* per week, with a family, say of eight children, cannot spare 3*l.* 10*s.* as the annual expense of educating six of them.

(signed) *Alex. Anderson, Minister.*

RACH Parish (which is partly in Aberdeenshire, but wholly entered here) is entirely landward.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial School are English reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin and book-keeping, all of which, with the addition of English grammar, Greek and mathematics, are usually taught, no other branches seem to be requisite. The salary of the master is 29*l.* 18*s.* 9½*d.* per annum, with 5*l.* 2*s.* 6*d.* school fees, from harvest vacation 1833 to 1834, and 2*l.* 2*s.* 9½*d.* annually other emoluments, in lieu of a garden and a free house, worth, say, 20*s.* per annum. The instruction at the Schools *not* parochial consists of English reading, writing and arithmetic; one of these Schools is endowed, and is about four miles from the Parochial School; the teacher receives a gratuity of 4*l.* from the Duke of Gordon. In addition to the above there are four Schools taught during two or three months in the winter season; the number of scholars attending at the examination in March last was 42, 49, 22 and 18 respectively; the teachers of these Schools depend entirely on the fees of their Scholars; they are generally persons of very little education, being old pensioners, day labourers, and mere boys, &c.; the teacher of one season is seldom teacher of the next, and hence the very imperfect state of education.

There are not more than three persons above the age of 15 years, who have permanent residence in the parish, unable to read, only one of these, a deaf and dumb girl, is under 20 years of age; there are a few old women in it, who, though they read, cannot write, but their number is not exactly known, though it is presumed to be but small. Another endowed or daily School is very much wanted. From the situation of the parish, such a School could be placed at the distance of four or five miles from the Parochial School, and would be well attended.

(not signed.)

LEN Parish is partly landward, and partly a Burgh.

The parish consists of "Cullen proper," and an annexation from the Parish of Rathven "*quoad sacra*," and the return to the Education Queries refers to both united. The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, navigation, mathematics, geography, Latin, Greek and French; there seems to be no occasion for the teaching of any other branches. The salary of the master is 36*l.* (being somewhat above the maximum, in consequence of a mortification) with a free dwelling-house, school-house and garden; the school fees are from 10*l.* to 15*l.*, and the master is entitled to a share of the Dick bequest. At two of the Schools *not* parochial (kept by males), English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and navigation are taught, and of the other seven (which are kept by females), English reading and grammar, music, needle-work and drawing are taught at two of them, and reading, knitting and sewing at the five others.

(signed) *George Henderson, Minister.*

DEER, OLD, Parish. See ABERDEENSHIRE.

DESKFORD Parish - - (Pop. 828.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				8	6	14	96	93	189	50	23	73

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	31	23	54	19	9	28	32	15	47	23	9	32

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	14	20	34	14	20	34	12	20	32	17	9	26

FERGUS, Sr. Parish - (Pop. 1,334)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				38	40	78	175	155	330	117	70	187

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	31	4	35	15	-	15	21	6	27	9	2	11		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	54	59	113	-	-	-	38	48	86	-	-	-		

FORDYCE Parish - - (Pop. 3,364.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				19	31	50	189	165	354	107	70	177

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	54	6	60	-	-	-	50	-	50	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
11	11	201	214	415	-	-	-	215	185	400	-	-	-

ESKFORD Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, Latin, writing and arithmetic; there is no desire for any other branches. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, including an allowance in lieu of garden, with about 12*l.* school fees, and 2*l.* 10*s.* annually other emoluments as session clerk.

At the School *not* Parochial, English reading, sewing and knitting are taught; there are also three small Schools kept by old women in different parts of the parish, where the little children in the neighbourhood begin to learn to read; the number attending these, at an average, scarcely amounts to 20. There are likewise Sabbath Schools for the religious instruction of those attending the Day Schools, and such others that can attend, but in none of the Schools is religious instruction omitted; on the contrary, it forms the principal part. The Sabbath Schools are all taught gratis, and there is reason to believe that there are no persons in the parish above the age of 15 years who are not able to read, but there are 226 above the age of eight years unable to write, and 126 of these are below 20 years of age.

(signed) *George Innes*, Minister.

ERGUS, Str. Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, geography, Latin, Greek, book-keeping and geometry. The salary of the master is 30*l.*; the school fees amount to about 11*l.* being the average of the last six years; and other emoluments to 5*l.* per annum; the last-mentioned sum is derived from session clerk's fees, certificates, registrations, &c. At one of the Schools *not* parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught; and at the other four, which are Dame's Schools, reading, knitting and sewing.

The small number of scholars attending the Parochial School is to be accounted for by the fact, that the principal farms in the parish are in the occupation of persons who either have no children, or have no inclination to send them; and the School *not* parochial, for males, is in a populous and poor district of the parish.

The number of children under 5, and those between 5 and 15 years of age, stated as taught to read, must be regarded as the nearest approximation which can be made as to the real numbers, including those children who are taught by their parents at home.

(signed) *James Anderson*, Minister.

ORDYCE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English grammar, Latin, Greek, writing and arithmetic, practical mathematics, geography and book-keeping; it is not conceived that any other branches might be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 29*l.* 19*s.* 1*d.* from the heritors and ten acres of land from a mortification; the school fees amount to about 25*l.*, and other emoluments, derived from the offices of session clerk, church treasurer and presbytery clerk, to about 10*l.* per annum. Of the School *not* parochial, one is a "Grammar School," situated at Portsoy, a sea-port town, at which all the branches of education are taught that are usually taught at Parochial Schools; at the other Schools, seven of which are Dames' Schools, sewing, knitting, reading and writing are taught.

(signed) *John Innes*, Minister.

FORGLEN Parish - - (Pop. 820.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	66	42	108	41	26	67	58	32	90	39	31	70
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	-	40	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

GAMRIE Parish - - - (Pop. 4,094.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	137	31	168	112	18	130	154	43	197	120	21	141		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
10	10	90	140	230	60	90	150	100	142	242	66	89	155		

GARTLY Parish. See ABERDEENSHIRE.

GLASS Parish. See ABERDEENSHIRE.

GRANGE Parish - - (Pop. 1,492.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	21	10	31	-	-	19

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	18	7	25	-	-	-	24	6	30	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	57	54	111	-	-	-	59	30	89	-	-	-

RGLEN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English in all its branches, French, Latin, arithmetic, book-keeping and practical mathematics; other branches are taught when required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*; the school fees amount to about 20*l.* and other emoluments to about 2*l.* 15*s.* per annum; besides these emoluments, the master shares in the benefit of the Dick mortification, which it is supposed will yield about 30*l.* per annum. At the Schools *not* parochial, the instruction is elementary, and consists of reading and sewing; there is also a Sabbath School held after service on Sundays, attended by about 70 of both sexes, who are taught by the minister and some lay assistants. The greatest number at School, parochial and private, is 148; of these, seven attend the parochial and private Schools at the same time.

In answer to the questions as to the number of children under 5 years of age who are taught to read, and of those between 5 and 15 years of age taught to read and write, it is not usual to send the children to School before the age of 5 years, but all between the ages of 5 and 15 have been, or are now, at School, and almost all the scholars are taught to write.

(not signed.)

MRIE Parish is partly landward and partly Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English reading, grammar, geography, mathematics, arithmetic, writing, Latin, Greek, history, navigation, &c. The salaries of the masters, conjointly, are 51*l.* 6*s.* 6*d.*; the school fees amount to 61*l.*, and other emoluments, including two shares of the Dick bequest, to 53*l.* per annum. At the Schools *not* parochial, which are mostly for females and young children, reading, sewing and knitting are taught.

In answer to questions as to the number of children under 5 years of age taught to read, and of those between 5 and 15 taught to read and write, it may be observed that no children are sent to the Parochial Schools under the age of 5, but a considerable number at the private Schools are about 5 years of age, and the children are generally begun to be taught reading at home by their mothers, nurses, &c.; the number of children between 5 and 15 years of age who are learning could not be ascertained, as a great many of the poorer class have their children taught reading, writing and accounts at home, except perhaps they are sent for a quarter or half a year to the Parochial School to finish their education.

(signed) Thomas Wilson, Minister.

ANGE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, geography, arithmetic, mathematics, writing, Latin, Greek, and sometimes French. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*; the school fees amount to about 6*l.*; the other emoluments are the annual interest of a legacy of 100*l.* 11*s.*; and about a year ago 100*l.* was received from the Dick bequest. Of the Schools *not* parochial, one is a General Assembly's School; the other three are minors, whereat reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

In answer to the question as to the number of children under 5 years of age taught to read, it may be observed that there is only one girl at the Parochial School under 5 years of age, and at the other Schools there are a very few, but the exact number could not be ascertained.

(not signed.)

VERAVEN Parish (which is partly in Elginshire, but wholly entered here) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, book-keeping, geography and Latin. The salary of the master is 28*l.* 17*s.* 5*d.*, with 10*l.* school fees; the other emoluments are a house worth 8*l.* and a garden worth 2*l.* 2*s.* annually, and an uncertain share of the Dick bequest. At four of the Schools *not* parochial, which are for males, most of those branches of education enumerated above are taught; the other School is for females, whereat reading, writing, knitting and sewing are taught: in general, the greatest number attending the above Schools is in the month succeeding Christmas, and the smallest number in the month after the harvest vacation; there are also some families taught at home, and others by means of private female teachers in the neighbourhood, but the number thus taught is not given, owing, it is said, to their operations being so uncertain, but they are not without their effect upon the general state of education in the parish.

This parish is divided into two districts by a continuation of the mountain Benrinnes; the lower district, where the parish church and school are situated, contains a Protestant population of upwards of 700; the upper district extends far into the hills, separating the countries on the banks of the Don and Avon, and more than half its population are of the Roman Catholic persuasion; this last circumstance, coupled with the great extent and hilly nature of the country, renders it extremely difficult to obtain correct answers as to the number of children under 5 years taught to read, and of those between 5 and 15 years of age taught to read and write.

(not signed.)

VERKEITHNY Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, reading and grammar, writing, geography, arithmetic, mathematics, Latin and Greek. The salary of the master is 30*l.*; the school fees amount to 18*l.* 18*s.*; other emoluments to 3*l.* per annum. There are no other teachers, except a few females who teach about 20 children to read.

(signed) *James Milne*, Minister.

Alexander Morrison, Schoolmaster.

EITH Parish is partly landward, and partly consisting of large Villages.

The instruction given at the Parochial School (which has conjoined with it a School founded and endowed in 1647, but of which endowment a small portion only now remains, affording a salary of 16*l.* 14*s.*), consists of English reading, grammar, composition, writing, principles of religion, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics, geography, Latin and Greek. The salary of the master is maximum, together with an allowance of 10*l.* for house and garden; the school fees amount to about 80*l.* per annum, and there are no other emoluments, except what may arise from the Dick fund, the amount of which is not yet fixed. From the fluctuating nature of the Schools *not* parochial, and the want of lists kept by the teachers in several cases, it is not possible to answer these questions accurately; the present number attending is 204 males and 210 females. At one of these Schools, for ladies, the ordinary branches of female education are taught; at another, supported by the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge, and at four private Schools, the instruction consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, and the principles of religious knowledge, and at the others, English reading only. The small number of scholars attending the Parochial School between Lady-day and Michaelmas 1833, was owing to the school-house at that time being much in disrepair, and consequently could not supply accommodation for more, but excellent accommodation is now provided, and the education is very well conducted.

Although all above seven years of age in this parish are learning to read, or have done so, yet it must be acknowledged that education in many cases is conducted so imperfectly, that not a few are incapable of deriving much information from what they do read; additional means of education therefore seem necessary.

(signed) *James Thomson*, Minister.

1. KIRKMICHAEL Parish - (Pop. 721.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

2. TOMINTOUL Parish - (Pop. 1,020.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			24	20	44	130	125	255	92	68	160

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	46	39	85	16	14	30	48	40	88	14	11	25		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	82	72	154	30	22	52	86	74	160	21	17	38		

MARNOCH Parish - (Pop. 2,426.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.						
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age..			5 to 15 Years of Age.						
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.				
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	42	33	75	28	22	50	63	23	86	30	25	55		
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	40	30	70	30	20	50	33	27	60	27	23	50		

KIRKMICHAEL Parish is entirely landward.

At the Parochial School, all the common branches of education are taught, together with Latin, Greek and mathematics; other branches could also be conveniently taught if required. The master receives the maximum amount of salary, with about 10*l.* school fees annually, and other emoluments, consisting of a house and garden.

A Government church having been erected in the upper part (Tomintoul), of this parish, and that district separated from the parish *quoad sacra* by the Act of the General Assembly, the above particulars refer only to this parish since the separation in 1832, and are thus exclusive of the Tomintoul district.

(not signed.)

TOMINTOUL Parish, which is one of the new government Districts, is entirely landward.

There is no Parochial School belonging to the parish, but there is an additional Parochial School belonging to the parish of Kirkmichael, situate within this parish; the branches taught therein consist of reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, Latin, book-keeping and geography, and no others are required. The salary of the master is 17*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.*, with about 11*l.* 10*s.* school fees annually, and no other emoluments. At the Schools *not* parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

Few of the children under 5 years of age learn to read, except those in a village where two of the Schools are situate, they having considerable distances to travel to School; but all the children in the parish from 5 to 15 are taught to read, or are now learning.

The Schoolmaster's Act of 1803, authorizes the heritors to place more than one Parochial School in the same parish by dividing the salary. Kirkmichael and this parish are one *quoad civilia*, and an additional parish School belonging to the parish of Kirkmichael is placed in this parish under the said Act. There were 108 scholars entered the Parochial School during the year, but the greater part of them attend only from the month of November to the beginning of April; 182 entered the Schools *not* parochial during the year, but the average attendance may be stated at somewhat less than half a year each.

(signed) Charles M'Pherson, Minister.

BRNOCK Parish is landward, with a large Village which contains about 400 inhabitants.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial School are Latin, arithmetic, English reading, writing and book-keeping, in addition to which are usually taught mathematics, geography, English grammar, Scripture and Catechism; Greek and French might be conveniently taught there. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with from 15*l.* to 25*l.* school fees, and 4*l.* 10*s.* annually other emoluments, arising from Bruce's legacy, and a share of the Dick bequest, expected to amount to 30*l.* At the School *not* Parochial the instruction consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, elements of mathematics, Scripture and Catechism; this School is in the village three miles from the Parochial School; it has no salary attached, but merely a free house; a better establishment is much wanted, and anxiously wished for by all the parishioners and villagers in particular.

The number and ages of the children cannot be given with accuracy, as the parish extends over a great space, being about nine miles long, and there are five small Schools, taught chiefly by females, besides others on the skirts of this and the adjoining parishes, where all the children of the parish learn to read the Scriptures, but few to write, excepting at the public Schools.

(signed) Will^m Stronach, Minister.

MORTLACH Parish - (Pop. 2,633.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			32	16	48	243	100	343	102	70	172

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
Schools.	Instructors.	1	1	65	26	91	45	25	70	78	33	111	-	-	90

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
Schools.	Instructors.	6	6	100	48	148	-	-	-	190	86	276	-	-	-

[illegible]

RATHVEN Parish - - (Pop. 6,484.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
			122	147	269	350	310	660	275	191	466			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.													
1	1		43	3	46	24	2	26	50	6	56	17	4	21
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.													
15	15		362	230	592	283	223	506	412	221	633	317	204	521

MORTLACH Parish is landward, with a Village containing a population of 700.

The branches of education usually taught at the Parochial School, are English, writing, grammar, arithmetic, French, geography, Latin and Mathematics; Greek (which is directed to be taught), and the higher branches of mathematics, might be conveniently taught there. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 3*d.*, the school fees amount to about 25*l.*, they would amount to considerably more if all paid; other emoluments, as session clerk's dues, are 8*l.* per annum; besides this, something will be derived from Dick's fund, but as this is contingent, the exact amount cannot be ascertained. The instruction at the Schools *not* parochial, two of which are taught by old women, consists of English, writing and arithmetic; there is also a Sabbath School in the parish, attended by about 120 scholars, many of these however attend the other Schools during the week.

In such an extensive parish it is hardly possible to ascertain the exact number of scholars in attendance. The above calculation is made up from reports sent in by the district teachers, one of whom is appointed by the General Assembly's committee, and has a salary from them; the others are all initiatory, two of them have small salaries from the Duchess of Gordon, and the other three are supported by the parents of those children they teach. The Assembly's Shorter Catechism, and the principles of the christian religion, according to the standards of the church of Scotland, are taught in all the Schools.

(signed) *Morris Forsyth*, Minister.

REDIQUHILL Parish is entirely landward.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial School are Greek, Latin, arithmetic, writing and English reading, all of which are usually taught, with the addition of English grammar and geography, also mathematics and Algebra when required. The salary of the master is 21*l.* 9*s.* 6*d.*, with eight bolls of oatmeal; the school fees average 10*l.* 8*s.*; and other emoluments, from the office of session clerk, 1*l.* 10*s.* per annum; (Dick's bequest is not yet settled.) The School *not* parochial is a dame's School, in the village of Corncairn, at which English reading and spelling, writing and plain needle-work are taught; the average numbers attending this School are not filled up in the table; it may be stated that there are from 15 to 20, about half of each sex. There are none within this parish who cannot read, all from 5 to 15 years of age included. The general character of the people is that of being sober, industrious and religiously disposed.

(signed) *Ludovick Will. Grant*, Minister.

RATHVEN Parish comprises five Villages.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial School are English, arithmetic, writing, Latin and Greek, all of which, with geography in addition, are usually taught; navigation and ancient and modern history might also be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 32*l.* 1*s.* 7*d.*, with 10*l.* 3*s.* 6*d.* school fees, and 12*l.* 5*s.* 6*d.* annually other emoluments as session clerk, also Dick's bequest, amounting to 25*l.* per annum. The instruction at the Schools *not* parochial consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, sewing and knitting.

The number of persons above 15 years of age who are not able to read, may amount to about 30. In so populous a parish it would be of the utmost moment to the rising generation to establish another Parochial School.

(not signed.)

ROTHIEMAY Parish - (Pop. 1,228.)		Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
		Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
		34	36	70	139	142	281	112	100	212

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	93	41	134	61	22	83	92	46	138	70	36	106

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	34	16	50	10	16	26

THIEMAY Parish is entirely landward.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial School are English reading and grammar, arithmetic, book-keeping, the various branches of mathematics, geography, Latin, Greek and writing; all these are usually taught, and frequently French; the elements or first principles of natural and moral science might also be conveniently taught there. The salary of the master is 30 *l.* 10*s.*, with 18 *l.* 4*s.* 9*d.* school fees, and from 4 *l.* to 5 *l.* annually other emoluments, as session clerk, also during the past year 25 *l.* was received from the trustees of the late — Dick, esquire. The instruction at the School *not* parochial consists of English reading and grammar, arithmetic, writing and geography; this School was discontinued from Lady-day to Michaelmas 1833, in consequence of building a new school-house.

(not signed.)

SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF BANFF.

1. NUMBER of INHABITANTS in the SHIRE of BANFF in the Year 1831 - - - - - 48,604.

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL
2. NUMBER of Children under five years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	427	427	854
Number of Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	2,180	1,701	3,881
Number of such Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write - - - - - }	1,633	984	2,617

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
3. PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS - - - - -	25	29	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools, from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			1,159	426	1,585	643	232	875
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			1,335	439	1,774	760	230	990

	£.	s.	d.
TOTAL AMOUNT of Salaries received by Parochial Schoolmasters - - -	761	18	6 ³ / ₄
— of School Fees received by - - ditto - - -	431	12	-
— of other Emoluments received by ditto - - -	111	-	4 ¹ / ₂
	£.	1,304	10 7 ¹ / ₄

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
4. SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - - -	125	131	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			1,794	1,422	3,216	756	660	1,416
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			2,311	1,602	3,913	807	642	1,449

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
5. TOTAL NUMBER of PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, and SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - - - }	150	160	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Total Number of Children attending School from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			2,953	1,848	4,801	1,399	892	2,291
Total Number of Children attending School from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			3,646	2,041	5,687	1,567	922	2,489

REMARKS ON THE SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF BANFF.

The number of Inhabitants attributed to the several parishes in this Abstract of Education Returns, differs from the total number ascribed to the Shire of Banff in the Population Abstract of 1831, because in a few instances parishes extend into adjoining shires, in which case the entire parish is ascribed to that shire in which the larger portion of its population reside; this kind of correction being unavoidable in a Return strictly parochial. The total Population of the parishes entered in this Abstract thus becomes 1,361 persons less than 48,604, and is taken at 47,243 in all the calculations on which the subsequent remarks are founded.

To this number might be added in strictness, an increase of rather more than three per cent (or 34 in 1,000), during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and ten months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years; such estimated increase somewhat lessens the *proportion* of children educated, or under education in the shire of Banff, but does not alter any of the *numbers* which are stated in the Summary, or in the following remarks.

The difficulty of personal inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has not permitted the ministers of ten parishes in Banffshire, to specify the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read, or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears on the opposite page to have been 854; which by application of the rule of proportion to the population of all the parishes, gives 1,335 for the entire shire of Banff.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age, who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read (as specified in the Returns) is 3,881; adding to which a due proportion for nine parishes (which are defective in this particular), the total number may be assumed at 6,570. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years of age at Lady Day 1834, must have been 11,053, supposing the same proportion as before, now to exist throughout the shire of Banff.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write (as specified in the Returns) is 2,617, adding to which a due proportion for eight parishes (defective in this particular), the total number of such children is 3,819.

The number of Parochial Schools is 25, in which are 29 instructors. The greatest number of scholars at these Schools between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,585; but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 1,609, and the least number of scholars (875) in like manner becomes 1,089.

The greatest number of Scholars at Parochial Schools between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,774; but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 1,801, and the least number of Scholars (1,040) in like manner becomes 1,320.

The total amount of Salaries, School-fees and other Emoluments appertaining to the Parochial Instructors, exclusive of augmentation from Dick's bequest, was £.1,304 from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834, but this sum does not include the salary and fees, &c. connected with the Parochial School at Banff (no satisfactory answers having been given to this part of the inquiry) nor the value of a mortification of 10 acres of land left to the Parochial School at Fordyce. Some of the Instructors have moreover received payments from Dick's bequest, which, when generally appropriated, is expected to afford an average of £.25 per annum to the several parochial Instructors in the shires of Aberdeen, Banff and Moray (Elgin.)

The number of Schools not parochial, is 125, in which are 131 Instructors. The greatest number of Scholars between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 3,216; adding to which a due proportion for defective returns, the estimated number becomes 3,715; and the least number of scholars (1,416), the return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 2,429.

The greatest number of scholars at Schools not parochial, between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 3,913; adding to which a due proportion for defective returns, the estimated number becomes 4,039; and the least number of scholars (1,449), the return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 2,485.

The total number of Schools (parochial and not parochial) is 150, in which are 160 instructors. The total number of scholars at all Schools in the shire of Banff between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 4,801 adding to which a due proportion for defective returns, the estimated number becomes 5,324; and the least number of scholars (2,291), the return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 3,518.

The total number of scholars at all Schools in the shire of Banff, between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 5,687; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 5,840; and the least number of scholars (2,489), the return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 3,805.

Sabbath-day Schools are occasionally mentioned in the Returns; but children receiving daily instruction, and no others, are included in the foregoing Summary and Remarks.

County of Berwick.

ABSTRACT OF EDUCATION - -

[The Parishes are placed in - - - - -

ABBEY ST. BATHAN'S } (Pop. in 1831, Parish - - - - - } 122.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	19	9	28	12	2	14

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	29	16	45	14	9	23	32	17	49	13	7	20

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

AYTON Parish, including } LAVEROCK or LE- } (Pop. 1,680.) VERET LAW - - - }			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	80	40	120	-	-	70

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	90	40	130	-	-	-

County of Berwick.

RETURNS, JULY M.DCCC.XXXIV.

Alphabetical order throughout the County.]

ST. BATHAN'S Parish is entirely landward.

The branches of education usually taught at the Parochial School consist of reading, with English grammar, writing and arithmetic; also Latin and Greek may be taught if required; it does not appear that any other branch might be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 26*l.* 8*s.* per annum, with an average of about 12*l.* school fees, and from 4*l.* to 5*l.* other emoluments annually. From the local situation of the parish, a number of youth from the outskirts of the surrounding parishes attend the School.

(not signed.)

ON Parish is landward, with a Village containing 663 souls.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, geography, mathematics, Latin, Greek and French, and no other branches could be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.* with 80*l.* school fees, and 40*l.* annually other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin and sewing are taught.

There are few or no children taught to read under five years of age, and there are few or none unable to read above 15 years of age. In reference to the questions as to how many children attended the Parochial School during the periods specified, the answers cannot be correctly given, nor can the questions be correctly answered concerning the number of children who attended the Schools *not* Parochial during the periods specified; the number given is about the average throughout the year.

(signed) Geo. Tough, Minister.

BUNKLE and PRESTON Parish } - - (Pop. 748.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	1	30	20	50	16	8	24	52	28	80	26	18
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

CHANNELKIRK Parish - (Pop. 841.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	77	39	116	42	14	5
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	1	66	34	100	58	28	86	78	49	127	66	34
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

CHIRNSIDE Parish - (Pop. 1,248.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				1	1	2	90	72	162	60	35	95
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	1	40	45	85	25	30	55	43	52	95	22	21
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
2	2	15	10	25	8	6	14	22	18	40	6	4

INKLE and PRESTON Parish is entirely landward.

The branches of education taught at the Parochial School consist of English, writing, arithmetic, geography, book-keeping and Latin; these are all occasionally taught, but the three first more generally, and scarcely any other branches are required. The present salary of the master is by a late augmentation raised to 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*, the school fees amount to about 26*l.*, and other emoluments (for fees as session clerk, collecting assessment for the poor, and the parish road money) to about 10*l.* per annum.

The number of children between five and fifteen years of age that have been taught to read, cannot be ascertained, as no register of the names of scholars is kept beyond the current year. All persons in the parish of the age of maturity are able to read, and most of them also to write.

(signed) Arch^d M^cConechy, Minister.

ANNELKIRK Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic and practical mathematics, with occasionally Latin. The salary of the master is 30*l.*, the school fees are 2*s.* per quarter for instruction in reading, 3*s.* for that in writing, 4*s.* for that in arithmetic, and 6*s.* for that in Latin; the other emoluments are 4*l.* as heritors' clerk, 1*l.* 11*s.* 6*d.* as session clerk, and about 1*l.* 5*s.* for writing certificates.

There are no children taught to read under five years of age.

(not signed.)

HIRNSIDE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, practical mathematics, Latin, Greek and French. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with an average of 30*l.* school fees, and 4*l.* 10*s.* annually other emoluments for session fees. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin and French are taught; the fees of one of these Schools do not exceed 12*l.* per annum, therefore a salary is much needed. The numbers given in answer to the questions as to how many children attended the Schools *not* Parochial during the periods specified, refer only to the children belonging to one of the Schools; as far as is known there are no persons in the parish above fifteen years of age who are not able to read.

(signed) Thomas Logan, Minister.

COCKBURNSPATH Parish (Pop. 1,143.)					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					6	4	10	122	58	180	81	31	112

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	60	31	91	29	13	42	63	26	89	23	5	28

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	30	21	51	10	9	19	36	19	55	14	10	24

COLDINGHAM Parish - (Pop. 2,668.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
10	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

COLDSTREAM Parish - (Pop. 2,897.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			14	8	22	254	229	483	187	166	353

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	3	89	44	133	-	-	-	106	37	143	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
7	7	143	135	278	-	-	-	152	146	298	-	-	-

CKBURNSPATH Parish is entirely landward.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial School consist of English reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, Latin, Greek, French, book-keeping and mathematics; of these the three first are constantly taught, and the others occasionally; with respect to any additional branches that might be taught, one man, however great his exertions, can hardly do justice to those already introduced. The salary of the master is 30*l.*, with 45*l.* school fees, of which from five to ten per cent. may be deducted for bad payments, and 4*l.* annually other emoluments as session clerk. Of the Schools *not* Parochial (wherein the instruction is nearly the same as at the Parochial School), one is a subscription School situate in the village of Cockburnstaple, the other an endowed School at Old Cambus; as to the number of children who attend the subscription School, a correct answer cannot be made, the School having been vacant for a number of months until May last; at present there are 30 children attending it.

(not signed.)

LDINGHAM Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of reading, writing and arithmetic, with Greek, Latin and French if required. The salary of each of the masters is 25*l.*; the school fees amount to 20*l.* each, and one has about 60*l.* or 70*l.* annually other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught. The minister has no means of returning correct answers to the questions as to the number of children under fifteen years of age taught to read and write, and also those attending the above Schools, as the several teachers have hitherto paid no attention to the subject.

An additional School was much needed on Coldingham Moor; a subscription for erecting the building was entered into, but it is regretted that it is now at a stand-still for the want of 5*l.*, the cost of a roof, and it is not known when it will be completed, as no more funds, either by collections or subscriptions, can be raised in the parish.

(signed) | *James Robertson*, Minister.

LDSTREAM Parish.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geography, mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and general knowledge. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*, with 75*l.* school fees (of which 35*l.* are paid to the two assistants), and 30*l.* 10*s.* annually other emoluments, as heritors' and session clerk, which is not necessarily connected with the office of schoolmaster. At five of the Schools *not* Parochial, principally English, writing and arithmetic are taught; and at the other two, which are Boarding Schools, the same branches of education as taught at the Parochial School.

It has been found impossible to ascertain with accuracy the smallest number attending the above Schools during the periods specified. It appears that there are 441 children attending the different Schools within the parish, while there are 505 now learning; the difference between these two numbers (64) consists of children residing in the most remote parts of the parish, and who attend more convenient Schools situated in the adjoining parishes.

It is believed that there are none in the parish above fifteen years of age unable to read, except four idiots and two deaf and dumb persons.

(signed) | *Thomas Smith Goldie*, Minister.

CRANSHAW'S Parish (Pop. 136.)		Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
		Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
		—	—	—	17	13	30	7	4	11

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	—	—	—	9	7	16	28	12	40	—	—	—

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

DUNSE Parish - - - (Pop. 3,469.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				11	13	24	291	213	504	192	108	300			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	3	90	45	135	-	-	-	85	52	137	-	-	-		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
11	12	240	171	411	-	-	-	531	176	707	-	-	-		

EARLSTOWN Parish - (Pop. 1,710.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				18	19	37	116	123	239	88	81	169			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	66	58	124	56	48	104	103	73	176	80	54	134		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	83	85	168	57	59	116		

RANSHAWS Parish is entirely landward.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial School consist of English reading, writing, arithmetic, mathematics and Latin, &c., all of which are usually taught, and no other branches are required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 10*l.* school fees, and 2*l.* other emoluments annually as session clerk. Every person in the parish above the age of fifteen is able to read and write. This parish being entirely landward, a few children from the adjacent parishes attend the School.

(not signed.)

UNSE Parish is partly Town and partly landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, geography, arithmetic, geometry, Latin, Greek and French; these are all the branches that seem to be required here. The salary of the master (who employs an assistant) is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*, with 70*l.* school fees, and 20*l.* annually other emoluments, including fees as session clerk, and a house; also a cottage and large garden is provided for a teacher in a country School. Of the Schools *not* Parochial, one is for males, three (one of which is a Boarding School) are for females, and the other seven are for children of both sexes; at three of these Schools the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School; at four others, English, writing and arithmetic; at two others, English, with grammar, geography, and all kinds of needlework; the other two are for very young children.

(not signed.)

EARLSTOWN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, Algebra, Latin, Greek, French, geography, and other branches when required. The salary of the master is 28*l.*, with 32*l.* sterling school fees; other emoluments are the interest of 550*l.*, bequeathed for the benefit of the School of Earlstown. At three of the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught; and at the other, which is a Boarding School, needlework in addition. No answer could be given as to the number of children attending these Schools between Lady-day and Michaelmas 1833, in consequence of two of them being vacant during that period.

The number of children under five years of age and of those between five and fifteen stated as taught to read and to write, comprehend those who are now actually learning.

(not signed.)

ECCLES Parish - - - (Pop. 1,885.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			2	2	4	62	26	88	44	18	62

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
Schools.	Instructors.	1	1	43	25	68	30	15	45	48	23	71	15	5	20

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
Schools.	Instructors.	2	2	66	48	114	-	-	-	86	64	150	-	-	-

EDROM Parish - - - *(Pop. 1,435.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
1	1	23	15	38	-	-	-	33	23	56	-	-	-	
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

EYEMOUTH Parish - (Pop.1,181.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			10	10	20	130	110	240	75	60	135

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	57	29	86	36	18	54	60	30	90	44	21	65

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	56	53	109	38	35	73	60	51	111	40	41	81

LES Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, geography, practical mathematics, Latin and Greek; no other branches are required. The salary of the master is 34*l.*, with 18*l.* school fees, and no other emoluments in right of office, except for registration of electors, which in 1834 was 2*s.* 6*d.* Of the Schools *not* Parochial, one is situate at Leitholm, the other at Bergham, and the instruction consists of reading, writing and arithmetic; at the latter School practical mathematics are also taught.

The terms by which the number of children are calculated are Whitsuntide and Martinmas, being the only terms that affect the population here; for as most of the children are those of labourers, it is at one of these terms that their removal from one parish to another takes place. The private schoolmasters, though necessary in a parish of eight miles by six, can scarcely subsist on their small fees, which are often not well paid, and are therefore much in need of a small salary.

The parish School is distant from Leitholm two miles, and from Bergham two miles and a half, villages containing about 300 souls each.

(not signed.)

OM Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, Latin, Greek and French, &c.; no other branches are required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with about 15*l.* school fees annually. Each of the Schools *not* Parochial is attended on an average by from 60 to 70 children of both sexes; the branches taught at two of these Schools consist of the same as those taught at the Parochial School; the third is kept by a female for sewing, &c. The whole number of children taught to read is 196; they usually come to School at six or seven years of age, begin to write between eight and nine, and are taught arithmetic when between nine and ten years of age; the greater part leave School before twelve years of age; there are no persons in the parish above the age of fifteen who cannot read. Owing to the increasing poverty of the working classes, more than a third, sometimes nearly one-half, of the school fees are not paid; the amount of arrears is yearly increasing, and in many instances the parents are unable to provide books for their children; it would therefore be desirable that some fund should be provided for that purpose. Owing to the inconvenient situation of the parish School, the number of scholars is more limited than it otherwise would be.

(not signed.)

MOUTH Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh of Barony.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, navigation, Latin, and any other branches that may be required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 23*l.* 12*s.* 11½*d.* school fees annually; other emoluments are 1*s.* 6*d.* for issuing schedules under the Reform Act, and about 15*l.* annually derived from the offices of clerk to the Kirk Session, and to the Friendly Society, and for collecting the poor's rates; but these offices are not necessarily connected with his situation as schoolmaster. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught, and at the other three sewing in addition is taught by females.

(signed) John Turnbull, Minister.

[illegible][illegible]

GORDON Parish - - - (Pop. 882.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				2	2	4	20	16	36	7	4	11

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	38	19	57	23	17	40	40	32	72	7	3	10

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

GO Parish is entirely landward.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial School are English, writing, Latin and arithmetic, to which are added mensuration and book-keeping; geography might also be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 3½*d.* per annum, with 8*l.* 10*s.* school fees, and 12*l.* 15*s.* annually other emoluments, which are held at the pleasure of the heritors, and ought not to be taken into the account. The number of scholars is always nearly the same, and there are none above the age of fifteen who cannot read.

(not signed.)

OLDEN Parish is entirely landward.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial School are English, arithmetic, mathematics, Latin, Greek and French; those usually taught are English, arithmetic, writing and mathematics. The salary of the master is 34*l.* per annum, with 10*l.* school fees, and the like sum annually other emoluments.

All persons in the parish between five and fifteen years of age are taught to read and write.

(not signed.)

RDON Parish is entirely landward.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial School are English, English grammar, writing, arithmetic and Latin, all of which are taught, with the addition of French, geography and practical mathematics. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, or maximum, with 21*l.* school fees, and 9*l.* annually other emoluments, which are not necessarily connected with the office of schoolmaster, and may be withdrawn at pleasure.

(not signed.)

ENLAW Parish is landward, with County Town.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Greek, Latin, English, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, geography and French. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 5*d.*, with 55*l.* school fees, and 16*l.* annually other emoluments, as heritor's and session clerk. At the School *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

It is considered to be no more than justice to the parochial schoolmaster of this parish to state, that he is most attentive to the duties of his office, and that judging of the value of the labours of the parochial schoolmasters in Scotland, from a knowledge of the assiduity and success of those who officiate in that capacity within the bounds of this presbytery (Dunse), their services cannot be appreciated but as most valuable to the community at large.

(signed) A. Home, Minister.

IE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, practical mathematics, Latin and geography; no other branches appear to be required. The salary of the master is 25*l.*, with 24*l.* school fees, and 2*l.* 10*s.* annually other emoluments. The minister has no means of giving the number of children in the Parochial School, the master who taught during the periods referred to being dead. There are no persons in the parish who have not been taught to read.

The parish of Hume is united to Stichel (Roxburghshire) *quoad sacra*, but as it is in other respects a distinct parish, a Return is hereby made for it separately.

(signed) P. Buchanan, Minister.

TON Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English reading, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics, French, Latin and Greek. The respective salaries of the masters are 27*l.* and 42*l.* per annum; the school fees amount to 20*l.* and 3*l.*, and other emoluments to 3*l.* and 8*l.* respectively.

All in the parish between five and fifteen years of age are able both to read and write; and the minister is not aware that there are any persons above the age of fifteen who are unable to read.

(signed) Jacob Wright, Minister.

LADYKIRK Parish - - (Pop. 485.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	1	1	32	15	47	18	9	27

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	42	16	58	30	12	42	40	15	55	38	14	52

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

LANGTON Parish - - (Pop. 443.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	43	13	56	28	8	36

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	44	25	69	26	11	37

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

LAUDER Burgh and Parish (Pop. 2,063.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			5	—	5	137	148	285	72	71	143

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	72	37	109	—	—	—	76	44	120	—	—	—		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	43	78	121	—	—	—	43	80	123	—	—	—		

YKIRK Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, Latin, Greek and French. The salary of the master is 25 *l.* 13 *s.* 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ *d.*, with about 13 *l.* annually school fees; there are no other emoluments necessarily connected with the School.

(not signed.)

GTON Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, French and mathematics, to which might be conveniently added, stenography, drawing and vocal music. The salary of the master is 25 *l.* 13 *s.* 2 *d.* per annum, with about 24 *l.* school fees, (deducting something for bad payments); there are no other emoluments from the situation of school-master.

(signed) *John Brown, D. D., Minister.*

DER Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, practical mathematics, Latin, French, Greek and geography, and probably no other branches could be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 30 *l.* per annum, with 70 *l.* school fees, and 7 *l.* 15 *s.* other emoluments annually. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial the instruction consists of the same as that given at the Parochial School, and at the other two (which are for females only), reading, writing, arithmetic and sewing are taught. In this parish the children are rarely sent to school till they are five years old, but under that age are occasionally taught to read by their parents at home. About 50 of the children most distant from Lauder attend one or other of the three Schools in the neighbouring parishes, as all the four Schools in the parish are in the town of Lauder. In all the Schools the Bible is read, the Shorter Catechism of the Church is taught, and psalms or hymns are repeated. There are also two Sunday evening Schools, in which the principles of religion are taught to a considerable number of the young. An additional Parochial School, with an endowment, would be desirable. There is probably no person in the parish above fifteen years of age who cannot read.

(signed) *Peter Cosens, Minister.*

ERWOOD Parish is entirely landward, and the population is almost exclusively agricultural.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, practical mathematics, Latin, the elements of the Greek language, and the important elementary instruction pervading all its departments essential to a religious institution; it is desirable that geography should be added, and that some knowledge of natural history should be communicated, and there is some prospect of being able to obtain the requisite maps and illustrations. The salary of the master is 28*l.* per annum, with a house and garden; his school fees amount to 20*l.*, and his other emoluments are, as session clerk, 1*l.* 10*s.*, of fixed salary and fees from certificates, baptisms, marriages, which may amount to 2*l.*; as precentor he has 2*l.* of salary, and fees on proclamations, and he is clerk to the heritors. The number of children returned under five years of age as learning to read, are those who are actually being taught at School; by careful parents they are very commonly begun to be taught before that age. As the population is scattered, and the distance from School in some instances considerable, five, or betwixt five and six years of age (according as it is winter or summer), is the period at which children here generally commence their school attendance. Children in this parish, both male and female, are commonly taught to write, though males may have the advantage of instruction for a longer period; but many children under nine years of age are now learning to read, and can read tolerably well, who have not yet begun to be taught to write. The minister understands that neither Latin nor Greek has been taught during the incumbency of the present master.

There is a private School in the adjoining parish of Westruther, where 13 children from this parish attend, and another in the parish of Melrose, attended by about the same number, the parts of the parish where these children reside being at too great a distance from the Parochial School.

(signed) *John H. Walker*, Minister.

NGFORMACUS Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English (reading, spelling and grammar), Latin, arithmetic, mensuration and geography, and writing may be taught if required; there does not appear to be a demand for any other branch of education. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 5*s.* 4*d.*, with 10*l.* school fees annually; there are no other emoluments connected with the School, independent of dwelling-house and a small piece of ground. The minister is not aware of any person in the parish above the age of fifteen who is unable to read; the means of education with regard to reading are accessible to all, the School fee being only 2*s.* per quarter, and where any difficulty is felt in raising this sum, the heritors and schoolmaster give relief. It may be said that all the children are taught to read, that is, as soon as they are able they are sent to School; in many instances children below the age of five receive some elementary instruction from their parents before they are regularly taught to read. The schoolmaster, as is frequently the case in Scotland, is session clerk, and also heritors' clerk; as session clerk he has 20*s.* per annum; also 8*d.* for each baptism, and 2*s.* 6*d.* for each proclamation of marriage in the parish church; as heritors' clerk he receives a per centage on sums assessed for poor or parish expenses, and by him collected. It is difficult to say what may have been the smaller number of children in the space of each half-year, no register of this having been kept; but the half-year from Lady-day to Michaelmas shows the smallest average number of the whole year, and the half-year from Michaelmas to Lady-day the greatest number. There is a Sabbath School taught by the minister of the parish, which is attended by about 17 males and 19 females.

(signed) *Henry Riddell*, Minister.

RTOUN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English and English grammar, writing, arithmetic, practical mathematics, Latin and Greek, and perhaps French might also be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, and his school fees are as follows: 2*s.* per quarter for teaching English and English grammar; conjoined with writing, 2*s.* 6*d.*; with arithmetic, 3*s.*; and with Latin and Greek, 3*s.* 6*d.* per quarter; his other emoluments are 2*l.* 2*s.* as town clerk and 2*l.* 2*s.* as heritors' clerk. The questions as to the number of children who attended the Parochial School during the periods specified, are not answered; but the average number is from 30 to 40. Every individual in the parish, both male and female, can read and write.

(not signed.)

[illegible][illegible]

OLDHAMSTOCKS Parish. *See* HADDINGTONSHIRE.

[illegible]

ORDINGTON Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, English grammar and arithmetic, and Latin may be taught if required; other branches might also be conveniently taught, provided they were wanted. The salary of the master is maximum; his school fees are as follows: for teaching English 2*s.* 6*d.*, writing, 3*s.*; arithmetic, 4*s.*, and Latin 7*s.* 6*d.* per quarter; his other emoluments are 1*l.* 1*s.* per annum as session clerk.

At present there are no children in the parish who are taught to read under five years of age.

The numbers given in the Parochial School refer to the average attendance.

(not signed.)

ENTHORN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing and arithmetic, also practical mathematics may be taught when required. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* per annum, with 7*l.* 10*s.* school fees; there are no other emoluments necessarily connected with the office, except a dwelling-house and garden worth 5*l.* per annum. It is supposed that about 7 males and 8 females between the ages of five and fifteen attend Schools in other parishes which are locally more convenient to them than their own parish school. All persons in the parish, except the youngest class of children, can read and write, and most of them know a little of arithmetic; many children under five years of age are taught the alphabet by their parents at home.

(not signed.)

OLWARTH Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, practical mathematics, Latin and Greek; also geography if required. The salary of the master is 28*l.*; the school fees amount on an average of seven years to 17*l.* 10*s.*; the smallest amount is 14*l.*, and the greatest 20*l.* per annum; the other emoluments amount to 3*l.* per annum, but as the office of heritors' clerk, &c. from which these emoluments arise (though generally attached to that of schoolmaster), is held only during the pleasure of the heritors, they ought not to be taken into account. Of the 75 children who attended between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady-day 1834, 22 belong to the adjoining parishes of Fogo, Langton, &c.; the number of children who attended School the week immediately after vacation is 12.

(not signed.)

STITCHELL Parish. See Roxburghshire.

SWINTON Parish - - - (Pop. 971.)		Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
		Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
		2	8	10	130	106	236	70	56	126

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	37	23	60	30	19	49	43	39	82	25	18	43		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	30	20	50	20	16	36	27	18	45	16	14	30		

WESTRUTHER Parish - (Pop. 830.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				1	2	3	10	18	28	4	3	7

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	30	33	63	20	30	50	37	38	75	15	17	32

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

WHITSOME Parish - - (Pop. 664.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			—	—	—	83	83	166	83	83	166

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	34	24	58	34	24	58	34	24	58	34	24	58

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	27	20	47	27	20	47	27	20	47	27	20	47

VINTON Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Greek, Latin, English, arithmetic, and occasionally mathematics and French. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 14*l.* 10*s.* school fees, and 10*l.* annually other emoluments, but not connected with the office of schoolmaster. At the School *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught; of the numbers attending the Parochial School, the master teaches 15 of the poorest children gratuitously.

It may be observed that education in this parish has for the last 10 years been gradually on the decline, and that at least two-fifths of the pupils are, in consequence of irregular attendance, extremely defective. A great desideratum seems to be the total absence of any provision for the purpose of educating the children of the poorer classes; and a second is the similar want of provision for supplying the School with a uniform set of class books, with maps, &c.; the former precludes the possibility of education becoming general, and the latter, by the vast subdivision of labour to which the teacher is thereby compelled to resort, effectually precludes the education received from acquiring that wholesome and efficient character which it would otherwise obtain.

There are not more than two persons in the parish above fifteen years of age who cannot read, and one of them did not in his earlier days belong to the parish.

(not signed.)

ESTRUTHER Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin, French and practical mathematics. The minimum salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 3*d.* per annum, with 10*l.* School fees (of which from one-half to two-thirds cannot be recovered), and 10*l.* annually other emoluments as heritor and session clerk, and treasurer of savings banks. The number of children varies from 60 to 80 in winter, and from 40 to 60 in summer, averaging 60 throughout the year, males and females about equal. At the Schools *not* Parochial, which are supported solely by private subscription, the branches taught, as well as the number of scholars in each of these Schools, may be stated as almost the same as at the Parochial School. A more accurate return of these Schools cannot at present be obtained, as one of them is at present without a master, and the other has resumed so recently after the autumn recess, that its numbers are far from being completed.

(not signed.)

HITSOME Parish is entirely landward; the Population in 1833 was 636, and this year (1834) it is only 620, owing chiefly to emigration.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English, Latin, Greek, writing, arithmetic, mathematics and geography, but Latin and Greek are more rarely taught now than formerly, and the principles of useful and general knowledge might also be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 26*l.* school fees, and 6*l.* annually other emoluments, arising from the office of heritors' and session clerk, which is not an essential emolument of the master. At the School *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught. Among the children the sexes are nearly equal, the males continue a longer time at School, the education of females being much interrupted, and consequently defective. The following is cited from the new statistical account of Scotland (Whitsome), in course of publication. "The more rapid and extensive diffusion of useful knowledge might be facilitated, were it not that the humbler families find it extremely difficult to procure the necessary books; and the most estimable boon which an enlightened beneficence could confer, would arise from an addition to the parochial endowments, with a special reference to the wants noticed, and with a security that those wants should be supplied." To which may be added, that a series of school-books adapted to the intelligence and wants of the age is a desideratum, and that provision should be made for the express purpose of remunerating the schoolmaster for the education of poor children. The substance of the above might be transferred with great advantage to the Schoolmasters' Act.

(signed) *Alexander Rennison*, Assistant Minister.

SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF BERWICK.

1. NUMBER of INHABITANTS in the SHIRE of BERWICK in the Year 1831 - - - - - 34,043.

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL
2. NUMBER of Children under five years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	101	102	203
Number of Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	2,051	1,608	3,659
Number of such Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write - - - - - }	1,299	905	2,204

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
3. PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS - - - - -	34	40	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			1,206	745	1,951	602	416	1,018
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			1,462	893	2,355	637	376	1,013

	£.	s.	d.
TOTAL AMOUNT of Salaries received by Parochial Schoolmasters - - - - -	1,049	16	$\frac{3}{4}$
— of School Fees received by - - ditto - - - - -	831	2	11 $\frac{1}{2}$
— of other Emoluments received by ditto - - - - -	343	15	6
	£.	2,224	14 6 $\frac{1}{4}$

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
4. SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - - -	59	60	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			753	657	1,415	114	93	207
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			1,164	710	1,874	111	94	205

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
5. TOTAL NUMBER of PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, and SCHOOLS not PAROCHIAL - - - - - }	93	100	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Total Number of Children attending School from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			1,964	1,402	3,366	716	509	1,225
Total Number of Children attending School from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			2,626	1,603	4,229	743	470	1,213

REMARKS ON THE SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF BERWICK.

The number of Inhabitants attributed to the several parishes in this Abstract of Education Returns, differs from the total number ascribed to the Shire of Berwick in the Population Abstract of 1831, because in one instance a parish extends into an adjoining shire, in which case the entire parish is ascribed to that shire in which the larger portion of its population reside; this kind of correction being unavoidable in a Return strictly parochial. The total Population of the parishes entered in this Abstract thus becomes 96 persons less than 34,048, and is taken at 33,952 in all the calculations on which the subsequent remarks are founded.

To this number might be added in strictness, an increase of rather more than one-half per cent (or $5\frac{1}{2}$ in 1,000), during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and ten months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years; such estimated increase somewhat lessens the proportion of children educated, or under education, in the shire of Berwick, but does not alter any of the numbers which are stated in the Summary, or in the following remarks.

The difficulty of personal inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has not permitted the ministers of fifteen parishes in Berwickshire, to specify the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read, or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears on the opposite page to have been 203; which by application of the rule of proportion to the population of all the parishes, gives 315 for the entire shire of Berwick.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read (as specified in the Returns) is 3,659; adding to which a due proportion for six parishes (which are defective in this particular), the total number may be assumed at 4,616. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years of age at Lady Day 1834 must have been 8,246, supposing the same proportion as before now to exist throughout the shire of Berwick.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write (as specified in the Returns) is 2,204; adding to which a due proportion for six parishes (defective in this particular), the total number of such children is 2,780.

The number of Parochial Schools is 34, in which are 40 instructors. The greatest number of scholars at these Schools between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,951, but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 2,371; and the least number of scholars (1,018), the return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 1,977.

The greatest number of Scholars at Parochial Schools between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 2,355; but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 2,805; and the least number of Scholars (1,013), the return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 1,934.

The total amount of Salaries, School-fees and other Emoluments appertaining to the Parochial Instructors was £2,224, from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834, exclusive of the School-fees appertaining to the Parochial Schools at Channelkirk, Mertoun and Mordington, and of the Emoluments belonging to the School at Longformacus, the total amount whereof is not given in the Returns.

The number of Schools not Parochial is 59, in which are 60 Instructors. The greatest number of Scholars between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,415, adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 1,757; and the least number of scholars (207), the return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 459.

The greatest number of scholars at Schools not Parochial, between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,874; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 2,193; and the least number of Scholars (205), the return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 454.

The total number of Schools (Parochial and not Parochial) is 93, in which are 100 instructors. The total number of Scholars at all Schools in the shire of Berwick, between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 3,366; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 4,128; and the least number of Scholars (1,225), the return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 2,436.

The total number of Scholars at all Schools in the shire of Berwick, between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 4,229; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 4,998; and the least number of Scholars (1,218), the return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 2,388.

bbath-day Schools are, in two instances, mentioned in the Returns; but children receiving daily instruction, and no others, are included in the foregoing Summary and Remarks.

County of Bute.

ABSTRACT OF EDUCATION - -

[The Parishes are placed in - - - - -]

CUMBRAE Parish, with LITTLE CUMBRAE ISLAND - - - - }				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				—	—	—	82	66	148	—	—	56

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	1	27	21	48	—	—	—	33	25	58	—	—	—	

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	1	42	31	73	—	—	—	42	31	73	—	—	—	

KILBRIDE Parish - - (Pop. 2,656.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			13	32	45	166	143	309	104	77	181

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	91	45	136	-	-	-	173	35	208	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	4	92	85	177	-	-	-	136	77	213	-	-	-

County of Bute.

- - RETURNS, JULY M.DCCC.XXXIV.

- - - - - *Alphabetical order throughout the County.*

MBRAE Parish is entirely landward.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial School are English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and Latin, all of which are usually taught, with the addition of navigation and mensuration, and no others are called for. The salary of the master is 30*l.*, with 15*l.* school fees, and 5*l.* other emoluments annually. At the School *not* Parochial the instruction consists of English, writing and book-keeping.

(not signed.)

LBRIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools (one whereof is situate at Lamlash, one at Bradick, one at Corrie, and one at Lochranza, which is common to this Parish and Kilmorie) consists of English, Gaelic, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, English grammar and scriptural knowledge; also Latin and Greek might be taught at the Schools at Bradick and Lamlash, had the teachers the necessary qualifications. The salary of each master is as follows; that of the master at Lamlash, 21*l.* 6*s.* 6 $\frac{3}{4}$ *d.*; that of the one at Bradick, 16*l.*; that of the one at Corrie, 4*l.*, and that of the one at Lochranza, 6*l.* per annum; the school fees are 8*l.*, 14*l.*, 10*l.* and 4*l.* 10*s.* respectively per annum; and other emoluments are 2*l.* annually for each of the masters, except the one at Bradick, who has none. At the Schools *not* Parochial the same branches are taught as at the Parochial Schools; one of these Schools is situate at Whitingbay, and has a head teacher and an assistant during winter and spring.

There are few parents who do not give, more or less, education to their children; but it is unavoidably imperfect, from the general poverty of the people, and the slender attainments of some of the teachers.

No returns have been received of the smallest number of children who attended the different Schools during the periods referred to; it is believed that during the first-mentioned period the numbers are reduced at least one-half, but during the other period there is very little alteration in the numbers attending.

(signed) Allan M'Naughton, Minister.

KILMORY Parish - - (Pop. 3,771.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	439	242	681	146	81	227
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3		120	88	208	80	46	126	119	56	175
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
8	8		-	-	-	285	172	457	320	186	506

KINGARTH Parish - - (Pop. 746.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	2	2	99	65	164	58	41	99
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		11	13	24	4	7	11	16	14	30
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3		53	34	87	30	13	43	83	51	134

ROTHESAY - {Burgh (Pop. 4,817.) Parish - (1,267.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			18	14	32	529	369	898	294	184	478
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		7	4	11	8	2	10	8	3	11
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
15	18		565	377	942	467	311	778	560	386	946

LMORY Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English, Gaelic, Latin, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and mathematics; no other branches could be conveniently taught. The salaries of the masters are together 43*l.* 10*s.*, with 30*l.* annually school fees, and no other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, Gaelic, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and geography are taught.

There are a few individuals in this parish above the age of fifteen who cannot read, but the number is very small.

(signed) *Angus Macmillan*, Minister.

NGARTH Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, Latin, geography, book-keeping and navigation; apparently no others could be conveniently taught there. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum, with 24*l.* school fees, and no other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, book-keeping and navigation are taught.

(not signed.)

OTHESAY Parish contains the whole Burgh of Rothesay, and a landward territory of about eight miles in length.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial School are English reading and grammar, Latin, arithmetic, book-keeping and writing, all of which are usually taught, and sometimes Greek and French; some branches of practical mathematics might be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is about 35*l.* sterling, the school fees amount to between 10*l.* and 15*l.*, and other emoluments to between 9*l.* and 11*l.* per annum. At the Schools *not* Parochial, twelve of which are in the Burgh, and three in the landward district, English reading and grammar, composition, Gaelic, Latin, Greek, French, elocution, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, navigation, lunars, geography, history, drawing, needle-work and music are taught.

From the short time given to make up this report, the minister has not been able accurately to ascertain the number of persons in the parish below fifteen years of age who have been taught to read and write, but the former may be stated at 950, and the latter at 500, and it is believed this is very near the truth, including those who are at present learning.

(signed) *Alexander Macbride*, Minister.

SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF BUTE.

1. NUMBER of INHABITANTS in the SHIRE of BUTE in the Year 1831 - - - - - 14,151.

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL
2. NUMBER of Children under five years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	32	50	82
Number of Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	1,315	885	2,200
Number of such Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write - - - - - }	636	405	1,041

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
3. PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS - - - - -	10	10	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			256	171	427	92	55	147
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			349	183	482	137	69	206

	£.	s.	d.
TOTAL AMOUNT of Salaries received by Parochial Schoolmasters - - -	181	9	10 ³ / ₄
- - of School Fees received by - - ditto - - -	118	-	-
- - of other Emoluments received by ditto - - -	21	-	-
£.	320	9	10 ³ / ₄

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
4. SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - - -	30	34	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			752	527	1,279	782	496	1,278
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			1,141	731	1,872	529	357	886

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
5. TOTAL NUMBER of PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, and SCHOOLS not PAROCHIAL - - - - - }	40	44	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Total Number of Children attending School from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			1,008	698	1,706	874	551	1,425
Total Number of Children attending School from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			1,490	864	2,354	666	426	1,092

REMARKS ON THE SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF BUTE.

The number of Inhabitants in the Shire of Bute, in the year 1831, was 14,151. To this number might be added in strictness an increase of nearly one per cent. (or $8\frac{1}{2}$ in 1,000) during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and ten months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years: such estimated increase somewhat lessens the proportion of children educated, or under education in the Shire of Bute, but does not alter any of the numbers which are stated in the Summary, or in the following remarks.

The difficulty of personal inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has not permitted the minister of Kilmory parish to specify the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read, or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears on the opposite page to have been 82; which by application of the rule of proportion to the population of all the parishes, gives 112 for the entire Shire of Bute.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age, who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read (as specified in the Returns) is 2,200. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years of age at Lady Day 1834, must have been 3,636, supposing the same proportion as before now to exist throughout the Shire of Bute.

The number of Parochial Schools is 10, in which are 10 instructors. The greatest number of scholars at these schools between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 427, and the least number to have been 147, the latter whereof, by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective returns, becomes 196.

The greatest number of Scholars at Parochial Schools between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 482, and the least number to have been 206, the latter whereof, by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, becomes 275.

The total amount of salaries, school fees and other emoluments appertaining to the Parochial Instructors, was £. 320 from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834.

The number of Schools not Parochial is 30, in which are 34 instructors. The greatest number of scholars between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,279, and the least number to have been 1,278, adding to which a due proportion for Returns (one whereof is defective in the greatest number, and two in the least number), the former becomes 1,744, and the latter in like manner becomes 1,706.

The greatest number of scholars at Schools not Parochial, between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,872, and the least number to have been 886, adding to the latter a due proportion for defective Returns, it becomes 1,835.

The total number of Schools (Parochial and not Parochial) is 40, in which are 44 instructors. The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Bute between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,706, and the least number to have been 1,425, adding to which a due proportion for Returns (one whereof is defective in the greatest, and four in the least number) the former becomes 2,171, and the latter in like manner becomes 1,902.

The total number of scholars at all Schools in the shire of Bute between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 2,354, and the least number to have been 1,092, adding to the latter a due proportion for defective Returns, it becomes 2,110.

County of Caithness.

ABSTRACT OF EDUCATION - -

[The Parishes are placed in Alphabetical order throughout the County, but the Paroch

BOWER Parish - (Pop. in 1831, 1,615.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	31	25	56	—	—	—	47	34	81	—	—	30

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	—	—	80	—	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	—

CANISBAY Parish - - (Pop. 2,364.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				22	18	40	253	208	461	103	51	154

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	30	8	38	19	5	24	42	12	54	23	7	30		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
6	6	64	65	129	42	43	85	137	69	206	90	53	143		

127

County of Caithness.

- - - RETURNS, JULY M.DCCC.XXXIV.

districts recently established are entered under the Name of their Ancient Parishes.]

ER Parish is landward, but there is an appearance of some ancient Villages by Cross Roads.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of the Bible and Catechism, English, books of elocution, the elements of mathematics, Greek and Latin, (sometimes geography), writing, arithmetic and book-keeping; the institution of Bursaries and Prizes of Books would also encourage the scholars to other branches. The salary of the master is the average price of 32 bolls of meal, and 2 bolls additional in lieu of $1\frac{1}{4}$ acre of garden ground, making in all 35*l.* 16*s.* 2*d.*, with about 14*l.* school fees, which are ill paid, and many of the poor are taught gratis; other emoluments, as session clerk, and for proclaiming and registering marriages and baptisms, after deducting 30*s.* to pay a precentor, amount to 3*l.* 4*s.* per annum. At the Schools *not* Parochial (one of which is a General Assembly's School), English reading, writing, arithmetic, the Bible and Catechism are taught.

Several years ago, Mr. Alexander Miller, merchant of Thurso, mortified 100*l.* at five per cent. interest, for private teaching of children in each extremity of the parish of Bower; and while he lived, he paid at that rate, with reduction for half-yearly advance. Afterwards he placed the money in the hands of the deceased Donald Williamson, of Bannerkirk, and his eldest son, Lieut.-Colonel Benjamin Williamson, who were to pay five per cent. for all time coming out of the 100*l.*; but their estates have since been sold, and neither the trustees on the sale, nor the heirs of the deceased, have hitherto settled the claim, so that both principal and interest remain in abeyance, but may be recovered, and the arrears due, on competent inquiry. The late Rev. Dr. James Oswald, of Glasgow, mortified the like sum for each of the parishes in the county, and double for one of them, in which he had been the officiating clergyman. A private bond was granted for the sum to be paid at five per cent. to the poor, but some deduction of interest has been allowed on account of the decrease in the value of money, and continues on sound security, Dr. Oswald's sons having ratified his bequest.

Annually, for the last forty-six years, the minister of Bower has travelled through the districts of the parish, and made a list each year of the population, old and young; many under five years of age could answer and understand the catechism or questions from the Bible. By a letter from the sheriff-substitute, it seems twelve years is accounted the age for catechising. By the Roman Law, and that of Scotland, females are considered marriageable at twelve, and males at fourteen years of age; so they need religious instruction earlier. Larger church accommodation for parents might increase their zeal for instructing their children at home, improve the contributions for the poor, and lower parish assessments.

(signed) *W. Smith*, Minister.

ISBAY Parish is entirely landward; since the year 1831 a part thereof has been annexed to the Parliamentary Church of Keiss; after deducting the population of the district thus detached, the population of the parish as it now stands, and to which the annexed return refers, was, in 1831, 2,184.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, English grammar, arithmetic, reading and writing; no other branches are required in the parish. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*, with 5*l.* School fees, and 6*l.* 6*s.* annually other emoluments. At the six Schools *not* Parochial (two whereof are kept for a few months only in the winter half year), English grammar, arithmetic, reading and writing are taught. There are several aged individuals (16 males and 14 females) in the parish, who cannot read.

(signed) *Peter Jolly*, Minister.

DUNNET Parish - - (Pop. 1,906.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	14	14	28	87	61	148	53	26	79

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	18	16	34	12	11	23	48	18	66	30	17	47

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

HALKIRK Parish - - (Pop. 2,847.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	13	7	20	-	-	-	14	10	24	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
8	8	174	153	327	-	-	-	167	142	309	-	-	-

1. LATHERON Parish - (Pop. 5,279.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	-	-	-	653	405	1,058	440	194	634

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	79	41	120	57	26	83	90	32	122	42	14	56

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
13	13	513	273	786	-	-	-	513	273	786	-	-	-

NETT Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, book-keeping and navigation. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum (exclusive of house and garden), with 10*l.* school fees, and 3*l.* other emoluments annually. Of the four Schools *not* Parochial, one is held only during the winter; the other three are conducted by a male and two female teachers; reading, writing and arithmetic are taught by the former, and reading and sewing by the latter. It is impossible to ascertain correctly the number of children under five years of age who have been taught to read, because the parish being extensive, and the houses detached, a great proportion of the children under that age are taught at home by their parents, or other members of the family; many of the females receive no farther education than they get in that way; the numbers now learning reading and writing are those stated in the respective columns; it is scarcely possible to discover how many have been formerly taught to read and write. There are very few aged natives in this parish who cannot read, but between the years 1820 and 1825, there came upwards of 40 families of Highlanders to settle here; of these many of the male heads of families understood the English language, and could read, but all the adult females understood only the Gaelic, and few of them could read that language; their children however have learned to speak and read English, and the Gaelic will probably disappear here with the present generation.

(signed) Thomas Jolly, Minister.

KIRK Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, English reading and grammar, writing and arithmetic; mathematics, geography and Greek might conveniently be added. The salary of the master is 36*l.* 14*s.* 4½*d.*, with 5*l.* school fees, and 10*l.* other emoluments annually. At the eight Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught, and in some of them English grammar. As agriculture is the chief employment of the population, very few children attend School during the summer or harvest.

There have been 333 children taught to read and write in this parish during the past year, but as no catalogues specifying ages are kept in the Schools, it is found impossible to ascertain how many of these were under five years of age, or how many between five and fifteen. The number, 327, given in answer to the question as to how many children attended the Schools *not* Parochial between Lady-day and Michaelmas 1833, refer to those who were taught during the year 1833, and the 309 given as attending during the second period specified, are those who were in attendance during the year 1834, exclusive of the children who attended the Parochial School.

(signed) John Munro, Minister.

HERON Parish is entirely landward.

The number of children at School under five years of age is so inconsiderable as scarcely to deserve notice, but a few are taught at home. At the Parochial School the instruction consists of Greek, Latin, French, geography, practical mathematics, English grammar, book-keeping, reading, writing and arithmetic; all these branches are usually taught, and no other branch is required. The salary of the master (who occasionally has an assistant) is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*; the School fees amount to 25*l.*, and sometimes 30*l.* per annum. This School is in a high state of efficiency, but though well attended, it can only accommodate a very small part of this extensive and populous parish. At the thirteen Schools *not* Parochial, reading, English, and sometimes Gaelic, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, and, in two, Latin are taught; of these Schools, two are Society Schools, the other eleven are situated chiefly in remote districts, and supported almost solely by the inhabitants; and as they are in indigent circumstances, the Schools are by no means permanent, most of them being in operation only four or six months in the year; and as the emoluments do not generally exceed 4*l.* in six months, they are sometimes but indifferently taught. For these reasons more particular information cannot be given as to the number of scholars between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, and between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834. Such is the poverty of the people, that it is with great difficulty these Schools are kept up at all, so that there is great room for improvement, could aid be procured. There are about 800 persons above fifteen years of age who cannot read.

(signed) George Davidson, Minister.

2. BERRIEDALE Parish (Pop. 1,741.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			2	-	2	119	74	193	83	37	120
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4		106	52	158	83	38	121	119	74	193

OLRICK Parish - - - (Pop. 1,146.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			12	10	22	99	101	200	50	35	85
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		-	-	-	25	10	35	30	15	45
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3		-	-	-	22	24	46	63	43	106

REAY Parish - - - (Pop. 2,881.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			3	2	5	328	228	556	103	48	151
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		32	18	50	22	10	32	64	24	88
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		30	17	47	20	9	29	65	25	90

RRIEDALE Parish is entirely landward; it originally formed part of the parish of Latheron, from which it was disconnected *quoad sacra* in 1833, and erected into a separate parish.

In common with the new erections (Government Churches), it is unprovided with a Parochial School. Of the four Schools at present in operation within the parish, three are on the teachers' own adventure, and are without support from any fixed endowment; these Schools are only open five or six months in the year, and much disadvantage arises to the cause of education from the frequent change of teachers. The fourth School is on the General Assembly's establishment, and has a fixed endowment. The number of persons upwards of fifteen years of age unable to read is 258.

(signed) *Donald Maclachlan*, Minister.

RICK Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Greek, Latin, French, geography, arithmetic, reading, writing and English grammar; the minister is not aware that any other branches are required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 9*l.* school fees, and 7*l.* other emoluments annually. Of the three Schools *not* Parochial, two are kept during the year, the other during winter and spring only; there are two male and one female teachers; the instruction consists of arithmetic, reading, writing; the female also teaches sewing.

(signed) *William McKenzie*, Minister.

EAY Parish (which is partly in the Shire of Sutherland, but wholly entered here), is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, English grammar, arithmetic, Greek and Latin, writing, mathematics and geography. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 12*l.* school fees, and 4*l.* 4*s.* other emoluments annually. At the School *not* Parochial (which is one of the General Assembly establishments), Gaelic, English reading, English grammar, arithmetic, writing and Latin are taught.

(not signed.)

THURSO Town and Parish (Pop. 4,679.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	10	18	28	364	390	754	184	147	331

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	18	12	30	12	8	20	20	12	32	13	5	18

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
16	16	261	199	460	206	185	391	267	238	505	221	188	409

WATTIN Parish - - (Pop. 1,234.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	-	-	6	55	37	92	37	16	53

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	20	15	35	-	-	-	31	19	50	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	47	29	76	-	-	-	-	-	219	-	-	-

1. WICK Burgh and Parish - (Pop. 8,800.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	108	128	236	877	751	1,628	571	298	869

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	96	25	121	23	5	28	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
20	20	282	170	452	168	84	252	348	217	565	217	107	324

RSO Parish is partly landward and partly a Town.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, reading, grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics, geography and Latin. The salary of the master is 35*l.*, with 50*l.* school fees, the School being at present filled (having 65 males and 5 females); and 12*l.* other emoluments annually as session clerk. At the 16 Schools *not* Parochial (whereof 13 are in the town, and three in the landward part of the parish), English, reading, grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics, geography, Latin, French, sewing, music and drawing are taught. Of the children under five years of age learning to read, 9 males and 16 females belong to the town of Thurso; of those between five and fifteen, 218 males and 228 females; and of those taught to write, 119 males and 102 females. In one district of the parish there is very great need of a School.

(signed) *W. Ross Taylor*, Minister.

TIN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geography, grammar and history. The salary of the master is 34*l.* per annum, with 12*l.* school fees, and an average of 3*l.* 13*s.* other emoluments annually. At the four Schools *not* Parochial the instruction is the same as at the Parochial School. There is no individual native of this parish, between the ages of six and fifteen, but has either been taught or is now learning to read; neither is there any native of the parish fifteen years of age but either can write, or is now learning to write, if at a suitable age. Two of these Schools are only in operation during the winter, at which time the number of children in attendance is much greater.

(not signed.)

K Parish is partly landward and partly Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geometry, geography, English grammar, Latin, Greek and French. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 10*d.*, with about 90*l.* school fees, and about 10*l.* other emoluments annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, geography, music, geometry and Latin are taught; two of these Schools are endowed by the Society in Scotland for propagating Christian Knowledge, and two others are supported by the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland.

The Government Church at Keiss within this parish, having been erected into a separate parish *quoad sacra*, takes about 800 persons from this parish. The number of persons above fifteen years of age who are unable to read is extremely small, and scarcely any of them are natives of the parish.

The numbers returned in the Parochial School refer to those who were in attendance between Lady-day and Michaelmas 1834.

(signed) *Robert Phin*, Minister.

2. KEISS Parish - - (Pop. 1,050.)		Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
		Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
		-	-	-	110	86	196	66	34	100

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	-	-	-	35	27	62	94	62	156	-	-	-	-	-

S Parish is entirely landward.

Keiss being one of the stations at which a Government Church was erected, and which has been made a parish *quoad sacra* by an Act of the General Assembly of 1833, has no Parochial School, the want of which is much felt; the other Schools are not well attended during the summer and harvest months. It seldom occurs that any child is sent to School under five years of age.

SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF CAITHNESS.

1. NUMBER of INHABITANTS in the SHIRE of CAITHNESS in the Year 1831 - - - - - 34,529.

	Males.	Females.	TOT.
2. NUMBER of Children under five years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - -	174	193	367
Number of Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - -	2,945	2,341	5,286
Number of such Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write - - - - -	1,871	1,038	2,909

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
3. PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS - - - - -	10	11	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools, from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - -			337	167	504	170	75	245
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - -			386	176	562	178	75	253

	£.	s.	d.
TOTAL AMOUNT of Salaries received by Parochial Schoolmasters - - - - -	345	17	3 ½
— of School Fees received by - - ditto - - - - -	234	10	-
— of other Emoluments received by ditto - - - - -	59	7	-
	£.	639	14 3 ½

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
4. SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - - -	86	86	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - -			1,525	990	2,515	584	416	1,000
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - -			1,906	1,229	3,135	675	412	1,087

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
5. TOTAL NUMBER of PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, and SCHOOLS not PAROCHIAL - - - - -	96	97	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Total Number of Children attending School from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - -			1,862	1,157	3,019	754	491	1,245
Total Number of Children attending School from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - -			2,292	1,405	3,697	853	487	1,340

REMARKS ON THE SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF CAITHNESS.

The number of Inhabitants attributed to the several parishes in this Abstract of Education Returns, differs from the total number ascribed to the Shire of Caithness in the Population Abstract of 1831, because in one instance a parish extends into an adjoining shire, in which case the entire parish is ascribed to that shire in which the larger portion of its population reside; this kind of correction being unavoidable in a Return strictly parochial. The total Population of the parishes entered in this Abstract thus becomes 1,013 persons additional to 34,529, and is taken at 35,542 in all the calculations on which the subsequent remarks are founded.

To this number might be added in strictness, an increase of nearly four per cent. (or 40 in 1,000), during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and ten months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years; such estimated increase somewhat lessens the *proportion* of children educated, or under education, in the shire of Caithness, but does not alter any of the *numbers* which are stated in the Summary, or in the following remarks.

The difficulty of personal inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has not permitted the ministers of four parishes in the shire of Caithness to specify the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read, or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears on the opposite page to have been 367; which by application of the rule of proportion to the population of all the parishes, gives 527 for the entire shire of Caithness.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age, who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read (as specified in the Returns), is 5,286; adding to which a due proportion for two parishes (which are defective in this particular), the total number may be assumed at 6,045. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years of age at Lady Day 1834, must have been 9,067, supposing the same proportion as before now to exist throughout the shire of Caithness.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write (as specified in the Returns), is 2,909; adding to which a due proportion for one parish (defective in this particular), the total number of such children is 3,048.

The number of Parochial Schools is 10, in which are 11 Instructors. The greatest number of scholars at these schools between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 504, and the least number to have been 245, adding to which a due proportion for Returns (one whereof is defective in the greatest number, and three in the smallest number), the former becomes 521, and the latter in like manner becomes 292.

The greatest number of Scholars at Parochial Schools between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 562, and the least number to have been 253, adding to which a due proportion for Returns (one whereof is defective in the greatest number, and four in the least number), the former becomes 747, and the latter in like manner becomes 418.

The total amount of salaries, school fees and other emoluments appertaining to the Parochial Instructors was £.639 from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834.

The number of Schools not parochial is 86, in which are 86 Instructors. The greatest number of scholars between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 2,515, adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 2,843; and the least number of scholars (1,000), in like manner, becomes 1,464.

The greatest number of scholars at Schools not Parochial, between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 3,135, adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 3,480; and the least number of scholars (1,087), the return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 1,888.

The total number of Schools (Parochial and not Parochial) is 96, in which are 97 Instructors. The total number of scholars at all Schools in the shire of Caithness, between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833 appears on the opposite page to have been 3,019, adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 3,364; and the least number of scholars (1,245) in like manner becomes 1,756.

The total number of scholars at all Schools in the shire of Caithness, between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 3,697; adding to which a due proportion for defective returns, the estimated number becomes 4,227; and the least number of scholars (1,340), the return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 2,306.

County of Clackmannan.

ABSTRACT OF EDUCATION - -

[The Parishes are placed in - - - - -]

ALLOA Parish - (Pop. in 1831, 6,377.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				7	30	37	327	315	642	164	158	322

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	32	28	60	30	26	56	33	14	47	33	13	46

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
11	14	297	367	664	262	306	568	334	345	679	265	287	552

CLACKMANNAN Parish (Pop. 4,266.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				20	20	40	575	525	1,100	251	195	446

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	50	30	80	20	15	35	49	23	72	21	9	30		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
8	8	222	195	417	98	85	183	222	195	417	98	85	183		

County of Clackmannan.

RETURNS, JULY M.DCCC.XXXIV.

Alphabetical order throughout the County.

ALLOA Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh of Barony.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, book-keeping, navigation, geography, Latin, French, and occasionally Greek, Italian, the elements of astronomy, drawing, ancient and modern history, and religious instruction, to which might be conveniently added to the more advanced pupils, natural history, natural philosophy and the Spanish language. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 18*l.* 10*s.* school fees (including private teaching), and 20*l.* annually other emoluments; also 16*l.* in lieu of a house and garden. At the Schools *not* Parochial (one of which is a Boarding School, conducted by a governess and three female teachers), English reading, writing, arithmetic, French and all kind of needlework are taught; one of these Schools is for the children of the Earl of Mar's colliers, and contains from 150 to 160 of both sexes.

The Alloa academy (established by subscription) was vacant during the periods specified; the branches of education usually taught at this establishment consist of the same as at the Parochial School, and the number of pupils averages about 60 of both sexes.

Most of the children under five years of age stated as taught to read, attend a female infant School.

(not signed.)

CLACKMANNAN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geometry and Latin, and any other branches that may be required. The salary of the master, who has an assistant, is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with about 11*l.* school fees; other emoluments are 10*l.* as session clerk, and 6*l.* annually as kirk treasurer; these emoluments are precarious and uncertain. The present incumbent has been schoolmaster of Clackmannan upwards of 16 years, but has held the office of session clerk for the last two years only; the small amount of school fees is owing to bad payments, and in consequence of teaching a large proportion of children gratis in terms of the Schoolmasters' Act. At some of the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geometry and Latin are taught; at the others, English and writing only; the teachers of these Schools are so often changed, that it is difficult, or rather impossible, to give a correct account of the number of children taught by them at the different terms specified, but the above is as near an approximation to the truth as could be obtained.

(not signed.)

DOLLAR Parish - - - (Pop. 1,447.)					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					40	32	72	120	92	212	99	88	187

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	20	12	32	-	-	-	18	20	38	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	10	141	127	268	-	-	-	118	94	212	-	-	-

LOGIE Parish - - - (Pop. 1,945.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			-	-	-	96	68	164	82	60	142		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	42	31	73	37	28	65	40	29	69	31	22	53
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	87	77	164	84	75	159	81	70	151	69	51	120

STIRLING Parish. See STIRLINGSHIRE.

TILlicOUNTRY Parish - (Pop. 1,472.)					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
					16	12	28	74	57	131	25	15	40		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	13	12	25	11	10	21	13	7	20	2	1	3		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		Instructors.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
				From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.				
3	4	86	49	135	64	48	112	94	62	156	81	46	127		

LLAR Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing and arithmetic; the academy hereafter mentioned supersedes the necessity of teaching other branches of education at this School. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 17*s.* 9½*d.*, with 12*l.* school fees, and 6*l.* 14*s.* annually other emoluments. The School *not* Parochial is Macnab's School, or Dollar Academy, conducted by seven teachers and three assistants, whereat English, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, modern languages, mathematics, drawing and sewing are taught.

(signed) *Andrew Mylne*, Minister.

GIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic and Latin. The salary of the master is 30*l.*, with 33*l.* school fees annually, and no other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading, writing and arithmetic are taught. There is also another School in the parish, but so much fallen off as to be undeserving of notice.

(not signed.)

LICOULTRY Parish is landward, with two Villages.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing and arithmetic; also book-keeping, geography and Latin might be taught if required. The salary of the master is 35*l.*, with 10*l.* school fees, and 5*l.* annually other emoluments. At two of the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, English grammar and arithmetic are taught; and at the other, which is a Boarding School, English history, geography, Latin, Greek, and the elements of geometry are taught in addition.

(signed) *Henry Anderson*, Minister.

SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF CLACKMANNAN.

1. NUMBER of INHABITANTS in the SHIRE of CLACKMANNAN in the Year 1831 - - - - - 14,729.

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL
2. NUMBER of Children under five years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	83	94	177
Number of Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	1,192	1,057	2,249
Number of such Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write - - - - - }	621	516	1,137

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
	5	6	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
3. PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS - - - - -								
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			157	113	270	98	79	177
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			153	93	246	87	45	132

	£.	s.	d.
TOTAL AMOUNT of Salaries received by Parochial Schoolmasters - - -	159	6	6 ¹ / ₂
— of School Fees received by - - ditto - - -	84	10	-
— of other Emoluments received by ditto - - -	63	14	-
£.	307	10	6 ¹ / ₂

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
	26	39	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
4. SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - - -								
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			833	815	1,648	508	514	1,022
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			849	766	1,615	513	469	982

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
	31	45	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
5. TOTAL NUMBER of PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, and SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - }								
Total Number of Children attending School from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			990	928	1,918	606	593	1,199
Total Number of Children attending School from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			1,002	859	1,861	600	514	1,114

REMARKS ON THE SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF CLACKMANNAN.

The number of Inhabitants attributed to the several parishes in this Abstract of Education Returns, differs from the total number ascribed to the Shire of Clackmannan in the Population Abstract of 1831, because in two instances a parish extends into adjoining shires, in which case the entire parish is ascribed to that shire in which the larger portion of its population reside; this kind of correction being unavoidable in a Return strictly parochial. The total population of the parishes entered in this Abstract thus becomes 778 persons additional to 14,729, and is taken at 15,507 in all the calculations on which the subsequent remarks are founded.

To this number might be added in strictness, an increase of three per cent. (or 30 in 1,000) during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and ten months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years; such estimated increase somewhat lessens the proportion of children educated or under education in the shire of Clackmannan, but does not alter any of the numbers which are stated in the Summary, or in the following remarks.

The difficulty of personal inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has not permitted the Minister of Logie parish to specify the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read, or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears on the opposite page to have been 177; which by application of the rule of proportion to the population of all the parishes, gives 202 for the entire shire of Clackmannan.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age, who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read (as specified in the Returns) is 2,249. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years of age at Lady Day 1834, must have been 4,401, supposing the same proportion as before now to exist throughout the shire of Clackmannan.

The number of Parochial Schools is five, in which are six instructors. The greatest number of scholars at these Schools between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 270, and the least number to have been 177; the latter whereof by application of the rule of proportion to an apparently defective Return becomes 195.

The greatest number of scholars at Parochial Schools between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 246, and the least number to have been 132; the latter whereof by application of the rule of proportion to an apparently defective Return becomes 145.

The total amount of Salaries, School-fees and other Emoluments appertaining to the Parochial Instructors, was 307*l.* from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834.

The number of Schools not Parochial is 26, in which are 39 Instructors. The greatest number of scholars between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,648, and the least number to have been 1,022; adding to the latter a due proportion for a defective Return, it becomes 1,127.

The greatest number of scholars at Schools not Parochial, between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,615, and the least number to have been 982; adding to the latter a due proportion for a defective Return, it becomes 1,083.

The total number of Schools (Parochial and not Parochial) is 31, in which are 45 Instructors. The total number of scholars at all Schools in the shire of Clackmannan, between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,918, and the least number to have been 1,199; adding to the latter a due proportion for a defective Return, it becomes 1,322.

The total number of scholars at all Schools in the shire of Clackmannan, between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,861, and the least number to have been 1,114; adding to the latter a due proportion for a defective Return, it becomes 1,228.

County of Dumbarton.

ABSTRACT OF EDUCATION

[The Parishes are placed in

ARROCHAR Parish (Pop. in 1831, 559.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	7	7	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
1	1	29	16	45	24	15	39	41	18	59	40	16	56		

BONHILL Parish - - (Pop. 3,874.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				-	-	-	298	203	501	175	83	258			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	71	50	121	50	24	74	70	45	115	38	23	61		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
7	7	231	216	447	175	145	320	263	227	490	229	153	382		

County of Dumbarton.

RETURNS, JULY M.DCCC.XXXIV.

Alphabetical order throughout the County.]

CHAR Parish is entirely landward, but will in all probability ere long become a watering place.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, reading, arithmetic, book-keeping, and sometimes Gaelic, psalm books and church music. The master has the maximum amount of salary; the school fees are stated as not exceeding 5*l.*, but the minister is certain that for many years they have not amounted to any thing like that sum; other emoluments (as precentor and session clerk) amount to 3*l.* on an average of ten years. At the School *not* Parochial (which is an endowed School, and admits boarders), English, reading, grammar, arithmetic, book-keeping, Latin, Greek, geography, and practical mathematics are taught.

The parochial teacher is advanced in years, and perhaps was never well qualified as a teacher, although a man of great moral worth; consequently the parishioners have long felt the want of a teacher, which has been effectually supplied by the endowment of another School, to which a well qualified teacher has been appointed; the founder of this School is John M'Mavrech, Esq., of Stuckgown, to whom the parish is under great obligations. In this and all similar parishes, a voluntary School is altogether out of the question; perfectly impracticable.

(signed) *Peter Proudfoot*, Minister.

HILL Parish is landward, with two large Villages and several Hamlets.

The instruction at the Parochial Schools consists of English, reading, writing and arithmetic; other branches might probably be taught, were the parish schoolmasters, as in former times, men of learning, and remunerated as such. The average amount of the masters' salaries is 21*l.* 7*s.* 8½*d.* per annum, with 15*l.* school fees, and 7*l.* other emoluments annually, being the yearly worth of dwelling-house, school-room and garden ground. At the Schools *not* Parochial (two whereof are kept by females), English, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught; two of the masters also profess to teach Latin.

In answer to the question as to the number of children under five years of age who are taught to read, it may be observed that there are no infant Schools in the parish. About seven-eighths of the population inhabit the vale of the Leven, and are employed at the public works, bleachfields and printfields, which have long been established on that river; to these works the children are sent, in too many cases, at and under seven years of age; and any learning they get afterwards is at the week-day evening and Sunday evening Schools; those who attend the former are included in the numbers given in answer to the several questions; those who attend the latter (amounting at last visitation to 250) are excluded, but it is next to impossible to ascertain how far they have or have not been already reckoned among other classes of scholars. The opportunities of obtaining a liberal education furnished by the Parochial Schools of Scotland are now exceedingly rare, because these Schools have long ceased to be objects of competition to well qualified teachers; small indeed must be the quantity of solid sterling scholarship, which in this manufacturing and mercantile district any parish can purchase the disposal of for 40*l.* or guineas a year. In this parish it is literally true, that a good block printer can earn twice as much as this sum. An attempt should be made by the Legislature, at its very first convenience, to restore to these seminaries some portion of their original efficiency; excepting perhaps those districts that are either wholly or almost wholly pastoral, the salary of the parish schoolmaster should be raised to 50*l.*, and where more than one are needed, Parliament should make provision for such additional Schools by a grant of public money, as in the case of Government churches. There are not known to be any adults in the parish who cannot read.

(signed) *Wm. Gregor*, Minister.

CARDROSS Parish - - (Pop. 3,596.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	44	25	69	35	16	51

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	40	21	61	35	19	54	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
7	7	208	137	345	164	136	300	278	187	465	236	160	396

CUMBERNAULD Parish (Pop. 3,080.)					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					—	—	—	—	—	220	—	—	—
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	49	35	84	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	—	—	136	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

DUMBARTON Burgh and Parish - - - } - (Pop. 3,623.)						Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
						Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
						Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
						2	5	7	98	67	165	68	33	

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

RDROSS Parish is landward, with two Villages.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, Latin, Greek, and the principles of Christian religion. The salary of the master is 34*l.*, and the school fees and other emoluments amount to 60*l.* per annum. At the Schools *not* Parochial the instruction is the same (with the exception of Latin and Greek), as that given at the Parochial School.

(not signed.)

MBERNAULD Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, English grammar, writing, arithmetic and Latin. The salary of the master is the minimum amount, that is about 25*l.*, with 26*l.* school fees, and 8*l.* 10*s.* annually other emoluments, as session clerk, which 15 years ago did not amount to 5*l.* At the Schools *not* Parochial the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School.

Children are rarely sent to School under five years of age; at present there is only one such at the Parochial Schools. Of about 220 children now at School, perhaps there are one-sixth more boys than girls; the boys are generally taught to write, and about one-third of the girls. It is impossible to give an accurate answer to the questions as to the number of children who attended the Parochial School during the periods specified, but the number may be guessed at about 49 boys and 35 girls. In answer to the questions as to the number of children who attended the Schools *not* Parochial during the periods specified, many children attend Schools in adjacent parishes; but if the 84 children at the Parochial School be deducted from (220) the whole number that are taught, 136 will remain for the Schools *not* Parochial, and those who attend not in the parish, the proportion will it is supposed be the same; but it is quite impossible to answer such questions, unless the teachers were to mark the numbers frequently, because the number of scholars will scarcely be the same two weeks together.

(signed) *John Watson*, Minister.

MBARTON Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, geography, Latin, Greek, French, drawing, mathematics and book-keeping, and also elementary science may be introduced with advantage. The salaries of the masters are 40*l.* per annum; no definite answer can be given as to the school fees, the present teachers having only entered on their duties in July 1834; there are no other emoluments. At present there are no private Schools in the parish; there were till within these four months past three Schools, but they have now ceased to exist.

The Parochial School in Dumbarton, having fallen much in public estimation, the magistrates of the Burgh have lately been at considerable pains to secure the services of an efficient teacher, and to all appearance they have been successful; the number of scholars in this School at present is 198. As far as could be ascertained, there are very few individuals in the parish above fifteen years of age who are unable to read.

(signed) *William Jaffray*, Minister.

KILMARNOCK Parish - (Pop. 999.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			3	3	6	106	86	192	61	36	97

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	39	33	72	26	17	43	44	22	66	24	16	40		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	47	38	85	26	21	47	44	38	82	24	22	46		

KILPATRICK, NEW } or EAST, Parish - } - (Pop. 3,090.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	251	167	418	120	59	179

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	39	20	59	35	15	50	56	22	78	50	20	70

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	125	101	226	89	71	160	126	95	221	89	70	159

[illegible]

MARNOCK Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geography, practical mathematics, Latin and Greek; no other branches could be conveniently taught, unless morning or evening classes were kept for them. The salary of the master is 31*l.*, with 26*l.* school fees, and 5*l.* 10*s.* annually other emoluments. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading, writing and arithmetic are taught, and at the other, book-keeping and English grammar in addition.

(not signed.)

W or EAST KILPATRICK Parish, which is landward, with one large Village, is situate partly in Stirlingshire, but is wholly entered here.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geography and Latin. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*, with 10*l.* school fees, and 26*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, annually, other emoluments, of which 10*l.* is an allowance for a house and garden, 1*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* arises from an endowment, and 10*l.* and 5*l.* are derived from the master being session and heritors' clerk. At the Schools *not* Parochial the instruction consists of English reading, writing and arithmetic; and at one of them, book-keeping, Latin, English grammar and geography are also taught.

There are no means of ascertaining the exact number of children who have been taught to read, unless a census of the parish were taken for the purpose, which, with the minister's other avocations, would occupy a twelvemonth. The greatest number of children who attended the school during the period referred to has therefore been given, to which has been added one half as the probable number of those who have left school under fifteen years of age; and this is considered to be the nearest approximation that can be made to the number of those under the age of fifteen who have been taught or are now learning to read. For the number of writers, twice the number of those actually learning to write has been given.

The village of Milngavie being the seat of a calico print work, there is a great demand for the labour of children, who are frequently sent to work as early as seven or eight years of age. The little education they have received before that age is often altogether lost from not being carried on, and the proportion of persons unable to read is consequently increasing. Would it not be proper, and only just to the cotton-spinning trade, to render it imperative on calico-printers to provide for the education of the children employed by them?

(signed) *Andrew Sym*, Minister.

D or WEST KILPATRICK Parish is landward, with large Villages.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, and English and Latin grammar; but Latin is taught to very few: no additional branches could be taught unless there were more teachers. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*, with 10*l.* school fees, and 7*l.* other emoluments, annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught, and at some of them, also, grammar, English and Latin; the number of children attending these Schools could not be ascertained, owing to the change of teachers.

From this parish being extended in its population over a district of eight miles long and four broad, and from the changes in the teachers, owing to smallness of remuneration, the return must be considered more in the light of an approximation than an exact account.

(signed) : *Matthew Barclay*, Minister.

KIRKINTILLOCH Parish (Pop. 5,888.)					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					1	1	2	252	228	480	-	-	199

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
6	7	276	246	522	-	-	-	308	237	545	-	-	-

LUSS Parish - - - - (Pop. 1,181.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	100	90	190	80	40	120

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	35	20	55	30	15	45	50	30	80	40	25	65		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	40	50	90	30	35	65	50	60	110	40	40	80		

ROSENEATH Parish - - (Pop. 825.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	66	52	118	44	37	81

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	61	30	91	39	11	50	73	41	114	36	12	48		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	20	15	35	15	10	25	-	-	-	-	-	-		

KINTILLOCH Parish is partly landward and partly Burgh.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics, geography, Latin, Greek and French, and no other branches could be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum; the amount of school fees is not known, on account of the present teacher having been but lately appointed; other emoluments are supposed to amount to about 4*l.* per annum. Of the Schools *not* Parochial (one of which is endowed), the instruction at two of them consists of reading, writing and arithmetic; at three others are added book-keeping, geography, French, Latin and Greek, and at the other (which is a Boarding School) are taught French, history, geography, music and drawing, &c. in addition to the common branches of education.

The number of children who attended the Parochial School during the periods specified cannot be stated, on account of the recent appointment of the master; at present there are 120 children in attendance.

(not signed.)

SS Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, &c. and Latin, with occasionally French and Greek; and no other branches were ever required. The salary of the master (who has an assistant occasionally) is about 34*l.* per annum, with from 9*l.* to 12*l.* school fees, and there is no other fixed emolument. At the Schools *not* Parochial the instruction consists of English, writing and accounts; the females are taught sewing, &c. One of these Schools (for females) is supported by Lady Colquhoun, another by the Society in Scotland for propagating Christian Knowledge, and the third entirely by the school fees.

There is also a Sabbath School kept by the minister of the parish, in which from 70 to 90 children of both sexes receive religious instruction.

(signed) *Robert Carr*, Minister.

SENEATH Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English grammar, writing, arithmetic, geography, Latin, Greek, mathematics, navigation and book-keeping; other branches could be conveniently taught if required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 35*l.* school fees, and 4*l.* 4*s.* annually other emoluments, as session clerk and precentor. At the School *not* Parochial, English reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and Latin are taught.

There are few, if any, children under five years of age in the parish taught to read.

(not signed.)

Parish is partly landward, and partly consists of the Burgh of Helensburgh, which lies in the eastern part of the Parish, and nearly two miles from the Parish School.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, book-keeping, English grammar, geography and Greek. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 12*l.* school fees, and 5*l.* annually other emoluments.

In consequence of the imperfect rolls kept by the teachers, and in some cases no rolls of the names of Scholars being kept at all, it is impossible to come to any thing like accuracy as to the number of males and females at the different Schools; but the number attending the Schools *not* Parochial average 260 of both sexes throughout the year.

(not signed.)

SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF DUMBARTON.

1. NUMBER of INHABITANTS in the SHIRE of DUMBARTON in the Year 1831 - - - - - 33,211.

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL
2. NUMBER of Children under five years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	35	25	60
Number of Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	1,662	1,270	2,932
Number of such Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write - - - - - }	844	442	1,286

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
3. PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS - - - - -	13	15	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			398	251	649	234	110	344
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			344	191	535	203	105	308

	£.	s.	d.
TOTAL AMOUNT of Salaries received by Parochial Schoolmasters - - -	412	1	7 1/4
-- of School Fees received by - - ditto - - -	224	10	-
-- of other Emoluments received by ditto - - -	77	17	4
£.	714	8	11 1/4

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
4. SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - - -	54	55	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			1,052	879	1,931	523	433	956
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			1,110	862	1,972	658	461	1,119

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
5. TOTAL NUMBER of PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, and SCHOOLS not PAROCHIAL - - - }	67	70	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Total Number of Children attending School from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			1,450	1,130	2,580	757	543	1,300
Total Number of Children attending School from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			1,454	1,053	2,507	861	566	1,427

REMARKS ON THE SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF DUMBARTON.

The number of Inhabitants attributed to the several parishes in this Abstract of Education Returns, differs from the total number ascribed to the Shire of Dumbarton in the Population Abstract of 1831, because in one instance a parish extends into an adjoining shire, in which case the entire parish is ascribed to that shire in which the larger portion of its population reside; this kind of correction being unavoidable in a Return strictly parochial. The total Population of the parishes entered in this Abstract thus becomes 1,415 persons additional to 33,211, and is taken at 34,626 in all the calculations on which the subsequent remarks are founded.

To this number might be added in strictness, an increase of rather more than six per cent (or 62 in 1,000), during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and ten months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years; such estimated increase somewhat lessens the proportion of children educated, or under education, in the shire of Dumbarton, but does not alter any of the numbers which are stated in the Summary, or in the following remarks.

The difficulty of personal inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has not permitted the ministers of eight parishes in Dumbartonshire, to specify the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read, or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears on the opposite page to have been 60; which by application of the rule of proportion to the population of all the parishes, gives 188 for the entire shire of Dumbarton.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read (as specified in the Returns) is 2,932; adding to which a due proportion for one parish (which is defective in this particular), the total number may be assumed at 3,115. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years of age at Lady Day 1834 must have been 9,176, supposing the same proportion as before now to exist throughout the shire of Dumbarton.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write (as specified in the Returns) is 1,286; adding to which a due proportion for three parishes (defective in this particular), the total number of such children is 1,538.

The number of Parochial Schools is 13, in which are 15 Instructors. The greatest number of scholars at these Schools between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 649, but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 895; and the least number of scholars (344) in like manner becomes 764.

The greatest number of Scholars at Parochial Schools between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 535; but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 1,036; and the least number of Scholars (308) in like manner becomes 889.

The total amount of Salaries, School-fees and other Emoluments appertaining to the Parochial Instructors was £.714, from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834, exclusive of the School-fees appertaining to the Parochial Schools at Dumbarton and Kirkintilloch, the masters of which can give no account of the same, owing to their very recent appointment.

The number of Schools not Parochial is 54, in which are 55 Instructors. The greatest number of Scholars between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,931, adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 2,503; and the least number of scholars (956) in like manner becomes 1,865.

The greatest number of scholars at Schools not Parochial, between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,972; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 2,994; and the least number of Scholars (1,119) in like manner becomes 2,290.

The total number of Schools (Parochial and not Parochial) is 67, in which are 70 Instructors. The total number of Scholars at all Schools in the shire of Dumbarton, between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 2,580; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 3,398; and the least number of Scholars (1,300) in like manner becomes 2,629.

The total number of Scholars at all Schools in the shire of Dumbarton, between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 2,507; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 4,030; and the least number of Scholars (1,427) in like manner becomes 3,179.

Sabbath-day Schools are mentioned in two of the Returns; but children receiving daily instruction, and no others, are included in the foregoing Summary and Remarks.

County of Dumfries.

ABSTRACT OF EDUCATION

[The Parishes are placed in

ANNAN Burgh and Parish } (Pop. in 1831, 5,033.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			21	10	31	368	217	585	234	145	379

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	118	69	187	109	66	175	128	83	211	121	77	198

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
10	13	262	142	404	228	115	343	292	142	434	260	141	401

[illegible]

County of Dumfries.

- - RETURNS, JULY M.DCCC.XXXIV.

- - - - - *Alphabetical order throughout the County.*

ANAN Parish is partly a Burgh and partly landward.

The instruction at the Parochial Schools consists of Greek, Latin, English reading, writing, arithmetic, geography and navigation; there is no demand for any other branches. The master of the Burgh School has a salary of 32 *l.* 10 *s.* per annum, with about 40 *l.* school fees, and 12 *l.* other emoluments annually, which is derived from the master being clerk to the kirk session; the salaries of the other two masters are 10 *l.* per annum each, and the school fees amount to 25 *l.* and 20 *l.* respectively. Of the Schools *not* Parochial, one, called "the Annan Academy," is conducted by three teachers, and the branches taught therein consist of the same as those taught at the Parochial Schools, with the addition of French and mathematics; at the other nine Schools, English, reading and grammar, writing and arithmetic are chiefly taught. In addition to the Schools above mentioned, there is an Infant School lately established, which is attended by 100 children, most of whom are under five years of age; there are also three Sunday Schools supported by the Established Church, and one by Dissenters, which are exclusively for conveying religious instruction; the number of children attending these Schools is about 320, but most of these attend also the public Schools during the week, and are enumerated in the general Return.

There are no means of ascertaining the number of children under five years of age who may be learning to read under private tuition, or the number between five and fifteen who have been taught to read and write, but having since left School are now otherwise employed. It is believed there are few persons, if any, of either sex, in the parish, above fifteen years of age who cannot read; none are at present known, the blind and idiots excepted.

(signed) *Ja. Monilaws*, Minister.

PLEGARTH Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial Schools consists of Latin, Greek, English, French, arithmetic, geography and land-measuring. The salary of one of the masters is 34 *l.* 5 *s.*, that of the other 17 *l.* 2 *s.* 6 *d.* per annum; the School fees of one amount to 21 *l.*, those of the other to 14 *l.* per annum; there is no other pecuniary emolument, but each master has a house and garden, which are given gratuitously by the heritors of the parish; the law not compelling them to furnish such accommodation where there are two Schools, as is the case here.

(not signed.)

CANONBY Parish - - (Pop. 2,997.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		64	20	84	46	21	67	65	26	91
									60	21	81
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5		216	68	284	-	-	-	-	-	-

CARLAVEROCK Parish - (Pop. 1,271.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			11	2	13	-	-	-	-	-	-
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	3		82	34	116	-	-	-	109	38	147
									-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2		52	32	84	-	-	-	50	31	81
									-	-	-

CLOSEBURN Parish - (Pop. 1,680.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			17	21	38	87	104	191	106	62	168
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	6		144	152	296	118	107	225	156	137	293
									133	105	238

NONBY Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of Greek, Latin, French, English, writing and arithmetic; mathematics may also be taught if required; these are all the branches that are necessary, and more than are generally wanted. The salary of the master is 31*l.* 6*s.* 6*d.* per annum; the School fees would amount to between 30*l.* and 40*l.* provided they were all paid; other emoluments amount to about 5*l.* per annum. The branches taught at the Schools *not* Parochial (one whereof is a Boarding School), are the same as those usually taught at such Schools. The masters of four of these Schools are allowed salaries of 5*l.* per annum each.

The number of children under five years of age who are taught to read, and the number between five and fifteen who are taught to read and write, cannot be ascertained, as few children go to School before five years of age, but the greater part are taught at home before they go to School; it is believed that all children between five and fifteen years of age can read, and most of them are also able to write. Every individual in the parish above 15 years of age can read, and almost all can write a little; a number of the poor cannot afford to keep their children long at School.

(signed) *James Donaldson*, Minister.

RLAVEROCK Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, Latin, Greek, French, algebra, geometry, and the various branches of practical mathematics. The salary of the master, who has two assistants, is 34*l.* 14*s.* 2*d.*, with 4*l.* School fees annually; these, if well paid, would, from the number of scholars, amount to something considerable, say 40*l.*, but in consequence of their being very ill paid, they do not average more than 4*l.* annually; other emoluments amount to 40*l.* sterling per annum from a mortified fund; 23 of the males attending this School are boarders. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mensuration, navigation and English grammar are taught. These Schools are chiefly maintained from the same mortified fund as mentioned above, and from which each of the teachers receives 20*l.* sterling annually. The smallest number of scholars has not been given from any of the Schools in the parish, as the number generally increases gradually after the vacation, with more or less rapidity, according as the harvest is late or early.

The number of children under five years of age stated as taught to read, attend the Schools *not* Parochial, as few or none attend the Parochial School at so early an age; nearly all the scholars at the different Schools in the parish are under fifteen years of age.

(not signed.)

ROSEBURN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Schools existing in the parish consists of English, writing and arithmetic, and at two of them Greek and Latin in addition. There is no Parochial School in the parish, but one of the above is a "Free School" amply endowed; three of the others are situate in those quarters of the parish which are too remote for the inhabitants to reap any advantages from the "Free School;" each of the teachers of these three Schools has a salary of 13*l.* 10*s.* annually from the heritors; the other is a female School mostly supported by the chief heritor of the parish.

For a more particular account of the above Schools, reference must be made to the second number of the "Statistical Account of the Parishes of Scotland," lately published.

(not signed.)

CUMMERTREES Parish (Pop. 1,407.)						Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
						Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
						Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
						17	14	31	200	200	400	130	125	255

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	82	45	127	73	37	110	101	52	153	90	47	137

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	26	12	38	20	10	30	32	13	45	24	11	35

DALTON Parish - - - (Pop. 730.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	95	69	164	65	25	90

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	43	40	83	30	23	53	73	44	117	18	6	24

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	12	12	24	12	12	24	25	22	47	5	5	10

DORNOCK Parish - - (Pop. 752.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			3	4	7	90	60	150	50	25	75

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	50	30	80	30	20	50	45	25	70	25	15	40

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	30	20	50	25	20	45	30	20	50	25	20	45

MERTREES Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial Schools consists of English reading, writing, grammar, arithmetic, mensuration, navigation and book-keeping; Latin and Greek may be taught if required, and it is thought that geography might be conveniently added. The master of the first School has a salary of 30 *l.* per annum; his School fees amount to about 23 *l.*, and as heritors' clerk he receives 4 *l.* per annum. The master of the other School has a salary of 8 *l.* 11 *s.*, with School fees amounting to 15 *l.* per annum. At the School *not* Parochial, reading, writing, and arithmetic are taught.

The comparative smallness of the principal schoolmaster's amount of School fees arises from bad payments, gratuitous teaching, and the inability of parents to pay for the education of their children.

(not signed.)

TON Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, geography, Latin, Greek, mensuration, book-keeping and algebra; mathematics is also directed to be taught. The salary of the master is 34 *l.* 4 *s.* 4 *d.* per annum, with 20 *l.* School fees annually; there are no other emoluments, with the exception of claims for votes, which in July 1834 amounted to 1 *s.* 6 *d.* At the School *not* Parochial, English reading, writing and arithmetic are taught. In answer to the question as to the number of children under five years of age who are taught to read, children seldom enter School before they are five years old.

(not signed.)

RNOCK Parish is landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English, the various branches of mathematics, and sometimes Latin and Greek; several other branches might be taught, could the parents afford to keep their children constantly at School, pay school fees, and provide books. The salary of the master is 34 *l.* 4 *s.*, the school fees amount to 20 *l.*, and other emoluments to 4 *l.* per annum. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, reading, writing and arithmetic are only taught.

The amount given of School fees is what the master actually receives; it may be observed however that he loses about 6 *l.* annually by bad payments. It is presumed that there are not more than two or three persons in the parish above fifteen years of age who cannot read.

(signed) *Nich^s Sloan*, Minister.

DRYESDALE Parish - (Pop. 2,233.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	30	-	-	-	72	25	97

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
Schools.	Instructors.	1	2	70	22	92	64	16	80	98	32	130	88	27	115

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
Schools.	Instructors.	6	8	111	142	253	95	131	226	116	154	270	90	119	209

DUMFRIES Burgh and } Parish - - - - }			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.							
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.							
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.					
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
			Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
			Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			36	43	1,114	848	1,962	833	622	1,455	1,194	940	2,134	842	686	1,528

[illegible]

YESDALE Parish is partly landward, and partly a Village; the latter contains 1,414 inhabitants.

The branches directed to be taught at the Parochial School are English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek and French, all of which are usually taught, with the addition of book-keeping, geography and practical mathematics; no other branch could be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 33*l.* School fees, and 4*l.* other emoluments annually. The Schools *not* Parochial are under the superintendence and patronage of the parish minister and session; the instruction therein consists of English reading and grammar, history, geography, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, Latin, Greek, French, needlework, drawing and music.

The number of children given between five and fifteen years of age as learning to write, is only the number that attend the Parochial School, it having been found impossible to ascertain the numbers in the other Schools during the period specified. It is believed that there are no persons in the parish above fifteen years of age who cannot read.

(signed) *David Buchan Donie*, Minister.

MFRIES Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

There is no Parochial School, but 36 others, in which reading, writing, the exact sciences, Greek, Latin, French, Italian, geography, astronomy and religion are taught; also grammar, arithmetic and mathematics, in addition, at the Burghal Academy, which is endowed, and is conducted by four masters and one assistant; the salary for the classical master being the interest of 660*l.* 6*s.* 3*d.*, and the fees for each scholar amount to 7*s.* 6*d.* per quarter. The salary of each of the other masters is the interest of 204*l.* 8*s.* 10*d.*, and the fees 5*s.* per quarter for each scholar.

In addition to the above, there are in the parish some Schools for drawing, music, dancing, fencing, sewing, &c. &c., and also several Sabbath Schools, purely for religious instruction, which are not included in the general statement. Parochial Schools are much desiderated in the landward district, which is from six to seven miles long, and from two to three miles broad.

The number of children in the parish under five years of age who are taught to read, and of those between five and fifteen taught to read and write, could not be ascertained. The accuracy of the table exhibiting the number of scholars cannot be vouched for, but as close an approximation to the truth has been made as the returns of the several teachers would permit.

(signed) { *Robert Wallace,*
 Thomas T. Duncan, } Ministers.

NSCORE Parish is landward, with a small Village containing about 200 persons, composed of labourers, artisans and pauper, with three shops and two inns or alehouses.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, geography, and occasionally mathematics; not exceeding 10 or 12 scholars are learning Latin or Greek at any one time in the parish. The salary attached to these Schools amounts to 51*l.* 6*s.* 6½*d.*, which is divided nearly into three equal portions amongst the three teachers; the fees of the Schools amount to 20*l.*, 15*l.* and 10*l.* respectively, and the other emoluments arise from the interest of 600*l.*, mortified at different periods, yielding to one teacher 9*l.*, to another, 6*l.*, and to the other, 3*l.* annually; there is also 3*l.* paid to a superannuated teacher, and 1*l.* 10*s.* annually for Bibles out of the above mortifications. There is no other permanent School in the parish, but an aged man teaches on an average five or six children to read English only.

(signed) *Robert Brydon*, Minister.

DURISDEER Parish - - (Pop. 1,488.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	119	105	224	74	44	118

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.												
2	2	42	26	68	32	18	50	50	34	84	23	17	40

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.												
3	3	99	86	185	55	54	109	108	72	180	65	49	114

ESKDALEMUIR Parish - (Pop. 650.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.		Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	20	15	35	-	-	-	30	18	48	-	-	-	
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
1	1	9	6	15	-	-	-	17	13	30	-	-	-	

[illegible]

ISDEER Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial Schools consists of English reading and grammar, writing and arithmetic; Latin and Greek are also directed to be taught; no other branches could be conveniently added. The salaries of the masters amount to 51*l.* 6*s.* 6 $\frac{3}{4}$ *d.*; the School fees to 20*l.*, and other emoluments to 3*l.* 9*s.* per annum. At the Schools *not* Parochial the instruction is the same as that given at the Parochial Schools.

(not signed.)

DALEMUIR Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, practical mathematics, Latin and Greek; no other branches could be conveniently taught in such a situation. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ *d.*, and the School fees amount to about 10*l.* per annum; there are no other emoluments connected with the School. At the School *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

The number of children under five years of age who are taught to read is comparatively few, as most of them live at a distance from the School; all between the ages of five and fifteen are taught to read and write.

(not signed.)

ES Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, mensuration, book-keeping and the elements of geometry, to which geography, Latin and Greek might conveniently be added. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ *d.*, with 4*l.* 10*s.* school fees, and 4*l.* 10*s.* other emoluments annually.

(not signed.)

GLENCAIRN Parish - (Pop. 2,068.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	92	45	137
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3		131	75	206	120	64	184	152	69	221
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2		31	48	79	25	38	63	33	40	73

GRAITNEY Parish - - (Pop. 1,909.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			42	30	72	360	340	700	110	80	190
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2		53	84	87	54	25	79	47	13	60
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4		30	30	60	25	25	50	34	36	70

HALFMORTON Parish - (Pop. 646.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			6	2	8	20	30	50	9	5	14
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		21	18	39	-	-	-	29	23	52
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		5	15	20	-	-	-	-	-	-

221
NCAIRN Parish is mostly landward, containing a Burgh of Barony (Moniaive), consisting of nearly 650 souls, and a Village (Dunreggan) of about 250 souls, adjoining Moniaive.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, book-keeping, and occasionally geography, but the latter branch is very seldom required. The salary of the first master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*; that of the second, 17*l.* 2*s.* 2½*d.*, and that of the other, 8*l.* 11*s.* 1*d.* per annum; the School fees amount to about 20*l.*, 20*l.* and 14*l.* per annum respectively; there are also other emoluments, consisting of 2*l.* 2*s.*, derived from the office of session clerk, and the interest of some mortified money, which amounts to 20*s.* per annum. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught, and at the other School needle-work in addition.

There are very few children sent to School in this parish before they are five years of age; all of those between five and fifteen years of age have been taught to read, or are now learning, and the number of children stated as taught to write, or now learning, will, it is believed, be in proportion to those now attending School, it being difficult to ascertain the number of children in the parish between five and fifteen years of age.

There are few, if any, persons in the parish above fifteen years of age who have not been taught to read.

(signed) { *John Brown*, Minister.
 { *David Morrone*, Session Clerk.

ITNEY Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of Latin, Greek, English, arithmetic, geography and writing; perhaps French might also be conveniently taught, but is seldom demanded. Each of the masters has a salary of 25*l.* 13*s.* 4½*d.* per annum; the School fees of one amount to 24*l.*, those of the other to 20*l.* per annum, and their other emoluments amount together to 12*l.* 10*s.* annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, arithmetic, and writing are taught.

The Minister is not aware of a single individual in the parish above fifteen years of age who cannot read. The holy Scriptures are daily read in the Schools, and the Mother's Shorter and Proof Catechisms committed. An examination takes place every Spring by a Committee of Presbytery, and a report sent to the General Assembly in May, of the state of the Schools and the efficiency of the teachers. The teachers are very respectable, but when there are two Parochial Schools in a parish, and the legal sums of 600 merks are given, as in this parish, it often happens that one School and dwelling-house only is provided either legally or gratuitously, so that the second School is generally very inferior as to accommodation, both for schoolmaster and scholars.

(signed) *James Raddick*, Minister.

LFMORTON Parish is entirely landward.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial School are English, reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, Greek and Latin; those usually taught are the four first mentioned branches, together with practical geometry, mensuration, land-measuring, and plain trigonometry, &c. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 3*d.*, with 16*l.* School fees, and 4*l.* other emoluments annually. The School *not* Parochial is only a small School kept by a female, who teaches a few girls needlework, and a few little boys and girls to read.

(signed) *Will. B. Shaw*, Minister.

HODDAM Parish - - (Pop. 1,582.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.						
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.						
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.				
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	37	26	63	16	12	28	40	30	70	18	16	34		
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.												
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
2	2	57	48	105	41	29	70	67	42	109	57	37	94		

HOLYWOOD Parish - (Pop. 1,066.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3		3		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

[illegible]

ODAM Parish is landward, with the Village of Ecclefechan, containing 800 inhabitants.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Greek, Latin, English, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 10*l.* school fees, and 1*l.* 10*s.* other emoluments annually as session clerk. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, the instruction consists of Greek, Latin, French, geography, history, grammar, reading, writing and arithmetic, and at the other the three last-mentioned branches are only taught.

The questions as to the number of children under five years of age who are taught to read, and the number between five and fifteen who are taught to read and write, cannot be answered.

(not signed.)

LYWOOD Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, practical mathematics, geography, Latin, Greek and French; the scholars in Latin and Greek have seldom exceeded six at any one period for the last fourteen years. The salary of the first master is 25*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*; that of the second, 16*l.*; and that of the other 10*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum. The following are the terms of School fees; viz. for English, 2*s.* per quarter, with writing, 2*s.* 6*d.*; arithmetic, 3*s.*; for Latin, Greek and French, 5*s.*; for book-keeping, geography and mathematics together, 5*s.* per quarter; there are no other emoluments connected with the Schools. The average number of scholars in attendance at the first School is 75, at the second, 25, and at the other, 35 of both sexes. The children of the parish are all taught at School the Catechism of the Church, scriptural history, and the principles of religion and morality; and the Schools are examined annually by a committee of Presbytery. No definite answer could be obtained to the questions as to the number of children under five years of age taught to read, and to those between five and fifteen years of age taught to read and to write, as no list in reference to these queries has ever been kept in any of the Schools in this parish. The children are uniformly sent to School between the age of five and six years, and continue till they are ten or eleven years of age; many of them then become servants for the summer half-year, return to their parents for the winter half, and attend School during this season for one, and in some cases for three successive winters.

There is no person in the parish from ten years of age and upwards who cannot read.

(signed) Robert Kirkwood, Minister.

UTTON and COWIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English reading, English grammar, writing, geography, arithmetic, book-keeping, mensuration, Latin, Greek and French. The salary of the master of Hutton School is 27*l.*, that of Cowie, 42*l.* 6*s.* per annum; the School fees of the former amount to 20*l.*, those of the latter to 3*l.*, and other emoluments are 2*l.* 10*s.* and 10*l.* per annum respectively. There are no other Schools in the parish, but one gentleman has a tutor for his children.

(not signed.)

JOHNSTONE Parish - (Pop. 1,234.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	80	70	150	35	25	60

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	38	32	70	19	16	35	30	25	55	21	19	40

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	56	44	100	34	26	60	56	43	99	34	26	60

KEIR Parish - - - - (Pop. 1,034.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	64	27	91	40	9	49

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	73	53	126	-	-	-	98	46	144	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	22	22	-	8	8	-	-	-	-	-	-

KIRKCONNEL Parish - (Pop. 1,111.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	54	12	66	-	-	21

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	20	21	41	-	-	-	14	16	30	-	-	-

JOHNSTONE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, English, writing, arithmetic, geography, book-keeping and French. The salary of the master is minimum, being one chalders and a half of oatmeal (by new Act), with School fees amounting to 21*l.* 10*s.*, and other emoluments to 5*l.* 10*s.* annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing, arithmetic, geography and book-keeping are taught.

There are no individuals in the parish above the age of fifteen who are not able to read, and there are very few who cannot write.

(signed) *R. Colvin*, Minister.

LEIR Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English grammar, Latin, Greek, writing, arithmetic and geography, to which might be conveniently added French and mathematics. Each of the masters has a salary of 25*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum; the School fees of one amount to 21*l.*, those of the other to 22*l.* per annum; one of the masters is also session clerk, from which he derives 1*l.* 15*s.*, and both of them are paid 2*l.* per annum out of the Candlemas offerings. The School *not* Parochial is kept a few months during the summer by a female, for instructing children in sewing.

It would be of great advantage in the parish Schools to make it imperative that the School fees should be paid in advance; it would save the masters from much annoyance, foster better habits in the people, and produce a more regular and full attendance, than the present system of running long accounts.

(signed) *Will. Menzies*, Minister.

KIRKCONNEL Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping. The master receives the minimum amount of salary, with 3*l.* other emoluments annually. At the School *not* Parochial only English is taught.

The number of children attending the Parochial School, and the amount of fees, are not given, as the School was vacant from 1st September to 8th December 1834.

(signed) *James Richardson*, Minister.

KIRKMAHOE Parish - (Pop. 1,601.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	7	9	16	150	136	286	112	90	202

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	120	87	207	26	22	48	170	116	286	96	50	146

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	22	18	40	9	7	16	26	21	47	14	17	31

KIRKMICHAEL Parish - (Pop. 1,226.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	3	5	8	136	144	280	68	72	140

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	20	30	50	12	22	34	30	50	80	8	12	20

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

KIRKPATRICK- FLEMING Parish } - - (Pop. 1,666.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	15	93	104	197	25	31	56	112	98	210	28	24	52

MAHOE Parish is landward, with five Villages.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English, Latin, grammar, writing, arithmetic, geometry, geography, Algebra, and the principles of religion. The collective salaries of the masters is 31*l.* 6*s.* 6½*d.* annually; the School fees amount to 36*l.*, and other emoluments to 3*l.* 3*s.* annually. At the School *not* Parochial the same branches are taught as at the Parochial Schools.

There are three Parochial Schools, owing to the parish being extended and inconvenient from distances; the 600 merks is therefore divided among the three Schools. All the children are well taught, and there is no young person above ten years of age who cannot both read and write. The School *not* Parochial is a voluntary School under the inspection of a few heads of families, who say that the School is not under the control of the Presbytery, or fettered by any legal enactment, and who have a public examination annually; this School (as well as the others) has been occasionally visited by the Minister, who found it well conducted, and the master well informed and zealous in his duty. A new school-house has been built for this School, to which the principal heritors subscribed and assisted by giving wood, &c.; supposing it was only a subsidiary School, the Minister also subscribed, but who has now reason to believe that it is intended to supersede the School (formerly called the parish School), which is nearest to the new erection. The other three Schools would be sufficient for the wants of the parish, were the School accommodation better.

(signed) *John Wightman*, Minister.

MICHAEL Parish is entirely landward.

The branches directed to be taught at the Parochial School are Latin, Greek, arithmetic, book-keeping, writing and English, all of which are usually taught, with the addition of mensuration, Algebra, trigonometry and geography; also French might perhaps be sometimes introduced. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*; the School fees (including Candlemas offerings) amount to about 20*l.*, and other emoluments consist of a house and garden, and one acre and a half of land. At the School *not* Parochial, (which is a side School), English, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught.

Religious instruction is particularly attended to as part of every day's duty in both the above Schools.

The number of children who attended the School *not* Parochial during the periods specified is not given, as the person who was master at that time has gone out of the country, and his successor has not the means of ascertaining the same, but it is believed the number was about the same as at the Parochial School.

(not signed.)

PATRICK-FLEMING Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of Latin, Greek, English, writing, arithmetic, geometry, and occasionally French, Algebra and geography; any other branch could be also conveniently taught which might be required. Each of the masters has a salary of 25*l.* 13*s.* 3*d.* per annum; the School fees of one amount to 30*l.*, and other emoluments to 4*l.* per annum as collector of poor assessment; the School fees of the other amount nearly to 20*l.*, and other emoluments to 2*l.* 10*s.* per annum for collecting statute-labour road money. At the Schools *not* Parochial, which consist of one Infant and two Sabbath Schools, the Scriptures and Catechisms are only taught.

Scarcely any children under five years of age have been taught to read, that being the usual age at which they are sent to School; almost the entire number of children between five and fifteen years of age have either been taught or are now learning to read; it is supposed that there are no persons above the age of fifteen who cannot read. All, or nearly all the children in the parish above nine years of age have either been partially taught, or are now learning to write.

(not signed.)

KIRKPATRICK- JUXTA Parish } - - (Pop. 981.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	T.			
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	-	-	76	-	-	66	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
OTHER SCHOOLS.		Instructors.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
				From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
3	3	-	-	142	-	-	123	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

LANGHOLM Parish - (Pop. 2,676.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				8	6	14	158	85	243	112	58	170

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	60	40	100	35	25	60	53	37	90	33	17	50

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	91	60	151	-	-	-	92	67	159	-	-	-

LOCHMABEN Burgh } and Parish - - - } (Pop. 2,795.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	T.			
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.				CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	69	43	112	57	36	93	92	56	148	67	42	1		
OTHER SCHOOLS.				CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
				From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
4	4	101	72	173	71	54	125	151	114	265	95	76	1		

KPATRICK JUXTA Parish is entirely landward.

There is one Parochial and one temporary School; the branches taught therein consist of reading, writing, book-keeping, mensuration, geography and the Scriptures; to which Latin, Greek and French might be conveniently added. The salary of the principal schoolmaster is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*, that of the temporary schoolmaster 17*l.* 2*s.* 2*d.* per annum; the School fees of each amount on an average to 15*l.*, and other emoluments to about 3*l.* 10*s.* annually.

At the Schools *not* Parochial the instruction consists of reading, writing and arithmetic; there is also a Bible class, and one for the New Testament in every School, with Catechisms of the Church and sacred lessons. Few children are taught to read under five years old, but all in the parish between five and fifteen years of age are able to read, and most of them can also write.

The number of children returned in the Parochial and other Schools is the average of the last two years from Michaelmas to Lady Day in each year.

(signed) The Rev. Dr. Singer.

NGHOLM Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh of Barony.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, with grammar, Latin, Greek, French, geography, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and mathematics, and it is thought that no other branch could be conveniently taught. The salary of the master (who employs an assistant at his own expense when necessary) is 34*l.*, with 40*l.* School fees, and 20*l.* other emoluments annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial (one whereof is situate in the country and the other two in the Town) English, writing and arithmetic are taught. The master of one of these Schools has an annual salary of 3*l.*, which is voluntarily given by the heritors, together with a free house and garden; the third is a free School, lately erected by one of the heritors, with a salary arising from the interest of 600*l.*, for which the master is bound to teach 25 free scholars, and he is allowed to teach for wages as many more as he conveniently can; at present he instructs several pupils in Greek, Latin, French, geography and practical mathematics. There are also several females who teach a few children in the town, the number of whom may amount to about 80.

It is believed that the number of persons in the parish above the age of fifteen who are unable to read is very small; all have ample means of being taught; for besides the Free School, the kirk session pay for a considerable number of poor children at the Parochial School.

(signed) Will. B. Shaw, Minister.

CHMABEN Parish is partly Burgh and partly landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Greek, Latin, English reading and grammar, geography, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, and occasionally French, mathematics and land surveying; it is considered that it would not be advisable to teach any additional branches. The salary of the first master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, that of the second 17*l.* 2*s.* 2½*d.* per annum, and the School fees are under 25*l.* annually; other emoluments are the interest of 200*l.* for the first master, and that of 150*l.* for the second master. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mensuration, Latin and French are taught, but the two last-mentioned branches are not often required.

The minister is sorry he could not answer the query as to the number of children under five years of age who are taught to read, and the queries as to the number between five and fifteen who are taught to read and to write, as this would require him to go to every house in the parish to get the information, which would be attended with monstrous labour in this parish, and would materially interfere with his parochial duties.

not signed.)

MIDDLEBIE Parish - (Pop. 2,107.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			8	6	14	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	83	51	134	72	33	105	111	72	183	80	70	150		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	45	40	85	40	25	65	93	80	173	90	65	155		

MOFFAT Parish - - - (Pop. 2,221.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				6	5	11	80	82	162	55	41	96

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	15	7	22	12	6	18	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
6	6	84	76	160	75	68	143	80	71	151	72	61	133

MORTON Parish - - (Pop. 2,140.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	67	22	89	47	8	55

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	61	20	81	50	20	70	67	22	89	64	21	85

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	127	94	221	112	84	196	119	81	200	115	78	193

DLEBIE Parish is entirely landward.

The branches directed to be taught at the Parochial Schools are Greek, Latin, English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, and the principles of Christianity; all of which are usually taught, with the addition of French, mathematics, geography, English grammar and composition, and perhaps history, the use of the globes, and the outlines of physical science might also be conveniently added. Each of the masters has a salary of 25 *l.* 13 *s.* 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ *d.* per annum, with 25 *l.* school fees; one of them also receives 7 *l.* annually as heritors' clerk. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, reading, writing, arithmetic, and the Church Catechism are taught.

All the children between five and fifteen years of age are taught to read, and about one-half of them are also taught to write. The chief defect of the Act of Parliament relative to the Schools of Scotland is that part of it which enacts, that in the event of there being two or more Parochial Schools, the heritors are freed from the burden of building either school-houses or dwelling-houses for the teachers, a hardship which is increased by the salaries being less in such parishes than in others; the consequence is, that neither of the parochial masters have a dwelling-house, or can legally procure the requisite repairs of the School. It is thought that were there one principal School in each parish, to which was attached the present maximum salary, and a dwelling-house and garden, with several branch Schools of an inferior sort, the School establishment would be greatly improved.

What is required as much as any thing else in Scotland, is additional churches; the population of this parish having far outgrown the parish church, and the pastoral superintendence, if properly conducted, infinitely surpasses the capacity of one clergyman; unless something is done in this respect soon, a great part of the people will be brought up in irreligion and disloyalty.

(signed) *Richard Nivison*, Minister.

FAT Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, geography, Greek and Latin. The salary of the master is 25 *l.* 13 *s.* 3 *d.*, with 7 *l.* school fees, and 5 *l.* other emoluments annually, derived from a mortified fund.

This parish has been for some years peculiarly situated in reference to Schools. There has been an endowed School for nearly 200 years, but for the last 10 years it has been in a very declining state, owing to the inefficiency of the master, and for three years it has been literally shut; an arrangement has been now entered into with the incumbent, and he retires upon a certain allowance. The Parochial School has been also in a declining state from a similar cause; the master has however at last been prevailed upon to resign, on condition that a part of the salary be continued with him for life. In consequence of these circumstances the Return cannot be considered as containing the actual number of scholars which the parish would afford had the Schools been in a more flourishing condition. It has been resolved by the patrons of the endowed and Parochial Schools to unite them under the direction of a head master and usher, and thus place the education of the parish on a more extended and efficient footing. This resolution is just about to be carried into effect, and in a few weeks it is confidently anticipated that the Schools will be in a state of active operation.

(signed) *A. Johnston*, Minister.

TON Parish is landward, containing a Burgh of Regality, with a population of 1,400 persons.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Greek, Latin, book-keeping, English grammar, writing and arithmetic, to which might be added French and mathematics, were the teacher qualified to teach the same. The salary of the master is 34 *l.* 4 *s.* 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ *d.*, with 26 *l.* School fees, and 10 *l.* other emoluments annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

Where the population is so large and the children numerous, there should be two Parochial Schools, and the salary equally divided; and when circumstances will admit, the school-houses should be so situate as to afford a fair competition for superiority and rivalry between the teachers, at the same time giving the parishioners an opportunity of preferring the most deserving. In the private Schools the teachers are often inferior, both in character and qualification.

(not signed.)

MOUSEWALD Parish - (Pop. 786.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				9	8	17	74	52	126	73	28	101

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	48	24	72	37	23	60	60	38	98	40	20	60

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	20	10	30	15	7	22	34	20	54	21	5	26

MUNGO, ST. Parish - - (Pop. 791.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	64	22	86	50	15	65

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	64	22	86	-	-	-	51	19	70	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	15	5	20	-	-	-	15	5	20	-	-	-

[illegible]

USEWALD Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic and mensuration, to which might be conveniently added Latin, Greek and geography. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, with School fees amounting to 9*l.* 10*s.* annually, and no other emoluments. At the School *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

The master of the Parochial School is not qualified to teach Latin and Greek, in consequence of which several children are sent to other Schools to learn those branches.

All above fifteen years of age are able to read; in the case of parents not being able to pay for the instruction of their children, they are sent to School at the expense of the heritors.

(signed) *A. B. Murray*, Minister.

MUNGO Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, Greek, French, English, writing, arithmetic and mathematics; no other branches are required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*, with 40*l.* school fees annually, and no other emoluments. At the School *not* Parochial (which is called a side School), English, writing and accounts are taught.

Although the amount of School fees is stated to be about 40*l.*, yet from the poverty of the inhabitants in the lower ranks of life, the schoolmaster sustains a loss of full 8*l.* annually on an average of five years.

Owing to the poorer classes being unable to purchase the books necessary for their children, it often happens that one book is made to serve three children, by which education is very seriously retarded.

(signed) *A. Jameson*, Minister.

NPONT Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of reading, writing, arithmetic and Latin; also book-keeping and Greek might be conveniently added. The salary of one of the masters is 29*l.* 6*s.* 6½*d.*, with 16*l.* School fees annually; that of the other, 22*l.*, with 9*l.* School fees annually; one of the masters also receives 4*l.* per annum, being the interest of money sunk. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught; and at the other (which is for females), needlework in addition; the number of children who attended these Schools cannot be given, as the teachers do not keep regular books.

There are also two Sunday Schools established and conducted by the minister, one whereof is for youth, containing about 60 pupils, the other, open to all from eighteen years and upwards, and contains about 30; this School is for catechising in Old and New Testament history. The minister has ascertained the population of the parish (on 1st January 1835) to be 1,261, of whom 570 are of the Established Church, 347 of the Relief, 235 of the Reformed Presbytery, and 109 of the Secession. The minister has not in the course of his ministry (since May 1833) met with one individual unable to read.

(signed) *George Smith*, Minister.

RUTHWELL Parish - (Pop. 1,216.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	30	20	50	200	210	410	150	100	250

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	3	122	48	170	-	-	-	134	70	204	-	-	-

[illegible]

SANQUHAR Burgh and Parish, with WANLOCK- HEAD Town - - - } (Pop. 3,268.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	21	13	34	161	87	248	96	45	141

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	30	14	44	—	—	—	—	—	—	30	13	43

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	159	58	217	-	-	-	-	-	-	138	65	203

TINWALD Parish - - (Pop. 1,220.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	24	15	39	115	65	200	-	-	140

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	98	67	165	67	33	100	120	70	190	85	44	129

[illegible]

HWELL Parish is entirely landward.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial Schools are English, writing, arithmetic, Latin and Greek, all of which are usually taught, with the addition of French, mensuration, navigation and geography; no other branches are required. The salary of one of the masters (who has an assistant) is 34*l.* 4*s.* 5*d.*, with 30*l.* 10*s.* 4*d.* School fees annually; that of the other, 8*l.* 11*s.* 1½*d.*, with 4*l.* School fees annually; there are no other emoluments, with the exception of presents made at Candlemas, the amount of which is not known. There are also three Sabbath Schools, attended by about 100 scholars, exclusively for religious instruction. The School *not* Parochial is a Dame School, wherein a few young children are occasionally taught.

The number of children under five years of age who can read cannot be positively ascertained, but is approximated by considering the number at present attending the Schools under that age; in the principal School they amount to fifteen males and eight females. The number of children stated as able to write is also an approximation; it may be stated in general that nearly all the male children learn to write, and the greater part of the females. The school fees are very ill paid by the poorer classes, which accounts for the smallness of the amount.

(not signed.)

QUHAR Parish is partly landward, and partly Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, reading and grammar, geography, arithmetic, Latin and Greek; to which might be conveniently added French and book-keeping. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 15*l.* school fees, and 5*l.* other emoluments annually, being the interest of mortified money. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, reading and grammar, arithmetic, geography, French and Latin are taught.

No persons are known in the parish, above the age of fifteen, who cannot read.

(not signed.)

VALD Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of reading, writing, English grammar, arithmetic, Latin, the elements of Greek, practical geometry, trigonometry, mensuration, book-keeping, geography and occasionally French. The salaries of the masters are 51*l.* 6*s.* 7½*d.*, with 30*l.* School fees, and 5*l.* 14*s.* 7*d.* other emoluments annually; there are also two Parochial Schools in the neighbourhood, one in the parish of Lochmaben, and the other in that of Kirkmahoe, where a portion of the children of this parish, who reside near them, are educated.

As the teachers in this parish have not been in the habit of keeping their books very correctly, the minister in answering the above questions, especially those where the ages of the children are required, has not been able to give more than an approximation to the truth.

(signed) George Grey, Minister.

TORTHORWALD Parish (Pop. 1,320.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	139	111	250	89	54	143
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
2	2	80	60	140	54	43	97	98	69	167	81	58
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
3	3	12	45	57	9	39	48	11	32	43	10	31

TUNDERGARTH Parish - (Pop. 530.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	94	82	176	94	82	176
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1		35	25	60	18	12	30	40	30	70	35	25
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	1	5	7	12	3	5	8	6	9	15	5	7

TYNRON Parish - - - (Pop. 493.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				3	2	5	29	34	63	16	19	35
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	1	13	8	21	10	8	18	15	7	22	13	8
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	1	22	17	39	20	14	34	24	17	41	22	17

THORWALD Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, Latin, Greek, geography and mensuration. The salary of one master is 32*l.* 2*s.*, that of the other 20*l.* per annum; the school fees amount to 16*l.* 10*s.* 8½*d.*, and 22*l.* 8*s.* 7½*d.* per annum respectively; and one of the masters receives 5*l.* 12*s.* annually, being the interest of 160*l.* (at 3½ per cent.); there are no other emoluments except a house and garden. The Schools entered as *not* Parochial are three "Side Schools," taught by aged persons (one male and two females), whereat principally reading, spelling and repeating the shorter Catechism are taught, but very imperfectly.

(signed) *John Yorstoun, Minister.*

DERGARTH Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, Latin, Greek, arithmetic, mensuration and geography, &c. The salary of the master is 34*l.*, with 15*l.* School fees, and 4*l.* other emoluments annually, being the interest of 100*l.* mortified for behoof of the School. At the School *not* Parochial, English reading is only taught.

Owing to the parochial schoolmaster having removed to England, a correct list of the number of children who attended the School cannot be procured; the supposed average number is given. The parish being of considerable length, the children at the head and lower end of the parish attend other Schools more convenient.

(not signed.)

RON Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing and arithmetic, also Latin and Greek if required; there is no desire for any other branches. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum, and the School fees are as follows; viz. for teaching English, 2*s.* per quarter; writing and arithmetic, 2*s.* 6*d.*; and Latin and Greek 4*s.* per quarter; the other emoluments of the master are 10*s.* per annum, being the bank interest of 25*l.* left by a native of this parish for behoof of the parish schoolmaster. At the School *not* Parochial (which is a donation School), English, writing, arithmetic, Latin, and Greek are taught. The teacher of this School is allowed a salary of 22*l.* annually.

(not signed.)

[illegible]

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	50	39	89	23	26	49	50	40	90	43	37	80

[illegible]

WESTERKIRK Parish - (Pop. 642.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Females.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	-	-	-	61	16	77	45	8	53

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	61	16	77	25	6	31	44	10	54	14	3	17

[illegible]

PHRAY Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, geography, French, geometry and practical mathematics; also book-keeping if required; no other branches could be conveniently added, there being too many already taught, unless the emoluments were raised, and another teacher, or an assistant, appointed. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* per annum (of which 20*l.* is paid to a master who was superannuated 12 years ago); the School fees amount to about 25*l.* annually; there are no other emoluments, except what the master derives from being session clerk, which has been very little as yet, the funds being low.

This parish being entirely landward, and chiefly pastoral, and also divided into large farms, the population, which is thin and much scattered, is mostly distant from the School; therefore few children attend under five years of age; they do not begin to write until about eight or nine years of age, but almost all above that age learn to write.

(not signed.)

TERKIRK Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, French, geography, and elements of geometry; no other branches are required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 10*l.* School fees, and 7*l.* other emoluments annually. At the Schools not Parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

(not signed.)

SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF DUMFRIES.

1. NUMBER of INHABITANTS in the SHIRE of DUMFRIES in the Year 1831 - - - - - 73,770.

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
2. NUMBER of Children under five years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	265	193	458
Number of Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	3,453	2,667	6,120
Number of such Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write - - - - - }	2,378	1,456	3,834

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
3. PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS - - - - -	65	69	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools, from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			2,344	1,394	3,738	1,226	726	1,952
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			2,643	1,535	4,178	1,405	807	2,212

	£.	s.	d.
TOTAL AMOUNT of Salaries received by Parochial Schoolmasters - - - - -	1,641	16	4
— of School Fees received by - - ditto - - - - -	1,072	19	8
— of other Emoluments received by ditto - - - - -	253	7	1
£.	2,968	3	1

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
4. SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - - -	129	143	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			3,059	2,310	5,369	1,934	1,554	3,488
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			2,872	2,241	5,113	2,176	1,683	3,859

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
5. TOTAL NUMBER of PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, and SCHOOLS not PAROCHIAL - - - - - }	194	212	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Total Number of Children attending School from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			5,403	3,704	9,107	3,160	2,280	5,440
Total Number of Children attending School from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			5,515	3,776	9,291	3,581	2,490	6,071

REMARKS ON THE SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF DUMFRIES.

the number of Inhabitants in the Shire of Dumfries in the year 1831 was 73,770.

To this number might be added in strictness, an increase of rather more than one per cent. (or 11 in 1,000), during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and ten months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years; such estimated increase somewhat lessens the *proportion* of children educated, or under education in the shire of Dumfries, but does not alter any of the *numbers* which are stated in the Summary, or in the following remarks.

The difficulty of personal inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has not permitted the ministers of twenty-two parishes in Dumfries-shire to specify the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read, or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears on the opposite page to have been 458; which by application of the rule of proportion to the population of all the parishes, gives 955 for the entire shire of Dumfries.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age, who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read (as specified in the Returns) is 6,120; adding to which a due proportion for thirteen parishes (which are defective in this particular), the total number may be assumed at 10,719. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years of age at Lady Day 1834, must have been 19,333, supposing the same proportion as before now to exist throughout the shire of Dumfries.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write (as specified in the Returns) is 3,834; adding to which a due proportion for eleven parishes (defective in this particular), the total number of such children is 6,087.

The number of Parochial Schools is 65, in which are 69 Instructors. The greatest number of scholars at these Schools between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 3,738; but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 3,943, and the least number of scholars (1,952) in like manner becomes 2,501.

The greatest number of Scholars at Parochial Schools between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834 appears on the opposite page to have been 4,178; but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 4,857, and the least number of Scholars (2,212) in like manner becomes 2,831.

The total amount of Salaries, School-fees and other Emoluments appertaining to the Parochial Instructors, was £.2,968 from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834, exclusive of the fees belonging to the Parochial Schools at Holywood, Kirkconnel and Tynron (the amount of which is not given in the Returns), and of other Emoluments appertaining to the Parochial School at Kirkmichael, consisting of a house and garden, and an acre and a half of land.

The number of Schools not parochial, is 129, in which are 143 Instructors. The greatest number of Scholars between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 5,369; adding to which a due proportion for defective returns, the estimated number becomes 5,974; and the least number of scholars (3,488) in like manner becomes 4,865.

The greatest number of scholars at Schools not Parochial, between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 5,113; adding to which a due proportion for defective returns, the estimated number becomes 6,580; and the least number of scholars (3,859) in like manner becomes 5,263.

The total number of Schools (Parochial and not Parochial) is 194, in which are 212 Instructors. The total number of scholars at all Schools in the shire of Dumfries, between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 9,107, adding to which a due proportion for defective returns, the estimated number becomes 9,917; and the least number of scholars (5,440) in like manner becomes 7,366.

The total number of scholars at all Schools in the shire of Dumfries, between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 9,291; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 11,437; and the least number of scholars (6,071) in like manner becomes 8,094.

Sabbath-day Schools are frequently mentioned in the Returns; but children receiving daily instruction, and no others, are included in the foregoing Summary and Remarks.

County of Edinburgh.

ABSTRACT OF EDUCATION

[The ancient Parishes are placed in Alphabetical order throughout the County, except those in the Shire of Edinburgh, which are placed under the Name of the County.]

BORTHWICK } Parish - - } (Pop. in 1831, 1,473.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	100	70	170	60	35	95

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	60	34	94	50	30	80	70	40	110	64	36	100

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	30	20	50	25	18	43	34	26	60	30	22	52

CALDER, EAST. See KIRKNEWTON.

CALDER, MIDDLE, } Parish - - - - }				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				4	6	10	160	154	314	136	94	230

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	116	40	156	95	25	120	108	34	142	92	20	112		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	44	90	134	36	75	111	50	90	140	40	84	124		

County of Edinburgh.

RETURNS, JULY M.DCCC.XXXIV.

*City and the Suburbs of the City of Edinburgh; but the Parochial Districts are always entered
their ancient Parishes.*

RTHWICK Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, mathematics and Latin, with geography and French; no other branches could be conveniently taught here. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 30*l.* school fees, annually, and no other emoluments. At the schools not parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

There are not above two or three persons in the parish who have not been taught to read.

(not signed.)

0-CALDER Parish is Landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, Latin, Greek, French, history, writing, arithmetic, and mathematics, with Italian, architectural and mechanical drawing, pure and mixed mathematics, and the principles of religion. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 150*l.* (including private tuition) school fees, and other emoluments as follows: a mortification of 11*l.* 2*s.* 2½*d.* yearly, for teaching church music; fees, as session clerk, 5*l.*; precentor, 5*l.*; distributing poor's money, 5*l.*; fees, as heritor's clerk, 2*l.* 2*s.*; fees for proclamation of banns, and registering births and baptisms, 5*l.* 10*s.*; allowance for deficiency of garden, 3*l.*; and, a house and garden of the value of 15*l.*, making a total income of 235*l.* 18*s.* 7*d.* annually. At one of the Schools, *not* Parochial, the master teaches only English, writing, arithmetic, &c.; another teaches a little Latin in addition, and at the other, which is a female School, the elementary branches, with needle-work, knitting, &c., are taught.

The Parochial School-room has recently been enlarged, and the old schoolmaster, who for many years had become inefficient from dissipation, has been superannuated, upon 28*l.* per annum, part of the above salary. A very excellent assistant teacher has been engaged, and as an encouragement, the heritors and Kirk Session have liberally appointed him to several offices, but this arrangement will terminate on the death of the master; the School at present being very fully attended, the assistant has engaged a sub-teacher at an expense to himself of about 50*l.* annually. Besides the Schools enumerated above, one is about to be established for infants. It is not known that there are any persons in the parish above 15 years of age who are unable to read, although some read imperfectly, but all have been taught to a certain extent in early life. About 14 children from other parishes attend School at Mid-Calder, but these are not included in this return, and about eight who reside in the remote parts of this parish attend Schools elsewhere.

(signed) John Somers, Minister.

ST CALDER Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin, geography, Greek, French, and sometimes geometry and mensuration. The salary of the master is 34*l.* per annum. The school fees are as follows: viz. for teaching English reading, 2*s.* per quarter; writing, 2*s.* 6*d.*; arithmetic, 3*s.*; and Latin, 5*s.* per quarter; the other emoluments are about 3*l.* per annum, as session clerk. There has been an increase of scholars at this school every week since it was opened by the present teacher, about a month ago. There are, at present (Dec. 1835), 29 males and 22 females in attendance. At the schools, not parochial, the same branches are taught as at the parochial school. The total number of children now attending school, belonging to this parish, is 197. The account here given only refers to the state of education in the parish at this time, Dec. 1835, the minister having been only a few months in the parish, and the schoolmasters being of short standing.

(signed) *William Learmouth*, Minister.

BRINGTON Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, Latin, writing, arithmetic, and occasionally geometry, French, Greek, geography, &c. No other branches are necessary. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 10*l.* school fees (which is seldom realised), and about 3*l.* annually; other emoluments.

The inhabitants of this parish are generally of the labouring classes, and the education of their children is often neglected, from their inability to pay the school fees; and when they do send their children to school, the teacher is seldom paid any thing. It would be a great improvement upon the system if Government would allow the teachers, in small poor parishes, a trifling annual sum, so that they might be enabled to teach all, at least to read and write; those who wished for more might pay for it. A teacher cannot live comfortably, or do those justice who are intrusted to his care, without he is paid. A very little money expended in this way would render incalculable service to the country.

(signed) *Robert Mitchell*, Minister.

CKPEN Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, French, English reading and grammar, geography, writing and arithmetic. The salary of the master is between 34*l.* and 35*l.* per annum, with about 28*l.* school fees, and between 16*l.* and 17*l.* other emoluments annually. At the schools, not parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

The children stated in the columns are the total number now learning; it is not, however, to be concluded, that 259 is the total number of children now educating; many from their vicinity to schools in other parishes attend there; this number may be stated at 50; on the other hand, not more than six attend from other parishes at schools in Cockpen. There are no means of ascertaining the numbers attending the schools at the periods mentioned; at present (Aug. 1835), 47 males and 42 females attend the Parochial School.

(signed) *Thomas Pitcairn*, Assistant Minister.

COLINTON Parish - - (Pop. 2,232.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			11	4	15	120	102	222	92	82	174

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	68	34	102	49	21	70	61	24	85	25	9	34

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	63	72	135	55	66	121	59	74	133	51	67	118

CORSTORPHINE Parish (Pop. 1,461.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
			7	15	22	93	80	173	53	26	79			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.		48.	16	64	16	8	24	52	20	72	30	14	44
1	1													
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.		75	80	155	25	27	52	47	54	101	36	29	65
3	3													

GRAMOND Parish - - (Pop. 1,984.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				5	8	13	141	120	261	80	46	126

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	40	20	60	30	10	40	40	20	60	30	10	40

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	86	123	209	37	48	85	118	132	250	68	64	132

LINTON Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, grammar, arithmetic and geography, and sometimes Latin, Greek and mathematics; to which, perhaps, mechanical drawing might, in some instances, be advantageously introduced. The salary of the master (who employs monitors) is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with from 25*l.* to 30*l.* school fees, and other emoluments, as Session Clerk, Collector of Road Money and Assessments for the Poor, amounting together to 24*l.* 1*s.* annually; but these emoluments do not necessarily belong to the parochial schoolmaster. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English is taught in all, writing and arithmetic in two, and sewing in two; three of these schools are kept by females, who have a small provision made for them, besides their school fees.

There are three schools on the borders of the parish, to which a considerable number of children (from 80 to 100) resort, as being more conveniently situated for them than the parish school. It is not known that there are any grown persons in the parish (saving one or two who have come to reside in it from the Highlands) who are unable to read.

The very small number that appears in the last list of the Parochial School for the winter half year, arises from the teacher having given the exact number that attended on the first day after the vacation. The schools are regularly examined every year by a Committee of Presbytery; this is found to have a powerful effect in keeping up their efficiency.

(signed) *Lewis Balfour*, Minister.

RSTORPHINE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, mathematics, geography and Latin; Greek, and the French language might also be taught with advantage. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* per annum, with 20*l.* school fees, and 6*l.* 10*s.* annually, arising from the office of session clerk; but this emolument does not necessarily belong to the office of schoolmaster. At two of the Schools, *not* Parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught, and needle-work at the other, which is for females.

There is a great want of means to support Schools which are *not* Parochial in this parish. The population is thin where they are situated, and their being nothing but school fees to depend on, the teachers are poorly provided for; consequently in this, as well as many other parishes, the teachers are ill qualified for their office.

(signed) *David Horne*, Minister.

MOND Parish (which is partly in the Shire of Linlithgow, but wholly entered here) is entirely landward, with three Villages.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, Latin, writing, arithmetic, and the French language; there is not frequent demand for any other branch; the salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum; the School fees are 2*s.* 6*d.* per quarter for English, if with writing, 3*s.*, arithmetic, 3*s.* 6*d.*, English grammar, 4*s.* 6*d.*, and Latin and French, 5*s.* 6*d.* per quarter each, with other emoluments arising from the office of session clerk, and for proclamations of banns and registrations, amounting to 9*l.* 4*s.* annually. At three of the Schools, *not* parochial, English, grammar, writing and arithmetic are taught, and at the other two, which are kept by females, reading, writing, and needle-work.

This Parish may be considered as well provided with the means of instruction for the middling and lower classes. Those who wish to prosecute the higher branches are not far from Edinburgh; another female School is, however, much wanted, the two already established are near the extremities of the parish, and are supported by private individuals for the benefit of those in their immediate neighbourhood. The state of numbers now attending the Schools may be considered accurate, but maximum and minimum for the periods mentioned, is only an approximation to the truth; from the change of teachers perfect accuracy cannot be attained; there is great fluctuation of numbers during the year, especially at harvest time, many children being then taken from School to assist their parents, and for the convenience of the poorer classes, some teachers receive weekly payments, this custom is injurious to the children, inasmuch as many who otherwise would attend a part are kept away for the whole of a week. There are a few individuals in the parish grown up, who cannot read; this, however, has been caused by the neglect of the parents, as those who from poverty are not able to educate their children are always assisted, but those who are able to do so, do not get that relief.

(signed) *Geo. Muirhead*, Minister.

CRANSTON Parish - - (Pop. 1,030.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	80	60	140	40	30	70

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	45	25	70	35	15	50	43	22	65	30	10	40

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	47	37	84	30	25	55	45	36	81	34	29	63

CRICHTON Parish - - (Pop. 1,325.)					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					-	-	-	109	101	210	64	66	130

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	60	22	82	50	18	68	64	24	88	45	22	67

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	6	70	80	150	60	70	130	76	115	191	39	45	84

CURRIE Parish - - - (Pop. 1,883.)					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					-	-	-	152	110	262	94	61	155

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	86	36	122	36	12	48	87	34	121	18	13	31

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	69	71	140	20	10	30	67	72	139	18	24	42

CRANSTON Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English, writing and arithmetic; other branches might also be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.* per annum, with about 21*l.* 10*s.* school fees, but this amount is not well paid. The above branches are also taught at the School *not* Parochial; the teacher whereof is wholly dependent upon the school fees, which do not realise 30*l.* annually.

In answer to the questions as to how many children under fifteen years have been taught, or are now learning to read and write. Those returned are the actual number now attending the two schools.

This Parish is something in the form of an hour-glass, and ought to have two parochial schools.

(not signed.)

CRICHTON Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, French, English, geography, arithmetic and history. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.* per annum; with 26*l.* school fees, and 9*l.*, other emoluments annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing, arithmetic, and sewing are taught.

(signed) J. K. Cuninghame, Minister.

CRURIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School (wherein the monitorial system is extended in proportion to the number of scholars) consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin and French, together with geography, mathematics, book-keeping, and the elements of Greek; no other branches are required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, per annum, with 42*l.* School fees, but these are uncertain; and 17*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.* arising from the office of Session Clerk, collecting of assessment for the poor, road-money, proclamations, &c.; but these emoluments do not necessarily appertain to the parochial schoolmasters. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading, writing and arithmetic are taught; and at the other two, females are instructed in needle-work.

(signed) John Somerville, Minister.

DALKEITH Parish - - (Pop. 5,586.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	3	81	26	107	81	26	107	80	24	104	80	24	104

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
10	11	197	114	311	133	83	216	237	148	385	172	111	283

DUDDINGSTON Parish (Pop. 3,862.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	—	—	—	—	—	365	—	—	120

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	55	-	-	40	-	-	55	-	-	40

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
10	10	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300

EDINBURGH CITY.

1.	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
ANDREW, St. Parish - (Pop. 7,339.)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

[illegible][illegible]

KEITH Parish.

The instruction given at the Parochial School (which is conducted by the rector and two assistants) consists of English, writing, arithmetic, geometry, algebra, geography, history, composition, bible and catechism; Latin, Greek, French, and at times, Italian. A salary of 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* is paid to the rector, by whom the assistants are appointed and paid. The average fee, for each scholar, is 15*s.* per quarter; other emoluments consist of a free house and garden, except 7*l.* 4*s.* 9*d.* being paid for window lights. At eight of the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught; at another, English, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, geography and Latin; and at the other, the same as at the last mentioned, with the addition of Greek and French.

The number of children returned at the Schools *not* Parochial, refers only to seven of the schools; the average attendance at the other three is about 220.

(signed by the respective Schoolmasters.)

DUNDEE Parish is partly landward, and partly otherwise.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin and geography. The salary of the master is 34*l.* per annum, with school fees, amounting to about 12*l.* annually; there are no other emoluments. At the School *not* Parochial, the usual branches are taught as at the Parochial School.

(signed) John Thomson, Minister.

EDINBURGH CITY.

ANDREWS' Parish is entirely Burgh.

There is no Parochial School, but there are seventeen other schools *not* Parochial, the branches taught are English, grammar, reading, writing, arithmetic, geography, book-keeping, history, Greek, Latin and French; also sewing at one, which is for females. The average number of children attending all these schools, is 1,265.

In answer to the question as to the number of children, under five years of age, who are taught to read there is no Infant School in the parish. The number of children between five and fifteen years of age, who are taught to read and to write, cannot be ascertained; but in a very poor population, in one district, amounting to above 2,000, an enumeration has been made of children fit to attend school, and they amount to 543; of whom 265 are at school, and the remainder, 278, attend no school at present.

(signed) David Ritchie, Minister.

2. COLLEGE-CHURCH } - (Pop. 4,244.) Parish - - - - }			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	140	100	240	70	50	120

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	4	110	100	210	110	100	210	110	100	210	110	100	210

3. GEORGE, ST. CHURCH } Parish - - - - - } (Pop. 7,338.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	210	108	318	175	91	266

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
27	74	-	-	-	-	-	-	879	804	1,683	604	460	1,064

4. GREY-FRIARS } New Parish - } (Pop. 4,536.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			19	21	40	199	178	377	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	10	445	265	710	445	265	710	445	265	710	445	265	710

EGE-CHURCH Parish is entirely part of a large Town.

In the Parish of College-Church there is no Parochial School; but a school for the children of the poor, in which reading, writing and arithmetic are taught, has very recently been established, and is usually attended by about 60 males and 50 females. The teacher is allowed a salary of 30*l.* per annum, which is raised by the minister and the congregation. At the other two, which are private schools, reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar, geography, and needle-work are taught.

This parish is occupied almost exclusively by the lowest classes of society, and a large majority of the inhabitants attend no place of worship whatever. Of the 100 children attending the two private schools, one half do not reside in this parish, and consequently are not comprehended in the 240 who are learning to read; that number, however, includes 80 residing in the parish, but receiving education without it. From the general poverty of the parish, and the smallness of the church, and the congregation, it cannot be expected that a school for the poor can be permanently maintained in a state of proper efficiency, without some other source of income than it at present enjoys. The number of children who are learning to write, between five and fifteen years of age, is about half the number who are learning to read.

(signed) *Wm. Cunningham*, Minister.

GEORGE'S Parish forms part of the Town of Edinburgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial or Sessional School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar, geography, book-keeping, Latin and Greek; sewing was formerly taught, and is immediately to be resumed. This school is under the management of subscribers and directors, and is conducted by a master, an assistant, and seven monitors. The salary of the master is 84*l.* annually; that of the assistant, 32*l.*, and the monitors are remunerated according to their efficiency. The school fees amount to 169*l.* 2*s.* 11*d.*, and the school house, which was built by subscription, is unencumbered. The master has accommodation in it, and a rent of about 6*l.* or 10*l.* is derived from cellars beneath the school. Of the instruction at the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading and writing are taught at eight of them; the modern languages at nine others; the classics and mathematics at four others; and the other six are Boarding Schools.

From a recent survey, it is believed that there are few or no children above five years of age who are not learning to read; and few above ten who cannot read and write more or less perfectly.

The number of children returned in the different schools, are those who attended during the year 1834.

(not signed.)

Y-FRIARS New Parish is in the City of Edinburgh.

There is no Parochial School in the Parish of New Grey-Friars, but five others; the first of which, "George Heriot's Hospital," contains 180 males, who are boarded and educated. This institution is conducted by five teachers; the instruction given consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, drawing, geography, history, mathematics, Latin and Greek. Several of the scholars are sent to the University every year. The second is the "Workhouse Charity School" for the whole city; it contains 180 children of the poor, who are boarded and instructed by two masters, in reading, writing and arithmetic, and afterwards put out to trades or to service. The third is conducted by one master, with the aid of monitors, and contains 190 children, who are instructed in reading, writing and arithmetic; the school fees are 2*d.* per week, but considerably above 100 children of the poor are paid for wholly or in part by the Kirk Session, from collections made in the Church for that purpose. The fourth, which is also conducted by one teacher, contains 40 children, who are instructed in the same branches as are taught at the two schools last-mentioned. The fifth, is an "Infant Model School," containing 120 children, of whom, the more advanced in years are taught to read; this school is under the superintendence of one master.

In answer to the first question, as to the number of children under fifteen years of age, who are learning to read and write, the number returned does not include the boys in George Heriot's Hospital, nor the children in the City Workhouse School. There is perhaps a greater proportion of poor people in this, than in any other parish in the City of Edinburgh, consequently, the establishment of one or more Parochial Schools would be a great blessing.

(signed) *Daniel Wilkie*, Minister.

5. GREY-FRIARS } Old Parish - } - - - (Pop. 4,345.)					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.	7	12	-	-	400	-	-	400	-	-	400	

6. HIGH-CHURCH } - - (Pop. 2,614.) Parish - - - }			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			19	19	38	315	291	606	181	152	333

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	6	176	414	590	131	348	479	162	354	516	126	292	418

[illegible]

Y-FRIARS OLD Parish is part of a Burgh.

The "Trades' Maiden Hospital" which is conducted by six teachers, and six other Schools exist in the parish of Old Grey-Friars; the instruction given consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar and geography; and at the Trades' Maiden Hospital, sewing, drawing, music, dancing and French in addition. The minister has recently been appointed, consequently cannot of himself answer the queries proposed, and the teachers are likewise unable to give satisfactory information, but the average number of children who attend all the Schools throughout the year, may be about 400.

There is no Parochial School, which is a great loss to the inhabitants, but nearly 100 children from this parish attend a subscription School, in the parish of New Grey-Friars; many also attend in other parishes, but a very great proportion go to no School whatever.

(signed) *John Syms*, Minister.

H-CHURCH Parish is entirely part of a Burgh.

There are five Schools in the parish of High-Church, including a Roman Catholic School for females, which is attended by about 250; these Schools are conducted by five teachers and one assistant, aided by monitors, who are themselves pupils; the instruction given consists of English reading, grammar writing, arithmetic, geography, and the principles of religion.

Besides the five Schools here returned, another is situate in the parish, but being under the patronage of the minister and elders of Old-Church, it is included in the Return from that parish.

(signed) *Robert Gordon*, one of the Ministers of High-Church.

Y YESTER'S Parish is part of a large Town.

At the Schools (none of which are Parochial) reading, writing, arithmetic, elocution, mathematics, Greek, Latin, French and Italian are taught; the masters are all unwilling to give an account of their numbers with any exactness, and as the same children often attend two or more Schools for different branches, as well as classes in other parishes, scarcely any definite or practical result could be derived from the information. The only School for the exclusive benefit of the poor, is attended by about 50 boys and 30 girls, several of whom come from other parishes, while the poorest children of the parish are generally educated beyond its bounds. This parish is inhabited chiefly by persons in very humble circumstances, and the population is very fluctuating; it includes the University of Edinburgh, and till 1829, contained also the High School. The removal of the High School, combined with the transference of almost all the wealthier inhabitants from the parish and neighbourhood, occasioned the removal of several other Schools at which various branches were taught which were not then comprehended in the system of High School education, such as drawing, mathematics, modern languages, &c. All the Schools in the parish (with one exception) are inapplicable to the wants of the great mass of the population, and are attended chiefly by the sons of respectable persons in the suburbs or in the new town; they have easy access to Schools in the Tron-Church parish, or in the parishes of Old Grey-Friars, St. Cuthbert's, and the Canon-gate, all which are conterminous, and numbers are admitted to the sessional School, and the Lancasterian School, neither of which is above a third of a mile distant from the centre of this parish.

(signed) *John Lee*, Minister.

8. MARY, St. Parish - - (Pop. 6,587.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				50	70	120	202	325	527	160	260	420
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	2	72	30	102	25	21	46	70	35	105	68	27
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
25	41	135	407	542	108	332	440	135	407	542	108	332

9. NEW NORTH-CHURCH Parish } - - (Pop. 1,350.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				6	7	13	75	71	146	45	38	83
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

10. OLD-CHURCH Parish - (Pop. 1,952.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	112	132	244	-	-

263

ARY'S, ST. Parish forms part of the City of Edinburgh.

The School returned as a Parochial School, is not such, strictly speaking; it was built by private subscription for the purpose of a Parochial School; the instruction given consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar, geography, history, and composition, together with the several departments of needle-work; Greek, Latin and practical mathematics might also be conveniently added. There is no salary attached to the School, and a considerable sum is still due for the erection, besides the annual burthen of 10*l.* of feu duty, and all expenses necessarily incurred in maintaining the fabric; the teacher (whose school fees for the last three years average 48*l.* per annum,) proceeds on the monitorial system. During the last year, 1834 and 1835 the number attending this School has amounted to 133 as the greatest number (males 77, females 56), and 127 as the smallest number (males 80, females 47). At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic, geography, history and French are taught. The great proportion of females arises from the number of Boarding Schools for young ladies.

(signed) Henry Grey, Minister.

EW NORTH-CHURCH Parish forms part of the Ancient Royalty of Edinburgh.

The Parish contains at present (Feb. 1836) only 777 inhabitants, in consequence of several houses having been removed to make way for new streets. The three Schools in the parish though *not* Parochial, are supported by the voluntary contributions of the parishioners, and are managed by the minister and session, whose great object is the general education, especially the religious instruction of the parish; by far the greater number of the scholars are parishioners. At one of these schools (which is for males), reading, writing, arithmetic, religious instruction, geography and history are taught. The emoluments of the master are about 55*l.*, from fees and payments by session for poor children. At another school (which is for females), reading and sewing only are taught; the salary of the mistress (who is aided by ladies of the congregation), is 18*l.* per annum. The third, is an Evening School, for young men and women, conducted by the master of the Boy's School; the emoluments, derived from fees, amount to about 25*l.* per annum. The attendance at all the Schools at present is 110 males and 130 females.

It is proper to state, that the Schools have been formed within the last two years, and though they exhibit a good condition, it is expected from the advantage of this being a manageable parish to produce still more favourable results. The parish is almost wholly a poor one, and the congregation, about 1,100, almost entirely extra-parochial.

(signed) { John Bruce, Minister,
Robert Johnston, jun. one of the Elders.

LD-CHURCH Parish is entirely Burgh.

There are three Schools in the parish of Old-Church (but no Parochial School), conducted by four teachers, at which reading, writing, arithmetic, geography, grammar, &c. are taught.

(signed) Thos. Macknight, Minister.

[illegible]

12. TOLL-BOOTH-CHURCH Parish } - (Pop. 3,016.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			69	65	134	392	288	680	-	-	464

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	-	-	343	-	-	343	-	-	343	-	-	343

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
6	6	-	-	458	-	-	458	-	-	458	-	-	458

[illegible]

PHEN'S, ST. Parish is situate entirely in the City of Edinburgh.

The parishioners of St. Stephen's (with the exception of about 1,800) are of the wealthy class and upper ranks of society, whose children are of course educated in all necessary branches at the usual time of life, at which they are able to acquire them. The incumbent, on entering the parish in 1829, promoted the establishment of three Schools, for educating at a cheap rate, or gratuitously, the children of the poor; viz. one for males, containing 100, who are taught by a master and monitors; another for females, containing 90, who are taught by a mistress and monitresses; and the other, for *infants*, which is conducted by a mistress and assistants, contains about 150 children of both sexes. These Schools are supported by subscription, and small School fees; the salaries to each teacher is from 30*l.* to 40*l.* annually. The instruction given consists of English reading, writing and arithmetic, and the bible and catechism of the Church is used daily. At the School for females, needle-work is taught in addition.

Besides the above, the "Edinburgh Academy" for Latin and Greek, containing 300 males, is situate in this parish; also, the "Circus School," containing 290 children; and the "Deaf and Dumb Institution," in which are 60 young persons of both sexes; together with four Private Boarding Schools for young ladies, and two Schools on private adventure, each of which is attended by about 25 children of the poor.

(signed) Wm. Muir, Minister.

TOLL-BOOTH-CHURCH Parish is entirely situated within the Burgh of Edinburgh.

In the parish of Toll-Booth-Church are seven Schools, but none of them, strictly speaking, Parochial; the one so entered is a sessional School, intended for the benefit of children from all the parishes of Edinburgh, and is supported by contributions from the congregations of the different parish churches, and of some of the Episcopal chapels; the present number of children in attendance amounts to 343; it is under the superintendence of John Wood, Esq., Sheriff of Peebleshire, whose labours are gratuitous, aided by an assistant who is paid a salary of 60*l.* per annum; the School fees are 1½*d.* per week. Three other Schools, which have been instituted for the benefit of the parishioners, are under the superintendence of the Kirk session, and are supported by contributions from the congregation attending the Toll-Booth church; the first of these Schools contains, at present, 146 children of both sexes; the School fees are 1*d.* per week, and the teacher is allowed a house and a salary of 40*l.* per annum. The second is a female School containing 124, in which girls who have already learned to read, are taught needle-work in addition to other branches; the salary of the teacher is 30*l.* per annum, and a house, rent-free; the School fees are 2*d.* per week. The third is an *Infant School*, which at present contains 115 children, each of whom contributes one penny weekly; the teacher is allowed a house and 30*l.* annually; at all the Schools enumerated above (the Infant School excepted) the instruction consists of English reading and grammar, the principles of religion and sacred history, the elements of general knowledge, writing, arithmetic and geography. The remaining three are private Schools, in which at present 73 children are instructed in English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, geography, and Latin.

The annual average attendance at all the above Schools, amounts to upwards of 800 children, but as lists are not kept by the respective teachers; the information sought cannot be given accurately, in conformity with the questions proposed. In answer to the question as to how many children under 15 years have been taught to read and write, the number returned consists of those only belonging to the parish who are now learning.

(signed) James Marshall, Minister.

TRON-CHURCH Parish forms part of the Old Town of Edinburgh.

At the seven Schools which exist in the parish of Tron-Church, English, writing, arithmetic and the principles of religion are taught; and at one of them, a private School, a few scholars are instructed in Latin; the number of children returned may be considered the average number throughout the year.

There are several of the queries proposed, to which it is not possible for the ministers to find materials for reply. The population of this parish is of so fluctuating a kind, that it is beyond their power to give the specific number of those who can, or those who cannot, read and write. The number of Schools locally within the parish, give no index of the provision made for the educational wants of it, for the children attending some of them, come from many different parishes, particularly the two Roman Catholic Schools, and in what is called the "City School," Niddry-street. On the other hand, the children of this parish, frequently attend Schools situate in other parishes, such as the Sessional School, &c.

(signed) { Alexander Brunton.
John Hunter.

SUBURBS OF THE CITY OF EDINBURGH.

1. CANONGATE Parish - (Pop.10,175.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.				CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	80	40	120	70	30	100	80	40	120	70	30	100		
OTHER SCHOOLS.				CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
				From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
13	13	500	400	900	-	-	-	500	400	900	-	-	-		

2. CUTHBERT, St. Parish - (Pop. 58,887.)—No Return could be obtained from the ancient Parish of St. Cuthbert a long delay in consequence of such defect of one of the most important parishes in Scotland) to print the other Returns in printing the Abstract delayed, in the hope of receiving a Return or an explanatory Letter from the Minister. If any

BERNARD, St. } Parish - - - } (Pop. about 3,000.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.					From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	150	80	230	130	70	200	150	80	230	130	70	200

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.					From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
6	8	9	99	108	5	74	79	9	99	108	5	74	79

BUCCLEUCH } Parish - - } (Pop. about 3,000.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
Schools.	Instructors.	8	26	215	154	369	215	136	351	208	197	405	202	181	383

SUBURBS OF THE CITY OF EDINBURGH.

CANONGATE Parish is partly Burgh and partly Landward, containing nearly the whole of the Burgh and Canongate, and the whole of the King's Park.

The School returned as Parochial, is *not* strictly speaking so, the master not being chosen by the Heritors, and examined by the Presbytery. He is appointed by the Kirk Session, from whose funds he is allowed a salary of 20*l.* per annum, and under whose authority the School fees are regulated. The instruction given at this School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic and geography; no other branches could conveniently be taught, unless more teachers were appointed.

At the other thirteen Schools, English reading, writing and arithmetic are the branches commonly taught; one of these is called the "Burgh School," the master of which is allowed 3*l.* 3*s.* annually by the magistrates; but this payment will only be continued during the time of the present teachers.

(signed) *John Gilchrist,* } Ministers.
John Clark, }

Though numerous applications were addressed to the Minister until the middle of September 1836, when it became necessary (after publication for the County of Edinburgh, the types having been kept standing for upwards of four months, and further progress arrive before the Summary of Scotland is printed, a Note will then be subjoined concerning the Parish of St. Cuthbert, Edinburgh.

ST. BERNARD, ST. Parish is a new government district, disjoined from the Parish of St. Cuthbert.

Strictly speaking, there is no Parochial School in the parish, the one entered as such being rather a Sessional School, at which English, writing, arithmetic, history, and geography are taught; also instruction in religion is given; the master has no salary, his school fees amount to 80*l.* per annum, he has no other emoluments. At the other six Schools existing in the parish (all whereof are kept by females), the usual branches of a genteel education are taught, such as English, writing, arithmetic, geography, grammar, needle-work, and religious instruction; at one of them music, and at another music, French and Italian are taught in addition.

This Return does not include the Sabbath Schools of the parish, at which nearly 300 children are instructed. The Return here given, ought perhaps to have been made by the Minister of St. Cuthbert's, the original parish, as it applies to a period anterior to the separate existence of the parish of St. Bernard.

(signed) *James Macfarlane,* Minister.

BUCCLEUCH is a Burgh Parish, and having been lately disjoined from the parish of St. Cuthbert's, has not yet the benefit of a Parochial School.

At the eight Schools returned, English, English grammar and composition, geography, history, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, Latin, Greek, French, German, Italian, mathematics, drawing, music, dancing, and needle-work are taught.

From the destitution of the parish and surrounding districts of the means of elementary instruction for the poor and working classes, the Minister and Kirk session, aided by the parishioners, have lately been making strenuous efforts to raise by subscription a sum sufficient, with the assistance expected from the government grant, for the purpose of erecting a parish School.

The parish of St. Cuthbert's originally contained a population of about 72,000 souls; by the partition of the parish *quoad sacra*, about 12,000 have been given to the new parishes, leaving 60,000 souls in the original parish. The newly erected parishes are surrounded by densely peopled districts which have not yet been disjoined from the original parish; this is peculiarly the case with the parish of Buccleuch. It is evident, therefore, that there must be a great deficiency in the means of education and religious instruction.

(signed) *Patrick Clason,* D. D. Minister.

NEWINGTON } Parish - - } (Pop. about 3,000.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	144	56	200	120	40	160	144	56	200	120	40	160

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
7	8	15	215	230	15	178	193	14	198	212	14	161	175

ROXBURGH Parish (Pop. about 3,000.)—No Return could be obtained from this Parish, which is one of the

3. LEITH, NORTH, Parish - (Pop. 7,416.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	15	45	60	558	478	1,036	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	47	16	63	18	12	30	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
15	18	526	507	1,033	430	423	853	-	-	-	-	-	-

4. LEITH, SOUTH, Parish - (Pop. 18,439.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	58	93	151	955	774	1,729	509	389	898

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
26	26	961	717	1,678	854	635	1,489	1,027	788	1,815	938	713	1,651

WINGTON is a suburban Parish lately separated from that of St. Cuthbert.

At the School returned as Parochial, English, writing, arithmetic, geography and grammar are taught; there is no Salary attached to the School; the fees amount to 55 *l.* per annum; there are no other emoluments. At three of the Schools *not* Parochial the branches taught are English, writing, arithmetic, geography and French, with Italian, general literature, music, drawing and dancing, in addition; at one, history, and the three last mentioned branches at another, and drawing at the other; the branches taught at two others are reading, writing, arithmetic and sewing; those taught at two others, are English, grammar, French, geography and music; also drawing in addition at one, and history at the other. All these Schools are kept by females, and two of them are Boarding Schools.

(signed) *David Runciman*, Minister.

ew Government Districts recently disjoined from the Parish of St. Cuthbert.

RTH LEITH Parish is partly Burgh and partly landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, book-keeping, arithmetic, mathematics, geography, and religious instruction from the bible and catechism; no additional branches seem to be required; the salary of the master (who has an assistant) is 21 *l.* per annum, with about 8 *l.* school fees and 46 *l.* annually arising from the offices of recorder and session clerk. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic, geography, the bible and the shorter catechisms are taught; and at some, music, drawing, sewing and knitting.

In answer to the question as to the number of children under five years of age who are taught to read, those returned are now learning at an *Infant School*, and do not include any who are under instruction at home; and those returned from that age to fifteen years, consist of the number of scholars at present enrolled on the different school books. The Schools in this parish are very far from being in a satisfactory state; they are chiefly carried on upon private adventure, consequently there is no guarantee for the qualifications of the teachers, and no efficient control over them. An increase to the number of endowed Schools is highly desirable, with a view of bettering the mode of teaching, and of lowering the school fees.

(signed) *J. Buchanan*, Minister.

UTH LEITH Parish consists of a portion of the Parliamentary Burgh of Leith, and of a landward district.

There is no Parochial School, but Twenty-six others in which English reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar, geography, mathematics, Latin, Greek, French, navigation and history are taught.

The Minister has no means at his disposal by which he can ascertain the numbers in the parish who have been taught to read and write, apart from those in actual attendance at School; to attain this object, it would be necessary to visit separately each family, which in a parish with nearly 4,000 families is quite impracticable for the minister consistently with the performance of his duties.

(signed) *James Grant*, D. D. Minister.

FALA Parish - - - - (Pop. 437.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	47	33	80	45	30	75
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

GLENCROSS Parish - - (Pop. 652.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	24	11	35	17	8	25

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	25	15	40	18	10	28	27	18	45	15	11	26		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	18	20	38	12	15	27	20	25	45	14	18	32		

HERIOT Parish - - - (Pop. 327.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	40	37	77	30	25	55

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	35	25	60	-	-	-	37	15	52	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-

A Parish (which is partly in the Shire of Haddington, but wholly entered here) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics and Latin; mechanism and natural history might also be advantageously taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 6½*d.*, with 25*l.* School fees, and 3*l.* annually as precentor.

The children in this parish are seldom sent to School under five years of age, but the more religious among the parents instruct them at home. There is only one man in the parish who cannot read, and who will not be induced to go to Church. Owing to a vacancy in the School, between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, the number of children that attended during that period cannot be accurately given.

(signed) *Thos. Sherriff*, Minister.

ENCROSS Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consist of English reading, writing and arithmetic. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 19*l.* 15*s.* School fees, and 5*l.* 15*s.* annually, other emoluments. At the School *not* Parochial, English, reading and writing are taught.

(signed) *Alex. Torrence*, Minister.

RIOT Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, Latin, Greek, arithmetic, book-keeping, land-measuring, writing, geography and French. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, per annum, with 25*l.* School fees, and 4*l.* 15*s.* annually; other emoluments. At the School *not* Parochial (which is only open during the winter), English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

(signed) *Robert Court*, Minister.

INVERESK Parish - - (Pop. 3,961.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			42	53	95	550	454	1,004	365	328	693

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
21	34	582	491	1,073	574	488	1,062	598	516	1,114	568	480	1,048

KIRKLISTON Parish. See LINLITHGOWSHIRE.

KIRKNEWTON and EAST CALDER United Parish - -			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.							
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.							
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.					
			-	-	-	130	79	209	85	46	131					
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
Schools.	Instructors.		1	1	51	25	76	18	7	25	52	45	97	18	7	25
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
Schools.	Instructors.		2	2	61	37	98	51	30	81	78	40	118	43	23	66

LASWADE Parish - - (Pop. 4,252.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	40	20	60	35	15	50	45	25	70	40	20	60
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
11	11	379	251	630	240	144	384	384	253	637	206	151	357

VERESK Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh; viz. Musselburgh.

There is no Parochial School in the parish, which is much to be regretted; there is, however, a "Grammar School," the rector of which is allowed a salary of 27*l.* 5*s.* 4*d.* per annum, by the Burgh; and two English teachers are also allowed annual salaries of 20*l.* and 10*l.* respectively.

Children are not generally sent to School until they are about five years of age; the greater part of them learn to write as they advance in years. At the Grammar School, two Boarding Schools, and at an Academy, all the branches of a classical and commercial education are taught; classical education has, however, for some years been on the decline, and should be more encouraged. At all the Schools the principles of religion are taught, and the sacred Scriptures are read. A considerable number, particularly of fishermen, colliers, salters and hatters read very imperfectly, owing to their having been taught by persons not sufficiently qualified to teach, and some cannot read at all. At some of the Schools poor children are taught English at twopence per week, and when writing and arithmetic are required, the fee is threepence.

(signed) *Leslie Moodie*, Minister.

RKNEWTON and EAST CALDER United Parish is landward, with two small Villages.

The instruction given at the Parochial School, wherein the monitorial system is employed, consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, geography, Latin and French; there is no demand for any other branch. The master is allowed two chalders of oatmeal, valued at 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, and from 35*l.* to 40*l.* annually, School fees, but of this amount not more than three-fourths is received. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, geography and Latin are taught; and at one, practical mathematics in addition.

There are not more than half a dozen children under five years of age at School, and these are sent more to keep them out of harm's way than for any other purpose; five is the usual age for beginning the useful and substantial business of education.

(not signed.)

SWADE Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, French, English, writing and arithmetic. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* with 48*l.* School fees, annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, French, music, drawing, English, writing, arithmetic and needle-work are taught.

(not signed.)

LIBBERTON Parish (Pop. 4,063.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	70	23	93	30	8	38	70	23	93	30	8	39		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
8	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		

NEWBATTLE Parish - (Pop. 1,882.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				9	6	15	150	96	246	83	60	143

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	42	32	74	39	28	67	44	35	79	38	30	68

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	108	64	172	101	63	164	106	61	167	94	60	154

NEWTON Parish - - (Pop. 2,274.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	127	43	170	74	28	102	136	48	184	74	28	102

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	46	150	196	24	60	84	68	184	252	35	81	116

BERTON Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, English grammar, writing, geography, arithmetic, practical mathematics, Latin, Greek and French. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, and 1*l.* 7*s.* 9¼*d.* of mortified money, per annum, with 46*l.* School fees, and 1*l.* 1*s.* annually, other emoluments, as session clerk. The branches taught at the Schools *not* Parochial, are not stated.

The questions as to the number of children who are taught to read under five years of age, and the number who are taught to read and write, between five and fifteen years of age; also, those concerning the number of children who attended the Schools *not* Parochial, during the periods specified, cannot be answered, as the same teachers are not now in some of the Schools that were in them at the date of the Return required. They are indeed almost continually changing. There are no difficulties of a permanent nature, so far as can be seen, to prevent any of the queries from being answered, provided the schoolmasters know them at the commencement of the year.

(signed) *John Young*, Schoolmaster.

WBATTLE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, arithmetic, writing and book-keeping; other branches might be taught, if required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 9*d.*; the School fees amount to about 25*l.*, and other emoluments to about 8*l.* 10*s.* per annum. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, English, arithmetic, writing, book-keeping, geography, Latin, Greek and French are taught; at the other three, only English, writing and arithmetic.

In regard to the number of children returned, from five to fifteen years of age, who have been taught or are now learning to read, that can only approximate the truth; there being no data which can be relied on for ascertaining their real age. The same may be observed in regard to those who are learning to write. The number is, however, as accurate as it could be, but it refers only to the year 1833-1834.

(signed) *John Thomson*, Minister.

WTON Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English reading and grammar, arithmetic, writing, book-keeping, geography, practical mathematics and algebra. The master is also competent to teach Latin and Greek, if such branches were required. The salary of the master (who provides and pays an assistant) is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 60*l.* School fees, and 37*l.* annually, other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading, writing and accounts are taught.

With few exceptions, children are not sent to School in this parish until they are five years of age. It is impossible to give definite answers to the questions, as to the number of children, under fifteen years of age who have been taught, or who are now learning to read and write, further than can be obtained from the number usually attending School. Two of the Schools *not* Parochial, are exclusively for females, where sewing is taught in addition to the other branches; another, is an *Infant School*, which was established soon after Michaelmas 1833, for children between two and six years of age; it opened with nineteen children, and the highest number that attended during the half-year was forty-five.

(not signed.)

PENNYCUICK Parish - (Pop. 2,255.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	79	28	107	39	14	53

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
8	8	-	-	322	-	-	209	-	-	322	-	-	209

RATHO Parish - - - (Pop. 1,313.)					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
					-	-	-	102	76	178	88	38	126		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	90	34	124	68	22	90	72	48	120	30	19	49		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

STOW Parish - - - - (Pop. 1,771.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	42	37	79	38	34	72	45	38	83	37	33	70		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	82	68	150	-	-	-	90	78	168	-	-	-		

NYCUICK Parish is landward, with a village containing about 1,000 inhabitants.

The instruction given at the Parochial School, consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, and mensuration; Latin, French, geography and other branches would also be taught if there were any demand for them; the salary of the master, who is superannuated, is 34*l.* per annum, with a house and garden; he likewise receives 12*l.* annually as session clerk, and fees for registrations, &c.; the School fees, amounting to about 40*l.* per annum, are paid to an assistant, who is likewise sub-session clerk, for which he is paid 5*l.* annually. At four of the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School, with Latin and Greek occasionally in addition; the other four (which include an *Infant School*) are kept by females who teach needle-work, reading, &c.

The children generally, throughout the parish, are able to read a little at five years old, and the whole population between that age and 15 (with the exception of one Irish family) have been taught or are now learning to read and write. By comparing the number of children under instruction with the population of the parish, it will be found that about one-sixth of the whole are under instruction, being as high a rate as is to be found in the best instructed communities; indeed, education may be considered universal in the parish, though of a plain unambitious kind. Besides the daily Schools here mentioned, four Sabbath Schools exist which are attended by about 200 children. With all these advantages it cannot be said that the children are remarkable for orderly or virtuous conduct, but rather the reverse; this is to be ascribed to the immorality which more or less taints all manufacturing districts, and the circumstance that both the parents frequently work in paper mills which abound here, while their children are left to themselves, or to follow them. The number of children who attended the Parochial School during the first period required, cannot be ascertained, and those returned as attending the Schools *not* Parochial, must be considered as an approximation to the average number throughout the year.

(signed) *W. S. Moncrieffe*, Minister.

THO Parish is landward, with a small Village.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, geography, writing, arithmetic, Latin and occasionally Greek and French; mathematics might also be taught with advantage. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 45*l.* School fees, and 6*l.* 2*s.* 6*d.* annually, other emoluments.

In answer to the question as to how many children under fifteen years of age have been taught, or are now learning to read and write, the number returned consists of those who are now learning.

(signed) *James Clason*, Minister.

W Parish (which is partly in the shire of Selkirk but wholly entered here) is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, practical mathematics, geography, Latin and Greek; no other branches appear to be required. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English grammar, writing and arithmetic are taught, and at two of them practical mathematics in addition.

There is no child in the parish of the age of five or six years, but has learned or is now learning to read; but the exact number under fifteen years of age who have been taught, cannot be ascertained; 46 children at the Parochial School are now learning to write. None of the Schools, except the last-mentioned, are endowed, which makes education high to the poor; and the miserable pittance afforded to the teachers is unfavourable to the procuring of educated men. This parish is about 18 miles in length, so that a great part of it can derive no benefit from the Parochial School, wherefore it is most desirable that something in the way of endowment should be afforded to the other three Schools which are now wholly dependent on School fees.

(signed) *John Cormack*, D.D. Minister.

TEMPLE Parish - - (Pop. 1,255.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	72	32	104	28	14	42	75	35	110	14	6	20

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	75	57	132	-	-	-	77	58	135	-	-	-

MPLE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing arithmetic, Latin, book-keeping, practical mathematics, history, and occasionally Greek and French. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* with 36*l.* school fees, and 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* other emoluments annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading, grammar, writing, arithmetic, and geography are taught; instruction in religious knowledge is also given at all the Schools.

Children under five years old do not attend School, but all above that age are taught to read.

(signed) *James Goldee*, Minister.

SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF EDINBURGH.

1. NUMBER of INHABITANTS in the SHIRE of EDINBURGH in the Year 1831 - - - - - 219,345.

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
2. NUMBER of Children under five years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	330	432	762
Number of Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	5,061	4,265	9,326
Number of such Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write - - - - - }	2,689	2,190	4,879

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
3. PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS - - - - -	32	40	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			1,996	916	2,912	1,442	648	2,090
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			2,293	1,107	3,400	1,646	766	2,412

	£.	s.	d.
TOTAL AMOUNT of Salaries received by Parochial Schoolmasters - - - - -	1,183	19	8 ³ / ₄
-- of School Fees received by - - ditto - - - - -	1,059	7	11
-- of other Emoluments received by ditto - - - - -	275	6	- ¹ / ₂
	£.	2,518	13 8 ¹ / ₄

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
4. SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - - -	325	442	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			6,361	6,126	12,487	4,537	4,499	9,036
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			6,620	6,556	13,176	4,801	4,652	9,453

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
5 TOTAL NUMBER of PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, and SCHOOLS not PAROCHIAL - - - - - }	357	482	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Total Number of Children attending School from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			8,357	7,042	15,399	5,979	5,147	11,126
Total Number of Children attending School from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			8,913	7,663	16,576	6,447	5,418	11,865

REMARKS ON THE SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF EDINBURGH.

The number of Inhabitants attributed to the several parishes in this Abstract of Education Returns, differs from the total number ascribed to the Shire of Edinburgh in the Population Abstract of 1831, because in a few instances parish extends into adjoining shires, in which case the entire parish is ascribed to that shire in which the larger portion of its population resides; this kind of correction being unavoidable in a Return strictly parochial. The total Population of the parishes entered in this Abstract thus becomes 21 persons less than 219,345, and is taken at 219,324 in all the calculations on which the subsequent remarks are founded.

To this number might be added, in strictness, an increase of about four and a quarter per cent. (42 in 1,000), during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and ten months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years; such estimated increase somewhat lessens the proportion of children educated, or under education, in the shire of Edinburgh, but does not alter any of the numbers which are stated in the Summary, or in the following remarks.

The difficulty of personal inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has not permitted the ministers of thirty-one parishes in Edinburghshire, to specify the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read, or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears on the opposite page to have been 762; which by application of the rule of proportion to the population of all the parishes, gives 2,526 for the entire shire of Edinburgh.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read (as specified in the Returns) is 9,326; adding to which a due proportion for twenty-two parishes (which are defective in this particular), the total number may be assumed at 25,830. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years of age at Lady Day 1834 must have been 53,634, supposing the same proportion as before now to exist throughout the shire of Edinburgh.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write (as specified in the Returns) is 4,879; adding to which a due proportion for twenty-three parishes (defective in this particular), the total number of such children is 14,909.

The number of Parochial Schools is 32, in which are 40 Instructors. The greatest number of scholars at these Schools between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 2,912, but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 4,442; and the least number of scholars (2,090) in like manner becomes 3,196.

The greatest number of Scholars at Parochial Schools between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 3,400; but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 5,094; and the least number of Scholars (2,412) in like manner becomes 3,622.

The total amount of Salaries, School-fees and other Emoluments appertaining to the Parochial Instructors was £2,518 from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834, exclusive of the fees belonging to the Schools at West Calder, Cramond, Duddingston, Dalkeith and Toll Booth Church, of the other Emoluments connected with the Schools at Cranston and Laswade, of the Fees and other Emoluments with the School at Canongate, and of the Salary, Fees and other Emoluments belonging to the School at Stow; the amount whereof is not stated in the Returns from these parishes.

The number of Schools not Parochial is 325, in which are 442 Instructors. The greatest number of Scholars between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 12,487, adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 22,249; and the least number of scholars (9,036) in like manner becomes 18,542.

The greatest number of scholars at Schools not Parochial, between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 13,176; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 23,695; and the least number of Scholars (9,453) in like manner becomes 19,472.

The total number of Schools (Parochial and not Parochial) is 357, in which are 482 Instructors. The total number of Scholars at all Schools in the shire of Edinburgh, between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 15,399; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 26,691; and the least number of Scholars (11,126) in like manner becomes 21,738.

The total number of Scholars at all Schools in the shire of Edinburgh, between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 16,576; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 28,789; and the least number of Scholars (11,865) in like manner becomes 23,094.

Sabbath-day Schools are mentioned in two of the Returns; but children receiving daily instruction, and no others, are included in the foregoing Summary and Remarks.

RETURNS have been obtained from every parish of Edinburghshire, except from St. Cuthbert's and Roxburgh parishes, in the suburbs of the city of Edinburgh; but an Estimate of the amount of such defect is included in the above Summary and Remarks.

County of Elgin.

ABSTRACT OF EDUCATION

[The Parishes are placed in - - - - -]

ABERNETHY } Parish - } (Pop. in 1831, 2,092.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	T
				—	—	—	190	170	360	131	76	

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	T
1	1	77	36	113	53	28	81	75	39	114	48	25	

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	T
1	1	23	20	43	15	12	27	27	23	50	13	9	

ALVES Parish - - - - (Pop. 945.)		Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.	
		Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
		4	3	7	56	24	80	31	11

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	1	38	10	48	33	6	39	41	12	53	30	10		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
3	3	14	20	34	10	15	25	12	15	27	9	11		

County of Elgin.

RETURNS, JULY M.DCCC.XXXIV.

Alphabetical order throughout the County.]

RNETHY Parish (which is partly in Invernesshire, but wholly entered here) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, Latin, mathematics and the precepts of religion; no other branches appear requisite. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 3½*d.*, with school fees amounting to 17*l.* and other emoluments to about 5*l.* annually. At the School *not* Parochial, which is by the Society for promoting Christian Knowledge, English and Gaelic reading, writing, arithmetic and precepts of religion are taught.

In this Highland district, children under five years of age are never sent to a public school, and it could not be ascertained whether there be any such taught in private families. The present parochial master has been thirty years and a half in that station, and although he could teach other higher branches, there never was any application made to him for the same.

(signed) *Donald Martin*, Minister.

ES Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, Latin, Greek, mathematics, geography, the sacred Scriptures and the shorter catechism; the elements of church music might also be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, and an allowance of 2*l.* 2*s.* 9*d.* for garden; the school fees amount to 17*l.* and other emoluments to 3*l.* annually, being 2*l.* 2*s.* as session clerk and 18*s.* of a mortification; the master also receives something from Dick's bequest, but the amount is uncertain. Of the Schools *not* Parochial, one is a private subscription school, and the instruction therein is the same (except mathematics and geography) as that given at the Parochial School; the other two are for females, wherein elementary reading, sewing and knitting are taught.

It may be observed, that school-rooms should be provided of a sufficient size, well ventilated and lighted; it is also to be wished that a piece of ground should be inclosed for a play-ground at each school. If it were regulated that the school fees were to be paid in advance it would add to the comfort of the teacher, and would prevent, in some degree, the partial and irregular attendance of many. The landward parochial schoolmasters of this county, and also of Banff and Aberdeen, expect to receive a sum of money yearly according to the Dick bequest; it cannot, however, be claimed by any individual, if the trustees withhold it. There may be about twelve or fifteen persons in the parish above the age of fifteen who are not able to read; most of whom came to the parish since they grew up. The ministers of the presbytery examine annually each Parochial School within their bounds, and also most of the other Schools. It is believed that the superintendence of the presbyteries has done much to secure a higher moral character in the parochial teachers than could otherwise have been secured; and that the daily imparting of religious instruction from the sacred Scriptures, together with the custom of commencing the day's work with prayer, has contributed something to form the moral character of the soundest part of the present population.

(signed) *Alexander Gentle*, Minister.

ANDREW'S, ST. LAN- BRIDE Parish - - } (Pop. 1,087.)					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					3	3	6	43	18	61	28	9	37

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	40	18	58	27	12	39	41	15	56	25	7	32		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	23	-	23	18	-	18	27	-	27	22	-	22		

BELLIE Parish - - - (Pop.2,432.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				50	61	111	204	165	369	128	46	174

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.												
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
Schools.	Instructors.													
1	1	32	10	42	23	7	30	39	13	52	22	6	28	28

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.												
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
Schools.	Instructors.													
8	9	192	151	343	137	127	264	218	139	357	146	115	261	261

BIRNIE Parish (Pop. 408.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				4	3	7	11	12	23	7	5	12

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	23	6	29	15	5	20	17	5	22	14	4	18

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	4	6	10	4	4	8	6	10	16	4	6	10

ANDREW'S LANBRIDE Parish is entirely landward, yet pressing so closely on the Borough of Elgin as to be a portion of its suburbs on the east, and stretching out a wing on its southern side five miles off from the School.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Gaelic, English grammar, Latin, Greek, French, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geography, with the problems by the terrestrial globe, astronomy, so far as without instruments it can be managed, algebra and geometry; no other branches could be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 14*s.* 4*d.*, and the school fees may be estimated at about 10*l.* or 12*l.* annually. At the School *not* Parochial (which is the celebrated academy by John Barclay, Esq., situated at Calcottes) the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School, with occasionally dancing, fencing, drawing and singing the psalm tunes. There may be perhaps two or three poor old women who teach a small number of the nearest of the poor children (of whom very few are under six years of age) to read the Westminster Shorter Catechism, and the Scriptures as well as they themselves can, with the use, in part, also of the needle and making hose by the wires.

A few of the poorest children are taught at the Parochial School without fee; and a few also, in gradation above the poorest, are taught for one-half the appointed fee; and a proportion, of much consideration in this object, is always evaded by a cunning dexterity of absenting for irregular spaces in each quarterly term or quarter of the year upon which the fees are appointed. This evasion might be quashed by an order of the Quarter Session, upon a joint petition by all the schoolmasters in the shire to have the whole of one quarterly term fee exigible upon the enrolment of the learner. Of other emoluments, first, by the Act of the 1st Parliament of King William in 1696, c. 26, the emoluments of the office of the Kirk Session Clerk (inferring it is presumed its duties) are a part of the school endowment, burthened further, it is supposed, with the duty of conducting the musical department of the public devotions of the people; the insignificant dribblets which can be elicited from this office being even insufficient for the hire of a substitute, are so far from being an emolument, that they are often the occasion of grievous vexation in procuring a qualified substitute. Second, there is another emolument, provided anciently by a distinguished ancestor of the family of Fife; the interest which can be now obtained for the capital of 500 merks, Scots currency (27*l.* 15*s.* 6*d.*) understood to have been, by the bequeathment, secured in perpetuity upon the land, but by the trustees of James, a late earl, paid off to the minister or kirk session, and of course, in the contingencies of moveable security, will in a short time be lost, by which sorry parsimony the memorial of this, and of the other endowments by the honourable donor, will in a short time be obliterated as if they had never been, and on which, therefore, no dependence can now be placed.

(signed) *Wm. Leslie.*

LIE Parish (which is partly in Banffshire, but wholly entered here) is entirely landward, with the exception of Fochabus, a Burgh of Barony, containing 1,080 inhabitants.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin and Greek; no other branches could be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum; the school fees amount to 18*l.*, and other emoluments are 6*l.* as session clerk, and 30*l.* annually, being the master's proportion of the late Mr. Dick's bequest to the schoolmasters in the counties of Moray, Banff and Aberdeen; but the allowance fluctuates according to the merit of the teacher, 30*l.* being the maximum. Of the Schools *not* Parochial, two are subscription schools, another is for boys and girls by the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge; two others are endowed by the same Society, another is an infant school, and the other two are for young children. The instruction at these schools is the same as that given at the Parochial School, with the addition of geography and French; in the Society schools the boys are taught English reading, grammar, writing and arithmetic; the girls are taught sewing, knitting and other branches of female industry, and the Scriptures are daily read in all the schools. The means of education in this parish are most ample, and there are few, if any, children who do not avail themselves of them.

(signed) *Wm. Rannie, Minister.*

NIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic and Latin; no other branches could be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 26*l.* with school fees, amounting, on an average, to 4*l.* per annum; there are no other emoluments. At the School *not* Parochial (which is kept by a female), English reading, writing, sewing and knitting are taught.

(signed) *George Gordon, Minister.*

LAS Parish.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, English grammar, &c. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with from 10*l.* to 12*l.* school fees, and about 1*l.* other emoluments annually, arising from proclamations and registrations of baptisms; the sum to be received yearly from the Dick bequest for the schoolmasters of Aberdeen, Banff and Elgin is not yet fully settled. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, sewing and knitting are taught by a female; at another the same, with the exception of writing; the branches taught at the other (the school-house whereof was built by the Earl of Fife at the east end of the parish, for the accommodation of his tenants' children) are not specified.

The numbers returned in the Schools *not* Parochial during the second period specified, refer only to those who attended one of the Schools.

(signed) *Wm. Tulloch*, Minister.

AINY Parish is entirely landward, with the Villages of Lossiemouth and Stotfield, the former comprehending 535, the latter, 168 Inhabitants.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing and arithmetic, and any other branch might also conveniently be taught. The salary of the master is 36*l.* 7*s.* 1¾*d.*, with 6*l.* school fees, and 1*l.* annually other emoluments; the master may also have occasional emoluments arising from taking up the militia list and claims of electors, but they are uncertain. At two of the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught, and sewing and knitting at the other two, which are kept by females; the male teachers of these schools are military pensioners, or poor lads who starve out each other, and the female teachers are widows, or women in decayed circumstances.

There are but few children who are taught to read under five years of age, and these are all living in the villages. Between five and fifteen years of age the children are in general taught to read and write, but only a few of the females are taught to write. The Parochial School is located on the west side of the parish, which is thinly inhabited, and three miles distant from the populous villages of Lossiemouth and Stotfield, and consequently of little value to the parishioners. To promote the education of the rising generation, an efficient and permanent school must be established in the village of Lossiemouth; for although the Parochial School should be removed to the centre, or nearly to the centre of the parish, it would still be too distant from Lossiemouth, and as Lossiemouth holds of the burgh of Elgin as their superiors, the other heritors do not consider themselves bound to establish a school there for the accommodation of their feuers.

(not signed.)

FFUS Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, English grammar, geography and Latin; no additional branches seem to be requisite. The salary of the master is 36*l.* per annum; with school fees (deducting paupers and bad debts) amounting to 12*l.*, and other emoluments (as session clerk) to 3*l.* annually, and a proportion of Dick's bequest, which is not yet fixed. At three of the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School, and sewing and knitting, &c. at the other four, which are kept by females.

The information has been obtained with considerable pains, and if not perfectly accurate is as close an approximation to the truth as could be attained. The precise number of persons above fifteen years of age who are unable to read cannot be stated, but it is believed there are very few who are destitute of elementary education. There is ample provision for instruction, but miserable endowment for the teachers.

(signed) *A. Brander*, Minister.

HEL Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics, Latin, Greek and English Grammar; also geography might be taught, but has never been called for. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 2*d.*, with school fees varying from 1*l.* 10*s.* to 5*l.*, and other emoluments from 3*l.* to 5*l.* 10*s.* annually; the poverty of the inhabitants, and the country being subject to mildews, &c., which destroy the crops, may account for the variation in the amount of school fees, &c. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English and Gaelic reading, writing and arithmetic are taught; the numbers given in the table refer to only two of these schools, the third having been recently opened is not yet reported, being a female School of Industry where reading and writing are also taught.

The new government district of Rothiemurchus (which was formerly one charge with the parish of Duthel), is situate in the Shire of Inverness, and there entered.

(not signed.)

E and MOY Parish, which is partly in the Shire of Nairn, but wholly entered here, is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Greek, Latin, English, writing, arithmetic, grammar, mathematics, book-keeping, land surveying, &c.; it is thought that no other branches could be conveniently added. The salary of the master (who was appointed at Whit-Sunday 1833, after a vacancy of some months' duration) is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 13*l.* 3*s.* 6*d.* school fees, and 7*l.* 1*s.* 1*d.* other emoluments annually, of which 2*l.* 1*s.* 1*d.* is mortified money, and the other 5*l.* arises from the office of session clerk. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught, the master is allowed 2*l.* 2*s.* annually by the heritor, on whose property the school is situate; at the other two schools, reading, writing, knitting, needlework, &c. are taught; the mistress of one of these has 5*l.* of mortified money, and a free house and garden.

The number of scholars attending the Parochial School has varied since Lady Day 1834 from 72 to 98, and the same average may be anticipated shortly after the harvest vacation; here the smallest number is taken from the first or second week before or after vacation. One of the schools for females was filled up after a vacancy at Whit-Sunday 1833; the smallest number is taken from the average of a quarter, because after a vacation it is some weeks before the pupils in a landward parish can be collected. It is to be observed that many children of each sex who have been taught to read and write, go out to service from ten years of age and upwards, from which cause in the numbers transmitted, there are comparatively few between the ages of twelve and fifteen. There is a society's school situate at Connicavel on the borders of this parish, at which about 30 children from this place are taught English, writing and arithmetic.

(signed) M. Aitken, Minister.

NKILLIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin and Greek. The salary of the master is 27*l.* 16*s.*, with school fees amounting to 6*l.*, and other emoluments to 4*l.* annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar and geography are taught.

It is thought that there are no persons in the parish of fifteen years of age (capable of being taught), who have not been taught to read, or are now learning. With the exception of five or six, all the children at the Parochial School are learning to write, as are also the children at the Schools *not* Parochial, excepting about one-fifth of the number, who have not yet begun.

(not signed.)

ELGIN Burgh and Parish (Pop. 6,130.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
			-	-	-	-	-	760	-	-	-			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools. Instructors.			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	6		-	-	170	-	-	160	-	-	162	-	-	15
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
10	16		-	-	575	-	-	560	-	-	590	-	-	58

FORRES Burgh and Parish (Pop. 3,895.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			20	22	42	359	243	602	184	118	302

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	27	7	34	20	8	28	21	10	31	20	5	25

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
9	19	352	229	581	340	221	561	368	241	609	331	228	559

GRANTOWN Parish, included with CROMDALE (INVERNESS-SHIRE.)

INVERAVEN Parish. See BANFFSHIRE.

KINLOSS Parish (Pop. 1,121.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			3	2	5	90	80	170	54	36	90		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	16	10	26	10	9	19	10	14	24	5	9	14
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	68	40	108	60	32	92	70	42	112	56	33	89

IN Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

The School entered as parochial is not, strictly speaking, so, but an academy consisting of four schools, and conducted by six teachers, whereat the instruction given consists of English grammar, writing, arithmetic, geography, mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and drawing. The salary amounts to from 45*l.* to 50*l.* per annum; the school fees from 30*l.* to 40*l.*, and the English master is keeper of parish registers, from which he derives about 10*l.* annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, geography, drawing, needle-work, music, Latin, French, Italian, and some branches of mathematics are taught.

As many (in fact almost all) parents begin to teach their children at three or four years of age, it is impossible to specify the exact numbers that are taught in the parish under five years of age, but there are about 90 children under that age attending an Infant School, and probably there may be 40 or 50 more of the same age taught by females in the burgh and landward district. Very few children in the country part of the parish attend a public school, being unable to walk the distance until six years of age.

Above 200 poor children are taught the common branches of education gratis, and from the fees being very moderate, and the schools centrally situated for the different districts of the parish, the means of education are within the reach of all, and are generally taken advantage of.

(signed) *A. Walker*, Minister.

RES Parish is partly landward, and the whole of a Royal Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek and mathematics; every common branch of education might be conveniently taught, but it is evident that from the small attendance at this school it is not in an efficient state, and is of little use to the parish; it is partly supported by the heritors, and partly by the burgh; it is difficult to say whether it be a Parochial School or not. The salary of the master is 40*l.* (including a house and garden), with school fees amounting to 10*l.*, and other emoluments (as session clerk), to 12*l.* annually. Of the Schools *not* Parochial (one of which is an academy conducted by four teachers and two assistants, and another, a Boarding School, wherein are five teachers), the instruction consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics, Latin, Greek, French, Italian, drawing and music.

There are about 160 persons in the parish above fifteen years of age who cannot read, but nearly all of them are strangers from the highland districts of the country.

(signed) *Duncan Grant*, Minister.

LOSS Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English grammar, reading, writing, arithmetic, geography, book-keeping, mathematics, navigation, Latin, Greek and French; no other branches could be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*, with 10*l.* school fees, and 7*l.* other emoluments annually. At the School *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic, geography, English grammar, navigation, mathematics and book-keeping are taught.

The comparatively thin attendance at the Parochial School may be accounted for on the ground that the population of the country part is small, and that the master, who has laboured long and attentively, is pretty far advanced in life; an assistant is contemplated for him. The School *not* Parochial is on the establishment of the General Assembly's Committee on education, and being situate in a fishing village, containing six or seven hundred of the population, this accounts for the great number of children attending it. There are not above six or seven persons in the parish above fifteen years of age who are not able to read; some families keep private teachers, and some children go to school in other parishes.

(not signed.)

KNOCKANDO Parish - (Pop.1,497.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	26	-	-	260	-	-	108

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	76	12	88	-	-	-	97	14	111	-	-	-		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	17	61	78	-	-	-	29	66	95	-	-	-		

RAFFORD Parish - - - (Pop.992.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			-	-	-	50	50	100	40	20	60		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	25	10	35	25	10	35	35	10	45	35	10	45
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	20	35	55	20	35	55	20	45	65	20	45	65

ROTHES Parish - - - (Pop. 1,709.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
			11	9	20	81	55	136	48	19	67			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.			From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.								
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		60	8	68	41	6	47	84	10	94	58	4	62
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		35	13	48	25	5	30	29	7	36	20	4	24

OCKANDO Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, grammar and Latin, &c., to which might be conveniently added Greek, geography and French, although the partial attendance of the children might prevent the higher branches from being cultivated with success. The salary of each of the masters is 25*l.* 18*s.* 3½*d.*; the school fees of one amount to 8*l.*, those of the other to 10*l.* annually, and both of them are entitled to shares of the Dick bequest, the annual amount of which is uncertain and contingent for the present. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic, sewing, knitting, and dress-making, &c., are taught.

Owing to the limited time allowed for collecting the desired information, it has been found impossible to answer the queries with that precision which might have been desired. The apparent discrepancy between the number of persons under the age of fifteen who are able to read, and the number of those receiving education at the schools, arises from the following causes: first, from returns not having been received from every family in this widely scattered parish; and secondly, because some of the children included in the half yearly returns attended school during the whole year. The principles of the Christian religion, according to the standards of the Established Church of Scotland, are taught at all the schools in the parish.

(signed) *George Gordon*, Minister.

FORD Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, arithmetic, English, book-keeping and mensuration; the wants of the people do not require any other branches. The salary of the master (including an allowance for a house and garden) is 27*l.* 16*s.* with school fees amounting to 10*l.*, and other emoluments to 4*l.* annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial (which are kept by females, and may be considered as preparatory for the Parochial School), English, writing and sewing are taught.

The appointment of an assistant at the Parochial School is not owing to the number of scholars, but from other circumstances connected with the principal. Children are not sent to school so early as under five years of age, there being no initiatory schools.

(signed) *George Mackay*, Minister.

HES Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, English reading and grammar, book-keeping, mathematics, geography, arithmetic and writing; no other branches could be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*, with 26*l.* 5*s.* school fees, and 7*l.* 3*s.* other emoluments annually. At the School *not* Parochial, English reading, writing, arithmetic and grammar are taught.

(not signed.)

SPEYMOUTH Parish - (Pop. 1,476.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	36	13	49	31	7	38	34	5	39	29	3	32

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	45	32	77	20	22	52	42	18	60	32	21	53

SPYNIE, NEW, Parish - (Pop. 1,121.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			—	—	—	62	14	76	52	13	65

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	35	10	45	29	7	36	38	12	50	32	8	40		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	47	28	75	42	18	60	45	26	71	38	14	52		

URQUHART Parish - (Pop. 1,019.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			5	4	9	65	36	101	55	26	81

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	34	13	47	26	7	33	30	12	42	27	10	37		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	25	15	40	-	-	-	40	25	65	-	-	-		

YEMOUTH Parish is landward, with a large Village.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, navigation and geography; no other branches could be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 29*l.* 18*s.* 9½*d.*, with 19*l.* 3*s.* 6*d.* school fees, and 3*l.* other emoluments annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic, &c., are taught.

With regard to the questions concerning the number of children under five years of age who are taught to read, and the number between five and fifteen who are taught to read and to write, the minister has neither time nor inclination to go through the parish, and make the minute inquiries required, nor does he see the use of them. The information given is to the best of his knowledge, but he will not vouch for its being perfectly accurate.

(signed) *John Gordon*, Minister.

YNIE, NEW, Parish. The Village of Bishopmill, a part of this Parish, is included by the Reform Act in the Burgh of Elgin.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, mathematics and Latin, to which might be conveniently added French, Greek and geography, if such branches were required. The salary of the master is 36*l.* 7*s.* 1*d.* (including the value of two bolls of meal in lieu of a garden), the school fees amount to 14*l.* annually, and other emoluments consisting of a share of the Dick bequest, the amount of which is not yet known. At the School *not* Parochial (which is situate at the village of Bishopmill, two miles from the Parochial School), English reading and grammar, writing and arithmetic are taught.

There are also three schools taught by females; the number of children attending these is about 60, of whom the greater part are under five years of age. There are no children under five years of age attending the Parochial and Bishopmill schools.

(signed) *Alexander Simpson*, Minister.

YQUHART Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Greek, Latin, English reading and grammar, practical mathematics, arithmetic, &c.; the master is also qualified to teach any other branch likely to be wanted. The salary of the master (including an allowance for a garden), is 36*l.* 6*s.*, with school fees amounting to 7*l.* 1*s.*, and other emoluments to 9*l.* 19*l.* annually, of which 9*l.* is the annual value of a mortification, and the remaining 19*s.* are the master's perquisites as session clerk, after paying a precentor. At the Schools *not* Parochial (kept by a man and his wife), reading, writing, arithmetic, needlework and knitting are taught.

Scarcely any children are sent to school under five, and very few remain after fifteen years of age. All the young persons in the parish are, at some period before they are fifteen years of age, sent to school, where they are instructed in reading, writing, casting accounts, and the principles of religion.

(signed) *James Maclean*, Minister.

SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF ELGIN.

1. NUMBER of INHABITANTS in the SHIRE of ELGIN in the Year 1831 - - - - - 34,231.

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
2. NUMBER of Children under five years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	189	198	387
Number of Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	2,313	1,683	3,996
Number of such Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write - - - - - }	1,546	767	2,313

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
3. PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS - - - - -	21	27	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools, from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			905	277	1,182	576	185	761
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			935	277	1,212	530	164	694

	£.	s.	d.
TOTAL AMOUNT of Salaries received by Parochial Schoolmasters - - - - -	688	17	4
— of School Fees received by - - ditto - - - - -	268	8	—
— of other Emoluments received by ditto - - - - -	87	8	1
	£.	1,044	13 5

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
4. SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - - -	70	88	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			1,712	1,318	3,030	1,279	957	2,236
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			1,770	1,284	3,054	1,266	987	2,253

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
5. TOTAL NUMBER of PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, and SCHOOLS not PAROCHIAL - - - - - }	91	115	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Total Number of Children attending School from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			2,617	1,595	4,212	1,855	1,142	2,997
Total Number of Children attending School from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			2,705	1,561	4,266	1,796	1,151	2,947

REMARKS ON THE SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF ELGIN.

The number of Inhabitants attributed to the several parishes in this Abstract of Education Returns, differs from the total number ascribed to the Shire of Elgin in the Population Abstract of 1831, because in a few instances parishes extend into adjoining shires, in which case the entire parish is ascribed to that shire in which the larger portion of its population reside; this kind of correction being unavoidable in a Return strictly parochial. The total Population of the parishes entered in this Abstract thus becomes 510 persons additional to 34,231, and is taken at 34,741 in all the calculations on which the subsequent remarks are founded.

To this number might be added, in strictness, an increase of nearly three per cent. (or 28 in 1,000), during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and ten months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years; such estimated increase somewhat lessens the proportion of children educated, or under education, in the shire of Elgin, but does not alter any of the numbers which are stated in the Summary, or in the following remarks.

The difficulty of personal inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has not permitted the ministers of seven parishes in Elginshire to specify the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read, or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears on the opposite page to have been 387; which by application of the rule of proportion to the population of all the parishes, gives 656 for the entire shire of Elgin.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age, who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read (as specified in the Returns), is 3,996; adding to which a due proportion for four parishes (which are defective in this particular), the total number may be assumed at 4,703. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years of age at Lady Day 1834, must have been 8,031, supposing the same proportion as before now to exist throughout the shire of Elgin.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write (as specified in the Returns), is 2,313; adding to which a due proportion for four parishes (defective in this particular), the total number of such children is 2,722.

The number of Parochial Schools is 21, in which are 27 Instructors. The greatest number of scholars at these schools between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,182, and the least number of scholars to have been 761, the latter whereof, by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, becomes 828.

The greatest number of Scholars at Parochial Schools between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,212, and the least number to have been 694, adding to which a due proportion for Returns (one whereof is defective in the greatest and four in the least number), the former becomes 1,259, and the latter becomes 817.

The total amount of salaries, school fees and other emoluments appertaining to the Parochial Instructors, exclusive of augmentation from Dick's bequest, and of other emoluments connected with the Parochial School at St. Andrew's Lanbride, the amount whereof is not specified in the Return, was 1,044*l.* from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834. Some of the instructors have moreover received payments from Dick's bequest, which when generally appropriated, is expected to afford an average of 25 *l.* per annum to the several parochial instructors in the shires of Aberdeen, Banff and Elgin (Moray).

The number of Schools not parochial is 70, in which are 88 Instructors. The greatest number of scholars between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 3,030, and the least number to have been 2,236; adding to the latter a due proportion for defective Returns, it becomes 2,609.

The greatest number of scholars at Schools not Parochial, between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 3,054, and the least number to have been 2,253, adding to which a due proportion for Returns (one whereof is defective in the greatest, and four in the least number), the former becomes 3,159, and the latter becomes 2,629.

The total number of Schools (Parochial and not Parochial) is 91, in which are 115 Instructors. The total number of scholars at all schools in the shire of Elgin, between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833 appears on the opposite page to have been 4,212, and the least number to have been 2,997; adding to the latter a due proportion for defective Returns it becomes 3,437.

The total number of scholars at all schools in the shire of Elgin, between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 4,266; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 4,418; and the least number of scholars (2,947), in like manner becomes 3,446.

County of Fife.

ABSTRACT OF EDUCATION - -

[The Parishes are placed in - - - - -]

ABBOTSHALL } Parish - - - } (Pop. in 1831, 4,206.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	94	40	134	-	-	-	90	50	140	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	-	-	300	-	-	300	-	-	300	-	-	300

ABDIE Parish - - - - (Pop. 870.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	28	14	42	-	-	30

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	1	20	12	32	-	-	-	28	14	42	-	-	-	

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	1	15	27	42	12	20	32	7	20	27	5	19	24	

County of Fife.

- RETURNS, JULY M.DCCC.XXXIV.

- - - - - *Alphabetical order throughout the County.*

ABBOTSHALL Parish is partly landward and partly a Town. The Sink Town of Abbotshall is a Burgh of Arony, and is adjoining to, and to appearance forms part of, the Town of Kirkaldy.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, English, writing, arithmetic, elements of geometry and practical mechanics; French and other branches are taught during private hours. The salary of the master (who has an assistant) is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with about 35*l.* school fees, and about 25*l.* annually other emoluments; 5*l.* of the last-mentioned sum is derived from the interest of 100*l.*, which was left for the purpose of educating a few poor children, the remaining 20*l.* accrues from the offices of session and heritor's clerk; the master has also a good house and garden. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing and accounts, with book-keeping and Latin occasionally, are taught; the number of scholars attending these private Schools may amount in all to 300 of both sexes throughout the year.

There are a very few children under five years of age who can read, but most of those between five and fifteen years can read and write.

(not signed.)

ABDIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing and arithmetic; no other branches are required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 17*l.* annually, school fees and other emoluments. At the School *not* Parochial, reading and sewing are taught by a female.

The number of scholars attending the School of Abdie is much lessened by the localities of the parish, it being so scattered that more than a third of the population is nearer to other parish schools, and consequently their children are sent thither. It may also be observed, that though the means of education, owing to the number of parish schools in this neighbourhood, are abundantly sufficient, children very often want the opportunity of availing themselves thereof; the parents in many cases are so poor, that they are obliged to send their children to labour for their maintenance, as soon as they are able, and from the age of seven to twelve or thirteen years, when they should be at school, they are under the necessity of going to service.

Yet notwithstanding this and other disadvantages, the people of this parish are able to read, write and cast accounts; they are generally expert in their own business, and perhaps better members of society and better christians than if their education had been more extensive.

(signed) L. Miller, Minister.

ERDOUR Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, French, book-keeping, mathematics, navigation, geography and history. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 52*l.* 12*s.* school fees, and 4*l.* annually other emoluments as session clerk. At the School *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught. This school is situated at the North-east boundary of the parish, and is supported by Dissenters.

The number of children under five, and of those between five and fifteen years of age stated as taught to read and write, comprehends those of the aforesaid ages, who are now actually attending the Parochial School only.

(not signed.)

STRUTHER EASTER Parish is entirely a Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar, French, Latin, Greek and mathematics. The salary of the master is 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, with from 40*l.* to 50*l.* annually school fees; there are no other emoluments.

(signed) *Robert Wilson*, Minister.

STRUTHER WESTER Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, Latin, writing, arithmetic, geography, mathematics, navigation, Greek and French; there does not seem occasion for any other branches. The salary of the master, who has an assistant, is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 74*l.* 16*s.* 9*d.* annually, school fees, being the average for the last four years, and the interest of 100*l.* amounting to 4*l.* other emoluments. There is also a Sunday School taught by the Parochial Schoolmaster, for which he neither asks nor receives any emolument whatever.

It will be observed that there is a considerable disproportion betwixt the number taught in the Parochial School and the number of young people in the parish who can read and write; this is owing to many children from the neighbouring parishes attending the school here, as the various branches are exceedingly well taught, and great attention is paid to the religious and moral instruction of the young people. The school is annually examined and reported to the General Assembly by a committee of Presbytery.

It may be said that after the most minute investigation, no person has been found in the parish above the age of fifteen years who cannot read, although two of them read very imperfectly, and about 25 grown up people, mostly aged females, have not been taught to write.

To every one well acquainted with the Parochial system of education in Scotland, and the blessing conferred by it, *particularly upon the poor*, it would be a subject of the deepest regret to see that system exchanged for any other.

(signed) *A. G. Carstairs*, D. D. Minister.

ARNGASK Parish. See KINROSS-SHIRE.

AUCHTERDERRAN Parish (Pop.1,590.)					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					16	12	28	140	103	243	77	54	131

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	30	20	50	26	14	40	44	36	80	34	30	64

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	90	80	170	44	32	76	100	90	190	37	34	71

AUCHTERMUCHTY Parish (Pop. 3,225.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
				26	27	53	245	264	509	132	69	201	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	26	14	40	26	12	38	30	15	45	25	10	35
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	140	143	283	120	115	235	115	120	235	112	108	220

AUCHTERTOOL Parish - (Pop. 527.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				9	17	26	37	30	67	24	14	38			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	48	12	60	20	6	26	52	16	68	15	4	19		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
2	2	45	72	117	25	41	66	50	68	118	20	25	45		

303

CHTERDERRAN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of all the branches required by the scholars. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*, with 25*l.* school fees, and 5*l.* annually other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, the elementary branches of education, such as reading, writing, accounts, &c. &c. are taught; one of these schools is a "Border School," wherein from eight to twenty of the children attending are from the parish of Kinglassie; also see Kinglassie.

There are very few children in this parish allowed to grow up without learning to read.

(signed) *And. Murray*, Minister.

CHTERMUCHTY Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin and French; other branches might also be taught. The salary of the master is maximum, with 15*l.* school fees, and 10*l.* sterling annually other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, English grammar, writing, arithmetic and Latin are taught.

(not signed.)

CHTERTOOL Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, English grammar, Latin, writing, arithmetic and mathematics; also history, navigation, geography, book-keeping, Greek and French when required. The salary of the master is 29*l.* 18*s.* 10*d.*, with 28*l.* school fees, and 6*l.* annually other emolument. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School, and at the other, which is an Infant School for females, reading, writing, arithmetic, sewing and knitting are taught. These two schools commenced about five or six years ago, and are endowed by a Lady with small salaries, but these salaries, if continued during her lifetime, are not likely to continue longer.

The aggregate number of scholars taught in the above schools, appears great in proportion to the population of the parish, but the extent of the conterminous parishes may account for that. The parishes are comparatively of great extent; the boundary of four of them conterminous with that of Auchtertool is not less than five miles from their respective Parochial Schools, in consequence thereof a considerable number of the scholars taught here come from the extreme parts of the parishes above alluded to. It may also be remarked, that the desire for education in this parish seems of late years to have been increasing.

There is no person in the parish above the age of fifteen years unable to read.

(signed) *David Guild*, Minister.

ALLINGRY Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, Latin, writing and arithmetic; Greek might also be taught if required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 8*l.* 10*s.* school fees, and 3*l.* 3*s.* 6*d.* annually, with a dwelling-house, other emoluments.

Every person in the parish above fifteen years of age is able to read, with the exception of one individual, who is feeble in mind.

(signed) *James Greig*, Minister.

ALMERINO Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, mathematics and geography; and Latin is directed to be taught if required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 2*d.*, with from 25*l.* to 28*l.* annually school fees, the terms of which are as follows: for English reading, 2*s.*; writing and arithmetic, 3*s.*; and English grammar and geography, 4*s.* per quarter. At the School *not* Parochial, reading, writing, sewing and knitting are taught by a female; the number of scholars attending this school during the periods specified could not be accurately ascertained, but there are from 30 to 45 attending throughout the year.

The question as to the number of children under five years of age taught to read could not be accurately answered; children in this parish are usually sent to school at or before that age.

(signed) *John Thomson*, Assistant Minister.

EATH Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, English grammar, geography and Latin; also Greek and French when required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with about 30*l.* school fees; there are no other emoluments, except a house of four apartments, and a garden of 64 falls of land. At the School *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught; this school having been but a short time in existence, the number of scholars attending is not given.

Accurate answers could not be obtained to the questions as to the number of children under five taught to read, and of those between five and fifteen years of age taught to read and write; few children under the age of five years learn to read, but almost all between five and fifteen years of age can read and write. The smallest number given at the Parochial School is the first week's attendance after the harvest vacation, and in consequence of the inclemency of the weather and badness of the roads, the attendance in winter is never so full as in summer; it is considered that the remuneration of the master is very inadequate, and owing to the poverty of many of the people, the school fees are, in numerous instances, but ill paid.

(signed) *James Fergusson*, Minister.

BURNTISLAND } Burgh and Parish					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					—	—	—	230	170	400	130	90	220

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	105	33	138	72	27	99	117	32	149	102	21	123		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
6	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		

CAMERON Parish - - (Pop. 1,207.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
				3	3	6	128	78	206	128	78	206	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	26	14	40	12	8	20	21	15	36	8	6	14
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	102	64	166	46	19	65	115	63	178	59	33	92

CARNBEE Parish - (Pop. 1,079.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
				-	-	-	60	60	120	60	60	120	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	75	-	-	-	-	-	52	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	62	-	-	-	-	-	43	-	-	-

WENTISLAND Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English grammar, geography, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, navigation, Latin and French. The salary of the master is 26 *l.*, that of the assistant 10 *l.*, with bed, board and washing; the school fees are from 23 *l.* to 24 *l.*, and a bequest of 10 bolls of barley and 3 *l.* 10 *s.* sterling per annum, other emoluments; this bequest is for behoof of the children of the poor, between 20 and 30 of whom are usually taught English grammar, writing, arithmetic and geography; the above school is not, strictly speaking, Parochial, but rather a Burgh School. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic, &c. are taught; some of these schools are taught by females, and have been but recently established; at others the attendance is fluctuating, so that definite answers could not be obtained; but the average number of scholars attending these schools is about 160 of both sexes.

(not signed.)

AMERON Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing and arithmetic; also book-keeping, Latin, navigation and French are directed to be taught. The salary of the master is 34 *l.* 4 *s.* 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ *d.*, with 12 *l.* 10 *s.* school fees, and 10 *l.* 5 *s.* other emoluments annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading, English grammar, Latin, arithmetic, writing and mathematics are taught.

Every person in the parish can read.

(not signed.)

ARNBEE Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, Greek, English reading, geography, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, practical mathematics and mensuration; to which French might be conveniently added. The salary of the master is maximum, with about 25 *l.* school fees, and a piece of land, value about 14 *l.* annually, other emoluments; the number of scholars attending this school is about 75 in winter and 52 in summer. The School *not* Parochial is attended by about 62 scholars in winter and 48 in summer, who are taught the same branches of education as at the Parochial School; there is also a Sabbath School taught by the minister of the parish.

The schools in this parish are annually examined by a Committee of the Presbytery of St. Andrew's, and a report thereof transmitted to the General Assembly.

(not signed.)

CARNOCK Parish - (Pop. 1,202.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			4	5	9	113	101	214	75	69	144		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	41	23	64	20	11	31	41	23	64	20	11	31
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	5	59	110	169	32	75	107	59	110	169	32	75	107

CERES Parish - - - (Pop. 2,762.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				5	—	5	84	39	123	47	24	71

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	98	65	163	—	—	—	86	47	133	—	—	—

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	21	12	33	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

COLLESSIE Parish - (Pop. 1,162.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
				11	5	16	84	92	176	48	32	80	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	68	17	85	50	15	65	72	20	92	62	15	77
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	75	90	-	-	-

CARNOCK Parish is landward; a considerable portion of the inhabitants live in villages, but none of these villages are styled a Burgh, or can be called a large town.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic and English grammar, to which might be conveniently added mathematics and geography. The salary of the master is the maximum amount of 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with school fees, amounting, it is believed, to nearly 16*l.* per annum; other emoluments are, a mortification of the value of 5*s.* 6½*d.* annually, and fees as session clerk, precentor and heritor's clerk, amounting, it is believed, to 5*l.* per annum; but these offices do not necessarily belong to the schoolmaster, and it would be well that he were in all cases independent of such additions to his own duties as teacher. The branches taught at one of the Schools *not* Parochial (which has a school-house), are English reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar and Latin; those taught at another (a Boarding School), are English reading, grammar, writing, arithmetic, geography, French, music, drawing, and needlework, &c.; and those taught at the other, which is for females, are English reading, writing, arithmetic, and plain sewing. This school is patronized and chiefly supported by a benevolent lady resident in the parish.

The reason that there are so few children taught under five years of age is, that no Infant School exists at present in the parish, and children are seldom sent to the other schools under five years of age. There are only known to be two or three persons in the parish above 15 years of age who are unable to read, that is, excepting two or three fatuous persons. In reference to the questions as to the number of children who are taught to read and to write between five and fifteen years of age, the answers apply entirely to children at present or very lately under tuition. Children are very seldom at school in this parish after 12 or 13 years of age, and therefore the numbers given refer to children between 5 and 13. When it is said, as above, that there are only known to be two persons in the parish above 15 years of age unable to read, it might, with equal truth, be said above 13 years of age. In answering the questions concerning the number of children who attended the parochial and other schools during the periods specified, the whole year has been taken, because the teachers had not kept a list sufficiently minute to enable the numbers to be separated, and because it is found that the number throughout the year has varied less than usual. The reason of the small proportion of girls in the Parish School is, that the Female School, situated near it, has drawn away the girls. And it may also be mentioned, that the number of scholars at the Parish School is less than it otherwise would be, in consequence of its being conveniently situated only for the smallest proportion of the population. It may be further remarked, that several, say 15 of the girls, attending the Boarding School, are from other parishes; to counterbalance this, however, there are fully as many belonging to the parish who attend schools out of the parish, making upwards of 210 children, or more than one-sixth of the population at present under tuition.

(signed) *Wm. Gilston, Minister.*

CERES Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, English grammar, geography and mathematics; other branches might be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with about 38*l.* annually school fees; the other emoluments are uncertain. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

In addition to the parochial and other schools above-mentioned, there are several female teachers, at whose schools a great number of girls are taught English reading and needlework.

The numbers returned in the Schools *not* Parochial, refer only to the children who attended two of the schools, as one of the teachers was absent at the time the inquiry was made, and one of the schools being lately vacant.

(signed) *Joseph Crichton, Minister.*

COLLESSIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, elements of geography, mathematics and Latin. The salary of the master is 35*l.* 12*s.* 10½*d.*, with 25*l.* school fees if well paid, and 5*l.* annually, other emoluments, as session clerk. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial (a Boarding School), French, music, and the higher branches of female education are taught; at the other two, reading, writing, arithmetic and needlework; one of these, a female's school, is attended by about 60 scholars; at the Boarding School there are only two or three in addition to the family.

So far as could be ascertained, every individual above the age of fifteen years, resident in this parish, can read, with the exception of two persons. The Parochial School is less numerously attended by girls on account of a very good and efficient female school, in part supported by the ladies in the parish and neighbourhood.

It may be suggested, that while the general system of the Parochial Schools is good, something might be done, with great advantage to the interests of education, to increase the qualifications of the parochial teachers. A previously prescribed course of study and preparation seems to be essential to the efficient discharge of the duties of their office.

(signed) *John Macfarlane, Minister.*

CRAIL Burgh and Parish - (Pop. 1,824.)					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					6	12	18	210	194	404	155	128	283

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	52	32	84	46	34	80	43	27	70	40	25	65

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	132	82	214	108	69	177	128	97	225	76	56	132

CREICH Parish - - - (Pop. 419.)					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	30	22	52	22	18	40	33	27	60	11	8	19
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

CULTS Parish - - - (Pop. 903.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
				20	23	43	83	54	137	23	20	43	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	60	24	84	-	-	-	58	30	88	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	25	31	56	18	18	36	30	39	69	25	28	53

TRAIL Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics, navigation, geography, Latin and French; the present rector of the school has occasionally taught chemistry, astronomy, algebra, history, natural and mechanical philosophy, mineralogy, Italian, Greek, and very commonly church music, many of which branches might still be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* (with the burden of teaching nine poor children gratuitously), with 32*l.* 13*s.* 9*d.* school fees (being the amount for the year ending November 1834), and one guinea per annum as clerk to the heritors; when the number of scholars attending this school exceeds 90, the rector is required to keep an usher, to whom he is bound to allow from a fourth to a third part of the fees of the whole school, and to whom also the town pays a salary of 12*l.* per annum; but if the number falls below 90, no usher is required. At two of the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches of education are taught as at the Parochial School, with the exception of French; the teacher of one of these schools has a salary of 4*l.*, and the other a school-room free, both granted by the Town Council of the Burgh; at the other school knitting and sewing is taught by a female.

In the whole parish there are only seven boys and ten girls above the age of five years not begun to read; between seven and fifteen years of age there are none who cannot read a little; and above fifteen years of age, not more than four or five have been found during the last six years who could not read.

(signed) *Wm. Merson*, Minister.

REICH Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, practical mathematics and geography; also Latin and Greek are directed to be taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 16*l.* sterling school fees, and 4*l.* 8*s.* 10½*d.* annually, other emoluments, arising from the interest of mortified money.

In answer to the questions as to the number of children under five years taught to read, and of those between five and fifteen years of age taught to read and write, it may be stated, that there were in the year 1831, in this parish, 69 males and 77 females under fifteen years of age; and as many families have lately left the parish, the number of children sent to school at the ages above-mentioned could not be ascertained with accuracy; but they are generally taught to read at five, and to write as well as read at seven or eight years of age.

(signed) *Alex. Lawson*, Minister.

CULTS Parish is landward, with a Village of 500 Inhabitants.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, Latin, French, geography, practical mathematics, algebra, and the principles of the Christian religion; Greek is also taught when required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*, with from 30*l.* to 35*l.* school fees, and from 3*l.* to 5*l.* annually, other emoluments, derived from the office of clerk to the kirk session. At the Schools *not* Parochial, which are Infant Schools, reading, and the simplest elements of arithmetic, grammar, geography and religious knowledge are taught.

The amount returned of parish school fees is that actually realized. The people of this parish are so poor, that a considerable part of them do not pay any thing to the master.

(not signed.)

PAR Parish comprises about 25 square miles, and contains the Burgh of Cupar in its centre.

There is no Parochial School, strictly speaking; there were, however, two Burgh Schools so early as the reign of Charles the First, but the fund for paying the salaries of the teachers having failed, these schools were about twelve years ago merged into Cupar Academy, conducted by four teachers, and this year (1834) Madras Academy, founded by the late Dr. Bell, was joined to it; together, the united Academy has seven teachers, three of whom have a salary of 40 *l.* each, two others have 25 *l.*, another has 30 *l.*, and the other, a female, 15 *l.* per annum; the other emoluments could not be ascertained, as the establishment has only been recently completed; and in consequence of the recent alterations in the Academy, and the admission of several new teachers, no comparative view can be given as to the number of scholars attending at the different periods specified. Of the other schools, two are Female Boarding Schools, one of which (conducted by two teachers) is on the foundation of the late Dr. Gray, of Paddington Green, who bequeathed 500 *l.* for that purpose; at present the pupils of both schools belong to the parish; another, a School of Industry for females, is maintained by subscription; another, an Infant School, is partly supported by subscription. The remaining eight schools are conducted entirely on the adventure of the several teachers, and have no salaries attached; but one of the school-rooms, situated in the village of Springfield, was built by D. Maitland Makgill, Esq.

The difference between the sexes attending the above schools is trifling, being about thirty in favour of the females. The total number is taken chiefly from the last examination by the presbytery, which is held annually in the month of March, when the attendance at school is greatest. At no time during the last forty years have the children of the poor been left without instruction in reading.

(signed) { *Laur. Adamson, D. D.*
 John Birrell, A. M. } Ministers.

AIRSIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, geography, with the Shorter Catechism and daily reading in the Bible; also Latin and book-keeping when required; scarcely any other branches, unless church music, could be conveniently taught there. The salary of the master is 34 *l.* 14 *s.* 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ *d.*, with 17 *l.* school fees, and 4 *l.* other emoluments annually. At the School *not* Parochial, which is chiefly for girls, English reading, catechism, daily reading in the Bible, sewing and knitting are taught.

From there being no regular list kept by the teachers distinguishing the sexes, the proportion of each sex cannot be accurately stated, and in fact the whole statement here, with respect to the number of scholars, is only an approximation, on account of the perpetual fluctuation in the attendance.

(signed) *Alex. MacArthur*, Minister.

ALGETY Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, geometry and book-keeping. The salary of the master is 34 *l.* 4 *s.* 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ *d.*, with 18 *l.* school fees, and 2 *l.* annually, other emoluments. At the School *not* Parochial, the same branches of education as those at the Parochial School are taught; this school has been vacant for some time, and was but lately re-opened; the number of scholars returned are those at present in attendance.

(not signed.)

DENINO Parish - - - (Pop. 383.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
				1	2	3	15	19	34	4	4	8		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.				CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.										
				From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
Schools.	Instructors.													
1	1		18	19	37	17	16	33	15	16	31	16	13	29
OTHER SCHOOLS.				CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.										
				From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
Schools.	Instructors.													
-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

DUNBOG Parish - - - (Pop. 197.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				-	-	-	22	15	37	15	10	25			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.				CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1		1		14	12	26	8	6	14	12	8	20	9	6	15
OTHER SCHOOLS.				CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

DUNFERMLINE Burgh } and Parish - - - } (Pop. 17,068.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	240	-	-	2,130	-	-	830

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
30	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,450	920	2,370	-	-	-

ENINO Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading English (but not grammatically), writing, and the elements of arithmetic; also Greek, Latin, French, and practical mathematics might be conveniently taught, to prepare the children for business and the learned professions. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 16*l.* school fees, and 14*l.* 16*s.* annually, other emoluments, including a house and garden, value 11*l.* 10*s.*

The parish of Denino, lying in the fertile east nook of Fife, within two miles of St. Andrew's city, so long the metropolis of Scotland, has the means and inclination to remunerate the schoolmaster for teaching the children, and it is believed that there are none above seven years of age unable to read. As the schoolmaster of Denino's emoluments reach to 65*l.* a year, and as boarding children beyond the parish is too expensive, it would be of great service were the master qualified to teach those branches which are not only fit for business but the learned professions. By the Schoolmaster's Act, presbyteries may examine schoolmasters before induction, but though found qualified then, they may grow disqualified afterwards by inattention to learning, yet they cannot be re-examined; this part of the Act should be amended.

(signed) *James Roger*, Minister.

DUNBOG Parish is entirely landward, without a Village.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing and arithmetic: French, mathematics, &c. might be conveniently taught occasionally. The salary of the master is 34*l.* sterling. The following are the terms of school fees: for reading, 2*s.*; reading and writing, 2*s.* 6*d.*; and reading, writing and arithmetic, 3*s.* per quarter; the other emoluments are derived from fees on proclamations of marriage, certificates of character and registers of baptisms, which are so trifling as to be unworthy of notice, as they may not in a whole year amount to 10*s.*

The Parish of Dunbog is entirely agricultural, consisting of five large farms, and is situated in the midst of a rich and well inhabited district. The schoolmaster is old and infirm, and on this account the school has declined very much of late years. As there is no provision for such a contingency as this, the interests of education in the parish have been neglected for a considerable period, and may be equally neglected for years to come; but, under the most favourable circumstances, the instruction of the agricultural population of Fife, and of all Scotland, is confined within the narrowest limits. The children are taken from school at an early age, and while at it they attend irregularly; at the same time domestic education has almost ceased, and it is clear that, under such a system, the young people, when they grow up and become parents, must be incapable of instructing their families; in truth, the ploughmen are miserably debased; they can read, but with difficulty, and therefore seldom or ever read a book. It is not easy to see how their intellectual condition is to be improved, unless the whole system of education throughout the country undergo an effectual revision.

(not signed.)

DUNFERMLINE Parish is partly landward, and partly a Burgh or large Town.

There never has been a Parochial School in the parish, in consequence, it is presumed, of the Schoolmaster's Act not making it imperative on burghs to have one, although where there is landward connected with a burgh, it is believed one school may be insisted on. The want of a Parochial School has not hitherto been much felt, but it is thought that one is very desirable. At the majority of the Schools in the parish (three of which are *Infant Schools*) all the ordinary branches of education are taught, such as English reading, English grammar, writing and arithmetic, and at a few also, Latin, Greek, French, mathematics and geography, &c.

The 240 children under five years of age are almost all in Infant Schools. The number of males and females under five years of age is nearly the same, there being only a few more males than females. The exact number of males and females respectively learning to write could not be ascertained. It is probable that some of the 830 children are above fifteen years of age, and attend the Evening Schools.

Many parents neglect the education of their children from poverty, but more from carelessness, and the temptation of work being to be procured for them at an early period at factories and in coal pits. A sum of about 40*l.* per annum was left by a benevolent gentleman for the education of the poor, by means of which about 80 poor children were taught gratuitously, but the legacy of 1,000*l.* having been intrusted to the management of the magistrates and town council, and not heritably invested, has lately been lost through the failure of the town's affairs, which is severely felt. In every large community there ought to be a fund for affording very cheap, and in some cases entirely gratuitous, education, under proper management. There was a trifling increase in the number of scholars at the Schools not Parochial within the period between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, above that between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, but not worth particularizing, and indeed not very accurately given by the teachers; the smallest number was not stated at all. It may be observed, in fine, that the answers given in the columns can be considered only an approximation to the truth, owing to the imperfect returns made by some of the teachers.

(signed) *Peter Chalmers*, Minister.

DYSART Burgh and } Parish - - - - }			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
			-	-	-	-	-	800	-	-	-			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
14	14		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

ELIE Parish - - - - (Pop. 1,029.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			10	10	20	64	91	155	46	41	87

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	44	36	80	-	-	-	38	32	70	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	23	61	84	10	50	60	21	55	76	15	52	67

FALKLAND Parish - (Pop. 2,653.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	142	126	268	42	31	73

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	38	32	70	20	12	32	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	98	67	165	-	-	-	114	84	198	-	-	-

DYSART Parish, which includes several large towns, is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

Properly speaking there is no Parochial School, but there is a Burgh School, which is attended by 70 or 80 children; the branches taught therein consist of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, French and mathematics. The salary of the master, including allowance for house rent, is 43*l.* per annum, with school fees averaging about 50*l.* or 60*l.*; there are no other emoluments, except what arises from his being session clerk; at the other thirteen schools (which include a Boarding School), English, writing and arithmetic are taught; each of these schools is attended by nearly 70 children.

There is also a school situate at Thornton, which is intended for the benefit of the country part of this parish; it is attended by 80 children during the winter from the parishes of Dysart, Kinglassie and Mar-kinch. The school fees, however, are not sufficient to support the teacher without donations from friends; and, unless public aid be afforded, it is feared it must be given up.

(signed) *David Murray*, Minister.

KILCONQUHAR Parish is partly landward and partly a Village.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, and geography; no other branches seem to be required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 8*s.*, with 40*l.* school fees, and 6*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.* annually other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic and English grammar are taught; also sewing at one school by a female. Besides the children attending the above schools, there are about 50 of both sexes connected with this parish who attend school in the parish of Kilconquhar.

It is very difficult to give accurate answers to the above questions as regards the number of scholars at school; all that could be done is to make an approximation to the truth. Particular care is taken at the schools in this parish that the principles of religion shall be diligently taught, as it is considered that without this, all instruction, such as that communicated in mechanic institutions and schools of arts, is worse than useless; something might be done to improve the quality of the education, as the quantity is sufficient. The present parochial schoolmaster has commenced an Infant School, but his other avocations leave very little time to devote to it, and he speaks highly of the benefits that may accrue from the system.

It is believed that there are none in the parish above fifteen years of age unable to read, although there may be a few aged persons who cannot write.

(signed) *Geo. Milligan*, Minister.

ALKLAND Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and Latin: Greek and French are also directed to be taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 6*d.*, with 15*l.* annually, school fees, the terms of which are as follows: for reading, 2*s.*, writing, 2*s.* 6*d.*, arithmetic, 3*s.*, Latin, 4*s.* per quarter. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, English grammar, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught.

(not signed.)

FERRY-PORT-ON- CRAIG Parish } - (Pop. 1,529.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				26	25	51	100	84	184	47	29	76

CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.												
1	1	40	25	65	32	20	52	48	32	80	38	26	64

CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
OTHER SCHOOLS.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.												
2	2	76	131	207	51	68	119	85	120	205	40	55	95

FLISK Parish - - - (Pop. 286.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			3	3	6	12	6	18	6	6	12

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	12	41	25	12	37
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

FORGAN Parish - - - (Pop. 1,090.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	25	27	52	21	26	47	32	28	60	24	21	45

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	38	22	60	11	8	19	46	17	63	17	6	23

ERRY-PORT-ON-CRAIG Parish is a seaport Town (but not a royal Burgh) with a small landward district.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin and navigation. The salary of the master is 30*l.* with an average of 19*l.* school fees, and about 14*l.* annually, other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, sewing and knitting are taught.

It has not been easy to ascertain precisely the number of scholars attending school at the particular periods referred to, so that the returns may be regarded as a very near approximation to the truth, rather than an exact statement of the numbers, yet it exhibits a pretty correct view of the state of the parish in regard to education.

(signed) *William Nicolson*, Minister.

LISK Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic and Latin. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*, with 10*l.* 10*s.* annually school fees; there are no other emoluments.

At present the school is not fully assembled.

(signed) *G. Marshall*, Minister.

ORGAN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, grammar, arithmetic, Latin and geography; mathematics, navigation, Greek and French might also be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* per annum, and the following are the terms of the school fees: for English reading, 2*s.* 6*d.*, writing and English grammar, 3*s.*, and Foreign languages, 4*s.* per quarter; other emoluments consist of a house and garden. At the School *not* Parochial, English reading, English grammar, geography, Latin, Greek, arithmetic, mathematics and geometry are taught.

The indisposition of the schoolmaster during the periods alluded to, and the inadequacy of his small salary to afford a suitably qualified assistant, accounts for the comparatively small numbers attending the Parochial School during these periods, and likewise for some of the higher branches not being then taught; the same cause partly accounts for the comparatively greater numbers then attending the other school.

Owing to the fluctuating state of the parish, no precise account of the number of children between five and fifteen years of age learning to read and write could be given, but it is believed that there are none in the parish above the age of fifteen years who cannot read.

(signed) *Alexander Maule*, Minister.

INVERKEITHING } Burgh Parish } (Pop. 3,189.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
			—	—	—	227	233	460	—	—	300			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		—	—	—	—	—	—	71	73	144	64	66	130
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4		—	—	—	—	—	—	155	161	316	115	117	232

KEMBACK Parish - - (Pop. 651.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

KENNOWAY Parish - (Pop. 1,721.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
			25	12	37	184	148	332	88	32	120			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		118	49	167	110	30	140	108	24	132	40	20	60
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4		24	81	105	22	58	80	39	91	130	18	54	72

VERKEITHING Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin, French, Greek and practical mathematics; no other branches are required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* sterling per annum; the amount of other emoluments are not known, as the master refused to answer the questions. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught. A Sabbath School for the instructing youth in religious knowledge is much wanted in this parish, but there are no public funds to support one.

The number of children under five years of age taught to read is included with those stated in the column respecting the number from five to fifteen years of age taught to read, and who are now actually at school.

(signed) *Andrew Robertson*, Minister.

EMBACK Parish is entirely landward, there is not in it even a Village nor a House but what is above a mile and a half distant from the Church and School; it consists of about 1,800 Scots acres.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic and Latin; the salary of the master is 34*l.* 3*s.* - $\frac{1}{2}$ *d.* per annum, and the school fees are as follows: for teaching the first-mentioned branch, 2*s.* 6*d.* per quarter, the two first-mentioned, 3*s.*, the three first, 3*s.* 6*d.*, and for the last-mentioned branch, 4*s.* per quarter; some additions are expected from persons of superior stations, and some abatements to be made to the poor; the master has also a good house sufficient for the accommodation of several boarders, a small glebe of about three quarters of a Scots acre, and a good garden; his other emoluments are about 12*s.* per annum as session clerk, 8*d.* for recording every baptism, and from 1*s.* 8*d.* to 5*s.* for every proclamation of marriage.

It is believed that there is not a single person in the parish who cannot read.

(signed) *James M^cDonald*, Minister.

ENNOWAY Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, geography, book-keeping, French, Latin and Greek; no other branches could be conveniently taught there. The maximum salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ *d.*, with 30*l.* school fees (being the amount of the year 1834); other emoluments consist of 1*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* from a mortification, and 1*s.* annually for registering voters. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, English grammar, arithmetic, sewing and knitting are taught.

It is believed that there are none in this parish, above the age of fifteen years, who cannot read, with the exception of four individuals who are deaf and dumb.

(signed) *David Bell*, Minister.

KETTLE Parish - - - (Pop. 2,071.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	56	43	99	20	21	41	73	47	120	15	12	27

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	136	89	225	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

KILCONQUHAR Parish (Pop. 2,540.)					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
					18	15	33	248	195	443	200	170	370		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	80	26	106	35	15	50	-	-	-	-	-	-		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	168	169	337	140	130	270	-	-	-	-	-	-		

KILMANY Parish - - - (Pop. 707.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			8	12	20	67	74	141	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	28	12	40	-	-	-	41	16	57	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	28	68	96	-	-	-	38	72	110	-	-	-

ETTLÉ Parish is properly landward and agricultural, but there are three or four Villages in it.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin, geography, mathematics, mensuration, book-keeping, Greek and French; other branches might also be taught with assistants. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*, with 24*l.* 7*s.* 6*d.* school fees, and 6*l.* annually, other emoluments. At three of the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing, arithmetic, geography and a little Latin are taught; at the other school girls are taught reading and sewing.

In general children are not put to school before they are five years of age, but frequently learn a little at home.

It appears from the above, and from the lists given in to the general assembly annually, that in this district (the Presbytery of Cupar) from one-eighth to one-sixth of the population are attending to education in one department or other.

(signed) *Peter Barclay*, Minister.

ELCONQUHAR Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh; Earlsferry being in this parish.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, Latin, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics, geography, French, Greek, navigation and algebra. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 2*s.* 4*d.*, with 57*l.* annually, school fees, exclusive of boarders from other parts, and a house and garden, other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, geography and navigation are taught. The master of one of these Schools is allowed a salary of 5*l.* from the heritors, and the school fees amount to 30*l.* annually.

There is no person, a native of this parish, above fifteen years of age, who has not been taught to read.

(signed) *William Ferrie*, Minister.

ELLMANY Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, history and geography, and any other branches that may be required. The maximum salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*, with about 10*l.* school fees, and 5*l.* 10*s.* other emoluments annually as session clerk, with a house of two rooms (by far too small) and a garden of a quarter acre Scots. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, English grammar, writing, a little arithmetic, but principally sewing and other female work, are taught.

The number of children taught within the bounds of this parish is more than the population warrants; this arises from two schools taught by females, who have salaries of 10*l.* each, with a house and garden, from Mrs. Gillespie of Kirkton, and Mrs. Thomson of Charleton. These ladies established these schools principally for teaching girls sewing, stocking working, &c. and making them useful in their humble stations. As these are the only schools for needle-work, &c. in this district, and placed at the remote parts of Ellmany, they are filled principally with children from other parishes. Ellmany being a long narrow parish, and as the Parochial School-house is not situated conveniently for a great number of the population, the young children are often sent to these private schools for some years. The present parochial schoolmaster has had the advantages of a university education, and from his talents and literary attainments is able to prepare young men for the academy or university; but these higher branches of education are seldom required in this rural parish. In country parishes, the schools are uniformly more numerous attended in winter than in summer, the children being early sent to herd, and to do country work.

All the men and women in the parish, with very few exceptions (not above two), can read, and a considerable portion of them can write, and understand the first rules of arithmetic, but the exact numbers could not be ascertained.

(signed) *Henry D. Cook*, Minister.

KILRENNY Burgh } and Parish - - }					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	63	34,	97	58	29	87	54	33	87	30	14	44
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	88	84	172	80	72	152	118	74	192	118	74	192

KINGHORN Burgh } and Parish - - - }				- (Pop. 2,579.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
								Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
								Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
								-	-	-	170	104	274	88	43	131

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	72	37	109	71	32	103	80	39	119	78	37	115

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	90	65	155	62	48	110	-	-	-	-	-	-

KINGGLASSIE Parish - - (Pop. 958.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			-	-	-	102	88	190	55	43	98		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	35	26	61	-	-	25	40	33	73	-	-	30
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	8	8	16	-	-	-	9	8	17	-	-	-

RENNY Parish is partly landward and partly Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, practical mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and geography; these branches are deemed sufficient to occupy the time and attention of one individual. The salary of the master is the maximum amount of 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* being the value of two chalders of meal; the school fees may vary from 30*l.* to 40*l.* per annum; there are no other emoluments, unless a house and garden be accounted as such; the master holds other offices, but they are not necessarily connected with that of schoolmaster. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geography and navigation are taught.

The minister, having only resided for a short time in the parish, is unable to give a strictly correct answer to the question as to the number of children under five years of age who are taught to read, and to the questions as to the number between five and fifteen who are taught to read and write; but he has every reason to believe, from the information which he has obtained, that almost all the children under fifteen years of age have been taught to read, and generally to write; there may be some exceptions, but they are few. Orphans and the children of indigent parents are either taught gratis or at half price, paid by the session. Some of the teachers also teach navigation to young lads during the evening, who go to sea throughout the day.

(signed) *George Dickson*, Minister.

KINGHORN Parish is partly landward and partly Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, geography, Latin, Greek, French, mathematics and elements of natural science, such as zoology, botany, chemistry and geology, &c., all taught upon the most approved system. The salary of the master is 25*l.*, with 98*l.* school fees and 10*l.* annually, other emoluments. The branches taught at the Schools *not* Parochial are reading, writing, arithmetic and English grammar.

There are a few children under five years of age attending an *Infant School* attached to the Parochial Seminary, who are learning to read; the number is about 20 of both sexes, out of 110 who are in regular attendance under one teacher; this has been found an admirable appendage to the Parochial School for training the children for deriving immediate benefit from the extensive plan of instruction pursued by our excellent parochial teacher. One of the Schools *not* Parochial is in the town of Kinghorn, which contains a population of about 1,300; the other is in the village of Westbridge adjoining the links of Abbotshall, and contains about 500 inhabitants. The rest of the parish is wholly landward. In answering the question as to the number of children who are taught to read between five and fifteen years of age, the whole average number has been given who attended the schools within the parish; there are a number of children attending the spinning mills included within this age whose numbers cannot be well ascertained; the numbers given will, however, be found generally correct. The number of children returned in the Schools *not* Parochial is the average attendance at both the schools.

(signed) *Fergus Jardine*, Minister.

INGLASSIE Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, geometry, principles of religion, grammar and geography; Latin, Greek, &c., are also directed to be taught. The maximum salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*: the following are the terms of the school fees; viz. for reading, 2*s.*, writing, 2*s.* 6*d.* and arithmetic, 3*s.* per quarter, and six bolls of oats annually, mortified by an heritor, other emoluments. At the School *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic, the principles of religion and book-keeping are taught. This school is situated on the borders of Auchterderran, and is attended chiefly by children belonging to that parish; the numbers given are those belonging to this parish only.

It very seldom happens that children under five years of age are sent to school, although those of that early age generally, or at least frequently, are taught a little at home; those young persons who, although living in the parish, have attended some other schools which are nearer their several places of residence, are included in the above numbers.

It is believed that there are none in this parish above the age of fifteen years (capable of being taught) that are totally unable to read.

(signed) *J. M. Cunnyngame*, Minister.

KINGSBARNs Parish - (Pop. 1,023.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.						
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.						
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.				
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	53	27	80	53	23	76	58	26	84	52	29	81		
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.												
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
1	1	29	36	65	29	36	65	36	40	76	32	35	67		

KIRKALDY Burgh and } Parish - - - - }			Number of Children taught to Read.									To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
20	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	830	-	-	764	

LARGO Parish - - - (Pop. 2,567.)						Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
						Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
						Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
						8	12	20	161	102	263	90	60	150

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	100	-	-	86	-	-	80	-	-	60

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	-	-	140	-	-	-	-	-	130	-	-	-

INGSBARNs Parish is landward with a large Village.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, Latin, French, geography, practical mathematics and drawing; the minister is not aware of any other branches that could be conveniently taught there. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* with about 25*l.* or 30*l.* annually school fees; no other emoluments except a house and garden. At the School *not* Parochial, English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught.

As no register of the age of the scholars at admission or at any period of their attendance is kept in this parish, it is impossible that the number of children under fifteen years of age taught to read and write can be ascertained.

(signed) *George Wright*, Minister.

KALDY Parish is partly landward, but chiefly a Town; about one-fortieth of the population reside in the landward part of the Parish.

Of the Schools existing in this parish, two are Burgh Schools; the branches taught at one are Latin, Greek, French, arithmetic, algebra, mathematics, theoretical and practical, and geography; those taught at the other are English reading, with grammar and etymology, and writing. The largest number of pupils at the former school, in 1835, was 22; the average number at the latter, in the same year, was 70. Another is called "Philp's Institution," to which the late Robert Philp, esquire, devised the greater part of his fortune, for educating and clothing 400 children in this and the adjoining parishes, to be taken from the poorest classes of the community. The branches taught are English, with grammar and etymology, writing, arithmetic, and the elements of useful knowledge. The children are clothed while at school, and if they behave well, receive, at dismissal, a ticket entitling them to a donation of about 5*l.* to assist them at their outset in life; of these children, there are in the parish 100 who pay no fees. The teacher has a school-room from the trustees, with 100*l.* a year. A Sabbath School teacher is also provided for the religious instruction of the children; besides which, their religious and moral culture is attended to by their daily teacher. Another, called "The Coal Village School," is attended by 25 children, who are instructed in reading, writing, arithmetic and religious knowledge. The teacher has a lodging, school-room and coals furnished him gratis. The branches taught at three other schools (which are attended, on an average, by about 204 children), are English reading, writing, arithmetic and practical mathematics. Those taught at another (which is attended by 41 children) are English reading and grammar, French, geography and arithmetic. Those taught at another (at which are 32 children) are English reading, writing and arithmetic. At another (which is attended by 12 children) English reading is only taught. The teacher of this school is a feeble old man, and his pupils are a few neighbouring children, generally too young to be sent to a more distant school. The schools above mentioned are all taught by male teachers, and those hereafter mentioned are taught by females; the branches taught at one are needlework and knitting, English and religious instruction. The Misses Fergus give the teacher a house and a salary; the number of pupils is fixed at 30. Those taught at another are needlework, knitting, English reading, writing and the first rules of arithmetic, and religion. The teacher is allowed a salary of 16*l.* with a house and school, from a society of ladies, and also part of payment for work done. The children pay fees, which go towards the school fund; the number of pupils is fixed at 36. Those taught at four others (which are attended by 67 children) are needlework, reading and religious instruction. Those taught at two others (which are attended, on an average, by 76 children) are needlework, English with grammar, French, geography, drawing, history and music. A kind of Infant school, comprehending a few boys, is attached to each of these schools. Those taught at another (which is attended by 21 children) consist nearly of the same as those taught at the two last-mentioned schools, but the pupils in general are of a less opulent grade. The remaining school is for *Infants*, established by a society, who rent a house and play-ground, and pay the teacher 25*l.* per annum. The children (who are expected to pay a penny a week) are taught reading, sewing and knitting, with the first elements of arithmetic, zoology, geography, singing, and the repetition of hymns and scripture histories, &c. They are admissible from the last quarter of their third year, and must leave at the end of that in which their sixth year terminates; they being kept much in exercise, their health appears rather to be benefited than injured by their attendance; the number is fixed at 65. In all the above schools, the Holy Scriptures are read; and in all but five, the Catechisms of the Scottish Church are committed to memory; even in those five, the grand principles of those Catechisms are carefully inculcated. The numbers 830 and 764, given in answer to the question as to how many attended the schools during the periods specified, refer to those who attended between Michaelmas 1834 and Lady-day 1835. Within the last 30 years, the demand for classical teaching has much fallen off. When the present minister was inducted in 1807, the scholars at the Burgh Classical School were nearly 60. They have never been more than 22 in the last year; in that which preceded, they were still fewer. The Burgh English School has also fewer scholars now than formerly; but the number of private schools, and of pupils attending them, has much increased.

(signed) *John Martin*, Minister.

ARGO Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, navigation, mensuration, land-surveying, and occasionally Latin; there is no demand for any other branches. The salary of the master is maximum, with 21*l.* school fees, only two-thirds of which are paid, and 40*l.* sterling, annually, other emoluments. At the schools *not* Parochial, English, writing, arithmetic, and occasionally navigation are taught; and in one of these, sewing also.

From the repeated changes of the teachers of two Schools *not* Parochial, the returns cannot be made complete; many more children might attend school, but the rate of weavers' wages has been so low for several years as to prevent their being sent. There is a much greater desire in the country than in the village part of the population to procure for their children the benefits of education.

It is believed that there is only one person in the parish, above the age of fifteen years, who cannot read, but there are many more elderly persons who cannot write.

(signed) *Robert Brown*, Minister.

ESLIE Parish is landward, with a Village of 1,821 inhabitants.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, Latin, writing, Greek, mathematics and arithmetic. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*; the terms of the school fees are as follows: for Latin, 5*s.*, English, 2*s.*, English and writing, 2*s.* 6*d.*, and for arithmetic, 3*s.* per quarter; the other emoluments are derived from the office of session clerk. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches of education as at the Parochial School are taught; at the other three, English, writing and arithmetic only.

Owing to the teachers not entering the children's names regularly at the different terms, and the terms here given being different from those in Scotland, it is exceedingly difficult to give precise answers to the queries.

(not signed.)

EUCHARS Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Greek, Latin, mathematics, English reading, English grammar, geography, writing and arithmetic; no other branches can be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 15*l.* school fees, and about 10*l.* annually, other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic and geography are taught; also, Latin in one. At these schools, the emoluments of the teachers are, at an average, 2*s.* 6*d.* per quarter, and a free house; one of them is conducted by a female, chiefly for sewing, although she has greatly thinned the attendance at the Parochial School by teaching to read.

Many poor children are taught gratis; only five scholars are above fifteen years of age, and many children attend from neighbouring parishes.

(signed) *David Watson*, Minister.

OGIE Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, English grammar, Latin, arithmetic, geography and mathematics. The salary of the master is maximum, with 9*l.* school fees, and 5*l.* annually, other emoluments. There is also a Sabbath School in the parish, taught two hours before public service begins, so that it brings the young people up to church, and leaves them to parental instruction in the evening.

In this fluctuating agricultural population an individual is occasionally, though seldom, met with above fifteen years of age who cannot read, or who reads imperfectly; this seems to arise from an increasing neglect in the parents not sending their children to school, and from their being sent too early to service, while their religious instruction is entirely neglected. The schools in this parish are examined annually by a Committee of Presbytery, in consequence of this a considerable improvement in the mode of teaching has taken place; there is, however, in general, a great want of intellectual instruction, the greatest improvement in modern education.

(signed) *And. Melville*, Minister.

MARKINCH Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, Greek, practical mathematics, English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and French; no other branches are required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 27*l.* 18*s.* school fees, and about 10*l.* annually, other emoluments, arising from session clerk, with fees of office; which, however, is not necessarily held by schoolmasters, though generally. At nearly all the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School.

The number of children returned under five years of age as learning to read, refers to the Parochial School only; few attend school under that age, unless Female Schools. The questions as to the number of children who attended the Parochial School during the periods specified cannot be answered, owing to the decease of the former teacher; neither can accurate answers be given to the questions as to the number who attended the Schools *not* Parochial during the periods specified, owing to the change of teachers; the average ranges from 50 to 60 throughout the year. The teachers often change, as the income is small, arising generally from very low fees for teaching weekly. It is believed that all in the parish are taught to read, most to write, and many to calculate.

(not signed.)

MONIMAIL Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, geography, mathematics, mensuration, and occasionally Latin. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*, with 24*l.* 10*s.* school fees, and a mortification of 2*l.* 15*s.* 6*d.* annually, other emoluments. At all the Schools *not* Parochial, reading and writing are taught; at two, arithmetic, mathematics and Latin; and at one, sewing and knitting, in addition.

The parish is extensive, and many parts of it far from the Parochial School, in consequence of which, the heritors and others have entered into subscriptions for supporting schools in the remote corners.

Besides those children taught at public day schools, there are about twenty taught by their parents or tutors at home, and nearly as many attend evening classes during the winter. The number of scholars in the different schools is very fluctuating, and in consequence of the difficulty in obtaining accurate lists the numbers given must be considered as only an approximation to the truth. During summer, especially towards autumn, so many children are employed in country labour, that the classes become very thin; and generally, the young people go so early to their apprenticeships, that they are only half taught when they leave school, having acquired little more than simple reading, spelling and writing. The evening classes consist of those persons who are engaged through the day, and who, having left school too soon, endeavour, when too late, to remedy their parents' mistake.

The time now allotted for the education of the lower class is so short, that without the most efficient teachers at the Parochial and other Schools, and the establishment of Infant Schools, they must grow up in lamentable ignorance; for both purposes, additional endowments are required.

(signed) *James Brodie*, Minister.

MOONZIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, practical geometry, trigonometry, land-surveying, geography, English grammar and Latin. The salary of the master is 30*l.*, with 18*l.* 5*s.* 7½*d.*, school fees, and 3*l.* 8*s.* 6*d.* annually, other emoluments.

(signed) *Alex. Kidd*, Minister.

EWBURGH Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, geography, English grammar, mathematics and navigation; no other branches are required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*, with 22*l.* annually, school fees. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, navigation, and the rudiments of Latin to a very limited number, are taught.

It may be observed, that none should be allowed to open a Public School and teach in the same, except those who have themselves received a regular education of at least two years at a University. Parents generally are not good judges of qualified teachers, and in their selection are more apt to be guided by prejudices and party or sectarian views, than by a regard to real attainments; private teachers should, therefore, be subjected to trial and examination before the Presbytery, or some other qualified official body within the bounds, in the same manner as the parochial teachers are.

(signed) *John Anderson*, Minister.

EWBURN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, and occasionally Latin, Greek and geography; French and the elements of mathematics might also be taught. The salary of the master is 29*l.* 18*s.*, with 10*l.* 10*s.*, school fees, and 3*l.* 5*s.* annually, other emoluments. The School *not* Parochial is a charitable institution, where six boys are maintained and taught English reading, writing and arithmetic.

In answer to the questions as to the number of children, under fifteen years of age, taught to read and write, the numbers here given refer to those who are now actually learning.

(signed) *Thos. Laurie*, D.D., Minister.

ITTENWEEM Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, French, Greek, English grammar, geography, writing, arithmetic, navigation and mathematics; the demand for the dead languages is very partial; in fact, during the last few months, there has been no scholar in the school learning Latin or Greek. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*, with 50*l.* school fees, and about 8*l.* annually, other emoluments, arising from session clerkship, and a house and garden. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, English grammar, writing, arithmetic and mensuration are taught; and at the other two, which are exclusively for girls, English, writing, sewing and knitting; the number of children attending these three schools during the periods specified could not be ascertained, owing to the teacher of the principal school having been changed, but the average number throughout the year is from 80 to 110; about an equal number of each sex.

(signed) *John Cooper*, Minister.

ST. ANDREW'S Burgh } and Parish - }			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			68	71	139	412	444	856	284	222	506

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
11	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	607	593	1,200	573	451	1,024

ST. LEONARD'S Parish - (Pop. 482)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

ST. MONANCE Parish - (Pop. 1,110.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	147	130	277	83	56	139

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	55	31	86	38	19	57	60	45	105	32	25	57		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	40	35	75	-	-	-	48	39	87	-	-	-		

T. ANDREW'S Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

At the Schools which exist in this parish, English reading and grammar, composition, writing, drawing, arithmetic, mathematics, astronomy, geography, history, French, Italian, German, Latin, Greek, music and needle-work are taught; owing to the removal of teachers, the number of children who attended these schools, between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, is unknown.

There is in the parish an *Infant School*, at present attended by 130 children, under one teacher.

There has never been a Parochial School in this parish, but there were two Burgh Schools, which in 1833 became incorporated with the Madras College, an institution founded by the late Dr. Andrew Bell, discoverer of the system of Mutual Tuition. The salary of the master of the Burgh Grammar School was 50*l.*, and that of the master of the English School, 25*l.*; these salaries, according to an agreement with Dr. Bell, are still paid by the town of St. Andrew's to these teachers.

There are also three Village Schools in the parish, the salaries of which arise partly from mortification, and partly from subscription by the heritors and inhabitants.

(signed) *Robert Haldane*, Minister.

F. LEONARD'S Parish, with the exception of three small farms in the neighbourhood, is situated in the Town of St. Andrew's, and consists of small portions scattered through different parts of that Town.

It so happens that on no part of these portions is there a School of any kind. From the local situation, however, of the parish, the parishioners have the advantage, in common with the other inhabitants of St. Andrew's, of the education provided for that city, viz. the Madras School, founded and endowed by the late Rev. Dr. Bell, in which all the different branches of education are taught in a very superior style to the young population; and besides that seminary, there are, for those of more advanced years, the United College, in which the various branches of science and literature are taught; and also, St. Mary's College, which is appropriated entirely to the study of theology; so that, as has already been mentioned, there is a facility for the acquirement of every branch of education to the parishioners, although there happens to be no seminary in the parish of St. Leonard's for the education of young people.

(signed) *James Hunter*, Minister.

F. MONANCE Parish is partly landward and partly Burgh of Barony.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, Latin, writing, arithmetic and geography. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 34*l.* school fees, and 10*l.* 10*s.* annually, other emoluments, derived from the office of session clerk; also, a house and garden. At the School *not* Parochial, English reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and navigation are taught; the numbers given as attending this school are taken from the school registers, but the schoolmaster cannot vouch for the regularity of their attendance.

(signed) *R. S.*, Minister.

SALINE Parish (Pop. 1,139.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			4	5	9	54	20	74	34	7	41

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	56	29	85	51	24	75	53	25	78	48	22	70

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

SCONIE Parish - - - (Pop. 2,566.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	34	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	49	43	92	31	37	68	46	39	85	35	34	69

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
6	7	154	163	317	-	-	-	152	162	314	-	-	-

STRATHMIGLO Parish - (Pop. 1,940.)					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					—	—	—	22	49	71	77	121	198

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	41	18	59	30	12	42	60	27	87	31	14	45

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	135	136	271	106	113	219	121	145	266	117	138	255

LINE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, English, writing, arithmetic, Greek and French. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*, with an average of 40*l.* school fees, and 7*l.* annually, other emoluments.

(signed) *William Forfar*, Minister.

ONIE Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh of Barony.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, Greek, Latin, French, mathematics, &c. The salary of the master is 36*l.*, with 70*l.* school fees, and 21*l.* annually, other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial the same branches of education as at the Parochial School are taught, and music and drawing in addition at one of them.

As far as is known there are no persons in the parish, above the age of eight years, who are unable to read, except one, and he is imbecile.

(signed) *Geo. Brewster*, Minister.

RATHMIGLO Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic and Latin; also, French, geography, Greek and mathematics are directed to be taught. The salary of the master is maximum, with 22*l.* school fees, and 12*l.* annually, other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, geography, Greek and Latin are taught.

(not signed.)

TORRYBURN Parish - - (Pop. 1,436.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	149	202	351	87	107	194

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	50	35	85	46	24	70	48	29	77	38	21	59

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

WEMYSS Parish (Pop. 5,001.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	430	360	790	355	280	635

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	40	35	75	40	35	75	42	31	73	42	31	73

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
6	6	361	354	715	-	-	-	356	349	705	-	-	-

DRRYBURN Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, spelling and grammar, writing, arithmetic, geography, Latin, and occasionally Greek and French; there is no demand for any other branches. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 36*l.* school fees, and 10*l.* other emoluments, annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial (three of which are kept by females), English reading and spelling, writing, arithmetic and sewing are taught. It is difficult to ascertain the number of children who attended these schools during the periods specified, but the average number may be stated at 140.

The number of children taught to read, under five years of age, cannot be ascertained; most of the children begin to learn to read when about that age; few begin to learn to write before they are eight years old. The total population, between five and fifteen years of age, is 151 males and 202 females. The total number attending school, at present, may be stated at 210 or 215 children of both sexes.

There are in the parish three males and three females, above fifteen years of age, who cannot read.

(signed) *Thomas Doig*, Minister.

EMYSS Parish is landward, with four large Villages, and West Wemyss a Burgh of Barony.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin, French, mathematics, navigation, &c.; any other branches are taught when required. The salary of the master is maximum, with about 25*l.* school fees, and about 20*l.* sterling, annually, other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

There are few or no persons in this parish, above fifteen years of age, who cannot read; in fact, all the young people are not only early taught to read, but the great majority of them are also taught writing and accounts. At the Schools *not* Parochial the smallest numbers differ very little from the greatest numbers, the attendance being very regular.

(signed) *John M'Lachlan*, Minister.

SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF FIFE.

1. NUMBER of INHABITANTS in the SHIRE of FIFE in the Year 1831 - - - - - 128,839.

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL
2. NUMBER of Children under five years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	548	549	1,097
Number of Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	7,075	6,161	13,236
Number of such Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write - - - - - }	3,873	2,924	6,797

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
			Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
3. PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS - - - - -	55	61						
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			2,590	1,463	4,053	1,407	752	2,159
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			2,396	1,342	3,738	1,375	794	2,169

	£.	s.	d.
TOTAL AMOUNT of Salaries received by Parochial Schoolmasters - - -	1,831	18	9 ¹ / ₄
— of School Fees received by - - ditto - - -	1,414	3	7 ¹ / ₂
— of other Emoluments received by ditto - - -	329	19	9
£.	3,576	2	1 ³ / ₄

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
			Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
4. SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - - -	223	252						
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			3,287	3,318	6,605	1,279	1,325	2,604
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			5,069	4,592	9,661	2,192	2,129	4,321

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
			Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
5. TOTAL NUMBER of PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, } and SCHOOLS not PAROCHIAL - - - }	278	313						
Total Number of Children attending School from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			5,877	4,781	10,658	2,686	2,077	4,763
Total Number of Children attending School from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			7,465	5,934	13,399	3,567	2,923	6,490

REMARKS ON THE SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF FIFE.

The number of Inhabitants attributed to the several Parishes in this Abstract of Education Returns differs from the total number ascribed to the Shire of Fife in the Population Abstract of 1831, because in two instances a parish extends into adjoining shires, in which case the entire parish is ascribed to that shire in which the largest portion of its population reside; this kind of correction being unavoidable in a Return strictly parochial. The total Population of the parishes entered in this Abstract thus becomes 369 persons less than 128,839, and is taken at 128,470 in all the calculations on which the subsequent remarks are founded.

To this number might be added in strictness an increase of nearly three and a half per cent. (or 34 in 1,000) during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and ten months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years; such estimated increase somewhat lessens the proportion of children educated, or under education in the Shire of Fife, but does not alter any of the numbers which are stated in the Summary, or in the following remarks.

The difficulty of personal inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has not permitted the ministers of twenty-eight parishes in Fifeshire to specify the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read, or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears on the opposite page to have been 1,097; which, by application of the rule of proportion to the population of all the parishes, gives 1,840 for the entire Shire of Fife.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read (as specified in the Returns) is 13,236; adding to which a due proportion for twelve parishes (which are defective in this particular), the total number may be assumed at 15,881. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years of age at Lady Day 1834 must have been 32,176, supposing the same proportion as before now to exist throughout the Shire of Fife.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write (as specified in the Returns) is 6,797; adding to which a due proportion for fourteen parishes (defective in this particular), the total number of such children is 8,797.

The number of Parochial Schools is 55, in which are 61 instructors. The greatest number of scholars at these schools between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 4,053; but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 4,338; and the least number of scholars (2,159) in like manner becomes 2,818.

The greatest number of scholars at Parochial Schools between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 3,738; but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 4,293; and the least number of scholars (2,169) in like manner becomes 2,793.

The total amount of salaries, school fees and other emoluments appertaining to the parochial instructors was £. 3,576 from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834, exclusive of the fees appertaining to the Parochial Schools at Dunbog and Forgan, of the fees and other emoluments at the schools at Inverkeithing, Kemback, Kinglassie and Leslie, and of other emoluments connected with the school at Burntisland, the amount whereof is not given in the Returns from these parishes.

The number of Schools not Parochial is 223, in which are 252 instructors. The greatest number of scholars between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 6,605, adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 10,839; and the least number of scholars (2,604), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 7,725.

The greatest number of scholars at Schools not Parochial, between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 9,661; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 14,083; and the least number of scholars (4,321), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 10,322.

The total number of Schools (Parochial and not Parochial) is 278, in which are 313 instructors. The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Fife between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 10,658, adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 15,177; and the least number of scholars (4,763), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 10,543.

The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Fife between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 13,399; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 18,376; and the least number of scholars (6,490), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 13,115.

bbath-day Schools are in three instances mentioned in the Returns; but children receiving daily instruction, and no others, are included in the foregoing Summary and Remarks.

Shire of Forfar.

ABSTRACT OF EDUCATION

[The ancient Parishes are placed in Alphabetical order throughout the County, except those always entered under the name

ABERLEMO Parish - - } (Pop. in 1831, 1,079.)		Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
		Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	37	23	60	-	-	-	53	31	84	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

AIRLIE Parish - - - (Pop. 860.)		Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
		Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	20	10	30	-	-	-	27	13	40	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	21	11	32	-	-	-	32	17	49	-	-	-

Shire of Forfar.

RETURNS, JULY M.DCCC.XXXIV.

in the Burgh and Parish of Dundee; but the Parochial Districts recently established are of their ancient Parishes.]

ERLEMO Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, land-surveying and navigation; the first and two last branches are seldom required, and no others could be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, the school fees are from 12*l.* to 14*l.*, and other emoluments (as session clerk) from 6*l.* to 7*l.* per annum. The School *not* Parochial is taught by a poor widow and her daughter; the number attending may average twenty, mostly young girls. Every child in the parish is taught to read, and almost all who are come to the years when capable are learning to write, and many arithmetic also. The east and south ends of the parish are more than three miles distant from the school, and if accommodation for a teacher in each of these districts could be got, it would be desirable, especially in winter.

(signed) *James Mitchell*, Minister.

RLIE Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, book-keeping and Latin. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with about 13*l.* school fees, and 3*l.* annually, other emoluments. At the School *not* Parochial, English reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

There are at least on an average 20 children belonging to this parish who attend school in the adjoining parishes.

(not signed.)

BULOT Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, geography and practical mathematics. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* with 14*l.* school fees, and 6*l.* annually, other emoluments. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, reading and writing are taught; and at the other, the same branches as at the Parochial School.

It is impossible to answer the Queries as to the number of children who attended the Parochial and other Schools during the periods specified, as no regular account has been kept of the attendance of the scholars between Lady-day and Michaelmas. It will be observed that the numbers given in answer to the questions as to the number of children under five years of age who are taught to read, and the number of those between five and fifteen years of age who are taught to read and to write, are of those who were actually attending school at the time the inquiry was made, as this was considered the extent of the inquiry at the time the information was collected.

(signed) Thomas Guthrie, Minister.

BROATH or ABERBROTHOCK Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School, which is divided into three departments, consists of English in all its branches, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, French, geography and mathematics; there is no demand for any other branches. The salary is 34*l.*; the school fees amount to 299*l.* 14*s.* 8*d.*; the other emoluments are 60*l.* from the burgh, and 20*l.* annually from a mortification to that effect. At the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches of education as at the Parochial School are taught, with navigation, drawing, music and needlework in addition. The numbers stated as attending the above schools are merely approximations; but as they are founded on the information of the teachers themselves, they are believed to be very near the truth.

The number of children under five years of age, and of those between five and fifteen, stated as taught to read and write, comprehends those now attending school.

In the year 1831, when a very elaborate survey of the parish was made, the number of persons above fifteen years of age who could not read, was 5 males and 13 females; and the number of those above that age who could not write, was 51 males and 703 females; at that time the total number attending school was 556 males and 504 females.

(signed) Wm. Stevenson, Minister.

CHTERHOUSE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic and practical mathematics; other branches might be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*; the school fees amount to 20*l.* 12*s.* 4*d.*, and other emoluments to 10*s.* per annum.

(signed) Geo. Winehouse, Minister.

BARRIE Parish - - (Pop. 1,682.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	45	25	70	66	34	100	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	51	22	73	77	39	116	-	-	-

BRECHIN Burgh and Parish (Pop. 6,508.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.						
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.						
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.				
			35	25	60	—	—	—	—	—	—				
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	3	100	80	180	—	—	—	100	80	180	—	—	—		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
11	11	269	252	521	—	—	—	257	235	492	—	—	—		

CARESTON Parish - - (Pop. 252.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			1	2	3	24	5	29	17	3	20

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	26	5	31	16	3	19	29	4	33	22	3	25		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	6	22	28	3	7	10	-	-	-	-	-	-		

RRIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, geography and mathematics. The salary of the master is 29*l.* 18*s.* 9½*d.*, with 30*l.* 12*s.* 3*d.* school fees, and about 6*l.* or 7*l.* annually, other emoluments, as session clerk; the master is also precentor, but without any additional fee. At the School *not* Parochial, the same branches of education are taught as at the Parochial School.

In answer to the questions as to the number of children under five years of age taught to read, and of those between five and fifteen taught to read and write, it is the general practice in this parish to send children to school upon attaining their fifth year, but not before; all are taught to write, and also a slight knowledge of some of the first rules of arithmetic.

(not signed.)

ECHIN Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic and practical geometry. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.* per annum; the school fees are from 55*l.* to 60*l.*, and other emoluments, for a house, 10*l.* per annum. At the Schools *not* Parochial, Latin, French, geography, English reading, writing, arithmetic, music and sewing are taught. There has been very recently formed an academy, consisting of the Parish School, a Burgh School, and a school endowed by a mortification; in the last-mentioned, the Rector teaches Latin, French and mathematics.

The number given in answer to the question as to how many children under five years of age have been taught to read, refers to those actually attending school; in the country district of the parish, owing to the distance from school, scarcely any are sent under five years of age, and at home are taught little more than the letters. In town they are usually sent at four years. There is no Infant School in the parish.

In answer to the questions as to the number of children who are taught to read and to write between five and fifteen years of age, all, or nearly all between those ages have been taught or are now learning to read, and about three-fourths are able to write.

In general it may be said that there is no want of the means of education in town, but at present there is decidedly so in the country, which embraces an extent of three or four miles in all directions. There are two schools in the country, but these are so wretchedly endowed (with 2*l.* or 3*l.* from the Kirk Session), that it cannot be hoped to have efficient teachers, and one of these is at present vacant: Government ought to give an endowment to each of these schools.

(signed) *Ja. Burns, Alex. Foote*, Ministers.

RESTON Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading of English, writing, arithmetic, the first principles of religion, English grammar, Latin, practical mathematics, geography and book-keeping: Greek, French, &c. might also be conveniently taught. This school is examined once a year by a Committee of Presbytery. The salary of the master is the highest allowed by Act of Parliament, 1827, viz. 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*; the school fees amount to 11*l.* 15*s.*, and other emoluments to 1*l.* 15*s.* per annum. At the School *not* Parochial, reading of English, knitting and needlework are taught. There is also a Sunday School taught during the summer months by the Minister and occasional assistants, at which the principles of religion are taught, together with the reading, and generally a short exposition of the Holy Scriptures; and it is only strict justice to add, that the first principles of religion are taught in the other two schools.

As far as is known to the Minister of this parish, all persons therein (except one), above the age of fifteen years, are capable of reading English, many indeed in a very homely manner. The parish is the smallest in the county.

(signed) *David Lyell*, Minister.

CARMYLIE Parish - - (Pop. 1,153.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	4	8	12	48	30	78	-	-	39

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	34	18	52	5	2	7	38	21	59	4	5	9

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	34	11	45	-	-	-	37	14	51	-	-	-

CORTACHY and CLOVA } Parish - - - - - } (Pop. 912.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	71	46	117	36	23	59

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	25	5	30	25	5	30	30	10	40	25	5	30

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	46	31	77	-	-	-

CRAIG Parish - - - (Pop. 1,552.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			44	40	84	266	132	398	156	108	264

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	50	20	70	36	14	50	62	25	87	39	15	54

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	47	43	90	36	30	66	50	46	96	36	32	68

MYLIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, practical mathematics, geography and Latin, with Greek and French if required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 1*d.*, with about 18*l.* 10*s.* school fees, and 5*l.* 5*s.* other emoluments annually, exclusive of commission for collecting labour road money, which averages about 3*l.* annually. At the School *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, geography and Latin are taught. There is another private school in the parish, but owing to the frequent change of the teachers, the number of scholars attending thereat during the periods specified could not be ascertained.

Not only is the Parochial School disadvantageously situated, being within a short distance of the south boundary of the parish, where the population is least dense, but the school-room itself is in so ruinous a condition, that it was necessary, in December 1832, to abandon it, since which period the attendance has considerably fallen off.

The number of children under five years of age, and of those between five and fifteen, stated as taught to read, comprehends those now actually at school.

(signed) *William Robertson*, Minister.

RTACHY and CLOVA Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, English grammar, Latin, writing and arithmetic; no other branches are required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 6*d.*, with about 15*l.* school fees, and 3*l.* other emoluments annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, which are only kept during winter, English, writing and arithmetic are taught; two of these schools are kept at the expense of the parents and relatives of the young persons who attend them; the other is conducted under the superintendence of the Rev. William Ewcort, Missionary Minister at Clova.

There is no person in this parish above the age of fifteen years who is not able to read.

(signed) *William Ogilvy*, Minister.

RAIG Parish is landward, except Aossie Island, included within the new boundaries of Montrose Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, mensuration, navigation, geography, Latin, religious and useful knowledge; also Greek and French might be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* per annum, with 17*l.* school fees, and 13*l.* annually, other emoluments, derived from the fees and office of session clerk. At two of the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading, shorter catechism and needlework are taught; and at the other two, English, writing, arithmetic and catechism. One of these schools is endowed by a lady resident in Craig, and is situated within the boundaries of Marytown Parish, but just on the borders of Craig; of the number attending this school, only two belong to Marytown. Also *see* Marytown.

It can scarcely be said that there is any person in the parish at present who is altogether unable to read, but there are several in the fishing villages who cannot read intelligibly, though they may know the alphabet, and be able to spell a few words.

The number of children between five and fifteen years of age stated as taught to read and write, comprehends all the children belonging to this parish who are at school either in this or other parishes.

(signed) *Jas. Brewster*, Minister.

CUPAR ANGUS Parish. See PERTHSHIRE.

DUN Parish - - - - - (Pop. 514.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			1	1	2	22	12	34	6	4	12

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	24	19	43	17	15	32	28	18	46	14	10	24		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	4	6	10	3	5	8	3	6	9	3	4	7		

DUNDEE Burgh and Parish (Pop. 45,355.)

1. CAWGATE District.			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			58	54	112	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
9	11	281	242	523	223	192	415	265	228	493	200	179	379		

2. CHAPEL SHADE.			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.										
Schools.		Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.					From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.										
Schools.		Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.					From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
7	7	366	137	503	-	-	-	366	137	503	-	-	-

UN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic and practical mathematics; no other branches could be conveniently taught at present. The maximum salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 13*l.* school fees, and 6*l.* 19*s.* other emoluments annually, derived from the offices of collecting road-money and session clerk. At the School *not* Parochial, English reading only is taught.

There are no persons in this parish above fifteen years of age who are not able to read. When the Kirk Session find any so poor as not to be able to pay for education, they send them to school, and pay for their learning to read from the Poor's Funds; it is very seldom that they require to do this, as the parents are very anxious, and are generally able to get them taught to read. It is also provided in the Act of Parliament for making better provision for the Parochial Schoolmasters, and for making further regulations for the better government of the Parish Schools in Scotland (11th June 1803), that the schoolmasters shall be obliged to teach such poor children of the parish as shall be recommended by the heritors and ministers at any parochial meeting.

(signed) John Eadie, Minister.

DUNDEE Burgh and Parish.

AWGATE District is partly landward and partly Burgh.

At the Schools in the Parish, English, writing, arithmetic, geography, knitting and needlework are taught; one of these is an *Infant School* supported by subscription, and is well attended, but the funds are inadequate; its perpetuation will be of immense benefit to the parish.

The children returned under five years of age as learning to read, were (with the exception of 16) taught in the Infant School. The average number of children attending school is 435, being less than 1 in 19 of the population. The children of the rich frequently attend public schools not in the district, therefore true attendance in and out of the district may be one in 15. This district, in respect of education, is perhaps the most needy in Dundee. The population is generally poor, and in the remotest parts where schools are most needed, is entirely composed of the labouring classes. Parents in very many instances are unable to pay the fees demanded at private schools. It is customary in large families to send children to school by turns, so that they are very inadequately instructed. Two other schools at least are required in the distant parts of the parish.

(signed) John Jaffrail.

HAPEL SHADE is within the Burgh of Dundee.

The branches taught at the Schools existing in the Parish, are English reading, writing, arithmetic and grammar; and at one of them practical mathematics.

The numbers returned are the average for both periods.

(not signed.)

3. CLEMENT'S, ST., Parish.			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			40	48	88	315	330	645	161	161	322

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	7	309	213	522	-	-	-	315	330	645	-	-	-

4. GREY-FRIARS Parish.			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			63	46	109	309	285	594	—	—	—

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

5. HAWKHILL District.			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			107	116	223	560	554	1,114	314	194	508

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
10	22	504	351	855	-	-	-	519	381	900	-	-	-

LEMENT'S, St., Parish is within the Burgh of Dundee.

At the Schools in the Parish (none of which are strictly speaking Parochial) the instruction consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geography, French, elements of mathematics and mensuration; and religious instruction is given.

There never was a Parish School, properly so called, in Dundee. Public seminaries there are; but the rates are such as limit the access to them to the rich. In the immediate neighbourhood of St. Clement's parish there are some public and private seminaries, at which many of the youth belonging to that parish attend—one particularly, in which 600 children are educated in all the common branches of an English education, one-third gratis, and two-thirds at 1 s. 6 d. per quarter, including the use of books, slates, pencils, light and fire. None of the higher branches are taught in this large school. It was erected lately, at the expense of about 1,700 l., including a ground-rent of 32 l. 10 s. per annum. Three other schools, containing each 250 scholars, or rather four, containing 200 scholars each, would afford the means of instruction to all the children of the poor in Dundee, at the small sum of 18 d. per quarter. The number of scholars is increasing annually, with the rapid increase of the population.

The number of scholars in Dundee, in proportion to the population, will be found to be small, from various obvious reasons, such as poverty, carelessness on the part of parents, and idleness on that of children; and the temptation to which parents are exposed to employ their children from tender years in the subordinate branches of the manufactures. Even before they are fit for mills, a very young person can earn a shilling or two weekly, by winding yarn, no doubt to the great hindrance of its education and the certain injury of its health. Many thousands of Irish are here, some of whom avail themselves of the schools, but most do not.

(signed) James Thomson, M. A., Minister.

GREY-FRIARS Parish consists entirely of a part of the Burgh of Dundee.

The instruction given at the Schools existing in the Parish, consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, knitting, sewing and religious knowledge.

With regard to children between five and fifteen years of age, a considerable number can read, but cannot write; and not a few can read who are not at any school, except perhaps at Sabbath schools.

The number of children who attended the schools during the periods specified cannot be ascertained.

(signed) Charles Adie, Minister.

HAWKHILL District consists entirely of a part of the Town of Dundee.

There is no Parochial School in the district, though most urgently required. At all the Schools *not* Parochial, reading is taught, to which are added, at eight of them, writing and arithmetic; at three, the girls are taught sewing and knitting; and at one seminary the pupils have an opportunity of learning algebra, geometry, French, Latin, Greek and history.

Dundee, though possessing eight churches and chapels, and nine ministers connected with the establishment, is yet one parish. This anomaly in parochial legislation is in progress of being removed by the Church Courts. When the plan is completed, the town and neighbouring territory will be divided into nine separate parishes, with each its church, minister and eldership; but there are no funds at command by which to complete these parochial establishments, by the addition of Parochial Schools. Such schools are most urgently needed to supply education at a cheap rate to the poor, thousands of whom are growing up in total ignorance. The most considerable seminary included in the accompanying list is not confined to the children of the district, but forms a place of education for the more wealthy and substantial part of the population from all quarters of the town. When this is taken into account, there is exhibited a fearful deficiency of the means of education in that quarter, over which the ecclesiastical jurisdiction of the minister extends.

(signed) John Roxburgh, Minister.

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

ST. MARY'S Parish is partly landward and partly Burgh.

There is no Parochial School properly so called in the town. In this parish there are five Free Schools, wherein all the common branches of education are taught. The schoolmasters have no fixed salaries, except the teacher of an *Infant School*, who has about 20*l.* a year; and a female teacher, who has about 30*l.* The number of children who attended the above schools during the periods specified cannot be given, as they are constantly shifting and changing from one school to another.

(not signed.)

ST. PAUL'S Parish is entirely Burgh.

At seven of the Schools which exist in this Parish (one whereof is an Academy, one a Grammar School, one a Sessional School, and four English Schools), English, Latin, Greek, French, arithmetic, mathematics, chemistry and natural philosophy are taught; these schools are considered to be endowed, and the Sessional School alone is attended by 500 poor children; at the other six schools (one of which is a Boarding School), reading, writing, arithmetic and needlework are taught.

The number of children who attended the schools during the periods specified is not given, as none of the schools regard the days mentioned as terms for quarters, and the minister's examination of the schools in his district ended in November 1834.

(signed) *Patrick Macvicar*, D. D., Minister.

DUNNICHEN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, English grammar, writing, arithmetic and Latin. The maximum salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*; the terms of the school fees are, for English, 2*s.* 6*d.*; for reading and writing, 3*s.*; for arithmetic, 3*s.* 6*d.*; and for Latin, 4*s.* per quarter; other emoluments average 5*l.* annually, as session clerk. At the Schools *not* Parochial (one whereof is situate at the village of Latham, the other, at Dumbarrow Bridge), the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School.

The parishes here are very ill divided, the parish church being at one side of the parish, and the Parochial School at the opposite; both remote from the main body of the population. The district of Dumbarrow is wholly detached from the rest of the parish, having the parish of Kirkden intervening. The private teachers who have no salaries charge higher fees than the parochial schoolmaster. The number of scholars at the Bridge of Dumbarrow School, in 1834, averaged 50, of whom 24 belonged to the parish, and 16 were under fifteen years of age.

(not signed.)

EASSIE and NEVAY } Parish - - - - }					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					4	8	12	30	11	41	26	10	36

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	21	11	32	34	19	53	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	11	15	26	15	16	31	-	-	-

EDZELL Parish - - - (Pop. 974.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	3	3	120	56	176	65	25	90

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	1	50	24	74	28	16	44	44	30	74	23	14	37	

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
2	2	55	29	84	10	8	18	49	30	79	8	8	16	

FARNELL Parish - - - (Pop. 532.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				18	2	20	62	61	123	31	14	45

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	18	10	28	18	8	26	28	12	40	28	6	34

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	14	15	29	10	12	22	13	13	26	10	10	20

EASSIE and NEVAY Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar and geography. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*; the school fees amount to 17*l.* 5*s.* 7*d.* per annum; there are no other emoluments. At the School *not* Parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

(signed) *James Flowerdew*, Minister.

EDZELL Parish (which is partly in Kincardineshire, but wholly entered here) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, practical mathematics, and Latin; no other branches could be conveniently taught there. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 24*l.* school fees; other emoluments consist of a house and garden, worth 6*l.* per annum. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English writing and arithmetic are taught.

(signed) *Andrew Hutton*, Minister.

FARNELL Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of the first principles of Christianity, English reading, writing, arithmetic and mathematics; also Latin, French and geography might be conveniently taught there. The salary of the master is 30*l.*; the school fees amount to 13*l.* 10*s.*, and other emoluments to 4*l.* 15*s.* 3½*d.* per annum. At the School *not* Parochial, English reading, sewing and writing are taught by two females.

(not signed.)

FEARN Parish - - - (Pop. 450.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			1	-	1	23	23	46	17	15	32

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	14	10	24	10	8	18	23	23	46	18	18	36		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

FORFAR Burgh and Parish (Pop. 7,949.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			90	80	170	—	—	—	—	—	—

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	43	32	75	—	—	—	49	37	86	—	—	—		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
13	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		

GLAMMIS Parish - - (Pop. 1,999.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.								
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.								
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.						
			4	2	6	89	57	146	56	22	78						
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.														
Schools.			Instructors.			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
						Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
						Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		30	20	50	-	-	-	45	25	70	-	-	-			
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.														
Schools.			Instructors.			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
						Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
						Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3		65	40	105	-	-	-	55	40	95	-	-	-			

FEARN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geography, English reading and grammar. The salary of the master is 28*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.*, with 13*l.* 10*s.* school fees, annually; other emoluments are a house and the legal garden ground. There is also a Sunday School held during the winter months, which is attended by about 16 males and 12 females, on the average.

A doubt cannot be entertained that the legal provision for parochial schoolmasters is inadequate, with regard to their dwelling-houses, and that the same observation perhaps is applicable to their garden walls, which are no better than a slender protection from external intrusion; the deficiency of their domestic accommodation is acknowledged to be such, that in most cases the heritors of their own accord have given an apartment or two more than allowed by law; but there are exceptions, which must be heavily felt by the occupants.

(signed) *David Harris*, Minister.

FORFAR Parish is partly Burgh and partly landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, Latin, Greek and French; no other branches could be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 25*l.* school fees, and an allowance of 8*l.* 15*s.* for a dwelling-house and garden. At the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School; and music and drawing at the schools for females.

The questions as to the number of children between five and fifteen years of age who are taught to read and to write cannot be answered with precision.

(signed) *Will. Clugston*, Minister.

GLAMMIS Parish is entirely landward, containing one large Village, and four smaller ones.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, practical mathematics, English grammar, book-keeping, Latin and geography. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 2*d.* per annum, with a house, and an allowance of 2*l.* 2*s.* 9*d.* for a garden; the school fees amount to from 24*l.* to 25*l.*, and other emoluments, as session clerk, to 3*l.* 10*s.* annually; which, with baptism and marriage fees, may amount to 10*l.* per annum. At the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches of education as those at the Parochial School are taught; one of these schools is situated in the Glen of Ogilvie; another at Newton; and the other at Thornton. The teacher of the first-mentioned is allowed, in addition to his fees, a salary of 5*l.* per annum; the other two depend entirely on the school fees, which are, for Latin, 5*s.*; arithmetic, 3*s.*; writing and English reading, 2*s.* 6*d.*; reading English, 2*s.*; writing, 1*s.* 6*d.* per quarter; and for a course of book-keeping, 21*s.*

The numbers returned in the Schools *not* Parochial refer only to two schools, as no exact account can be given of the children who attended Thornton School during the periods specified, the teacher having been dismissed, in May 1834, on account of his bad character. The present teacher entered last summer, he is a young man of good character, and has about 50 scholars.

(signed) *James Lyon*, Minister.

LENISLA Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing and arithmetic; there is no demand for other branches. The salary of the master is 29*l.* 18*s.* 10*d.* per annum, with 5*l.* school fees, annually. At the School *not* Parochial, also, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught. In addition to the above, there is a school held during the winter season, which is usually attended by about 50 scholars.

(not signed.)

UTHRIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and practical mathematics; also some branches of architectural drawing; geography, Latin and music might also be advantageously taught. The salary of the master is two chalders of grain. At the School *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic and geography are taught. Nearly one-half of the parish is separated from that in which the Church and Parochial School are, and in this detached portion this school is situated; the distance of the one part of the parish from the other is above seven miles. The minister has not been able to obtain satisfactory information as to the fees and other emoluments appertaining to the Parochial School. The master has a fixed income, to some extent arising from his office of clerk to the Kirk Session, which income results from the proclamation of banns of marriage and registration of births, as well as extracts of proceedings of the Kirk Session when they are required.

It may also be added, that the minister makes it a practice to visit, monthly, both the Parochial and the other School, to ascertain by examination the progress of the scholars; and further, that it is one of the standing regulations of the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland, that each Presbytery, within its bounds, make a yearly inspection of every school within its territory, and report its state to the meeting of Assembly in May.

(signed) J. Whitson, Minister.

NVERARITY Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, mathematics, and the principles of religion and morality. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*; the school fees amount to about 25*l.*, and other emoluments to about 7*l.* annually.

(signed) George Loudon, Minister.

VERKEILOR Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics, navigation, English grammar, geography, Latin and French; but the two last-mentioned branches are seldom required. The maximum salary of the master, by Act of Parliament 1803, is 25*l.* 7*s.* 10 $\frac{3}{4}$ *d.*, with eight bolls and one firlo of oats. The school fees are as follows; viz. for reading, 2*s.* per quarter; reading and writing, 2*s.* 6*d.*; reading, writing, and the first rules of arithmetic, 3*s.*; the higher parts of arithmetic, practical mathematics and navigation, 4*s.*; book-keeping and Latin, 5*s.* per quarter; the only other emoluments are a house and garden, and 10*l.* per annum for teaching 12 children. At the School *not* Parochial, the same branches of education as at the Parochial School are taught. The master of this school receives a salary of 7*l.* per annum, accruing from a mortification, with a house and garden.

(signed) *Alex. Carnegie*, Minister.

ETTINS Parish (which is partly in Perthshire but wholly entered here) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic and Latin, mathematics and geography; no other branches being required. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum; the school fees amount to 32*l.*, of which sum 13*l.* is derived from mortifications, for the education of poor children, and the remaining 19*l.* from the parents or relatives of the children; other emoluments consist of a comfortable dwelling-house, with three-quarters of an acre of land; and from 10 to 12 guineas per annum, as session clerk and distributor of the poor's money. There are occasionally private schools taught in the parish, but none during the periods specified.

It is believed that there are scarcely any persons in the parish above fifteen years of age who have not been taught to read; a few children in the outskirts of the parish attend schools in other parishes which are nearer to them.

(not signed.)

KINGOLDHAM Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, Latin, practical mathematics, mensuration, &c.; the teacher is ready to instruct in other branches (if required), but no others are at present demanded. The salary of the master is 23*l.* sterling, and six and a half bolls of oats, worth at present about 3*l.* 5*s.*; the school fees amount to about 10*l.* per annum. The payment of the grain in kind is felt to be a grievance by the teacher.

It is presumed that there is no person in this parish, above the age of fifteen years, who is not able to read a little; although there may be a few who cannot read so well as to derive from it any useful instruction.

(signed) *William Haldane*, Minister.

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

KINNELL Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin, French, mathematics, book-keeping and navigation; which branches the master is either now actually teaching, or has formerly taught. The salary of the master is 31*l.* sterling; the average amount of school fees for ten years ending 1st September 1833, is 15*l.*; the greatest amount was 19*l.*, the least 12*l.* per annum. There is no other school in the parish, with the exception of a small school kept by an aged female, who teaches at present ten young children.

(signed) — *George Walker*, Minister.

KINNETTLES Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, algebra, elements of mathematics, English grammar, geography and French; these branches answer all the demands of the parish. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*; the school fees are for English reading, 2*s.* 6*d.*, reading and writing, 3*s.*, arithmetic, 4*s.*, Latin, 5*s.* per quarter; there are no other emoluments.

(not signed.)

KIRKDEN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic and mensuration; rarely any other branch is taught. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 10*d.* per annum, with from 11*l.* to 12*l.* school fees, and 6*l.* other emoluments annually as session clerk. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading, writing, arithmetic, mensuration and Latin are taught; and the alphabet, sewing and knitting at the other, which is kept by a female for very young children. The number of children who attended these two schools during the periods specified cannot be given; the number who were in attendance at the former at the time the inquiry was made was 63; and the average attendance for the last ten years at the latter is 35.

In regard to the question as to the number of children under five years of age taught to read, it may be observed, that very few children under that age are taught except a few at the female school alluded to; all between five and fifteen years of age, as far as can be ascertained, have been taught, or are now learning to read. In regard to the question, as to the number who are taught to write, an accurate answer cannot be given; but there is reason to believe, that at least two-thirds between five and fifteen years of age have been taught or are now learning. There are no means of ascertaining the number of children who attended the Parochial School during the first period specified, the present master having only entered into his office in October 1833.

(signed) — *David Carruthers*, Minister.

KIRRIEMURE, or KILLAMUIR Town } - (Pop. 6,425.) and Parish - - - }			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	487	346	833	200	72	272

CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.														
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
Schools.	Instructors.													
1	3	169	40	209	128	34	162	147	31	178	136	22	158	

CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.														
OTHER SCHOOLS.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
Schools.	Instructors.													
15	15	318	306	624	-	-	-	250	239	489	-	-	-	

LENRATHEN Parish - (Pop. 998.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.														
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		38	31	69	30	26	56	76	38	114	51	29	80
CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.														
OTHER SCHOOLS.			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

LETHNOT and NAVAR } (Pop. 404.) Parish - - - - - }			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	32	30	62	24	16	40

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	20	14	34	7	5	12	28	16	44	6	4	10		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	5	14	5	3	8		

KIRRIEMURE, or KILLAMUIR Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, geography, practical mathematics, algebra, Greek, Latin and French; not aware that any other branches could be conveniently taught there. The salary of the master is 36*l.* 7*s.* 2*d.* per annum, including 2*l.* 2*s.* 9*d.* for garden ground; the school fees amount to 128*l.*, including from 10*l.* to 15*l.* of fees not paid; there are no other emoluments except 10*l.* per annum for keeping the accounts of a charitable fund. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, the usual branches of female education are taught; and at the other fourteen schools chiefly English reading, writing and arithmetic.

All persons in this parish read a little; there is a great want of efficient teachers, and it would require at least two other schools similar to the Parochial School to make education efficient in the parish.

(signed) Thomas Easton, Minister.

LENTRATHEN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, English and English grammar, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, book-keeping and geography. The salary of the master is 29*l.* 18*s.* 9*d.*, the school fees amount to 26*l.*, and other emoluments to 5*l.* per annum. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, English grammar, arithmetic, writing and geography are taught. These schools are only open during the winter months; no returns can be procured from them, but the average number attending one is supposed to be 45, and the other 30.

(not signed.)

LETHNOT and NAVAR Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, and occasionally practical mathematics; Greek, French, geography, &c. might also be taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.*, the school fees amount to 10*l.* sterling per annum, and other emoluments, consisting of a house and garden of the legal dimensions. The School *not* Parochial is situated in a remote part of the parish; the instructor is employed by the inhabitants to teach about four months only in winter, and whereat English, writing, arithmetic, and sometimes practical mathematics are taught.

The children in this parish are generally about five years of age before they commence their education; at present most of the children of the principal residents are above 15 years of age, which will account for the disproportion between the population and the number of children below that age. There are no persons in this parish above the age of fifteen years, so far as is known, who are not able to read, except one female, who was born deaf and dumb.

(not signed.)

1. LIFF and BENVIE } - (Pop. 1,275.) Parish - - - }			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			6	4	10	78	38	116	25	15	40

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	58	28	86	57	23	80	48	24	72	40	20	60

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	21	24	45	17	18	35	32	23	55	22	18	40

2. LOCHEE Parish - - (Pop. 2,942.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
			50	61	111	286	324	610	120	73	193			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools. Instructors.			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
7	7	-	-	-	-	159	126	285	189	129	318	-	-	-

LOCHLEE Parish - - - (Pop. 553.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			1	3	4	57	34	91	38	21	59

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	12	10	22	-	-	-	10	18	28	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	36	16	52	17	7	24	42	31	73	17	7	24

IFF and BENVIE Parish (which includes Invergowrie in Perthshire) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, English grammar, mensuration, geography, Latin and mathematics. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, and the school fees amount to 36*l.* 15*s.* per annum. At the School *not* Parochial, English reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar and geography are taught.

The minister is not aware that there are any persons in the parish, above 15 years of age, who cannot read.

(signed) *Geo. Addison*, Minister.

OCHEE Parish was only a chapel district of Dundee and Liff Parishes, until last General Assembly; it is entirely landward, neither in whole or in part a Burgh or Town, but a large and increasing Village, situated within the elective franchise of Dundee.

At four of the Schools in the parish, taught by masters, the instruction consists of English reading, writing and arithmetic; and at the other three, taught by mistresses, English reading, knitting and sewing.

There are 64 persons in the parish, upwards of 15 years of age, who cannot read at all; and many of those who have left school are far from being good readers or writers.

There is no Parochial School or any emolument to endow one; the parishioners are, for the most part, a poor and hard-working class of people, who a few years ago erected a chapel, which contains nearly 1,200 sitters, at their own expense, having received no pecuniary aid from any of the respective heritors connected with this parish, with the exception of 4*l.* sterling from one of them. There is still a considerable debt upon the building, and the minister's stipend is paid entirely from the seat rents and collections made at the doors; but out of these collections 52*l.* must go annually to the Kirk session funds of the parishes of Liff and Dundee, for the support of the poor. It is understood that there are of unexhausted teinds connected with the parish of Liff, whence three-fourths of this parish is formed, which, if appropriated, would do more than endow the church and a Parochial School. If something is not done in this way, the youth of this parish must grow up in a great measure destitute of education, as the parents are unable, in most cases, to pay school fees for their children; and many of both sexes, especially grown-up females, are very imperfect readers at the present time.

(signed) *William Stewart*, Minister.

OCHELEE Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, geography, navigation, Latin, Greek, book-keeping, &c.; no other branches could be conveniently taught there. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*; there are no school fees paid; other emoluments consist of a mortification of 5*l.* 11*s.* 1*d.*, and six bolls of meal per annum. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, geography, Latin and book-keeping are taught. One of these schools, which is situated in the most populous part of the parish, is endowed by the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge in Scotland; the teacher has a salary of 10*l.*, with a house and three acres of land; the school fees amount to about 7*l.* or 8*l.* per annum; the other school is situated in a remote corner of the parish, the teacher of which is paid about 15*l.* per annum, together with bed, board and washing.

All the people in the parish have been taught to read and write. The greater part of the male population have been taught arithmetic, and many of them mathematics, &c.

(signed) *David Inglis*, Minister.

OGIE-PERT Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, book-keeping, and the elements of mathematics. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*; the school fees amount to about 10*l.* 7*s.* 6*d.*, and other emoluments to 10*l.* 6*s.* annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial (two of which are taught by males, the other three by females), the education consists of the usual elementary branches.

The number of children under five, and of those between five and fifteen years of age, stated as taught to read and write, comprehends those now actually at school. But besides these, there is a considerable number in this country parish, probably about 100, between five and fifteen years of age, who, from their occupation or from accidental causes, are prevented attending any of the schools regularly during the year. It is however believed, that of these (with the exception of one blind and one fatuous person), there are few, if any, totally deprived of the first elements of education; and so far as is known, there is no individual above the age of fifteen years in the parish who is unable to read at all.

(signed) *Thos. Hill*, Minister.

UNAN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, French, mathematics, &c. The salary of the master is 28*l.* 17*s.* 3*d.*; the school fees amount to 25*l.*, and other emoluments to 5*l.* 10*s.* annually. Most of the scholars attending the above-mentioned school are from other parishes.

(signed) *Robert Barclay*, Minister.

UNDIE and FOWLIS Easter United Parishes (which are partly in Perthshire, but wholly entered here), are entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of all the usual branches, (except the dead languages,) that are taught at such schools. The salaries of the masters amount to 30*l.* sterling each; the school fees to about 20*l.* each, annually; there are no other emoluments attached.

The proportion of scholars at the schools in this parish is rather larger than usual, from local circumstances, it being convenient for many from the adjoining parishes to attend.

It does not appear that there is, in general, any necessity for increasing the number of branches taught, but there is in general great room for improving the manner of teaching; a greater boon conferred on the country could scarcely be conceived than the establishment of a Normal School in Edinburgh at the public expense, from which every parochial teacher might be required to procure a license. One race of teachers, trained under Mr. Wood, would do as much as three in the usual way.

(signed) *Thos. Irvine*, Minister.

INS Parish, including STRATHMARTIN, is wholly landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, practical mathematics, Latin, and occasionally a little French and Greek. The salaries of the masters amount to 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* each; the fees of both schools to 60*l.*, and other emoluments to 15*l.* annually, exclusive of house and garden. At the Schools *not* Parochial, the instruction consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, knitting and sewing; two of these schools are taught by females, who do not teach writing.

The numbers given, as attending the above schools, vary but little, with the exception of a few weeks after the autumnal vacation; there are no persons above fifteen years of age in this parish who cannot read.

(signed) *David Cannan*, Minister.

RYTOWN Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, with Latin, &c. when required. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with 10*l.* school fees; other emoluments are a house and garden, and about 4*l.* per annum. Five of the scholars attending this school are from the parish of Craig; and two from this parish attend a school on the borders of this and Craig parish; also *see* Craig.

Of the numbers given, between five and fifteen years of age taught to read, four of them attend Lunan school. In addition to the above there are two Sabbath schools, attended by 55 young persons belonging to this parish. These Sabbath schools may in some degree diminish the number of scholars at the Parochial School, but they are of great benefit for the religious education of youth. There are no persons in the parish, above the age of 15 years, who cannot read.

(signed) *Andrew Fergusson*, Minister.

ENMUIR Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, grammar and practical mathematics; although, during the last 18 years, a classical education has been required to one only, yet it would be convenient if the master could teach Latin and Greek. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 15*l.* school fees, annually.

In reference to the scholars in the Parochial School, the numbers given only state the average number of each sex who attended school during the respective periods, as many attend school only two or three months in a year; there were in fact upwards of 100 children under tuition, more or less of the time, from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834.

Another school in the parish would be very convenient, in consequence of the Parochial School being situated about four miles distant from the east end of the parish, consequently the children residing in that part are sent to schools in the neighbouring parishes. All the children that are capable of being taught, are taught; those that are unable to pay the school fees are taught gratis; there are only two persons in the parish, above the age of fifteen years, unable to read, and they are insane.

During harvest there is a necessary vacation of six weeks, during which no school fees are charged.

(signed) *William Cron*, Minister.

MONIFIETH Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, English, writing, arithmetic, land-surveying and navigation. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 3*d.*, with, on the average, 8*l.* 10*s.* school fees, and 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* annually, other emoluments, accruing from a mortification. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic and needle-work are taught; the number of children attending these schools could not be ascertained.

(signed) John Bisset, Minister.

ROUGHTY FERRY Parish (which was formerly a part of Monifieth, but lately erected into a *quod sacra* Parish) is entirely landward, consisting chiefly of a considerable Village.

Strictly speaking there is no Parochial School in the parish, but there is a school belonging to the Kirk Session of Dundee, which allows the master a salary of 9*l.* 18*s.* 6*d.* per annum, but only 3*l.* 18*s.* 6*d.* are sure; the school fees are, for reading, 3*s.*, writing, 4*s.*, and arithmetic, 5*s.* per quarter each; there are no other emoluments attached; at this school about 100 children, of both sexes, are taught reading, writing, arithmetic, geography, French and Latin. There are also five private schools in the parish, at two of which the same branches of education, as above enumerated, are taught by two masters; at the other three schools, reading, writing, &c. by three females; in consequence of the teachers being changed, the number of scholars attending these five schools could not be ascertained.

The number of children under five, and of those between five and fifteen years of age, stated as taught to read and write, comprehends those now actually learning.

(not signed.)

MONIKIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, Latin, writing, arithmetic and mathematics. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*, with about 22*l.* school fees, and about 5*l.* annually, other emoluments. The Schools *not* Parochial are two subscription schools, whereat English reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

The questions concerning the number of children under five, and those between five and fifteen years of age, taught to read and write, cannot be understood; but it may be stated that children generally begin their education about the age of five years, and finish it about fifteen years of age.

(signed) James Miller, Minister.

MONTROSE Burgh and } (Pop. 12,055.) Parish				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				100	100	200	780	652	1,432	400	360	760

CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.															
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.															
OTHER SCHOOLS.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
27	34	880	752	1,632	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

MURROES Parish - - (Pop. 657.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			7	5	12						

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	30	20	50	25	15	40	35	22	57	30	18	48

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

NEWTYLE Parish (Pop. 904.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			6	8	14	99	102	201	56	28	84		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	63	15	78	52	9	61	75	22	97	49	18	67
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	4	30	34	4	18	22	2	19	21	2	17	19

ONTROSE Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

At the Montrose Academy the instruction consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Greek, Latin, mathematics, geography and French. The salaries of the teachers are as follows; viz. the rector, 50*l.*; two Latin teachers, 40*l.* and 50*l.* respectively; two for writing and arithmetic, 25*l.* each; and two English teachers, 40*l.* and 25*l.* respectively. The school fees are the only other emoluments of the teachers; viz. rector, 100*l.*; first Latin teacher, 90*l.*; the teachers of writing and arithmetic, 100*l.* each; one of the English teachers, 120*l.*; and the other, 80*l.* per annum. This school is endowed, and contains 200 males and 147 females. In the landward part of the parish there is a school, the teacher of which has a house, garden and a school-room, with a salary of 2*l.* from the Kirk Session; the instruction consists of English, writing and arithmetic; the numbers attending are 50 males and 30 females. There are also two Charity Schools, supported by mortifications; at one whereof the teacher is allowed 36*l.* per annum, a house, garden and school-room; at the other, a male and a female teacher have between them the interest of 900*l.*; the instruction at these schools consists of English, writing and arithmetic; also sewing, &c. at the school for females; the numbers attending both schools are 120 males and 55 females. Two schools belonging to the trades, the teachers of which have no salaries, only a school-room, at one of these, English only is taught; at the other, writing and arithmetic; the numbers attending both schools are 120 males and 30 females. There is also an *Infant School*, supported by subscription, the teacher whereof has a salary of 50*l.* per annum; the numbers attending are 70 males and 60 females. In addition to the above, there are upwards of twenty private schools in the parish, at which the instruction consists of English, writing and arithmetic; also sewing, &c. at the schools for females; these schools are attended by about 320 males and 380 females.

The numbers attending the above schools vary but little at different seasons of the year. Upon comparing the numbers attending school with the population of the parish, it will be seen that the means of education are within the reach of all; but two-fifths of the children are taught by unendowed and irresponsible teachers, who, without receiving their appointment from any authority, and without being accountable, have opened schools as the means of temporary support. These schools are often held in small and inconvenient rooms, unfavourable both to the health and the progress of the scholar; and when the teacher procures a profitable situation, his school is often scattered, and his pupils have to seek instruction elsewhere. In this town two schools are required, so endowed that the fees might not be higher than those of the country parish schools, and where the ordinary branches of education might be taught.

(signed) *R. Smith*, Minister.

MURROES Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, practical mathematics, Latin, and the Westminster shorter Catechism; Greek is also directed to be taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*; the school fees amount to 24*l.*, and other emoluments are the usual accommodations of a house and garden.

All persons in the parish between five and fifteen years of age have been taught, or are now learning to read and write.

(signed) *John Currie*, Minister.

NEWTYLE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, grammar, arithmetic, mathematics and Latin; no other branches are required. The maximum salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.* per annum; the school fees amount to about 15*l.*, and other emoluments to between 3*l.* and 5*l.* annually, and a free house and garden. At the Schools *not* Parochial, sewing, knitting, reading and writing are taught by females.

The provision for education in the parish is ample and sufficient, and it is known that there are not more than two or three grown up persons who cannot read, belonging to this parish, and that of their own fault or incapability. The fees charged in the parochial and other schools are so small as to render education, in the branches taught, a matter of easy attainment. The children of the poor, who are not able to pay the small fees charged, are taught gratis, as provided for in the parochial schools.

A new village is being erected in the parish, and at this time (Dec. 1834) two additional schools, taught by females, are now in operation there, for the instruction of the young of both sexes, from four to five years of age and upwards.

(signed) *John Moore*, Minister.

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

OATHLAW Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, history, geography, Latin, arithmetic and mathematics, with Greek and French, if necessary; and any other branches that may be required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 9*l.* 14*s.* school fees, for the year ending 1st August 1834; there are no other emoluments attached.

The small number of scholars attending the Parochial School may be partly accounted for by the most populous part of the parish lying more contiguous to a school in a neighbouring parish, at which school 20 scholars from this parish are now attending.

(signed) Andrew Cromar, Minister.

PANBRIDE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, practical mathematics, Latin and geography. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*, with 23*l.* 3*s.* 6*d.* school fees (from Oct. to Aug. 1834); there are no other emoluments as schoolmaster. At the Schools *not* Parochial (one of which is exclusively for females), needlework, &c. is taught.

No answer can be given to the questions as to the number of children under five years of age who are taught to read, and the number between five and fifteen years of age who are taught to read and to write, as no list of the kind was ever kept. The children in the Parochial School are those who attended between the 21st of October 1833 and 25th March 1834, and between 25th March and 11th August 1834. No answer can be made to the questions regarding the number of children who attended the Schools *not* Parochial during the periods specified, for the reason above stated.

(not signed.)

RESCOBIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, book-keeping, geography and history. The salary of the master is 31*l.* per annum. The school fees amount to 10*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.*, being the average for three years; and other emoluments to 6*l.* annually, being the average amount of session clerk's fees.

There are no *Infant Schools* in the parish; the number of children returned under five years of age are taught by their parents. There are many parts of the parish at a great distance from the Parochial School, and the lake in the centre also increases the distance, consequently many children go to the schools of other parishes, to which they are nearer. There is scarcely one person above fifteen years of age in the parish that is not able to read.

(signed) William Rogers, Minister.

RUTHVEN Parish - - (Pop. 363.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			6	5	11	14	11	25	11	9	20

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	18	14	32	14	12	26	16	13	29	13	9	22

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

STRATHMARTIN Parish included in MAINS Parish.

STRICKATHROW Parish (Pop. 564.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				7	1	8	63	62	125	33	31	64

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	34	24	58	16	18	34	19	17	36	13	12	25

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	36	33	69	33	32	65	31	30	61	30	28	58

TANNADICE Parish - (Pop. 1,556.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	-	-	200	-	-	130

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	52	-	-	42	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
7	7	-	-	-	-	-	150	-	-	-	-	-	-

UTHVEN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing and arithmetic; and Latin might be conveniently taught there. The salary of the master is 30*l.*, with about 12*l.* school fees, and 15*s.* annually, other emoluments. There is also a Sunday Evening School conducted by the clergyman of the parish, and one or two assistants; whereat the instruction consists of reading the Bible, catechising and explaining the Scriptures.

There are not any individuals in this parish upwards of fifteen years of age who cannot read with ease their Bible, and most of them can write and keep accounts; but in consequence of the erection of a spinning mill some years ago, a few Irish families have been induced to settle here, who in general are wretchedly poor, and lamentably ignorant; very few of them can read, and their religious knowledge is therefore very limited and very defective.

(not signed.)

RICKATHROW Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic and practical geometry in all its branches. The salary of the master is 30*l.*, with 10*l.* school fees annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading, English and Latin grammar, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught.

There are eight persons in the parish above five years of age who are not able to read; of these two are fatuous, three are children about six years of age, living at a considerable distance from any school, and the other three are advanced in life, and have never been taught.

During the period specified in the table, the greatest number of children under fifteen years of age that attended the Parochial School was 58, and at the private schools 69, making a total of 127; this is owing to duplicate returns having been obtained in several instances; but the actual number of children that attended school during the said period was no more than 113.

(signed) *Wil. Gerard*, Minister.

NNADICE Parish is entirely landward. The Village or Kirktown contains a population of 140.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic and Latin; many other branches might be conveniently taught were the teacher so inclined. The salary of the master is the maximum amount with school fees, as follows, viz.; for teaching English reading, 2*s.* 6*d.* per quarter; ditto, with writing, 3*s.* 6*d.*; ditto, with arithmetic, 4*s.* 6*d.*, and ditto, with Latin, 7*s.* 6*d.* per quarter; other emoluments are 7*l.* 10*s.* as session clerk, and from 7*l.* to 13*l.* for collecting road-money and surveying, census, &c. &c. At three of the Schools *not* Parochial (which are kept by male teachers) the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School; at another (a Boarding School), French, music, English and needlework; and English and needlework only at the other three schools; the governess of one of which is allowed a neat cottage and garden, with meal and milk, by the Countess of Airlee; another teacher has a salary of 8*l.* per annum; and another not quite so much.

A meeting or committee of Presbytery examines the parochial and other schools annually, when the maximum and minimum of scholars is recorded, without any distinction of sex or years. In parishes entirely landward, great talents and numerous attainments are not required; and where they are, as in cities, burghs and large towns, they will be encouraged and compensated as they deserve; take Edinburgh and Glasgow as good evidence. The salaries of parochial teachers ought to be reduced at least one-half, the other half divided among the other teachers where the parishes are large, and otherwise disposed of where they are small.

(signed) *John Buist*, Minister.

DEALING Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading of English, writing, arithmetic, and a knowledge of the Scriptures: if the teacher possessed the requisite qualifications some other branches might be taught there. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.*, with from 8*l.* to 9*l.* school fees, and about 5*l.* annually other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School.

In proportion to the population of the parish a very fair number of the youth of both sexes are being taught to read, &c., but the want of adequate qualifications in the teachers generally, and in the parochial teacher in particular, is exceedingly to be deplored. It is most earnestly desired that the Government of the country would do something which might lead to the institution of Normal Schools, where individuals might be regularly trained to the art and practice of tuition.

(not signed.)

T. VIGEAN'S Parish; the country part is altogether landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing and arithmetic; no other branches could be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 34*l.*, with 30*l.* school fees, and 40*l.* annually other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School.

The number of children who attended the Parochial School, and also the Schools *not* Parochial, during the periods specified, cannot be ascertained. It is the impression, that a tenth part of the young men and women cannot read so easily and intelligibly as to read for instruction or amusement; although there is not one in forty who has not been sent to school. This conclusion is drawn from the proportion of imperfectly instructed persons who come to the parochial examinations.

(signed) *John Muir*, Minister.

T. VIGEAN'S Parish; the town part is included in the northern and western suburbs of the town of Arbroath; no part of it is landward except in one corner, which contains some two or three cottages.

There is no Parochial School, but eight others, some of which contain only five or six children, and are taught by old women; at some of these schools reading only is taught; at others, reading, knitting and sewing; at nearly all, reading, writing and accounts; and at one (a lady's school) music, French and drawing, in addition to the above-mentioned branches.

The number of children who attended the schools during the periods specified could not be ascertained, as many of the teachers keep no account of the same; the numbers given in answer to the queries as to how many children between five and fifteen years of age are taught to read and to write, refer to those who were actually in attendance.

(signed) *Robert Ler*, Minister.

SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF FORFAR.

1. NUMBER of INHABITANTS in the SHIRE of FORFAR in the Year 1831 - - - - - 139,606.

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
2. NUMBER of Children under five years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	1,817	1,211	3,028
Number of Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	7,536	6,115	13,651
Number of such Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write - - - - - }	3,963	2,468	6,431

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
3. PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS - - - - -	53	60	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			1,942	1,064	3,006	1,247	603	1,850
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			2,198	1,188	3,386	1,211	564	1,775

	£.	s.	d.
TOTAL AMOUNT of Salaries received by Parochial Schoolmasters - - - - -	1,717	18	6½
— of School Fees received by - - ditto - - - - -	1,274	12	4
— of other Emoluments received by ditto - - - - -	361	5	8
	£.	3,353	16 6½

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
4. SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - - -	223	255	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			3,921	3,015	6,936	1,219	956	2,175
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			3,368	2,555	5,923	988	731	1,719

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
5. TOTAL NUMBER of PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, and SCHOOLS not PAROCHIAL - - - - - }	276	315	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Total Number of Children attending School from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			5,863	4,079	9,942	2,466	1,559	4,025
Total Number of Children attending School from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			5,566	3,743	9,309	2,199	1,295	3,494

REMARKS ON THE SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF FORFAR.

The number of Inhabitants attributed to the several parishes in this Abstract of Education Returns differs from the total number ascribed to the Shire of Forfar in the Population Abstract of 1831, because in a few instances parishes extend into adjoining shires, in which case the entire parish is ascribed to that shire in which the larger portion of its population reside; this kind of correction being unavoidable in a Return strictly parochial. The total Population of the parishes entered in this Abstract thus becomes 33 persons less than 139,606, and is taken at 139,573 in all the calculations on which the subsequent remarks are founded.

To this number might be added, in strictness, an increase of about six and a half per cent. (or 65 in 1,000), during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and ten months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years; such estimated increase somewhat lessens the proportion of children educated, or under education, in the Shire of Forfar, but does not alter any of the numbers which are stated in the Summary, or in the following remarks.

2. The difficulty of personal inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has not permitted the ministers of seventeen parishes in Forfarshire to specify the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read, or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears on the opposite page to have been 3,028; which, by application of the rule of proportion to the population of all the parishes, gives 3,830 for the entire Shire of Forfar.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read (as specified in the Returns) is 13,651; adding to which a due proportion for fourteen parishes (which are defective in this particular), the total number may be assumed at 19,905. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years of age at Lady Day 1834 must have been 33,764, supposing the same proportion as before now to exist throughout the Shire of Forfar.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write (as specified in the Returns) is 6,431; adding to which a due proportion for sixteen parishes (defective in this particular), the total number of such children is 10,408.

3. The number of Parochial Schools is 53, in which are 60 instructors. The greatest number of scholars at these Schools between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 3,006, but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 3,222; and the least number of scholars (1,850) in like manner becomes 2,305.

The greatest number of scholars at Parochial Schools between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 3,386; but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 3,620; and the least number of scholars (1,775) in like manner becomes 2,289.

The total amount of salaries, school fees and other emoluments appertaining to the parochial instructors was £3,353 from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834, exclusive of the fees connected with the Parochial Schools at Dunnichen, Inverkeilor, Kinnettles and Tannadice, and of the fees and other emoluments connected with the school at Guthrie, the amount whereof is not specified in the Returns, from these parishes; also, exclusive of eight bolls and one firloft of oats belonging to the school at Inverkeilor aforesaid.

4. The number of Schools not Parochial is 223, in which are 255 instructors. The greatest number of Scholars between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 6,936, adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 11,111; and the least number of scholars (2,175) the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 6,603.

The greatest number of scholars at Schools not Parochial between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 5,923; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 10,269; and the least number of scholars (1,719) the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 6,251.

5. The total number of Schools (Parochial and not Parochial) is 276, in which are 315 instructors. The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Forfar between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 9,942; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 14,333; and the least number of scholars (4,025) the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 8,908.

The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Forfar between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 9,309; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 13,889; and the least number of scholars (3,494) the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 8,540.

Sabbath-day Schools are occasionally mentioned in the Returns; but children receiving daily instruction, and no others, are included in the foregoing Summary and Remarks.

County of Haddington.

ABSTRACT OF EDUCATION - - -

[The Parishes are placed in - - - - -]

ABERLADY Parish (Pop. in 1831, 973.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	107	103	210	68	62	130

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	30	27	57	30	27	57	42	36	78	30	27	57

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	38	32	70	4	4	8	59	57	116	40	40	80

ATHELSTANEFORD } Parish - - - }			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	-	-	151	-	-	45

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	80	-	-	73	-	-	92	-	-	81

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	-	-	71	-	-	47	-	-	-	-	-	-

County of Haddington.

RETURNS, JULY M.DCCC.XXXIV.

Alphabetical order throughout the County.]

ABERLADY Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, geography, Latin and Greek; but there are a very few candidates for the two latter branches. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 34*l.* annually school fees; there are no other emoluments attached to the office of schoolmaster. At the School *not* Parochial, English reading, writing, arithmetic, geography, and occasionally a little Latin are taught.

In addition to the schools already mentioned, there are two Evening Schools (during the winter months) for writing and arithmetic, taught by the masters of the above day schools, and attended on an average by about 30 males from fourteen to eighteen or twenty years of age; also two Sewing Schools, attended by about 18 females in the whole, and a Sunday School for religious instruction (all the year round, except during harvest), which is well attended.

It is not known of any person in the parish above fifteen years of age who is not able to read, better or worse.

(signed) *John Smith*, Minister.

ATHELSTANEFORD Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, geography, and the Latin and French languages; no other branches have been required. The salary of the master is the maximum amount of 35*l.* 10*s.*, with 48*l.* school fees annually; other emoluments are 9*l.* annually as session clerk, and 10*l.* as heritor's clerk, besides an excellent house and garden. The branches taught at one of the Schools *not* Parochial are English, writing and arithmetic; those taught at the other (which is kept by a female), are English and needlework only.

The Parochial School is taught diligently and correctly; and the scholars thereat can in general read the New Testament correctly at the age of five and a half or six years, and repeat the Westminster Assembly's shorter catechism. The number of boys and girls attending the schools is nearly the same, but in summer the girls are the greater number.

(signed) *William Ritchie*, Minister.

BERWICK, NORTH, Burgh and Parish } - (Pop. 1,824.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	138	112	250	90	50	140

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

BOLTON Parish - - - (Pop. 332)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				-	-	-	60	20	80	40	10	50			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	50	20	70	-	-	-	60	20	80	-	-	-		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

DIRLETON Parish - - (Pop. 1,384.)		Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
		Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
		-	-	-	40	36	76	26	13	39

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	40	36	76	30	26	56	42	38	80	24	15	39

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2		64	37	101	50	30	80	68	34	102	40	20	60

NORTH BERWICK Parish is landward, with the exception of the Burgh of N. Berwick.

The instruction given at the Parochial and Sub-parochial Schools consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin and geography. The salary of the head parochial master is the maximum amount allowed by law, and that of the sub-parochial master is 4*l.* per annum; the amount of school fees and other emoluments are not given. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, which is a Burgh School, the same branches are taught as at the Parochial Schools; the master is allowed a salary of 10*l.* per annum; at the other two schools, English, writing, arithmetic, French, needlework, music, drawing and geography are taught; these two schools are attended by about 50 females.

There are not many children under five years of age who are taught to read; almost all between five and fifteen are taught to read, and on an average of 250 children between five and fifteen years of age who are at school, perhaps 140 are learning to write; almost every child in the parish is taught to write in the course of its education.

Sunday Schools are already instituted, and the minister would rejoice to see an *Infant School* established in the parish. There are very few persons who are unable to read, and where this deficiency does unavoidably exist, it has been caused by peculiar circumstances. There is provision made for common literary education to all.

(signed) *Robert Balfour Graham*, Minister.

BOLTON Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, geography, mathematics, Latin, and occasionally Greek and French; there is no demand for any other branch. The salary of the master is 34*l.* per annum; the school fees amount to 40*l.*, and other emoluments to 5*l.* 5*s.* annually, as session and heritor's clerk. A few children who live in the remote parts of the parish attend school in the adjacent parishes.

The Bible is regularly read in the school, and religious and moral instruction communicated, and the school is occasionally inspected by the minister. All schools are minutely examined once a year by committees of the Presbyteries. It is confidently believed that there are no persons in the parish above the age of 15 who cannot read.

(signed) *John Abernethy*, Minister.

DIRLETON Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, Latin, Greek, French, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mensuration and geography; no additional branches have ever been suggested. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*, with 33*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.* school fees annually, and no other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

It may be remarked that there is a vacation at the Parochial School of six weeks from the 15th of August, and it is generally another six weeks before the school collects.

(not signed.)

DUNBAR Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin and Greek; perhaps vocal music might be conveniently added. The salary of the first parochial master is the maximum amount of 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* and that of the other the interest of 150*l.* and half a chaldar.

The amount of school fees and other emoluments cannot be ascertained.

At two of the Schools *not* Parochial, which are Burgh Schools, the same branches are taught as at the Parochial Schools. The salary of the first Burgh master is 40 guineas and the legal accommodation that of the second 20*l.* annually; at the other three schools, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

The children may be taught monkey tricks under five years of age, but not to read. All the children in the parish between five and fifteen years of age are taught both to read and write, to the number of 500. The number of children attending school in the Burgh is nearly equal during summer and winter; but in the landward part of the parish they are one-third less in summer. The scholars at the Schools *not* Parochial being all in the Burgh, the number is nearly equal in summer and in winter.

(signed) *John Jaffray*, Minister.

GARVALD Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with school fees, amounting to 16*l.* annually. At the School *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

(not signed.)

GLADSMUIR Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, geography, practical mathematics and Latin; Greek and French are also directed to be taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 32*l.* 7*s.* 1½*d.* school fees, and 30*l.* annually, other emoluments, as session clerk, heritor's clerk and collector. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing, arithmetic and grammar are taught.

The minister and heritors, by Act of Parliament, require the parochial schoolmaster to teach some poor children gratis. In answer to the questions as to how many children under 15 years of age have been taught, or are now learning to read and write, the numbers given are those who attended three of the Schools *not* Parochial, between 29th September 1833 and 25th March 1834, and the present number in the parochial and other schools. The minister is not aware that there are any persons in the parish above 15 years of age who are not able to read, although some read very imperfectly.

(signed) *John Ramsay*, Minister.

HADDINGTON Burgh and Parish (Pop. 5,883.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years o Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	431	348	779	-	-	287

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	77	31	108	-	-	-	87	48	135	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
9	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	344	300	644	-	-	-

HUMBIE Parish - (Pop. 875.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	70	66	136	28	22	50

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	48	36	84	34	24	58	48	36	84	48	36	84		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	21	28	49	-	-	-	19	25	44	-	-	-		

INNERWICK Parish (Pop. 987.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			4	3	7	60	25	85	40	15	55

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	45	24	69	64	28	92	-	-	-		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	-	10	10	-	15	15	-	-	-		

HADDINGTON Burgh and Parish.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English grammar, writing, arithmetic, geography, Latin and French. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 5*s.* with 50*l.* school fees annually; there are no other emoluments as schoolmaster. Of the instruction at the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught at four of them, music and drawing, &c. at two others, which are Boarding Schools for females, and the usual branches at the other three schools, two whereof are Burgh Schools. An Evening School for two hours each night has also lately been established, a small sum being given by the magistrates for its support; the charge made is 1*s.* per quarter; it is at present attended by 70 children, who are not included in the general Return.

There being two established clergymen in Haddington parish, it has been usual to divide it into two districts, one of which is taken by each minister for his own immediate province. The minister, in visiting his district last year, was led to attend particularly to the state of education, and found that out of a population of 2,300, there were of children between five and twelve years of age, 260 at school and 103 not at school; on going over the same ground this year, he has found, as far as he has proceeded, a considerable improvement, and corresponding with this, that the number of children attending school has very much increased. The proportion in this parish, and it is believed generally, of children sent to school will be found to be greatest in the rural districts. In a purely agricultural parish the men having families are able-bodied persons, who are regularly engaged from half year to half year as agricultural labourers, and they can afford (unless their family is unusually large) to educate their children, and would feel it a disgrace not to do so. The expense of a year's teaching to a child in English and writing is about 12*s.* In towns there must always be a portion of the population living from day to day on what they can earn, and much pressed at particular times, so as to be unable to advance even the small sum necessary, and many also, who, from their irregular habits, become careless as to the education of their children. In this parish the children of all paupers between the ages of seven and fourteen are sent to school and instructed in English, writing and arithmetic at the expense of the parish, but the children of able-bodied persons, whatever may be the circumstances of the family, are not sent, as it would be utterly impossible to lay down any general rule by which the selection of the children could be regulated; it would be unfair to the honest and industrious, who work hard to afford their children education, to educate, at the expense of the parish, the children of the idle and drunken: this is a subject of great practical difficulty, as it is much to be lamented that the children who stand most in need of education should be deprived of it.

The Parochial Schools in Scotland, on a national system of education, are founded on what seems to be excellent principles. It is not merely education, but a moral and christian training, for it is part of the system, that the Scriptures shall be regularly read in school; the Catechism of the Church is also taught, but this is optional with parents; they are attended by children of all denominations of Protestants, and the minister has never heard of a complaint of an attempt to turn them to any particular views. They are annually visited and examined by a committee of the neighbouring clergy, and from the connexion between the schoolmaster and minister of a parish, the latter has constant opportunities of acquainting himself with the manner in which education is carried on. In all country parishes, by means of these schools, sufficient opportunities of instruction are afforded; and in towns at a very small expense, the same might be done by providing perhaps a small salary for an assistant to the parochial schoolmaster when there is but one parish in the town, and by establishing such schools in each when there are more.

(signed) John Cook, Minister.

UMBIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, geography, practical mathematics and book-keeping; to which might be conveniently added the elementary parts of Greek, Latin and French. The salary of one of the masters is 29*l.* 18*s.* 10*d.*, that of the other 25*l.* 13*s.* 3*d.* per annum, and the school fees of each amount to about 14*l.* annually; there are no other emoluments. At the School *not* Parochial (which is a side school), reading, writing, arithmetic and English grammar are taught.

There are not known to be any children, above fifteen years of age, who cannot read, except idiots. Owing to the poverty of the hinds and labourers in general, the children are sent to school very early, that they may go to work in the fields at the age of ten or eleven years. In a place like this, where the population is small and thinly scattered, a liberal salary is absolutely necessary to make the schoolmaster comfortable, and to enable him to teach the children of the poor gratis; it is supposed that 40*l.* a year would be sufficient.

(signed) Ja. Macfarlane, Minister.

NERWICK Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar, geography and Latin; no other branches could be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 31*l.* 4*s.* 6*d.* per annum, with 33*l.* school fees, and 7*l.* other emoluments annually. At the School *not* Parochial, English reading and sewing are taught.

(not signed.)

[illegible]

OLDHAMSTOCKS Parish - (Pop. 720.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.						
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.						
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.				
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	10	20	30	15	25	40	-	-	-		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		Instructors.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
				From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.				
2	2	-	-	-	38	24	62	63	38	101	-	-	-		

[illegible]

OREHAM Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin, French, Greek, geography and mensuration; no other branches could be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 36*l.* 15*s.* school fees, and 2*l.*, other emoluments annually.

(not signed.)

OLDHAMSTOCKS Parish.

The instruction given at the Parochial School (which is situate in the Village of Oldhamstocks) consists of English grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin and French. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 15*s.* per annum, with 18*l.* 19*s.* school fees, and 5*l.* 19*s.*, other emoluments annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial (one whereof is in the village of Oldhamstocks, the other in that of Bilsdean), English grammar, writing and arithmetic are taught.

This small parish is well provided with a good education. There is not a single person within the parish who cannot read, no young person who cannot also write, and very few who are not taught all the common rules of arithmetic so as to qualify them for business. In the common routine of reading every one is taught the Bible, and thus made acquainted with the doctrines of religion, and all are instructed to make themselves completely masters of their catechism, so as to imprint those sacred truths in their minds. The teachers are all well qualified for their business, and the parochial instructor has had a university education, and is capable of teaching many other branches besides those above mentioned. All the children attending the private schools do not belong to this parish, several of them are from the adjacent parishes, and are sent here principally as being more convenient for them than their own Parochial School. The reason why there are fewer scholars during the summer than the winter, is that several young persons are employed in hoeing or pulling turnips, and other out-work.

(signed) Robert Moore, Minister.

OLDHAMSTOCKS Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, grammar, writing, arithmetic, practical mathematics, geography, French, Latin, the Bible, and the Westminster Assembly's Shorter Catechism. The salary of the master is 29*l.* 18*s.* 9*d.*, with about 30*l.* school fees annually, and no other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading, grammar, writing, arithmetic, the Bible and Shorter Catechism are taught.

In explanation of the answers to the questions being so defective, the minister has to state, that a great many of the questions refer to a period before he became minister of the parish, and also before the present schoolmasters commenced the active performance of their duties. Under such circumstances, and as no record is preserved of the facts inquired into, it is impossible, either from the minister's own knowledge, or from that of the schoolmasters, to give any such answer as would be entitled to the slightest accuracy. It may also be added, that not a few of the questions proposed admit of so many different interpretations, are so utterly inapplicable to the Scotch system of parochial education, and are drawn up evidently in such complete ignorance of its details, that the difficulty of answering them has been greatly augmented.

(signed) James Bannerman, Minister.

NCAITLAND Parish is partly landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, geography, book-keeping, practical mathematics, Latin and French; the minister is not aware of any other branch that could be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with school fees, amounting to 30*l.*, and other emoluments (as clerk for heritors and kirk session) to 16*l.* annually. At the School *not* Parochial, English reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

It is believed that there are about 20 persons in the parish who are not able to read.

(signed) A. Makellar, Minister.

ESTONKIRK Parish is landward, with a Village containing about 700 Inhabitants.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, geography, and occasionally mathematics, Greek, Latin and French; no other branches could be conveniently added; the salary of the master consists of two chalders of oatmeal, equal to 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with school fees, amounting on an average to 30*l.*, and other emoluments (as session and heritor's clerk) to 12*l.* annually. Of the Schools *not* Parochial, two are for males and two for females; at the former the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School, except at one, wherein the languages are omitted; at the latter, sewing and English reading are taught.

(not signed.)

RESTONPANS Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic and geography; the elements of natural history might also be conveniently added; the salary of the master is the maximum amount, with 50*l.* school fees, and no other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial (three of which are kept by males and the other by a female), English and writing are taught.

Education in this parish is at a low ebb. Amongst a large number of the parents there is a melancholy indifference to the instruction of their offspring, which cannot be soon remedied. *Infant Schools* are much needed, and natural history ought to be taught.

(not signed.)

TON Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin, French and geography; it is thought that no other branch could be taught with advantage, except perhaps some popular instruction in science. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.* with about 33*l.* school fees annually. At the School *not* Parochial, English, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics and land-surveying are taught; geography is also immediately to be added; this school was founded by General Fletcher Campbell, and endowed by him with a house and field; it also receives 20*l.* per annum from a fund bequeathed to the parish for the purpose of education, by Gilbert Burnett, Bishop of Salisbury, who was, during the ascendancy of episcopacy in Scotland, minister of this parish.

It appears that the greatest attendance at both schools is 149, or rather less than a fifth part of the population, and the average attendance is 133 $\frac{1}{2}$, or between a fifth and a sixth part of the gross population. There is also a Sunday School attended by upwards of 120 children, of whom 32 do not attend either of the Day Schools, and who are generally from about 14 to 16 years of age; add these 32 to the average as above, and the result is that there are 165 $\frac{1}{2}$, or between a fourth and a fifth of the population of the parish, receiving instruction in Week-day and Sunday Schools.

(signed) *R. Kerr Hamilton*, Minister.

OTT Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing and arithmetic; Latin is also directed to be taught; no other branches could be conveniently added. The salary of the master consists of one chalder and a half of oatmeal, at 17*l.* 2*s.* 2 $\frac{1}{4}$ *d.* per chalder, and 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* of mortified money; the school fees amount on an average to between 12*l.* and 18*l.*, and other emoluments to 3*l.* per annum. At the School *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

(not signed.)

ENTON Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic and English grammar, &c. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* per annum, with 40*l.* school fees, and 8*l.* other emoluments annually.

There are no persons in the parish above the age of 15 who cannot read.

(not signed.)

TRANENT Parish - - (Pop. 3.620.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	293	241	534	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
Schools.	Instructors.	1	2	69	49	118	63	44	107	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
Schools.	Instructors.	5	6	224	192	416	177	155	332	-	-	-	-	-	-

[illegible][illegible]

RANENT Parish is partly landward and partly consisting of large Villages.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of writing, arithmetic, English, Latin, Greek, French, geography, mathematics, book-keeping, drawing, and any other branches that may be required. The salary of the incumbent is 34*l.* 2*s.* 2½*d.*, with about 40*l.* annually school fees, after paying the assistant; there are no other emoluments attached to the office of schoolmaster. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing, arithmetic and geography are taught.

Of the numbers stated as attending the above schools, 79 males and 61 females are receiving gratuitous education at George Stiell's hospital belonging to the parish.

(not signed.)

HITEKIRK and TYNINGHAM Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of Latin, French, English and English grammar, arithmetic, writing and geography. Each master receives a salary of 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum; the school fees at Whitekirk average 27*l.*, and other emoluments 6*l.* annually; the school fees at Tynningham, 32*l.*, and other emoluments 1*l.* 7*s.* 9*d.* annually.

(not signed.)

HITTINGHAM Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, Latin, Greek and geography; and other branches might be conveniently added if necessary. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 27*l.* school fees, and 12*l.* annually other emoluments.

There are few or no children attend school under five years of age.

(not signed.)

YESTER, otherwise } GIFFORD Parish }		(Pop. 1,019.)		Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				4	4	8	112	108	220	56	48	104

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	78	62	140	66	51	117	82	67	149	76	62	138

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	36	28	64	30	25	55	38	32	70	35	30	65

STER Parish is entirely landward.

Of the three Parochial Schools, one is held at Gifford, the principal village, containing a population of 540; another at Long Yester, and the other at Long Newton; the instruction given at the first-mentioned school consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, French, geography, English grammar, and occasionally mathematics; that at the other two, reading, writing, arithmetic and English grammar; it is thought that no other branches could be conveniently added. The salary of the Gifford schoolmaster is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*; that of the Long Yester and Long Newton masters, 8*l.* 11*s.* 1*d.* each; all three have also free houses and gardens; the school fees amount to 40*l.*, 18*l.* and 14*l.* respectively per annum, and the master of the first school also receives 1*l.* 7*s.* 10*d.* arising from money mortified on estates. Of the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic and English grammar are taught at one, and reading and sewing at the other, which is for females.

With reference to the questions concerning the number of children between five and fifteen years of age who are taught to read and to write, only about two-thirds of the numbers stated are at present attending school; about one-third of the children, whose ages vary from eleven to fifteen, have left school to assist their parents. There are not known to be any persons in the parish above the age of fifteen who are not able to read; the number of such persons must be very small, not exceeding six or seven.

(signed) *John Thomson*, Minister.

SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF HADDINGTON.

1. NUMBER of INHABITANTS in the SHIRE of HADDINGTON in the Year 1831 36,145.

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL
2. NUMBER of Children under five years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read	78	70	148
Number of Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read	2,528	2,126	4,654
Number of such Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write	1,265	849	2,114

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
3. PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS	30	32	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833			816	567	1,383	534	409	943
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834			972	634	1,606	385	297	682

	£.	s.	d.
TOTAL AMOUNT of Salaries received by Parochial Schoolmasters	858	5	11
— of School Fees received by ditto	796	17	9½
— of other Emoluments received by ditto	128	19	7
	£.	1,784	3 3½

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
4. SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL	51	55	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833			641	523	1,164	511	414	925
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834			898	744	1,642	272	201	473

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
5. TOTAL NUMBER of PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, and SCHOOLS not PAROCHIAL	81	87	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Total Number of Children attending School from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833			1,457	1,090	2,547	1,045	823	1,868
Total Number of Children attending School from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834			1,870	1,428	3,298	657	498	1,155

REMARKS ON THE SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF HADDINGTON.

The number of Inhabitants attributed to the several parishes in this Abstract of Education Returns, differs from the total number ascribed to the Shire of Haddington in the Population Abstract of 1831, because in two instances a parish extends into an adjoining shire, in which case the entire parish is ascribed to that shire in which the larger portion of its population reside; this kind of correction being unavoidable in a Return strictly parochial. The total population of the parishes entered in this Abstract thus becomes 29 persons less than 36,145, and is taken at 36,116 in all the calculations on which the subsequent remarks are founded.

To this number might be added, in strictness, an increase of nearly one per cent. (or $8\frac{1}{2}$ in 1,000) during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and ten months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years; such estimated increase somewhat lessens the proportion of children educated, or under education in the Shire of Haddington, but does not alter any of the numbers which are stated in the Summary, or in the following remarks.

The difficulty of personal inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has not permitted the ministers of fourteen parishes in Haddingtonshire to specify the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read, or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears on the opposite page to have been 148; which, by application of the rule of proportion to the population of all the parishes, gives 433 for the entire Shire of Haddington.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read (as specified in the Returns) is 4,654; adding to which a due proportion for two parishes (which are defective in this particular), the total number may be assumed at 4,910. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years of age at Lady Day 1834 must have been 9,038, supposing the same proportion as before now to exist throughout the Shire of Haddington.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write (as specified in the Returns) is 2,114; adding to which a due proportion for four parishes (defective in this particular), the total number of such children is 2,699.

The number of Parochial Schools is 30, in which are 32 instructors. The greatest number of scholars at these Schools between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,383, but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 1,990, and the least number of scholars (943), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 1,904.

The greatest number of scholars at Parochial Schools between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,656, but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 2,626, and the least number of scholars (682), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 2,117.

The total amount of salaries, school fees and other emoluments appertaining to the parochial instructors was 1,784*l.* from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834, exclusive of the school fees and other emoluments belonging to the schools at North Berwick and Dunbar, the amount of which is not given in the Returns.

The number of Schools not Parochial is 51, in which are 55 instructors. The greatest number of scholars between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,164, adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 2,451, and the least number of scholars (925) in like manner becomes 1,857.

The greatest number of scholars at Schools not Parochial between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,642; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 2,868, and the least number of scholars (473) the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 1,618.

The total number of Schools (Parochial and not Parochial) is 81, in which are 87 instructors. The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Haddington between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 2,547, adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 4,441; and the least number of scholars (1,868) in like manner becomes 3,761.

The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Haddington between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 3,298; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 5,494; and the least number of scholars (1,155) the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 3,735.

abbath-day Schools are occasionally mentioned in the Returns; but children receiving daily instruction, and no others, are included in the foregoing Summary and Remarks.

County of Inverness.

RETURNS, JULY M.DCCC.XXXIV.

Alphabetical order throughout the County.]

LIVIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin, book-keeping, algebra, mathematics and geography; no other branches are at present necessary. The salary of the master is 29*l.* 18*s.* 9*d.* per annum, with 18*l.* school fees, and 4*l.* 10*s.* annually, other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, Gaelic, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught.

It will be observed, that the number of girls who are taught to read and write in this parish is quite disproportionate to the number of boys; this is owing partly to the general poverty of the people, and partly to a mistaken idea, prevalent among the common tenants, that education is not so necessary for girls as it is for boys.

(signed) *J. Macdonald*, Minister.

RDESEIR Parish is landward and part of a Village.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, arithmetic, reading and mathematics; other branches are taught when required. The salary of the master is 36*l.*, with about 20*l.* school fees annually; there are no other emoluments as schoolmaster. Of the Schools *not* Parochial, one is a Boarding School, whereat music, drawing and other female branches of education are taught; and at the other, reading and arithmetic by a private teacher.

The number of children who are taught to read under five years of age, and the number who are taught to read and to write between five and fifteen years of age, cannot be ascertained; neither can the number of children who attended the above schools during the periods specified be given, owing to irregular attendance.

(not signed.)

ARDNAMURCHAN Parish. See ARGYLLSHIRE.

BARRA (Island) Parish - (Pop. 2,097.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.						
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.						
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.				
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

BOLESKINE and ABER- TARFF Parish } (Pop. 1,829.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			—	—	—	140	102	242	61	37	98

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	33	11	44	13	7	20	40	14	54	5	6	11

		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
OTHER SCHOOLS.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

BRACADALE (in Skye) Parish - - - } (Pop. 1,769.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	177	56	233	60	33	93

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	20	8	28	19	8	27	22	9	31	21	9	30		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	113	30	143	113	30	143	113	30	143	113	30	143		

RRA Parish is entirely landward.

There has been no school of any description in this parish for the last thirteen years, that is, since the present proprietor, Colonel MacNeil, has succeeded to the property, he being sole heritor of the parish. A parochial schoolmaster was appointed some years since, but as yet no school-house has been provided for him according to the law of the land, and of course no school is taught by the master, although his salary (26*l.* annually) is regularly paid. The consequence is, that the people (who are in general illiterate and in a deplorable state of ignorance) although desirous of having their children educated, are deprived of every means of accomplishing their wishes; and as their poverty precludes them from employing teachers at their own expense, their state must be melancholy in the extreme.

In a population of upwards of 2,000 souls, few are able either to read or write, and they must naturally sink deeper and deeper in ignorance every day, unless some seasonable relief is obtained for them. Gratuitous teachers could have been procured from different societies and charitable institutions, were the proprietor to grant certain small requisites for their accommodation, yet even this has been denied them. The minister is the only person in the parish who employs a private teacher for the education of his own family.

(not signed.)

LESKINE and ABERTARFF Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Gaelic, English, Latin, writing, arithmetic, geography and history. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with 13*l.* 10*s.* school fees, and 3*l.* 9*s.* 9*d.* annually, other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial (of which there are occasionally two in Abertarff, and sometimes only one, without any salary attached), reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

In the Abertarff district of the united parishes (which contains 1,201 of the population) there is no regular school, and generally the teachers, having had but little education themselves, are inadequate to the important charge of instructing youth. The people are so miserably poor that it is a very few of them who are able to pay the smallest school fees, far less to afford a suitable salary to a competent teacher; the distance from Fort Augustus (the centre of Abertarff) to the Parochial School at Boleskine is eleven miles, with a high stormy hill, six miles long, intervening. Few places in Scotland stand more in need of an educational establishment than Abertarff, which in fact ought to be erected into a distinct and separate parish from Boleskine, and suitably endowed, and it is hoped and entreated that Government will not overlook so important a station in their laudable exertions to diffuse useful knowledge with moral and religious instruction.

(signed) William Fraser, Minister.

ACADALE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, English, Gaelic, arithmetic, book-keeping, French, navigation and geography; no other branches are necessary for this part of the country. The salary of the master is 28*l.*, with 1*l.* 15*s.* annually, school fees; no other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading and writing are taught.

(not signed.)

OMDALE Parish.

The instruction given at two of the Parochial Schools consists of Latin, arithmetic, English grammar, English reading and writing; at another, English reading, writing and arithmetic, and at the other the same, with the addition of book-keeping and English grammar. The salary of each of the masters is 12*l.* 16*s.* 7½*d.* per annum; the school fees of one amount to 8*l.* 1*s.* 1*d.*, those of another to 5*l.*, those of another to 8*l.*, and those of the other to 9*l.* 11*s.* annually; one of the masters has also 12*l.* per annum, other emoluments. At the School *not* Parochial (which is situate at Grantown), Latin, English grammar, English reading, arithmetic, book-keeping, Greek and mathematics are taught; the master of this school is allowed a house and garden, and 20*l.* annually by Colonel the Honourable F. W. Grant, of Grant.

(signed) *James Grant*, Minister.

OY Parish (which is partly in the Shire of Nairn, but wholly entered here) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, Greek, mathematics, reading, writing, catechism and the scriptures. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with from 18*l.* to 20*l.* school fees annually; other emoluments are two bolls of meal in lieu of a garden, and a dwelling-house, which is truly miserable accommodation, and the pittance of fees are levied with difficulty. At the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches of education as at the Parochial School are taught. In addition to the above, there are occasional winter evening schools, but the numbers attending are not included in the Return.

From local causes, few children are sent to school in this parish under five years of age.

(not signed.)

VIOT and DUNLICHITY Parish.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of Latin, English reading, grammar, geography, writing, arithmetic and Gaelic. The salary of one of the masters is 25*l.*, with 11*l.* school fees annually; the salary of the other master is 25*l.* per annum, with about 9*l.* school fees, and 2*l.* 10*s.* other emoluments annually. At the School *not* Parochial, English and Gaelic reading, English grammar, arithmetic and writing are taught.

(signed) { *Donald MacGillivray,*
William Kemp,
John Rose, } Schoolmasters.

DORES Parish - - - (Pop. 1,736.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	120	60	180	80	20	100

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	35	15	50	15	6	21	30	12	42	12	5	17

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	90	50	140	40	30	70	133	86	219	65	42	107

DURINISH Parish - - (Pop. 4,765.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.						
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.						
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.				
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	25	-	25	15	-	15	43	-	43	22	-	22		
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	166	103	269	102	61	163	225	122	347	150	40	190		

GLENELG Parish - - (Pop. 2,874.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	200	200	400	40	40	80

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	55	45	100	14	16	30	55	45	100	14	16	30

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	100	100	200	50	50	100	150	150	300	50	50	100

DRES Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic and church music. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with 10*l.* school fees, and a house and garden estimated at 10*l.* annually, other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English and Gaelic reading, grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin and mathematics are taught.

In this parish children are rarely sent to school until about five years of age. The numbers given in answer to the questions as to how many children under fifteen years of age have been taught or are now learning to read and write, are applicable to the state of the schools immediately before the vacation for the late harvest. There is not an individual in the parish but who has it in his power to attend some school or other, consequently there are few, if any, except some aged people, that have not learned to read, and also to write a little.

(not signed.)

DURINISH Parish includes the New Government district of Halin.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, English, writing, arithmetic, and the elements of mathematics; the above branches appear sufficient at present. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with 5*l.* school fees, and 5*l.* annually, other emoluments, arising from the offices of session clerk and precentor; these are not necessarily attached to the office of schoolmaster: to account for there being no females in this school, it is necessary to state that there is a school expressly for females in the immediate neighbourhood. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, Gaelic, writing and arithmetic are taught. Two of these schools are situated within the district attached to the new Government Church at Halin, where a permanent school is much wanted, neither of them being endowed, their continuance is very precarious; in fact, they are constantly changing in number and stations, according to the views and funds of the societies by whom they are supported.

From want of time, the questions as to the number of children under five years of age taught to read, and those respecting the number between five and fifteen years of age who are taught to read and write, could not be answered with accuracy.

(signed) { *James Souter*, Minister of Durinish.
 Rod. Reid, Minister of Halin.

DUNELG Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Gaelic, English reading and writing. The salary of the master is 30*l.*, with 5*l.* school fees, and 6*l.* annually other emoluments. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing, &c. are taught; at the other four, Gaelic reading only.

There are at least 1,400 persons of all ages, above five years, in this parish who cannot read.

(signed) *Alex. Beith*, Minister.

HARRIS (Island) Parish - (Pop. 3,900.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			5	2	7	150	50	200	50	20	70

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	18	9	27	16	6	22	32	8	40	26	4	30

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	25	11	36	—	—	—	42	15	57	—	—	—

INVERNESS Burgh } and Parish - - }			(Pop. 14,324.)								
			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			245	154	399	863	738	1,601	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
30	34	985	890	1,875	906	841	1,747	1,108	894	2,002	936	892	1,828

KILMALLIE Parish. See ARGYLLSHIRE.

KILMANIVAIG Parish - (Pop. 2,869.)						Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
						Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
						Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
						4	3	7	302	108	410	182	44	226	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	67	21	88	20	10	30	71	20	91	20	10	30		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
8	8	336	131	467	118	55	173	334	132	466	132	69	201		

415

ARRIS Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, Greek and Latin; geography, mathematics, astronomy, &c. might be conveniently taught there. The salary of the master is 23*l.* 5*s.* 8*d.* per annum, with 6*l.* school fees, and 10*s.* annually other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, Gaelic only is taught.

The site of the parochial school-house being removed a few years ago to the distance of eight miles from the parish church, without the consent of the clergyman, has been the cause of depriving a great number of the inhabitants in this part of the means of education.

(not signed.)

VERNESS Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

At the Schools existing in the parish (none whereof are Parochial), Greek, Latin, writing, arithmetic, English, mathematics, geography, French, drawing, music, plain and ornamental needlework are taught.

The number of persons of all ages above six years who cannot read is estimated at 2,650, of those under twenty and above six years is estimated at 1,200: the numbers stood thus at the close of the year 1831.

The number of children returned under five years of age, and the number between five and fifteen as learning to read, cannot be vouched for as correct, but are as nearly so as could be obtained.

(not signed.)

LMANIVAIG Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English and Gaelic reading, translating English into Gaelic, and *vice versâ*; writing, grammar, arithmetic, geography, book-keeping, practical mathematics, such as land surveying, mensuration of heights and distances, navigation, &c. The teacher is ready to teach all the branches usually taught at Parochial Schools; but there is no instance of a scholar wishing to be instructed in any but those above mentioned; the greatest number learn only to read, write and cipher, either for want of means or inclination to prosecute their studies. The salary of the master is 29*l.* 18*s.* 10*d.*, with 20*l.* average amount school fees annually, if paid; other emoluments, amounting to 3*l.* 10*s.* 6*d.* annually, are derived from the registering births, baptisms, marriages, and the enrolling freeholders under the Reform Act. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English and Gaelic reading, with writing, arithmetic and grammar occasionally, are taught: four of these schools are partially supported by different societies; the other four are temporary schools taught by unqualified persons in remote parts of the parish, and attended, at an average, by six or seven shepherds' children.

(signed) { John McIntyre, Minister.
 { John McLeod, Parish Schoolmaster.

KILMORACK Parish - (Pop. 2,709.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			5	4	9	39	22	61	10	5	15
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		44	26	70	—	—	—	50	30	80
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		47	15	62	—	—	—	55	20	75

KILMUIR Parish - - (Pop. 3,415.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			—	—	—	455	109	564	127	21	148
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		59	13	72	27	5	32	104	21	125
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5		126	30	156	65	21	86	171	43	214

KILTARLITY Parish - - (Pop. 2,715.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			10	9	19	151	65	216	56	27	83
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		77	27	104	75	20	95	80	28	108
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3		108	73	181	70	62	132	102	78	180

LMORACK Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mensuration, and any other branches that may be required. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 3*d.* with 24*l.* 6*s.* 9*d.* annually school fees; there are no other emoluments. At the School *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin and book-keeping are taught; this school is held in Beauuly, and maintained by the parents of the children attending it.

In the month of February 1829 there was another Parochial School instituted in this parish, with an annual salary of 25*l.* 13*s.* 3*d.*, but the heritors could not be prevailed with to elect a teacher. In this respect the Act for the Parochial Schoolmasters is very deficient, and therefore, if renewed, it should authorize the minister of the parish to appoint a teacher for the vacant school, when the heritors either refuse or delay to appoint one as the Act directs. Moreover there should be an annual salary, being any sum between 40*l.* and 50*l.*, which, with the school fees, would be a competency for the teacher and his family; and none of those who have an eye to the ministry should be admitted to teach in the Parochial Schools, because the attention of such teachers to their schools is carried away by their preparatory concerns for the clerical profession. Again, the hours of teaching should be fixed by the Act, and not by the Presbytery, viz. during the long days from seven in the morning till five in the afternoon, with time for breakfast and dinner; and on the short days from ten in the morning till three o'clock in the afternoon.

(signed) *Simon Fraser*, Minister.

LMUIR Parish (which includes the new Government district of Steinsholl) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, arithmetic, mathematics, Latin, and occasionally Greek. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with a house and garden; the school fees do not amount to 5*l.*, and other emoluments do not exceed 4*l.* annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, Gaelic, writing and arithmetic are taught.

(signed) { *Robert M^cGregor*, Minister of Kilmuir, and
 John Nicolson, Minister of Steinsholl.

TARLITY Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, mathematics, geography, book-keeping, Gaelic and grammar; these branches are considered sufficient. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 3*d.*, with 15*l.* school fees, and 4*l.* other emoluments, annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English and Gaelic reading and grammar, writing and arithmetic are taught; one of these is a Female's School, established by the Hon. Mrs. Fraser, of Lovat, who allows the teacher a yearly salary of 15*l.*, besides a free house and garden; at this school plain and fancy needle-work is taught in addition to the above-mentioned branches: another of these schools is partly supported by a local society, and the third is supported exclusively by the school fees.

There are two additional Parochial Schools in course of being established in remote situations, hitherto much neglected, under a voluntary assessment on the heritors of a salary of 12*l.* 6*s.* 6*d.* to each per annum.

(not signed.)

KINCARDINE Parish. See ROSS-SHIRE.

KINGUSSIE Parish - - (Pop. 2,080.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	T
			21	35	56	227	221	448	113	76	18

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Tot
1	1	85	19	104	25	11	36	102	28	130	20	3	2

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Tot
6	6	137	131	268	44	73	117	198	160	358	65	68	1

KIRKHILL Parish - - (Pop. 1,715.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			4	3	7	113	89	202	81	35	116

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	103	44	147	49	25	74	112	39	151	54	29	83

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	-	34	34	-	20	20	-	29	29	-	19	19

LAGGAN Parish - - (Pop. 1,196.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			2	1	3	40	25	65	30	16	46

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	41	20	61	-	-	-	63	31	94	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	24	17	41	-	-	-	30	15	45	-	-	-

GUSSIE Parish (which includes the new Government district of Inch) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, book-keeping, Latin, French, geography, history, and occasionally Greek; there is no demand for any other branches. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* with about 20*l.* school fees, and 10*l.* annually, other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, Gaelic, English, reading and grammar, arithmetic, geography, book-keeping, Latin, &c. are taught.

It is proper to state, that Inch was declared a separate parish *quoad sacra*, by the General Assembly of 1833, being one of the places lately endowed by Government with a stipend of 120*l.* per annum; it is nevertheless still attached to Kingussie *quoad civilia*, and ought to continue so, as the population of the parish is but small, and on the promotion of the present incumbent might be perfectly well supplied by one of the missionaries on the Royal Bounty, and attached *quoad sacra* to this parish as formerly. The population of both Kingussie and Inch has very considerably increased since the census in 1831, owing to the erection of small villages.

It is believed that there are upwards of 200 persons in this parish, above fifteen years of age, who cannot read, but most of them are aged people. The inhabitants are in general very poor, and a grant from Government for education would be an invaluable boon.

(signed) George Shepherd, Minister.

RKHILL Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction usually given at the Parochial School consists of reading English and Gaelic, English grammar, Latin, Greek, French, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, church music, geography, mathematics and religious instruction; any other branches may be taught, except painting. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with an average amount of about 55*l.* school fees annually; there are no other emoluments, the present incumbent having some years ago voluntarily relinquished about 4*l.* sterling connected with the session. At the School *not* Parochial, reading, writing and needlework are taught.

There has been a school on the scheme of the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge, but the teacher having removed, a new one is not yet appointed. By the Return it would appear, that while there are 388 being taught, or under process for being so, there are only 180 accounted for in the schools; viz. the Parochial and two Female's Schools. To account for this it must be noted, that there were two private schools, and one from the Edinburgh Society for Christian Knowledge, above mentioned, but all these are at present given up for want of funds. It need scarcely be mentioned, that the education given in these secondary schools is of a very inferior order. There is great need of another school in the parish.

(signed) Don. Fraser, Minister.

GGAN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin reading, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping, with any other branches that may be required. The maximum salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with about 16*l.* school fees, and 3*l.* annually other emoluments. At the School *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught. The smallest number of scholars attending the above schools, during the periods specified, could not be accurately ascertained.

The number of children under five years of age taught to read, and of those between five and fifteen years of age taught to read and to write, as stated in the Return, refers to those taught at the Parochial School only.

(not signed.)

Y and DALROSSIE Parish (which is partly in the Shire of Nairn, but wholly entered here) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of writing, arithmetic, English, Gaelic and English grammar; no other branch required. The salary of the master is 30*l.* with about 10*l.* school fees annually; other emoluments for baptisms, marriages, certificates, &c. amount to about 1*l.* 10*s.* annually. This school is attended by about 20 young children between Lady Day and Michaelmas; there is seldom any attendance at the other schools during that period. At five of the Schools *not* Parochial, writing, arithmetic, English, Gaelic and English grammar are taught; at the other school girls are taught reading and sewing. Religious instruction is required to be attended to at all the above schools.

Exclusive of the given number of children under fifteen years of age taught to read and write, there are 59 of both sexes above that age taught writing, arithmetic, English, Gaelic and English grammar.

Such as are unable to read, are aged people, and the number may be about 70.

(signed) *James M^cLauchlane*, Minister.

TY Parish (which is partly in the Shire of Nairn, but wholly entered here) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, Latin, arithmetic, geometry and any other branches that may be required, but seldom occasion for more. The maximum salary of the master is 36*l.* with from 3*l.* to 5*l.* school fees, and about 3*l.* 10*s.* annually, other emoluments, derived from the office of session clerk, but burdened with precentor's pay. The School *not* Parochial is held in a village of fishers, wherein Gaelic and English reading and writing are taught.

It may be remarked that until within the last few years there was a school supported by the Society for propagating Religious Knowledge in Scotland, held in Brechlich, the eastern extremity of the parish; and that application has been recently made for its restoration, but with little prospect of success, although in winter the teacher might calculate on 100 scholars, as was proved by the success of a voluntary adventurer last year. On the confines of the parish to the east, in the village of Campbeltown, there are the Parish School of Ardseir, and a Private School, which accommodate the children of this parish in their vicinity. Some of the children attend the Parish School of Croy, which is conveniently situated on the south side, and has a popular teacher; and many children, from the door almost of this parish school, attend a popular and successful teacher at one of the schools of the Society above-mentioned, whose school in the extreme end of the parish of Inverness, is a boon to this parish, as well as to Inverness. These observations will explain the disproportion exhibited in the replies to questions, as to the number of children under fifteen years of age taught to read and write, and of the numbers attending the schools in the parish.

There are no children who are able, and few learning, to read under five years of age; the number who are taught to write between five and fifteen may be about one-third or one-fourth of the number taught to read between those ages.

(not signed.)

RTREE Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Greek, Latin, mathematics, book-keeping, arithmetic, writing and reading. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 6*d.*, with 5*l.* school fees, and 4*l.* annually other emoluments.

There is a branch of the Parochial School in the island of Raasay, within the bounds of this parish, but from its being situated at too great a distance from the general residence of the inhabitants, and more especially from the sickness of the teacher, there are no scholars in attendance. The particulars stated relate only to the Parish School stationed in the village of Portree.

(signed) *C. Macdonald*, Minister.

ROTHIEMURCHUS Parish (Pop. 586.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	-	-	-	24	6	30
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	1	28	5	33	-	-	-	60	12	72	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

SLEAT (in Skye) Parish - (Pop. 2,957.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	232	75	307	78	18	96
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	1	60	25	85	35	12	47	58	18	76	25	9
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
2	2	100	32	132	45	23	68	113	14	127	37	22

SMALL-ISLES Parish. See ARGYLLSHIRE.

SNIZORT (in Skye) Parish - (Pop. 3,487.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				9	6	15	307	118	425	128	17	145
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	1	46	3	49	-	-	-	20	1	21	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
4	4	218	72	290	-	-	-	206	93	299	-	-

OTHIEMURCHUS Parish (formerly a Township in the Parish of Duthil, Elginshire, but lately erected into a separate Parish, *quoad sacra*) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic and Latin, when required. The salary of the master is 10*l.* with about 10*l.* school fees, and 2*l.* annually other emoluments.

(not signed.)

EAT Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, Gaelic and English reading, writing and arithmetic; navigation and the French language might be conveniently taught there. The salary of the master is 30*l.* and 3*l.* sterling annually school fees; he has no other emoluments arising from his situation as schoolmaster. At the Schools *not* Parochial, Gaelic and English reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

The parish is composed of a Promontory, forming the southernmost point of the island of Skye. It is near twenty miles in length, by an average breadth of five. The population is scattered on the sea-shore, along both sides of this promontory, so that to render the means of education accessible to all, two schools at least would require to be established, besides those already in operation. The only way at present which the inhabitants, who live at a distance from the Parochial and the other two schools in the parish, can give any education to their children, is by employing private teachers on their respective farms; and who, from the poverty of the people in general, and the small remuneration in consequence thereof made to them, are so poor that they are unable to give any education to their pupils, besides teaching them to read in the Gaelic language, which is the only language understood by the people; so that with the present means of education, and without additional schools, the people of this parish must grow up in ignorance, and continue in their present low state of civilization, and without hope of improvement.

(signed) Alex. M^r Ian, Minister.

WIZORT Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, Greek and Latin. The salary of the master is 30*l.*, with 2*l.* 13*s.* 6*d.* school fees, and 4*l.* 16*s.* 9*d.* other emoluments, annually. At two of the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught; one whereof belongs to the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland, the other is a voluntary school, in danger of becoming extinct from the poverty of the inhabitants; the two remaining schools teach nothing but the reading of the Gaelic language.

(signed) S. F. M^r Lauchlan, Minister.

STRATH (in Skye) Parish - (Pop. 2,962.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			3	4	7	370	83	453	289	69	358

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	82	33	115	69	24	93	114	24	138	89	30	119		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
6	6	100	43	143	69	30	99	108	50	158	84	36	120		

UIST, North, Parish, } with Boreray Island } - (Pop. 4,603.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				30	10	40	80	30	110	50	20	70

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	39	11	50	19	6	25	45	12	57	35	7	42

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
6	6	180	39	219	71	17	88	245	42	287	96	21	117

UIST, South (Islands) Parish (Pop. 6,890.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			4	1	5	525	165	690	271	46	317

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	18	6	24	16	5	21	15	5	20	15	5	20		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
8	8	261	84	345	161	43	204	275	75	350	241	71	312		

RATH (in Skye) Parish.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, geography, Latin, Greek, and practical mathematics. The salary of the master is 30*l.*, with school fees varying from 6*l.* to 10*l.* annually; there are no other emoluments, except 2*l.* a year as session clerk. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

It is impossible to answer correctly the questions as to the number of children who attend the Schools *not* Parochial, as they are supported by subscription, and the attendance irregular. The system of education might be greatly extended, if sufficient encouragement could be held out to teachers of superior qualifications to become candidates for the schools.

(signed) *John Mackinnon*, Minister.

RATH UIST Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics, geography, Greek and Latin. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*, and 10*l.* 5*s.* 7*d.* annually, school fees; there are no other emoluments. At four of the Schools *not* Parochial, Gaelic, English, writing, arithmetic and Latin are taught; and at the other two Gaelic only.

In answer to the questions as to the number of children under fifteen years of age taught to read and write, it may be stated, that the number given cannot be considered entirely accurate, it being difficult to ascertain in the great extent of this parish; a similar defect is exhibited in the numbers given as attending the Schools *not* Parochial.

(signed) *F. M' Rae*, Minister.

RATH UIST Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Greek, Latin, arithmetic, English and Gaelic reading and writing; to which practical mathematics might be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 26*l.* 8*s.* 8*d.*, with 4*l.* 12*s.* school fees, and 8*l.* annually, other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, arithmetic, book-keeping, English and Gaelic reading and writing are taught, and at one of them Greek and Latin in addition: of these Schools two belong to the General Assembly, two to the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge, one to the Gaelic School Society, another to the Glasgow Gaelic School Auxiliary Society, another is partly paid by the Inverness Society for the Education of the Poor, and the teacher of the other school is paid by the parents of the children.

The people are so poor that most of them are unable to pay school fees, especially when the number sent to school from a family exceeds one; the schools are therefore but ill attended in general. The fees are mostly paid in produce, such as grain, potatoes, &c.; teachers are very badly paid, and have much trouble before they can realize any of their fees.

(signed) *Rod^d McLean*, Minister.

URQUHART Parish, with GLENMORRISTONE Township - - - - }			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			15	14	29	283	184	467	160	54	214

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	197	111	308	-	-	-	278	151	429	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	201	116	317	-	-	-	283	184	467	-	-	-

URRAY Parish. See ROSS-SHIRE.

RQUHART with GLENMORRISTONE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English, Latin, writing and arithmetic. The salary is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, and the heritors being allowed, by Act of Parliament, to divide the salary in extensive Highland parishes, it is so divided here; the principal teacher having the one-half, and the remaining half being divided equally between the other two. There is no possibility of ascertaining the amount of fees and of other emoluments attached to these schools, they are, however, very small. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, Gaelic, writing and arithmetic are taught.

(not signed.)

SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF INVERNESS.

1. NUMBER of INHABITANTS in the SHIRE of INVERNESS in the Year 1831 - - - - - 94,797.

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL
2. NUMBER of Children under five years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	364	251	615
Number of Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	5,381	2,898	8,279
Number of such Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write - - - - - }	2,143	693	2,836

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
3. PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS - - - - -	34	34	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			1,553	638	2,191	647	247	894
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			1,903	736	2,639	741	256	997

	£.	s.	d.
TOTAL AMOUNT of Salaries received by Parochial Schoolmasters - - -	877	11	3
— of School Fees received by - - ditto - - -	361	14	11
— of other Emoluments received by ditto - - -	96	9	9
£.	1,335	15	11

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
4. SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - - -	122	127	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			3,508	2,094	5,602	2,007	1,424	3,431
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			4,235	2,432	6,667	2,379	1,560	3,939

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
5. TOTAL NUMBER of PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, } and SCHOOLS not PAROCHIAL - - - }	156	161	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Total Number of Children attending School from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			5,061	2,732	7,793	2,654	1,671	4,325
Total Number of Children attending School from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			6,138	3,168	9,306	3,120	1,816	4,936

REMARKS ON THE SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF INVERNESS.

The number of Inhabitants attributed to the several parishes in this Abstract of Education Returns, differs from the total number ascribed to the Shire of Inverness in the Population Abstract of 1831, because in several instances parishes extend into adjoining shires, in which case the entire parish is ascribed to that shire in which the larger portion of its population reside; this kind of correction being unavoidable in a Return strictly parochial. The total Population of the parishes entered in this Abstract thus becomes 4,975 persons less than 94,797, and is taken at 89,822 in all the calculations on which the subsequent remarks are founded.

To this number might be added, in strictness, an increase of nearly one and a half per cent. (or 14 in 1,000) during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and ten months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years; such estimated increase somewhat lessens the proportion of children educated, or under education, in the Shire of Inverness, but does not alter any of the numbers which are stated in the Summary, or in the following remarks.

The difficulty of personal inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has not permitted the ministers of fifteen parishes in Inverness-shire to specify the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read, or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears on the opposite page to have been 615; which, by application of the rule of proportion to the population of all the parishes, gives 1,002 for the entire Shire of Inverness.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read (as specified in the Returns), is 8,279; adding to which a due proportion for six parishes (which are defective in this particular), the total number may be assumed at 9,774. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years of age at Lady Day 1834, must have been 23,244, supposing the same proportion as before now to exist throughout the Shire of Inverness.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write (as specified in the Returns), is 2,836; adding to which a due proportion for seven parishes (defective in this particular), the total number of such children is 4,209.

The number of Parochial Schools is 34, in which are 34 instructors. The greatest number of scholars at these Schools between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 2,191, but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 2,250, and the least number of scholars (894) in like manner becomes 1,075.

The greatest number of scholars at Parochial Schools between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 2,639, but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 2,710, and the least number of scholars (997) in like manner becomes 1,199.

The total amount of salaries, school fees and other emoluments appertaining to the parochial instructors was 1,335*l.* from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834, exclusive of the school fees and other emoluments connected with the School at Urquhart, the amount whereof is not given in the Return from that parish.

The number of Schools not Parochial is 122, in which are 127 instructors. The greatest number of scholars between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 5,602; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 6,001, and the least number of scholars (3,431) in like manner becomes 4,316.

The greatest number of scholars at Schools not Parochial between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 6,667, adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 7,054, and the least number of scholars (3,939), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 5,137.

The total number of Schools (Parochial and not Parochial) is 156, in which are 161 instructors. The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Inverness between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 7,793; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 8,251, and the least number of scholars (4,325) in like manner becomes 5,391.

The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Inverness between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 9,306; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 9,764, and the least number of scholars (4,936) in like manner becomes 6,336.

Shire of Kincardine.

ABSTRACT OF EDUCATION

[The Parishes are placed in

ARBUTHNOT } Parish - - }		(Pop. in 1831, 944.)		Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				15	21	36	116	115	231	93	90	183

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	30	10	40	20	8	28	31	10	41	20	7	27

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	17	14	31	13	9	22	18	13	31	12	11	23

BANCHORY-DAVENICK } (Pop. 2,588.) Parish - - - - }				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				3	3	6	25	10	35	23	7	30

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	30	14	44	22	10	32	40	15	55	28	12	40

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	49	47	96	35	40	75	75	54	129	45	42	87

Shire of Kincardine.

- - RETURNS, JULY M.DCCC.XXXIV.

- - - - - *Alphabetical order throughout the County.*

RBUTHNOT Parish is entirely landward, without a Town or Village.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, accounts, elements of mathematics, English grammar, geography, &c.; Latin, Greek and French might be conveniently taught, but these are not called for. The master is paid the maximum salary, according to the last legal conversion; his school fees amount to 10*l.* per annum; there are no other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic, sewing and knitting are taught. The number of children returned as learning to read and write include a few who are receiving instruction at home, being unable to travel to the public schools.

On the borders, in two adjacent parishes, are two schools which are attended by several scholars from the outskirts of this parish.

(signed) *James Milne*, Minister.

ANCHORY-DAVENICK Parish (which is partly in Aberdeenshire, but wholly entered here) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin, and the principles of the Christian religion; every branch may be acquired that is taught in any other literary school. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, and a certain proportion of Dick's bequest is expected, but doubtful; the school fees amount to 15*l.* annually; other emoluments consist of 2*l.* 10*s.* as session clerk, and fees of one shilling as keeper of registers. Of Schools *not* Parochial, there are three (one of which is for females), besides several small schools; the instruction consists of English, writing and arithmetic, except at the one for females, where the church catechism, reading and needlework only are taught; the fees at the principal schools are, for Latin, 5*s.* per quarter; arithmetic, 4*s.*; writing, 3*s.* 6*d.*, and English, 2*s.* 6*d.* The teachers of these schools (one to each) have free houses and small salaries, or other encouragement. It is impossible to ascertain how many persons have been taught, but almost every one is taught to read, and certainly more than two-thirds are taught to write.

The numbers given in answer to the questions as to how many children attended the Schools *not* Parochial during the periods specified, apply only to those who attended the three principal schools; about 45 or 50 children may be attending the small schools referred to.

(signed) *George Morison*, Minister.

BANCHORY-TERNAN } - (Pop. 1,972.) Parish - - - - }				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
							140	105	245	70	50	120

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	143	90	233	80	60	140	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	60	60	120	30	30	60	-	-	-	-	-	-

BENHOLME Parish - - (Pop. 1,441.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				16	12	28	105	130	235	60	52	112

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	38	12	50	30	6	36	49	9	58	36	4	40

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
6	6	65	89	154	54	68	122	70	106	176	65	78	143

BERVIE or INVER- BERVIE Burgh and Parish . . . } Pop. 1,137.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	20	10	30	7	-	-	27	13	40	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
6	7	40	60	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

ANCHORY-TERNAN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English, writing, arithmetic and Latin, with Greek, geometry and land-surveying if required. The master of the first school has a salary of 25 *l.*, the second, 23 *l.*, and the third, 15 *l.* per annum; the school fees of the first amount to 16 *l.*, those of the second to 20 *l.*, and of the third to 10 *l.* annually; the master of the first school has also 7 *l.* annually, other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches of education as at the Parochial Schools are taught.

(not signed.)

HOLME Parish is landward, with Johnshaven, containing upwards of 1,000 inhabitants.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, navigation and Latin. The salary of the master is 34 *l.* 4 *s.* 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ *d.*, with 22 *l.* school fees, and 1 *l.* 7 *s.* 6 *d.* annually, other emoluments, accruing from a mortification. At two of the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught, and at the other four, English only is taught.

The account given is only an approximation to the truth.

(signed) James Glen, Minister.

RVIE or INVERBERVIE Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, common arithmetic, English grammar, Latin, algebra, mathematics, geography, &c. The salary of the master (who is a licentiate of the Church of Scotland) is 29 *l.* 18 *s.* 6 *d.* per annum, with an allowance of 2 *l.* 2 *s.* 9 *d.* for a garden; the school fees, which are very badly paid, vary from 15 *l.* to 20 *l.* annually, and other emoluments as session clerk to between 5 *l.* and 6 *l.* per annum. The branches taught at one of the Schools *not* Parochial (which is a Boarding School for females) are reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, French, history, geography, music, drawing and fancy work; those taught at another are English reading, writing and arithmetic; the other four schools are attended only by beginners.

A very large proportion of both sexes have begun to read under five years of age. It is not known that there is a single individual in the parish above seven years of age who cannot read the Bible, and most of the children between five and fifteen years of age have learned to write. The population of the burgh and parish, as made up in 1831, was as follows, viz.; in the burgh, 757; in the fishing village of Gourdon, one mile and a half from the parish school, 238; in the country, 140: total, 1,135. Number of males under five years of age in the burgh, 60; females, 40: in the country, males, 12; females, 9: in Gourdon, males, 10; females, 14: total, males, 82; females, 63. Number of males between five and fifteen years of age in the burgh, 67; females, 73: in the country, males, 15; females, 16: in Gourdon, males, 35; females, 34: total, males, 117; females, 123. The population of the parish in 1811 was 927; in 1821, 1,092; increase, 165. Population in 1831, 1,135; increase, 42. The surface of the parish is under four square miles, or nearly a square.

(signed) John Glegg, Minister.

CYRUS, ST. Parish - - (Pop. 1,598.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			25	22	47	204	201	405	97	57	154

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	62	70	132	51	56	107	75	84	159	59	50	109

DRUMOAK Parish. See ABERDEENSHIRE.

DUNNOTTAR Parish - (Pop. 1,852.)					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	1	44	16	60	40	14	54	45	18	63	43	17	60	

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
2	2	62	26	88	35	18	53	69	34	103	39	20	59	

DURRIS Parish - - (Pop. 1,035.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			35	30	65	95	85	180	95	85	180

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	35	15	50	20	10	30	37	14	51	22	11	33

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	42	16	58	26	8	34	45	15	60	23	8	36

CYRUS Parish is entirely landward, with a scattered Village in the centre.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of whatever branches the heritors and minister may at any time think proper to prescribe; those usually taught are Latin, English grammar, reading and spelling, geography, mathematics, writing and the principles of religion; no other branches could be conveniently taught by only one master. The salary, including allowance for garden, is 33*l.* per annum; the school fees may probably amount to 33*l.*, and other emoluments to 6*l.* annually.

Of the four Schools *not* Parochial, reading is taught at one, reading and writing at two others, and reading, writing and arithmetic at the other; three of these schools are conducted by females, who teach the girls sewing, with the other branches. The late parochial schoolmaster, who died in May last, had two successive assistants in nine previous months, and was himself too infirm for rightly discharging the duties long before procuring assistance; therefore neither can accurate answers to questions as to the number of children who attended the Parochial School during the periods specified, be found, nor, were they found, would they afford a fair view of what ought to be, or what in all probability will soon be. Persons in this fertile district above fifteen years of age, and unable to read, are exceedingly rare, and any such are with difficulty detected, because studious of concealing the fact; in this parish there are known to be only two. The Parochial School being pretty central, the maximum distance to it does not exceed three miles. There are also four Sabbath Schools in the parish, attended by upwards of 200 children, who are instructed gratuitously in branches exclusively religious; the number of teachers and assistants is nine, and are all members of the Established Church.

(signed, in the absence of the Rev. Dr. Keith, by)

D. Burness, Assistant Minister.

NOTTAR Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin and geography. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, and the school fees amount to about 46*l.* annually; other emoluments are, salary as session clerk, 2*l.* 4*s.* 6*d.*, and for registration of baptisms and proclamation of marriages, about 6*l.* annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

With respect to the number of children that are taught to read and write, all of them begin to learn reading of English when about five years of age; as to those between five and fifteen there are none, as far as is known, who cannot both read and write, except in that part of the parish which lies in the burgh, where there are some fishermen, who are so poor as to be unable to send their children to school; this, however, will be in a great measure remedied by a school, which is to be erected in the course of two years, at which 30 of the poorest children in the burgh are to be educated gratuitously. No other branches could be conveniently taught at the Parochial School without an additional teacher, as at present there is but one for all the different branches. At the private schools it is seldom that any other than the ordinary branches which have been mentioned are required. In all the schools the reading of the Scriptures is particularly attended to, and the shorter catechism of the church is strictly taught. It would be impossible to ascertain, without very minute inquiry, what number of persons above the age of fifteen are unable to read, although it is known there are very few. It would be of great advantage to have another private school in the landward part of the parish, as at present in one district the children have more than three miles to go to the parochial or any of the private schools.

(signed) *Alex. Irvine*, Minister.

RRIS Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, and occasionally Latin. The salary of the master is 29*l.*, with 20*l.* school fees, and 3*l.* 10*s.* annually, other emoluments. The School *not* Parochial is a sessional school, whereat English, writing and arithmetic are taught; the master has a salary of 12*l.*, for which he teaches several children gratis, and his school fees may amount to 21*l.* annually; the Assembly's shorter catechism and the first principles of religion are also taught at both schools.

It is believed that there are no persons in the parish, above fifteen years of age, who cannot read the Scriptures. The account, as to the number of children under five years of age attending school, is not vouched for as strictly accurate, but at all events the whole may be regarded as a very near approximation to the truth.

(not signed.)

EDZELL Parish. See FORFARSHIRE.

FETTERCAIRN Parish - (Pop. 1,637.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			20	10	30	140	70	210	100	30	130

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	106	54	160	-	-	-	160	80	240	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	90	36	126	-	-	-	118	59	177	-	-	-

FETTERESSO Parish - (Pop. 5,109.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			100	100	200	622	507	1,129	600	380	980

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	75	30	105	45	20	65	98	28	126	68	22	90

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
8	8	334	166	500	267	133	400	334	166	500	267	133	400

FORDOUN Parish - - (Pop. 2,238.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		32	11	43	-	-	-	46	10	56	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
9	9		-	-	-	-	-	-	138	118	256	-	-	-

TERCAIRN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, Latin, Greek, French, book-keeping and surveying; other branches might also be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is upwards of 34*l.* per annum; the school fees amount to about 30*l.*, and other emoluments to 15*l.* per annum. The branches taught at three of the Schools *not* Parochial, consist of reading, writing, arithmetic and English grammar; at another, the same, with Latin in addition; and at the other (which is for females) the usual branches of a female education. The information given is chiefly conjectural, because there are no data on which perfectly correct answers can be made; no catalogues of the ages and sexes having been kept by the teachers. The questions respecting the smallest number of children who attended the schools during the periods specified is not understood.

(not signed.)

TERESSO Parish is partly landward and partly consists of the Town of Stonehaven, containing a population of 2,064.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics, Latin, Greek and French; no other branches are demanded. The salary of the first master is 34*l.*, and that of the second 17*l.* per annum; the school fees of the former amount to 20*l.*, those of the latter to 10*l.* annually; the first is also session clerk, and the second is preacher at the chapel; but the emoluments arising from these appointments are not necessarily attached to the office of schoolmaster. At two of the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches of education as at the Parochial Schools are taught; at some reading, writing and arithmetic are taught, and at others reading only; many scholars attending these schools are above thirty years of age. In addition to the above, there are several small schools taught during the winter months only, but the numbers attending these schools could not be ascertained. There are also seven Sabbath Schools attended by upwards of 300 children, many of whom attend the daily schools.

The number of children under five years of age stated as taught to read consists of those taught at home, as it seldom happens that they are sent to school before that age in this parish.

It is extremely difficult, with strict correctness, to answer the different questions in a parish of the extent and population of Fetteresso. All the schools are regularly visited, and every year a report transmitted to the general assembly of the church. It may be stated, that on the average about 600 young persons attend the schools in this parish, although many of them but for a short period; that scarce any are unable to read; that few males and a small proportion of females do not write, but many very imperfectly. On the whole, the state of education in this parish is considered to be far below that which is to be desired.

(signed) G. Thomson Minister.

RDOUN Parish, with the exception of one Village, is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, geography, Greek and Latin; no other branches are likely to be required. The salary of the master is 35*l.* 12*s.* 11*d.* per annum; the school fees amount to about 15*l.*, and other emoluments (as session clerk) to about 8*l.* per annum. At the Schools *not* Parochial, the instruction consists of English reading, writing and arithmetic, and at one of them Latin is also taught. These schools are supported entirely by the fees of the children, which are very badly paid, and consequently the teachers are very poor. There is also a Sunday School in this parish attended by about 70 children.

The queries as to the number of children under five years of age taught to read, and the number between five and fifteen years of age taught to read and write, cannot be answered.

(signed) Ja. Leslie, Minister.

GARVOCK Parish - - - (Pop. 473.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			5	6	11	60	30	90	39	14	53

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	30	12	42	15	8	23	40	25	65	30	10	40

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	10	5	15	6	7	13	9	7	16	8	7	15

GLENBERVIE Parish - (Pop. 1,248.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	42	30	72	67	33	100

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	20	18	38	9	11	20	28	22	50	9	8	17

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	-	-	-	49	28	77	81	43	124	-	-	-

KINNEFF with CAT- TERLINE Parish - } - (Pop. 1,006.)						Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
						Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
						Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
						-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	29	8	37	16	6	22	30	9	39	15	9	24		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	37	26	63	22	7	29	36	18	54	6	3	9		

ARVOCK Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin and English grammar; Greek and mathematics might be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 31*l.* sterling, and 2*l.* in lieu of garden; the school fees amount to 15*l.*, and other emoluments (as session clerk) to 4*l.* 10*s.* annually. At the School *not* Parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

(not signed.)

LENBERVIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin, and occasionally mensuration, book-keeping, elementary branches of mathematics, trigonometry and algebra. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, and 2*l.* 2*s.* 9½*d.* in lieu of garden; the school fees amount to 14*l.* 9*s.* 3*d.*, and other emoluments (as session clerk) to 4*l.* 10*s.* annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping, &c. are taught.

(signed) *Jas. Drummond*, Minister.

INNEFF Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Greek, Latin, French, English, writing, arithmetic and mathematics, &c. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, and the school fees amount to 12*l.* annually; there are no other emoluments connected with the office of schoolmaster. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught. The questions regarding the number of children under five years of age who are taught to read, and the number of those between five and fifteen who are taught to read and write, cannot be answered with precision; all the children are taught to read, and almost all to write, between five and fifteen years of age.

(not signed.)

LAURENCEKIRK Parish - (Pop. 1,886.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				8	7	15	180	170	350	120	110	230

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	45	12	57	30	5	35	50	15	65	32	8	40		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
8	8	75	110	185	-	-	-	80	120	200	-	-	-		

MARYCULTER Parish - (Pop. 960.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	27	14	41	67	29	96	38	12	50

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

MARYKIRK, otherwise } ABERLUTHNOTT } - (Pop. 2,032.) Parish - - - - }				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				18	16	34	127	87	214	98	65	163

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	48	15	63	38	12	50	50	10	60	48	8	56		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	98	74	172	69	67	136	97	57	154	65	47	112		

LAURENCEKIRK Parish contains 1,886 inhabitants, of whom 1,334 are resident within the Burgh of Barony of Laurencekirk, and the remaining 552 in the country.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of writing, arithmetic, and the church catechisms to those whose parents do not direct otherwise, and occasionally geography, Latin, French and practical mathematics; the above are all the branches that there appears to be a demand for in the parish. The salary of the master is 20*l.* sterling, with 10 bolls 1 firloft and 3 pecks of meal, and an allowance of 8*l.* for a house, and 2*l.* 2*s.* 9*d.* for a garden; the school fees amount on an average to about 25*l.*, and other emoluments to 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum, being the interest of two mortifications which provide for the education of seven children. At two of the Schools *not* Parochial, the instruction consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic and grammar; at the others, which are kept by females, English reading only is taught. It is difficult to ascertain the number of children attending these private schools, as few of the teachers keep so regularly the entries of the scholars as to furnish the means of obtaining them; the irregularity of attendance shortly before and after the vacation prevents any statement of the smallest number being attempted. It may be observed, that the period of attendance at school does not usually commence till the children are nearly six years of age; that it is often not continued during all the quarters of the year; and that the whole course of a child's attendance at school seldom exceeds sixteen quarters or four years, and in many cases does not reach that period. It is believed that there are not six persons in the parish who are not able so to read as to peruse the Scriptures for themselves.

(signed) *John Cook*, Minister.

RYCULTER Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping, Latin, English grammar, practical geometry, and occasionally algebra and gauging; to which might be conveniently added the elements of navigation and geography, in which latter branch, instruction has been given when desired. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with about 10*l.* school fees, and 5*l.* other emoluments annually, besides what he has for officiating as a preacher. Of Schools *not* Parochial, there are three or four parishioners who have small schools in which are taught reading and writing, but especially the former, and in one of these sewing chiefly. The average number of all the children who receive elementary instruction at these schools may be about 58; but all of these are not taught throughout the whole year.

The people in general are so attentive to having their children taught to read and also to write, that no particular inquiry has yet been instituted in regard to the exact time at which the teaching of them begins; but the teaching of them to read appears to commence when they are about or after five years of age. The pastoral visiting of families for this year is now nearly finished, so that not till next year will more particular information be had as to the exact year of beginning this teaching.

(not signed.)

RYKIRK Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, Latin, geography and mathematics; no other branches have hitherto been required. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum; his school fees amount to 15*l.* 10*s.*, being the average amount for three years prior to 1st November 1834; he has no other emolument from the school, but the average sum he receives as session clerk is about 6*l.* per annum. Of the Schools *not* Parochial, the branches taught at two of them are reading, writing, arithmetic and Latin; at another, reading, writing, arithmetic and English grammar; and at the two others (which are kept by females) reading only is taught.

Besides the schools already enumerated, there is a school in the parish, which was opened about a month ago, at which there are at present 25 scholars.

(not signed.)

NIGG Parish - - - - (Pop. 1,684.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.						
			Under 5 Years of Age*			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.						
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.				
			16	7	23	119	76	195	87	45	132				
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	44	16	60	32	14	46	44	13	57	39	10	49		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		Instructors.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
				From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.				
5	5	49	48	97	36	30	66	94	63	157	67	50	117		

STRACHAN Parish - - (Pop. 1,039.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				-	-	-	115	39	154	85	24	109			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.				CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	42	19	61	21	10	31	50	18	68	42	19	61		
OTHER SCHOOLS.				CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
				From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	60	12	72	32	14	46		

GG Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of reading and English grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, catechisms, practical mathematics, navigation, algebra, geometry, surveying and Latin, if required. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with about 20*l.* school fees, and 6*l.* other emoluments annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, the instruction consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, English and Latin grammar; two of these Schools are kept by females, wherein reading and sewing are taught.

There are three fishing villages in this parish, the inhabitants of which are very poor, and, however willing, are not able to give their children the education they would wish. They have difficulty in getting meat and clothes for them; this year particularly, the herring fishery having failed, on which they in a great measure depend, and there being a scarcity of fish on the coast, they have suffered very much. Several of their children, however, are taught gratis by the several teachers, at the recommendation of the minister and session.

The white-fishers are a very hardy and useful body of men, and deserve to be encouraged.

(signed) *Alexander Thorn*, Minister.

RACHAN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of mathematics, arithmetic, English reading and writing, to which geography and Greek might be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 29*l.* 18*s.* 9½*d.*, and the school fees amount to 15*l.* annually, two-thirds of which are only recovered; there are no other emoluments attached to the office of schoolmaster. At the Schools *not* Parochial, which are only kept during the winter half year, English reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

(signed) *J. G. Garioch*, Minister.

SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF KINCARDINE.

1. NUMBER of INHABITANTS in the SHIRE of KINCARDINE in the Year 1831 - - - - - 31,431.

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL
2. NUMBER of Children under five years of age who have been taught to read, or } who are now learning to read - - - - - }	261	234	495
Number of Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught } to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	2,090	1,655	3,745
Number of such Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been } taught to write, or who are now learning to write - - - - - }	1,634	1,042	2,676

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
3. PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS - - - - -	22	22	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL
Number of Children attending such Schools, from Lady Day } to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			811	362	1,173	445	208	653
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas } 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			892	338	1,230	470	157	627

	£.	s.	d.
TOTAL AMOUNT of Salaries received by Parochial Schoolmasters - - -	670	16	-
— of School Fees received by - - ditto - - -	408	9	3
— of other Emoluments received by ditto - - -	89	8	8
£.	1,168	13	11

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
4. SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - - -	85	86	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day } to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			1,115	872	1,987	718	526	1,244
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas } 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			1,424	994	2,418	718	488	1,206

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
5. TOTAL NUMBER of PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, } and SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - }	107	108	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Total Number of Children attending School from Lady Day to } Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			1,926	1,234	3,160	1,163	734	1,897
Total Number of Children attending School from Michaelmas 1833 } to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			2,316	1,332	3,648	1,188	645	1,833

REMARKS ON THE SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF KINCARDINE.

The number of Inhabitants attributed to the several parishes in this Abstract of Education Returns differs from the total number ascribed to the Shire of Kincardine in the Population Abstract of 1831, because in a few instances parishes extend into adjoining shires, in which case the entire parish is ascribed to that shire in which the larger portion of its population reside; this kind of correction being unavoidable in a Return strictly parochial. The total Population of the parishes entered in this Abstract thus becomes 448 persons additional to 31,431, and is taken at 31,879 in all the calculations on which the subsequent remarks are founded.

To this number might be added in strictness an increase of rather more than two per cent. (or 23 in 1,000) during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and ten months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years; such estimated increase somewhat lessens the proportion of children educated, or under education in the Shire of Kincardine, but does not alter any of the numbers which are stated in the Summary or in the following remarks.

The difficulty of personal inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has not permitted the ministers of eight parishes in Kincardineshire to specify the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read, or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears on the opposite page to have been 495; which, by application of the rule of proportion to the population of all the parishes, gives 772 for the entire Shire of Kincardine.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read (as specified in the Returns) is 3,745; adding to which a due proportion for five parishes (which are defective in this particular), the total number may be assumed at 4,836. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years of age at Lady Day 1834 must have been 7,647, supposing the same proportion as before now to exist throughout the Shire of Kincardine.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write (as specified in the Returns) is 2,676; adding to which a due proportion for five parishes (defective in this particular), the total number of such children is 3,456.

The number of Parochial Schools is 22, in which are 22 instructors. The greatest number of scholars at these Schools between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,173; but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 1,275; and the least number of scholars (653) in like manner becomes 823.

The greatest number of scholars at Parochial Schools between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,230; but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 1,385; and the least number of scholars (627) in like manner becomes 858.

The total amount of salaries, school fees and other emoluments appertaining to the parochial instructors was £. 1,168 from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834, exclusive of other emoluments connected with the School at Fetteresso, the amount whereof is not given in the Return from that parish.

The number of Schools not Parochial is 85, in which are 86 instructors. The greatest number of scholars between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,987, adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 2,399; and the least number of scholars (1,244) in like manner becomes 1,726.

The greatest number of scholars at Schools not Parochial between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 2,418; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 2,772; and the least number of scholars (1,206) in like manner becomes 1,848.

The total number of Schools (Parochial and not Parochial) is 107, in which are 108 instructors. The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Kincardine between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 3,160; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 3,674; and the least number of scholars (1,897) in like manner becomes 2,549.

The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Kincardine between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 3,648; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 4,157; and the least number of scholars (1,833) in like manner becomes 2,706.

Bath-day Schools are occasionally mentioned in the Returns; but children receiving daily instruction, and no others, are included in the foregoing Summary and Remarks.

Shire of Kinross.

ABSTRACT OF EDUCATION - - -

[The Parishes are placed in - - - - -]

ARNGASK Parish - (Pop. in 1831, 712.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	65	70	135	-	-	95

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	40	50	90	30	25	55	50	45	95	25	24	49

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

CLEISH Parish - - - (Pop. 681.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
				4	3	7	27	20	47	18	6	24	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	43	19	62	-	-	-	42	23	65	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	75	63	138	-	-	-

Shire of Kinross.

RETURNS, JULY M.DCCC.XXXIV.

Alphabetical order throughout the County.]

ENGASK Parish (which is partly in the Shires of Fife and Perth, but wholly entered here) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, geography, Latin, &c. The salary of the master is 34*l.* per annum, including an allowance for a garden; as the school fees are very low, the amount seldom exceeds 20*l.*; other emoluments are about 1*l.* 10*s.* per annum. At the School *not* Parochial, English and writing only are taught. This school having been recently opened by a young man on his own account, it is impossible to say what number may ultimately attend.

The parochial schoolmaster having taught nearly forty years, retired about three years ago, on the condition that his salary should be continued during the remainder of his life. He, in concurrence with the heritors, then appointed a well-qualified and efficient assistant, by whom the school has since been taught with great success: this person is chiefly supported by the school fees, and a small allowance granted by some of the parents or friends of the children who attend the school.

There is no person in the parish above 15 years of age who cannot read.

(signed) *Alexander Burt*, Minister.

ELISH Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, Latin, mensuration, book-keeping, mathematics, geography and the use of the globes, French, Greek and land surveying. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.* per annum, with 26*l.* school fees, and a house and garden, with 10*l.* annually other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught.

Most of the scholars attending the schools are from other parishes; the smallest number in attendance, is a few days before and after the harvest vacation, when there may be from 10 to 20 at each school.

(signed) *William Daling*, Minister.

FORGANDENNY Parish. See PERTHSHIRE.

FOSSOWAY Parish. See PERTHSHIRE.

KINROSS Parish - - (Pop. 2,917.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.						
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.						
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.				
			16	24	40	175	198	373	175	198	373				
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.			From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.								
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	119	45	164	90	32	122	109	40	149	61	12	73		
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.												
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.					From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
Schools.		Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	6	74	110	184	64	85	149	81	108	189	66	88	154		

ORWELL Parish - - (Pop. 3,005.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	90	30	120	32	8	40
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	6	54	60	4	35	39	83	114	197	28	49	77

PORTMOAK Parish (Pop. 1,554.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			7	5	12	137	93	230	49	34	83

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools. Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	30	24	54	17	13	30	25	21	46	15	14	29

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools. Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	31	25	56	21	17	38	52	32	84	49	23	72

ROSS Parish is partly landward and partly Town.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English and English grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics, Latin, French, Greek and geography; and the Bible and Westminster shorter catechism form an essential part of education in this school. The salary of the master (who employs an assistant) is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with about 55*l.* school fees, or perhaps a little more, and 15*l.* annually other emoluments, as session and heritor's clerk, but these do not belong to the office of schoolmaster. At the Schools *not* Parochial (two whereof are kept by females), English, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, Latin, sewing, geography, history, and the Bible and shorter catechism are taught. Some of the teachers of these schools are far from being thoroughly grounded in the branches which they profess to teach; and, instead of having any wish to be examined by the established clergy, decline receiving them into their schools.

In endeavouring to reply to the queries, great pains have been taken to obtain the most accurate information, but it must be observed that the result is only an approximation to the truth. The first period during which the children attend the Parochial School is from the 25th of March to the 24th of August 1833; the vacation commencing at the latter date, and ending on the 30th of September the same year. There are also about 20 children taught by private tuition, besides from 30 to 40 who are taught beyond the bounds of the parish.

(signed) Geo. D. Buchanan, Minister.

WELL Parish.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics, geography, history, Latin, Greek and French. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with about 40*l.* school fees annually; there are no other emoluments. It may be remarked that the master of this school is old and infirm, and that he employs an assistant, who has the sole management of the school. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading and grammar, geography, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, Latin and French are taught; at another, English, sewing, coloured and fancy work; at another, English and sewing; and at the other, English only.

The number of children returned as attending the Schools *not* Parochial, during the first period specified, are those who attended two of the schools only.

(signed by the respective instructors.)

RTMOAK Parish is entirely landward.

The only instruction for many years past given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing and arithmetic; no other branches are required, unless a more popular teacher were obtained. The maximum salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* per annum; the school fees are as follows, viz. English reading, 2*s.* reading and writing, 2*s.* 6*d.*, and arithmetic, 3*s.* per quarter; there are no other emoluments, except what the parents may give at Candlemas. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar and composition, geography, algebra and Latin are taught.

So far as is known to the minister, all parents, except two Roman Catholics, can read; and as the population is very much scattered over an extended surface, many of the children are taught their letters at home. The principles of religion are taught on Sunday evenings by the minister and his family; the number is usually about 70 of both sexes.

Were Parochial Schools otherwise endowed, they would probably be more efficient; the salary is too little to secure men above temptations to negligence, and too great to render the number of scholars any great object. Had the last augmentation of salary been paid out of the taxes of the country in a certain per centage on the number of pupils according to the population, there would have been an inducement to activity, and the whole burden would not have fallen upon the land.

Teaching children is one of the most irksome tasks a man can undertake; and unless his interest be deeply involved, it is not likely that he will teach with energy. While the above Parochial School had 46 in all, one of the other schools had 135 scholars attending.

(not signed.)

SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF KINROSS.

1. NUMBER of INHABITANTS in the SHIRE of KINROSS in the Year 1831 9,072.

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
2. NUMBER of Children under five years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read	27	32	59
Number of Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read	404	381	785
Number of such Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write	270	285	555

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
3. PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS	5	7	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools, from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833			232	138	370	137	70	207
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834			316	159	475	133	58	191

	£.	s.	d.
TOTAL AMOUNT of Salaries received by Parochial Schoolmasters	170	17	1
— of School Fees received by ditto	141	—	—
— of other Emoluments received by ditto	26	10	—
	£.	338	7 1

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
4. SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL	13	15	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833			105	135	240	85	102	187
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834			291	317	608	143	160	303

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
5. TOTAL NUMBER of PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, and SCHOOLS not PAROCHIAL	18	22	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Total Number of Children attending School from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833			337	273	610	222	172	394
Total Number of Children attending School from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834			607	476	1,083	276	218	494

REMARKS ON THE SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF KINROSS.

The number of Inhabitants attributed to the several parishes in this Abstract of Education Returns differs from the total number ascribed to the Shire of Kinross in the Population Abstract of 1831, because in a few instances parishes extend into adjoining shires, in which case the entire parish is ascribed to that shire in which the larger portion of its population reside; this kind of correction being unavoidable in a Return strictly parochial. The total Population of the parishes entered in this Abstract thus becomes 203 persons less than 9,072, and is taken at 8,869 in all the calculations on which the subsequent remarks are founded.

To this number might be added, in strictness, an increase of nearly five per cent. (or 48 in 1,000) during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and ten months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years; such estimated increase somewhat lessens the proportion of children educated, or under education in the Shire of Kinross, but does not alter any of the numbers which are stated in the Summary, or in the following remarks.

The difficulty of personal inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has not permitted the ministers of two parishes in Kinross-shire to specify the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read, or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears on the opposite page to have been 59; which, by application of the rule of proportion to the population of all the parishes, gives 102 for the entire Shire of Kinross.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read (as specified in the Returns) is 785; adding to which a due proportion for one parish (which is defective in this particular), the total number may be assumed at 1,187. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years of age at Lady Day 1834 must have been 2,108, supposing the same proportion as before now to exist throughout the Shire of Kinross.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to write (as specified in the Returns) is 575; adding to which a due proportion for one parish (defective in this particular), the total number of such children is 870.

The number of Parochial Schools is 5, in which are 7 instructors. The greatest number of scholars at these Schools between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 370, and the least number to have been 207; adding to which a due proportion for Returns (one whereof is defective in the greatest, and two in the least number), the former becomes 560, and the latter in like manner becomes 354.

The greatest number of Scholars at Parochial Schools between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 475, and the least number to have been 191; adding to the latter a due proportion for a defective Return, it becomes 207.

The total amount of salaries, school fees and other emoluments appertaining to the parochial instructors was £. 338 from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834, exclusive of school fees and other emoluments connected with the School at Portmoak, the amount whereof is not stated in the Return from that parish.

The number of Schools not Parochial is 13, in which are 15 instructors. The greatest number of scholars between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 240; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 476, and the least number of scholars (187) in like manner becomes 371.

The greatest number of scholars at Schools not Parochial between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 608, and the least number to have been 303; adding to which a due proportion for Returns (one whereof is defective in the greatest, and two in the least number), the former becomes 661, and the latter in like manner becomes 359.

The total number of Schools (Parochial and not Parochial) is 18, in which are 22 instructors. The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Kinross between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 610; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 1,036, and the least number of scholars (394) in like manner becomes 725.

The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Kinross between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,083, and the least number to have been 494; adding to which a due proportion for Returns (one whereof is defective in the greatest, and two in the least number), the former becomes 1,136, and the latter in like manner becomes 566.

A Sabbath Evening School is mentioned in one of the Returns; but children receiving daily instruction, and no others, are included in the foregoing Summary and Remarks.

Stewartry of Kirkcudbright.

ABSTRACT OF EDUCATION

[The Parishes are placed in

ANWORTH Parish (Pop. in 1831, 830.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			4	1	5	35	35	70	30	20	50

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	50	40	90	45	30	75	50	40	90	45	30	75

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	10	10	20	10	10	20	13	11	24	10	11	21

[illegible]

Stewartry of Kirkcudbright.

RETURNS, JULY M.DCCC.XXXIV.

Alphabetical order throughout the County.]

ORTH Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and geography ; no other branches could be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* with 20*l.* school fees annually; there are no other emoluments. At the Schools not Parochial, the instruction consists of English reading, writing and arithmetic; and the females are also taught sewing.

There are no children in this parish who have attained 12 years of age who cannot read; and, with very few exceptions, all of them can write, and know more or less of arithmetic. Every exertion is made by the parents, without any exception, to give their children education suited to their circumstances.

(signed) Thomas Turnbull, Minister.

MACLELLAN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, geography, grammar, Latin and French; no other branches could be conveniently added, but geography might be taught more frequently than it commonly is. The salary of each of the masters is 17*l.* 2*s.* 2*d.* per annum; the school fees of two of them may amount to 25*l.* or 30*l.* annually; at the other (which is a free school) no fees are exacted; other emoluments amount to 3*l.* or 4*l.* annually: an assistant teacher has been engaged for the school last mentioned, for the winter half-year, for several years, and during last year he was also retained during summer.

The schools are very conveniently situated to suit the parish. It is thought that there are no instances of young persons being unable to read; there may, however, be some old Irish settlers who cannot read the Scriptures.

(not signed.)

BALMAGHIE Parish - (Pop. 1,416.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
			14	3	17	157	106	263	107	55	162			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.		118	85	203	110	84	194	110	80	190	84	58	142
2	2													
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.		86	34	120	78	29	107	72	25	97	61	19	80
1	1													

BORGUE Parish : - - - (Pop. 894.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	120	74	194	88	54	142

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	100	60	160	-	-	-	100	47	147	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	12	18	30	-	-	-	15	25	40	-	-	-

BUITTLE Parish - - - (Pop. 1,000.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			6	4	10	75	53	128	63	29	92

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.														
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
2		2		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.														
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
1		1		45	25	70	30	20	50	45	25	70	30	20	50	

LMAGHIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, Latin, Greek, French and geography; and at one of them, mensuration, trigonometry, algebra and Euclid's Elements, in addition. The salary of one of the masters is 12*l.*, with 30*l.* school fees annually; that of the other, 17*l.* 6*s.* 6*d.*, with 18*l.* school fees; there are no other emoluments, not even dwelling-houses for the masters, which, being very much wanted, cause frequent changes of masters, who naturally seek for better accommodation. A retired master of one of the above schools is allowed an annuity of 22*l.*, which upon his demise will increase the salary of the first master to 30*l.* and that of the second to 21*l.* 6*s.* 6*d.* per annum. At the School *not* Parochial, which belongs to the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge, English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mensuration, trigonometry, algebra, Euclid's Elements and navigation are taught.

It is believed that all the natives of the parish above the age of fifteen can read, and most of them can write; but there are several from Ireland who cannot either read or write. It will be seen that the number of children attending the three different schools exceeds the numbers given in answer to the questions respecting the number of children under five years of age, and the number between five and fifteen years of age, who are taught to read. This is to be accounted for by children from other parishes attending these schools, principally that on the establishment of the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge.

(signed) *James Henderson*, Minister.

BORGUE Parish is entirely landward.

The branches directed to be taught at the Parochial School consist of English reading, spelling and grammar, writing, book-keeping and mathematics; all of which are usually taught, with the addition of geography and algebra; no other branches could be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*, with 36*l.* school fees, and 50*l.* other emoluments annually. At the School *not* Parochial (which is kept by a female), reading, writing and sewing are taught.

This parish has for the last thirty years enjoyed the benefit of a remarkably well taught school. A bequest of a considerable amount was made by a native of Borgue for educational purposes, which, during the period above named, has afforded an addition of 50*l.* to the schoolmaster's salary, and education gratis to 20 poor children. In consequence of these advantages the people are better educated than common; a spirit of enterprise has been excited, and many have risen above their original station by the successful prosecution of mercantile or literary pursuits.

The minister is not aware that there are any inhabitants of the parish above the age of fifteen who are unable to read, except one or two Irish, who have lately become residents. A Sabbath School is about to be established.

(signed) *Samuel Smith*, Minister.

LITTLE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geography, mensuration, trigonometry, navigation, Latin and Greek, but there have been but few scholars learning Latin or Greek for the last seven years. The salaries of the masters, conjointly, are 51*l.* 6*s.* 7*d.*, with 25*l.* school fees, and 9*l.* annually other emoluments. At the School *not* Parochial, English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and geography are taught.

(not signed.)

[illegible]

COLVEND and SOUTH- WICK Parish - - - } (Pop. 1,358.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				3	2	5	127	100	227	90	60	150			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	3	127	100	227	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
OTHER SCHOOLS.		Instructors.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
				From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.				
1	1	28	22	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

CROSSMICHAEL Parish, (Pop. 1,325.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				11	7	18	149	95	244	149	95	244

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	122	77	199	—	—	—	117	78	195	—	—	—

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	23	18	41	—	—	—	32	18	50	—	—	—

RSPHAIRN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, English, book-keeping and arithmetic; Greek is likewise directed to be taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 14*l.* school fees, and 2*l.* other emoluments annually.

The parish being very large, young children cannot attend the Parochial School, from the remote situation of the farms, but in such places, teachers are occasionally engaged during the winter months.

The minister is not aware that there are any persons in the parish above fifteen years of age who are unable to read.

(signed) *David Welsh*, Minister.

COLVEND and SOUTHWICK Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools (one whereof is situate at Colvend, and the other at Southwick) consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geography, navigation, Latin, Greek and French; these branches are sufficient. The salary of the Colvend master is 29*l.* 11*s.* 5¼*d.* and that of the Southwick master 21*l.* 15*s.* per annum; the school fees amount to 15*l.* and 36*l.* respectively; the Southwick master has also other emoluments, consisting of mortified money, amounting to 2*l.* per annum. At the School *not* Parochial, English, writing, arithmetic and geography are taught.

The number of children returned in the Parochial Schools, as well as in the School *not* Parochial, is the average throughout the year.

(not signed.)

ROSSMICHAEL Parish is entirely landward.

The branches directed to be taught at one of the Parochial Schools are English, writing, arithmetic, geography, practical mathematics, Latin, Greek and French; those directed to be taught at the other are English, writing, arithmetic and Latin; all of which are usually taught except Latin, which is not actually taught in the last-mentioned school. Religious instruction is also regularly and carefully communicated in all the schools, both parochial and private. There is one master to each of the Parochial Schools, between whom the maximum of the legal salary is unequally divided; the salary of the first master being 31*l.* 6*s.* 6¾*d.*, that of the other 20*l.* per annum; the school fees of the first master amount to about 30*l.* per annum, and the other has an additional salary of 11*l.* 11*s.* 3*d.* from a mortified fund, in consequence of which he is entitled to no school fees; other emoluments amount to 6*l.* annually, which is divided between the two masters in the shape of Candlemas gifts. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

(signed) *William Glover*, Minister.

ALRY Parish:

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping; Latin and Greek would also be useful, and are directed to be taught at one of these schools. The salary of each master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 3½*d.* per annum. The school fees are as follows, viz. for teaching English reading, 1*s.* 6*d.* per quarter; writing and arithmetic, 2*s.*, and book-keeping, 4*s.* per quarter. At the Schools *not* Parochial, Greek, Latin, English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and mathematics are taught; one of these is an endowed school conducted by two teachers, whose combined salaries amount to 15*l.*; in this school all children may be taught to read and write gratis, whose parents choose to send them. There is also a sewing school in the parish.

There are found to be fifteen individuals (Irish people and Roman Catholics) in the parish who cannot read,

(not signed.)

RTHON Parish is partly landward, and partly a Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, grammar, writing, arithmetic, geography, Latin, Greek and French; other branches could also be conveniently taught. The salary of the master (who employs an assistant) is 45*l.* per annum, with 80*l.* school fees and 16*l.* other emoluments annually, being an allowance for house rent. At the Schools *not* Parochial (two of which are for males and two for females) English reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

The minister has not the means of ascertaining exactly the number of persons in the parish above the age of 15 who are not able to read, but he is led to believe that there are very few in this unfortunate situation: there may be some natives of Ireland who cannot read, but they in general are anxious when settled in the parish to give their children the benefit of education by sending them to school.

(signed) *Robert Jeffrey*, Minister.

ELLS Parish is partly landward and partly Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School (which is accessible to only 650 of the population) consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mensuration, geography, Latin, Greek, French, &c. The salary of the master is 34*l.* with 30*l.* school fees annually, and no other emoluments. There are no regular Schools *not* Parochial, but occasional private schools, wherein English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

The landward part of this parish is an extensive mountainous district, in different parts of which there are occasional private teachers, who keep small schools. But the children are educated to a considerable extent by young men, who go from house to house during the winter months teaching the respective families.

It is believed that there are no persons in the parish between five and fifteen years of age who have not been taught to read, and that all, or nearly all, the children between those ages are able to write, more or less. The minister never met with a male adult belonging to the parish who could not write.

(signed) *J. Maitland*, Minister.

461

LTON Parish is landward, including Castle Douglas, a Burgh of Barony.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English, Greek, Latin, French, mathematics, arithmetic, writing and geography; perhaps natural philosophy and chemistry might be conveniently introduced, if the necessary apparatus were furnished. The salary of each master (one of whom has an assistant) is 17*l.* 2*s.* 2*d.* per annum; the school fees collectively amount to about 130*l.* per annum; there is a fund of 40*l.* per annum arising from the seat rents of the galleries in the parish church, which the parochial teachers have the promise of in future, but they receive very little of it as yet. At five of the Schools *not* Parochial, taught by females, English, writing, arithmetic and sewing are taught, and at one of them, a Boarding School, geography, French and music in addition; at the other school the branches taught are English, writing, arithmetic, geography, mensuration and Latin.

(not signed.)

RKBEAN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Greek, Latin, French, geography, arithmetic, English, &c.; no other branches could be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is one chalders and a half of meal (equal to 25*l.* 13*s.* 3½*d.*), with 28*l.* school fees, and 24*l.* 6*s.* 6½*d.* other emoluments, being the interest of 608*l.* 4*s.* At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School, and English, writing and arithmetic at the other, which is kept by a female.

Besides the sum of 608*l.* 4*s.* left to the teacher of the Parochial School, 400*l.* was also bequeathed by two gentlemen named Marshall, for instructing the poor children of this parish gratis; this sum is intrusted by the will of the Messrs. Marshall to five trustees, men who are parishioners or connected with the parish, and is lent on heritable security at four per cent. The above sum for the last 19 years was all paid to the parish schoolmaster, but as this gave great dissatisfaction to the remote part of the parish, the trustees have been induced to pay the interest to the several teachers, according as they are preferred by the parents of those children who are upon the trustees' list, which promises to give universal satisfaction, excepting the parish schoolmaster.

(signed) Thomas Grierson, Minister.

RKCUDBRIGHT Parish is partly landward and partly Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English grammar, writing, arithmetic and geography; there being an excellent academy in town, it is thought that no other branches should be taught in these schools. The salary of each of the masters is 25*l.* 13*s.* 2*d.*, and the school fees are as follows, viz., for teaching reading, 2*s.* 6*d.* per quarter; ditto, with writing, 3*s.* 6*d.*; and ditto, ditto, with arithmetic, 5*s.* per quarter; other emoluments are offerings made at Candlemas, varying from 2*l.* to 7*l.* per annum. At the Schools *not* Parochial (which include a Burgh Academy with three teachers), Latin, Greek, French, mathematics, geography, writing, arithmetic, English and grammar are taught.

It is necessary to observe, that this parish being partly landward and partly burgh, the principal school is naturally within burgh, but as the burgh school is not a Parochial School, it is included in the private schools. If the object of these inquiries be to ascertain how far an established system of education has been useful, then the burgh school, being an established school, ought not to be ranked with the private, but with the public institutions of the land; and as there are 200 children attending the burgh school, they ought in justice to be deducted from the scholars attending the private schools, and added to those attending the public or Parochial Schools. In this way the numbers attending the different schools would be, established schools, 330; private schools, 300. The number of children who attended the Schools *not* Parochial during the periods specified cannot be easily ascertained, as no list of the scholars was kept in some of the schools; the numbers given are those who were in attendance at the time the inquiry was made, which may be considered as a fair average.

(signed) George Hamilton, Minister.

KIRKGUNZION Parish - (Pop. 652.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			4	5	9	76	49	125	35	25	60

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	42	28	70	36	25	61	57	35	92	42	28	70

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	12	8	20	11	7	18	14	12	26	12	9	21

KIRKMABREEK Parish, (Pop. 1,779.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			12	18	30	155	130	285	120	80	200

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	50	30	80	35	25	60	66	38	104	46	30	76

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	45	60	105	36	54	90	56	70	126	46	63	109

KIRKPATRICK DURHAM } (Pop. 1,487.) Parish - - - - }			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			15	15	30	117	123	240	60	40	100		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	101	62	163	64	48	112	94	72	166	85	64	149
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	36	28	64	30	22	52	32	25	57	29	20	49

IRK GUNZION Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, book-keeping, mensuration, and of late geography; no other branches are at present requisite. The salary of the master (who employs an assistant) is 30 *l.* per annum, with school fees as follows, viz., for teaching reading, 1*s.* 6*d.* per quarter; writing, 2*s.*; arithmetic, 2*s.* 6*d.*, and Latin and Greek, 4*s.* per quarter, amounting together to about 15 *l.*; other emoluments are a house and garden. The School *not* Parochial (the master of which has a salary of 4 *l.* 4*s.* per annum), is, and has been for half a century on what is now called the voluntary system, the teacher being engaged by the parents of the scholars on such terms and for such length of time as he and they can agree upon.

The nine children returned under five years of age who are taught to read, entered school in April last, but have since completed their fifth year, and are therefore included in the 125; the number of children who are taught to read between five and fifteen years of age, which is the amount of names entered in the two schools since Michaelmas last, but not above 115, were attending at once during the year; if to these 115 children 20 others were added who attended a more convenient school in a neighbouring parish, the number belonging to this parish attending school would be 135, being more than a fifth part of the population. The account of school fees in the Parochial School might be enlarged, but the teacher says there are many poor labourers who cannot pay; besides, the teacher only charges three quarters per annum. There are not known to be any persons in the parish who cannot read, and scarcely any leave school without learning to write, more or less; on the whole, the state of the schools is much improved within the last 20 years.

(signed) John Crocket, Minister.

IRK MABREEK Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic and mathematics; Latin, Greek and French are likewise directed to be taught, and geography might be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 34 *l.* 4*s.* 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ *d.*, with school fees amounting to 31 *l.* annually; there are no other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

The questions concerning the number of children between five and fifteen years of age who are taught to read and to write are most troublesome; every house must be visited, and every child examined, to find answers. The questions respecting the number of children who attended the parochial and other schools during the periods specified are also very difficult to answer: some of the teachers keep no catalogues, not even an account of school fees, so that they could say nothing certain; the minister is therefore sorry that, after all the pains he has bestowed, he cannot vouch for the accuracy of the Return; it is perhaps as correct as the object may require.

There are upwards of fifty adults, who are natives of Ireland, and two Englishmen and their wives, in the parish who cannot read.

(signed) John Muir, Minister.

IRK PATRICK-DURHAM Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, mensuration, algebra, navigation, Latin, Greek and geography; in addition to which, geometry, astronomy, botany, history and general knowledge are taught at the head school: it is thought that no other branches are necessary. The salary of the first schoolmaster is 31 *l.* 6*s.* 2 $\frac{3}{4}$ *d.* per annum (and the interest of 200 *l.*, for which he is bound to teach such poor children as the kirk session may send to him), that of the second, 16 *l.* 10*s.*, and of the third, 3 *l.* 6*s.* per annum: the fees of the first school amount to about 30 *l.*, those of the second, to about 10 *l.*, and of the other, to about 24 *l.* annually; there are no other emoluments attached to these schools. At the School *not* Parochial, English, writing, Latin, Greek and arithmetic are taught.

The data upon which the above account is made are not so minutely accurate as could be wished, although it is believed that it will be found to come very near the truth.

It is not known that there are any individuals in the parish above fifteen years of age who cannot read, except one or two Irish Roman Catholics. These persons invariably send their children to the above schools for instruction.

(signed) Geo. John Duncan, Assistant Minister.

KIRKPATRICK-IRON- GRAY Parish - - - } - (Pop. 912.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				5	4	9	82	86	168	39	42	81

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	53	60	113	-	-	-	50	42	92	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

LOCHRUTTON Parish - (Pop.650.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
				4	2	6	44	41	85	23	16	39	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	36	37	73	18	25	43	32	39	71	6	6	12
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	26	21	47	16	11	27	-	-	-	-	-	-

MINNIGAFF Parish - - (Pop. 1,855.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	143	82	225	-	-	150

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	160	-	-	-	-	-	-

KPATRICK-IRON-GRAY Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, geography and Latin. The salary of each of the masters is 25*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum; the school fees amount to 29*l.* 15*s.*, and other emoluments to 1*l.* 14*s.* annually. The fees do not bear that proportion to the number of scholars which might be expected; this is owing to the irregularity of attendance throughout the year, and the inability or unwillingness of many parents to pay.

It is impossible to state with any degree of accuracy the smallest number of scholars attending the above schools during the terms specified, but immediately before and after the vacation (which takes place during the harvest) the number is often very small indeed.

(not signed.)

HRUTTON Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, English grammar, book-keeping and mensuration; geography and mathematics should also be taught, but would not be much required. The salary of the master is 30*l.*, with 10*l.* 10*s.* school fees annually; other emoluments are as follows; viz. 2*l.* 10*s.* the interest of mortified money, 2*l.* 10*s.* being the yearly value of the master's house and garden, and 10*s.* as session clerk. At the School *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic and English grammar are taught.

There is a vacation for six weeks, which generally takes place in September, and when the school commences in October, the scholars do not generally attend for some weeks. There is only one person in the parish who is grown up and cannot read, and that person is an Englishman.

(signed) *Thomas Inglis*, Minister.

KNIGAFF Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, Latin, Greek, mathematics, geography and history. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 31*l.* 6*s.* school fees, and 1*l.* 6*s.*, other emoluments annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught.

There are also two Sabbath Evening Schools, where about 150 children are taught gratis; these are not included in the number 225, entered in the table.

(signed) *J. G. Maitland*, Minister.

NEWABBEY Parish - - (Pop. 1,060.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	91	79	170	-	-	106

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.												
Schools. Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.												
Schools. Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PARTON Parish . . . (Pop. 827.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			1	1	2	91	46	137	64	33	97

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	47	27	74	45	25	70	77	40	117	77	40	117

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	14	6	20	9	6	15	-	-	-	-	-	-

RERWICK Parish - - (Pop. 1,635.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			5	4	9	93	58	151	72	34	106

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	98	60	158	80	51	131	107	68	175	68	47	115

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	43	60	103	31	40	71	46	57	103	33	45	78

ABBEEY Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, French and practical geometry. The salary of 51*l.* 6*s.* 6½*d.* is allocated to the three masters in the following proportions; viz. one has 29*l.* 18*s.* 9½*d.*, and the other two have 10*l.* 13*s.* 10½*d.* each annually. The amount of school fees cannot be ascertained; the emoluments of the principal master amount to 3*l.* per annum, and one of the others receives 7*s.* annually from a mortification. At the School *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

In answer to the question, as to how many children under five years of age are taught to read, children seldom go to school under that age. The number of children who attended the Parochial School, as well as the School *not* Parochial, during the periods specified, cannot be ascertained.

(signed) *James Hamilton*, Minister.

TON Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, practical mathematics, geography, Latin and Greek. The salary of the principal schoolmaster is 31*l.* 6*s.* 6*d.*, that of the other 20*l.* per annum (both liable to a deduction of 8*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* for a retired teacher); the school fees of the former amount to 16*l.*, those of the latter to 8*l.* 16*s.* annually; there are no other emoluments, with the exception of a small offering at Candlemas, amounting in general to 2*l.* 10*s.* at the principal school, and to 1*l.* 5*s.* at the other. At the School *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

The parochial teachers in this parish are young, zealous and well-educated men; they have adopted the new and most approved systems of conveying instruction, and they are in the habit of teaching gratuitously all the children of those poor people who receive support from the session funds, as the law directs; this will account in some measure for the smallness of the amount of fees in the above schools taken in comparison with the number of scholars.

It is only necessary further to remark, that the principal schoolmaster, although he has frequently applied to the heritors for a dwelling-house, has been refused it on the ground of his not being entitled to it by the present Act. Should a Bill be brought into Parliament for improving the condition of schoolmasters, which is very desirable, it would be better if the law upon this point were made more explicit than it is at present, and that all the principal schoolmasters, at least, were made entitled to dwelling-houses and gardens.

(signed) *William G. Crosbie*, Minister.

WICK Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, Latin, book-keeping, geography and history; Greek, French, and practical mathematics are also directed to be taught; no other branches could be conveniently added. The united salaries of the masters amount to 51*l.* 6*s.* 6½*d.*, and the school fees to 44*l.* annually; one of the masters is also session clerk, from which he derives 2*l.* 5*s.* per annum. At the Schools *not* Parochial (one of which is kept by a female), the instruction consists of reading, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin and practical mathematics.

In a landward parish, where, as in this, the population is scattered over a wide surface of country, it is generally impracticable for children to attend school before they are five years of age, the distance being too great for them to walk.

As one of the private schools is taught by a female instructor, and consequently attended by girls alone, the number of girls at the Parochial Schools does not bear the usual proportion to that of boys.

Every person in the parish above 15 years of age is able to read.

(signed) *J. Thomson*, Minister.

REGLES Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, mensuration, Latin and Greek. The salary of the master is 35*l.*, with 16*l.* school fees, and 3*l.* annually, other emoluments, arising from the offerings made at Candlemas.

(signed) *Geo. M. Burnside*, Assistant Minister.

IGLAND Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geography and mensuration. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum; the amount of school fees cannot be ascertained. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading, writing, arithmetic and sewing are taught.

The number of children who attended the Schools *not* Parochial during the periods specified cannot be ascertained; the average attendance may perhaps be 60.

(not signed.)

QUEER Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh or Town.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of Latin, English, book-keeping, mensuration, writing and arithmetic. The salary is 32*l.* per annum; the amount of the school fees could not be accurately ascertained; other emoluments are a house and garden, and Candlemas offerings. At the Schools *not* Parochial, the ordinary branches of education are taught. The teachers of these two schools were unable to give the number of scholars who attended during the periods stated; neither could the smallest number attending the Parochial Schools be ascertained.

(not signed.)

TWYNHOLM Parish - - (Pop. 871.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			4	9	13	95	98	193	53	50	103

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	57	36	93	25	9	34	42	18	60	16	9	25		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	45	60	-	-	-		

URR Parish (Pop. 3,098.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	312	176	488	209	108	317

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools. Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	197	106	303	164	97	261	241	123	364	179	103	282

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools. Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	103	62	165	94	52	146	115	70	185	103	39	142

WYNHOLM Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, Latin, Greek, French, writing, arithmetic and practical mathematics. The salary of the master is 34*l.*, with 15*l.* school fees, and 2*l.* other emoluments annually, being the interest of 50*l.* sterling. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic and sewing are taught.

The number of children returned in the Schools *not* Parochial is the average number.

(not signed.)

RR Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial Schools consists of English and grammar, Latin, writing, arithmetic, geography, history and practical mathematics; it is thought that no other branches could conveniently be taught, as the masters generally adopt what they consider beneficial to youth. The salary of the first master is 22*l.* 8*s.* 9*d.*; that of the second, 18*l.* 5*s.* 11*d.*, and that of the other, 10*l.* 9*s.* per annum, with 21*l.* 7*s.* 4*d.*, 23*l.* 8*s.* 6*d.* and 15*l.* 12*s.* 7*d.* school fees respectively; there are no other emoluments except Candlemas offerings, amounting to from 42 to 60 shillings annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

Children seldom attend school before they are five years old. The numbers given in answer to the questions as to the number between five and fifteen who are taught to read and write, refer to the children who attended all the schools in the parish at the time the inquiry was made. The masters of the Parochial Schools generally lose more from the fees being badly paid, than the Candlemas offerings amount to. The Schools *not* Parochial cannot be spoken of with certainty, as they are commonly kept by adventurers, who, if they do not succeed, or have a better prospect, leave the school.

(not signed.)

SUMMARY OF THE STEWARTRY OF KIRKCUDBRIGHT.

1. NUMBER of INHABITANTS in the STEWARTRY of KIRKCUDBRIGHT in the Year 1831 - - - - 40,590.

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
2. NUMBER of Children under five years of age who have been taught to read, or } who are now learning to read - - - - - }	140	119	259
Number of Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught } to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	3,263	2,513	5,781
Number of such Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been } taught to write, or who are now learning to write - - - - - }	2,073	1,364	3,437

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
3. PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS - - - - -	49	55	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day } to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			2,106	1,443	3,549	1,073	752	1,830
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas } 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			2,072	1,368	3,440	1,162	784	1,946

	£.	s.	d.
TOTAL AMOUNT of Salaries received by Parochial Schoolmasters - - -	1,163	10	5
- of School Fees received by - - ditto - - -	891	6	5
- of other Emoluments received by ditto - - -	168	18	9 ³ / ₄
	£.	2,223	14 7 ³ / ₄

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
4. SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - - -	56	60	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day } to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			970	869	1,839	627	524	1,161
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas } 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			650	607	1,257	486	402	888

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
5. TOTAL NUMBER of PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, } and SCHOOLS not PAROCHIAL - - - }	105	115	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Total Number of Children attending School from Lady Day to } Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			3,076	2,312	5,388	1,705	1,276	2,981
Total Number of Children attending School from Michaelmas } 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			2,722	1,975	4,697	1,648	1,196	2,834

REMARKS ON THE SUMMARY OF THE STEWARTRY OF KIRKCUDBRIGHT.

The number of Inhabitants in the Stewartry of Kirkcudbright in the year 1831 was 40,590.

To this number might be added, in strictness, an increase of rather more than one per cent. (or 11 in 1,000), during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and ten months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years; such estimated increase somewhat lessens the proportion of children educated, or under education, in the Stewartry of Kirkcudbright, but does not alter any of the numbers which are stated in the Summary, or in the following remarks.

The difficulty of personal inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has not permitted the ministers of ten parishes in the Stewartry of Kirkcudbright to specify the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read, or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears on the opposite page to have been 259; which, by application of the rule of proportion to the population of all the parishes, gives 417 for the entire Stewartry of Kirkcudbright.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read (as specified in the Returns) is 5,781. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years of age at Lady Day 1834 must have been 10,514, supposing the same proportion as before now to exist throughout the Stewartry of Kirkcudbright.

The number of Parochial Schools is 49, in which are 55 instructors. The greatest number of scholars at these Schools between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 3,549, but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 3,739; and the least number of scholars (1,830) in like manner becomes 2,780.

The greatest number of scholars at Parochial Schools between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 3,440; but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 3,954; and the least number of scholars (1,946) in like manner becomes 2,956.

The total amount of salaries, school fees and other emoluments appertaining to the parochial instructors was £.2,223 from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834, exclusive of the fees connected with the Schools at Kirkcudbright and Newabbey; and of the fees and other emoluments belonging to the schools at Dalry, Tongland and Troqueer, the amount whereof is not stated in the Returns from these parishes.

The number of Schools not Parochial is 56, in which are 60 instructors. The greatest number of Scholars between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,839, adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 2,538; and the least number of scholars (1,151) in like manner becomes 1,932.

The greatest number of scholars at Schools not Parochial between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,257; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 2,132; and the least number of scholars (888) in like manner becomes 1,729.

The total number of Schools (Parochial and not Parochial) is 105, in which are 115 instructors. The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Stewartry of Kirkcudbright between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 5,388; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 6,277; and the least number of scholars (2,981) in like manner becomes 4,712.

The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Stewartry of Kirkcudbright between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 4,697; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 6,086; and the least number of scholars (2,834) in like manner becomes 4,685.

Sabbath Evening Schools are mentioned in one of the Returns; but children receiving daily instruction, and no others, are included in the foregoing Summary and Remarks.

Shire of Lanark.

ABSTRACT OF EDUCATION - -

[The ancient Parishes are placed in Alphabetical order throughout the County, except those in the Shire of Lanark, which are always entered under the name of the County.]

AVONDALE Parish - (Pop. in 1831, 5,761.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	-	-	-	-	-	513	-	-	171

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	48	12	60	-	-	60	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
11	12	-	-	453	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

BIGGAR Parish - - - (Pop. 1,915.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	-	-	-	116	84	200	-	-	108

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	86	64	150	-	-	-	86	64	150	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	30	20	50	-	-	-	30	20	50	-	-	-

Shire of Lanark.

- - RETURNS, JULY M.DCCC.XXXIV.

ty and Suburbs of the City of Glasgow; but the Parochial Districts recently established are their ancient Parishes.]

ONDALE Parish is partly landward and partly a town, viz. STRATHAVEN.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, Greek, French, geography, reading, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping; no other branches are considered requisite. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with about 25*l.* annually school fees. At the Schools *not* Parochial (one of which is a Boarding School for females, with two teachers), English reading and grammar, writing and arithmetic are taught.

In answer to the question as to how many children under fifteen years of age have been taught or are now learning to read and write, those returned consist of the average number attending all the daily schools during the year, and agrees with the number stated in the last Return made to the General Assembly of the National Church; but besides the schools here enumerated, many Evening and Sabbath Schools exist in the parish, which are well attended by those who are engaged at work during the day. The number that attend the Sabbath Schools may be about 250, and those at the Evening Schools during the week about 60.

(signed) William Proudfoot, Minister.

IGAR Parish is partly town and partly landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, practical mathematics, Latin, Greek and French; no additional branches are required. The salary of the master (who has a well qualified assistant paid by himself) is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 75*l.* school fees, and 15*l.* annually other emoluments, as session clerk; but this office is not necessarily connected with that of school-master. At the School *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

A library was instituted six years ago for the use of the Parish School, which has proved of immense advantage to the parish. The funds for this library, which contains 300 volumes, were at first raised by private subscription among the inhabitants; an annual collection is now made for it at the church doors. It is not known that there is one person in the parish above the age of fifteen who is unable to read.

(signed) John Christison, Minister.

BLANTYRE Parish - - (Pop. 3,000.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			1	-	1	140	133	273	69	37	106

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	24	21	45	21	19	40	27	23	50	25	20	45

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	5	118	126	244	113	106	219	131	122	253	127	115	242

BOTHWELL Parish - - (Pop. 5,545.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			19	18	37	514	283	797	271	125	396

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
10	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

CADDER Parish - - - (Pop. 3,048.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			14	10	24	133	96	229	58	28	86

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	95	77	172	80	55	135	115	91	206	87	60	147

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	62	72,	134	44	57	101	50	70	120	38	50	88

NTYRE Parish is landward, with a Village containing 1,727 inhabitants.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing and arithmetic. The salary of the master is 26*l.* per annum, with 19*l.* school fees (but not all collected), and 4*l.* annually, arising from registrations and proclamations. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught, and at one school geography and Latin in addition.

It is not possible to state the exact number of children in the parish under fifteen years of age who have been taught to read and write, especially in the village part where the Blantyre cotton works are situate, and where the population is often changing. A large school is situate in this part of the parish, which is sometimes attended by nearly 200 children. The parents connected with the cotton works are generally careful in giving education to their children; but a few from the Highlands and from Ireland are to be found who cannot read.

(not signed.)

THWELL Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English reading and grammar, Latin, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping. The salary of the master of the principal school (who has an assistant) is 34*l.* 4*s.* per annum, with school fees, which would amount to 70*l.* annually, but that several children are taught free, and others pay irregularly, consequently only about 40*l.* is realized; other emoluments amount to 4*l.* per annum, arising from the office of session clerk. Each of the other two schoolmasters is allowed 8*l.* 11*s.* per annum. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught.

No accurate information can be given of the greatest or the smallest number of children that attended any of the schools during the periods required.

(signed) *Matthew Gardiner*, Minister.

DDER Parish (the Return from which comprehends the new Government District of Chryston) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English, writing, arithmetic and Latin, with Greek and French occasionally; geography, chronology, natural history and botany might also be advantageously taught. The salary of the master of the first school, which is situate at Cadder, is 25*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum, with 18*l.* school fees; that of the second, situate at Auchinairn, is 11*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum, with 30*l.* school fees; that of the third, situate at Chryston, 17*l.* 2*s.* 2*d.* per annum, with 36*l.* school fees; and that of the fourth, situate at Auchinloch (which is rather a donation than a Parochial School), 13*l.* per annum, arising from a mortification of 325*l.* at 4*l.* per cent., together with 14*l.* 10*s.* annually, school fees. At two of the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught; the other is for infants and adults, and is kept by a female, who teaches reading, writing, arithmetic, sewing and knitting.

One of the schools last mentioned is situate at Mollinburn, a populous and thriving village, the inhabitants of which have recently built a school-house upon ground given by Alexander Campbell, esq., writer of Glasgow, but neither this nor the other two schools have any endowment; they are all situate in remote districts of the parish, where they are much needed, consequently it is desirable that some permanent emolument should be secured to the teachers. The female school, which is of considerable importance, is about to be relinquished.

(signed) *Thomas Lockerby*, Minister.

CAMBUSLANG Parish - (Pop. 2,697.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	2	2	104	73	177	35	23	58

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.												
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
Schools.	Instructors.													
1	1	63	44	107	58	37	95	56	36	92	50	34	84	

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.												
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
Schools.	Instructors.													
4	4	42	29	71	40	23	63	35	20	55	33	18	51	

CAMBUSNETHAN Parish (Pop. 3,824.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			—	—	—	—	—	425	—	—	173

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	100	—	—	100

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	325	—	—	325

CARLUKE Parish - - - (Pop. 3,288.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			10	3	13	60	40	100	32	18	50		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	60	40	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	60	40	100
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
7	7	170	85	255	-	-	-	-	-	-	160	80	240

AMBUSLANG Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geography and Latin; no other branch could at present be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with about 40*l.* school fees, and from 9*l.* to 12*l.* annually, other emoluments. At all the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading and writing are taught, and at two of them, arithmetic in addition.

The number of children in the parish under fifteen years of age who are able to read and write has not been ascertained; those returned comprehend the number who are now learning.

(signed) *John Robertson*, Minister.

AMBUSNETHAN Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and Latin; French, mathematics and Greek might also be taught with advantage. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with school fees fluctuating and ill paid; there are no other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches of instruction are taught as at the Parochial School; two of these schools are endowed, viz., one at Stane, containing 110, and the other at Muiryett, containing 55 children.

Children in this parish are seldom sent to school under five years of age. The number of children returned in answer to all the questions proposed, comprehends those only who are now in attendance at the different daily schools; besides which two Sabbath Evening Schools exist in the parish under the superintendence of the minister; one at Stane is attended by 85, and the other at Wishawtown by 62 children.

(signed) *Archibald Livingston*, Minister.

RLUKE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, French and geography; no other branches could conveniently be taught in the same room. The salary of the master (who employs an assistant) is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with about 50*l.* school fees, and 12*l.* annually, arising from the office of session clerk. At all the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught; and at two geography and Latin in addition.

The number of children who attend school varies little throughout the year: there is only one exception, of a native parishioner, who has arrived at the age of fifteen without being able to read the Holy Scriptures; cases, however, of individuals of the age of fifteen and upwards who are yet untaught to read are now not unfrequent in this and other parishes situated in the west of Scotland, they being members of families, who of late years have immigrated in considerable numbers, to the great deterioration of the feelings and habits of a more orderly and moral population; some of the native parishioners also forgetting what chiefly formed, under the blessing of God, the holy, wise and strong character of their forefathers, have begun, in their desire for their children to be infected with "the spirit of the age," to evince a taste for a paltry, flimsy and most inflating respect for what is called Science in their school exercises, to the necessary neglect, where it is yielded to, of what is far more precious and enduring.

(signed) *John Wylie*, Minister.

CARMICHAEL Parish - (Pop. 956.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				—	—	—	100	54	154	62	20	82

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	3	54	20	74	—	—	—	64	20	84	—	—	—		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	25	20	45	—	—	—	36	34	70	—	—	—		

CARMUNNOCK Parish - (Pop. 692.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	48	57	105	19	11	30

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	60	30	90	60	30	90	61	35	96	39	20	59		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

CARNWATH Parish - (Pop. 3,505.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				24	27	51	235	202	437	121	84	205

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	64	36	100	-	-	-	69	41	110	-	-	-		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
8	8	195	193	388	-	-	-	190	188	378	-	-	-		

RMICHAEL Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Greek, Latin, English, writing, arithmetic, geography, French, mathematics, and any other branch that may be required. The salary of the master (who employs two assistants) is 32*l.* per annum, with 26*l.* 8*s.* school fees, and 5*l.* 12*s.* annually other emoluments, exclusive of the charge for boarders, of whom 32 are at present educated at this school. At the School *not* Parochial, which is partly supported by the heritors, English, Latin, writing and arithmetic are taught.

Children under five years of age are generally instructed at home; the number returned from that age to fifteen as having been taught or now learning to read and write, comprehends those only who are at present attending school.

(not signed.)

RMUNNOCK Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, Latin, Greek, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping, and great attention is paid to the reading of the Bible and general religious instruction; mathematics and the elements of astronomy might also be partially taught with advantage, although in so small a district the number of scholars might be few. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 32*l.* school fees, and 9*l.* annually, arising from the office of session clerk, and for collecting road-money.

The number of children under instruction may appear large in proportion to the population; this arises from the well-merited popularity of the teacher, and a number of children coming from a neighbouring parish. It is not known that there are any persons in the parish above the age of fifteen who cannot read, unless they are to be found among the members of a few Irish families who have taken up their abode in the district.

(signed) John Henderson, Minister.

RNWATH Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, French and geography. The salary of the master (who engages an assistant) is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with about 34*l.* school fees, and 13*l.* annually other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught. The teachers of these schools have no salary, and are in general obliged to pay for a house to teach in.

The population is considerably increased since 1831, owing to the operation of an iron work. So far as is known, there is not one person in the parish above the age of fifteen unable to read.

(signed) J. Walker, Minister.

CARSTAIRS Parish - - (Pop.981.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	27	23	50	15	11	26

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	29	24	53	36	27	63	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	43	27	70	-	-	-	49	27	76	-	-	-

CATHCART Parish. See RENFREWSHIRE.

COVINGTON and THANKESTON Parish } - (Pop. 521.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	27	15	42	13	6	19

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	21	15	36	21	15	36	26	12	38	26	12	38

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

CRAWFORD Parish - - (Pop. 1,850.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			6	5	11	122	84	206	53	15	68

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	29	23	52	25	18	43	42	21	63	24	19	43

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	94	66	160	87	53	140	108	66	174	93	49	142

ARSTAIRS Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, and practical mathematics; French and geography might also be advantageously taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 27*l.* 13*s.* 6*d.* school fees, and 6*l.* annually other emoluments. At the School *not* Parochial, English, writing, arithmetic and practical mathematics are taught.

(not signed.)

OVINGTON and THANKESTON Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, geography, Latin, Greek, French and church music; there is no demand for other branches, if there were, they could be supplied by the present teacher. The salary of the master is 28*l.* per annum, with 16*l.* school fees, and 5*l.* annually arising from the offices of session clerk and kirk treasurer.

In answer to the question as to how many children under fifteen years of age have been taught or are now learning to read and write, those returned comprehend the number only who are now at school; many others have been taught, and many are also instructed by their parents. It is believed that there is no person in the parish above fifteen years old who is unable to read.

(signed) Thomas Watson, Minister.

RAWFORD Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Greek and Latin; no other branches are required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 6*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 16*l.* school fees, and 5*l.* annually other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

It frequently occurs that children only attend school one quarter at a time.

(not signed.)

CRAWFORDJOHN Parish, (Pop. 991.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				—	—	—	120	92	212	69	41	110

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	60	31	91	40	19	59	54	23	77	12	7	19

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	20	21	41	16	16	32	38	24	62	15	13	28

CULTER Parish - - - (Pop. 497.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				2	1	3	31	22	53	14	11	25			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	29	20	49	27	18	45	37	22	59	35	22	57		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

DALSERF Parish - - (Pop. 2,680.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				10	10	20	177	152	329	163	49	212

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	20	16	36	20	16	36	80	24	104	75	27	102		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	150	106	256	129	96	225	145	117	262	125	95	220		

AWFORDJOHN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin, geography, French and Greek; no other branches have hitherto been required. The salary of the master is 32*l.* 10*s.* per annum, with 25*l.* 15*s.* 9*d.* school fees, and 6*l.* 5*s.* annually other emoluments. At the School *not* Parochial, English, writing, arithmetic and Latin are taught.

(signed) *William Goldie*, Minister.

ALTER Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, practical mathematics, geography, Latin and Greek; no other branches have been required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* per annum, with 20*l.* school fees, and 4*l.* annually other emoluments.

Part of the parish of Kilbucho, in the shire of Peebles, was added to the parish of Culter about forty years ago. A Parochial School exists at Kilbucho, which is returned with the whole population in the shire of Peebles.

(signed) *James Proudfoot*, Minister.

LSERF Parish is landward, but contains a large Village.

There are two Parochial Schools, one principal school, and a district one; the instruction consists of English reading and grammar, Latin, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics, and sometimes Greek and French. The salary of the principal master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 12*l.* school fees, and 25*l.* annually other emoluments; besides, he is session clerk and collector of poor's rate, which altogether makes his income amount to between 70*l.* and 80*l.* per annum. The master of the other Parochial School, which is situate at Larkhall, has a salary of 5*l.*, with a house, school-room and garden. At the Schools *not* Parochial (one whereof is taught by a female for little girls), English reading, writing, arithmetic and English grammar are taught.

The reason of the small number of children at the Parochial Schools from Lady-day to Michaelmas 1833 is that the District School was then vacant. The principal Parochial School is very inconveniently placed for the population, and on that account it is in general but thinly attended; in order to remedy this, the heritors established the District School in the populous village of Larkhall, with the allowances above specified.

The Schools *not* Parochial are placed amidst a manufacturing population, and the teachers have returned their evening as well as their day scholars. In many cases it is feared that the age of the scholars exceeds fifteen. Young people often acquire a large portion of their education, after they have become weavers and tambourers, in the Evening Schools of the parish. The Return can only be reckoned an approximation to the truth, but is as correct as it can be made.

The defective qualifications of the teachers of private schools is much to be deplored. The interference of Government is required to produce a higher standard and a more efficient system of education for this extended and rapidly increasing population. The provision made by law is at present quite inadequate.

(signed) *John Russell*, L. L. D., Minister.

DALZIEL Parish - - (Pop. 1,180.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				3	3	6	150	145	295	100	65	165

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	26	18	44	25	15	40	32	18	50	29	17	46

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	43	32	75	37	29	66	47	35	82	43	30	73

DOLPHINTON Parish - - (Pop. 302.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	1	1	11	11	22	5	1	6

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	22	13	35	13	8	21	25	19	44	14	11	25		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

DOUGLAS Parish - - - (Pop. 2,542.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	-	-	160	-	-	160	-	-	-	-	-	-

ALZIEL Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic and mensuration. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 18*l.* school fees, and 4*l.* 15*s.* annually other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught, with sewing, knitting, &c. in addition to females.

(signed) *James Clason*, Minister.

OLPHINTON Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic and Latin; geography, French and the elements of Greek might also be advantageously taught. The salary of the master is 26*l.* per annum, with about 12*l.* school fees, and 15*l.* annually other emoluments.

Every person in the parish between the ages specified have been taught or are now learning to read, and almost all to write so soon as they are capable of learning. The number returned consists of those only who are at present under instruction.

(signed) *John Aiton*, Minister.

DOUGLAS Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh of Barony.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, geography, Latin, Greek and French; other branches might also be taught conveniently if there were any demand for them. The salary of the master (who employs an assistant) is 34*l.* 4*s.* per annum, with school fees, regulated according to the instruction given. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

(not signed.)

DUNSYRE Parish - - - (Pop. 335.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	16	10	26	7	5	12
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	1	10	8	18	7	6	13	9	8	17	8	6
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

GLASGOW CITY.

1. EAST, or OUTER } HIGH Parish - } (Pop. 9,137.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				29	19	48	789	726	1,515	346	265	611
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	1	80	60	140	-	-	-	85	65	150	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
11	11	376	199	575	-	-	-	392	214	606	-	-

2. ENOCH, ST. Parish - (Pop. 7,921.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	456	356	812	-	-	600
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
4	7	136	176	312	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

NSYRE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping; geography and mensuration might also be taught with advantage. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.* per annum, with 5*l.* school fees, and 9*l.* 11*s.* 6*d.* annually other emoluments, but these are unconnected with the office of schoolmaster.

In answer to the question as to how many children under fifteen years have been taught or are now learning to read and write, those returned comprehend such children only as are now at school, a greater number having been sent since Michaelmas 1834 than attended at any period during the previous year.

(signed) *George Renton*, Minister.
James Lawrie, Schoolmaster.

GLASGOW CITY.

ST, or OUTER HIGH CHURCH is entirely a Burgh Parish.

The School returned as Parochial is not, strictly speaking, so, but rather a "Burgh School," supported from sessional and congregational funds. The instruction given consists of reading, writing, arithmetic and geography. The teacher is allowed a house and a salary of 25 *l.* per annum; the school fees amount to about 80 *l.* annually. At the other eleven schools, reading, grammar, writing, arithmetic, geography, history, elocution, Latin, Greek, Hebrew, French and composition are taught.

(signed) *John Forbes*, Minister.
John Wilson, Elder.

ENOCH Parish is entirely Burgh.

Of the Schools existing in the parish, one is a Classical Academy; another is for reading and sewing; and the other two are for reading, writing, arithmetic, &c.; one of these schools, which is attended by upwards of 200 children of both sexes, is under the management of the Kirk Session; there is now being built for the use of this school a house, and under the same roof it is proposed to establish an *Infant School*.

In answer to the question as to how many children under fifteen years of age have been taught to read and write, the number returned (812) comprehends those belonging to the parish who are now actually at school; and the number (312) includes all the children at present attending the schools within the parish. The number of children in the parish under five years of age is 999; from five to fifteen 1,382: of the latter, 354 cannot read; the adults in the parish who cannot read amount to about 400; and the children who cannot write exceed 800.

(signed) *James Henderson*, Minister.

JAMES'S Parish is entirely Burgh.

The two Schools returned as Parochial are under the management of the general session of Glasgow, and partly supported by their funds; each of the head masters (who are aided by assistants) is allowed 20*l.* per annum, and a school-room; the fees are regulated by the branches taught, which consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, history, geography, and the principles of religion. At the other three schools, English reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

(signed) *John Muir*, D. D., Minister.

JOHN'S Parish is wholly within the Burgh of Glasgow.

The two Schools returned as Parochial are not, properly speaking, so, but are as nearly assimilated to parish schools as may be, the teachers having salaries and houses provided for them by the Kirk Session; the instruction given consists of English grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and mathematics; a few are taught Latin and geography privately; it is judged advisable to confine the education to these branches alone. These schools are conducted by four teachers, who are each allowed a salary of 25*l.* per annum; dwelling-houses and school-rooms are also provided; the average amount of school fees drawn by the four amounts to 326*l.* annually. Of the other ten schools, two are for infants; another is a school of industry for females, who are taught English reading, sewing and knitting; another is a Roman Catholic school; the remaining are on private adventure. At the seven schools last mentioned, English grammar, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught; and in all the schools, whether public or private, the principles of religion are carefully inculcated.

Besides the schools above enumerated are several evening schools, and other daily schools, which fluctuate so much, that it is difficult to give any definite account of them, but in which it is calculated that about 300 children are taught.

(signed) *Thomas Brown*, Minister.

DDLE, or ST. ANDREW'S Parish is within the Burgh of Glasgow.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing and arithmetic; it is not considered expedient to teach other branches, unless a better provision were made for the teacher, who at present is only allowed a dwelling-house rent free, and 9*l.* per annum, which is raised by subscription; the school fees average about 50*l.* annually. At the other eight schools, English reading, writing and arithmetic are also taught.

The number of children who attend the various schools at any particular season has not been ascertained; the number returned is the average throughout the year. The great want of education in the parish is some small salary, say about 20*l.* each to three or four schools; having these, there might be a proper selection of teachers made; as things are, any man, however unqualified, may open a school, and the poor, being in most cases very ignorant, cannot judge of the qualification of the masters to whom they intrust their children.

(not signed.)

6. NORTH, or ST. MUNGO'S Parish } (Pop. 10,295.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			96	84	180	1,065	772	1,837	262	213	475		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
9	10	480	345	825	440	339	779	535	370	905	495	346	841

7. NORTH-WEST, or RAMSHORN, now ST. DAVID'S Parish } (Pop. 6,268.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			—	—	51	—	—	919	—	—	521

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	—	—	250	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	250

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
23	23	—	—	1,729	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,729

8. SOUTH, or BLACK- FRIARS Parish - } - (Pop. 7,569.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			19	23	42	689	620	1,309	248	152	400

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	60	40	100	-	-	85	70	40	110	-	-	95

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	50	24	74	-	-	70	50	24	74	-	-	70

TH, or ST. MUNGO'S Parish is within the City of Glasgow.

There is, strictly speaking, no Parochial School, but a school has been established by and under the immediate charge of the Kirk Session, and is supported by a small fund which has been formed for that purpose. The branches of education taught at the respective schools combine infant instruction, reading, writing and arithmetic; geography in some, and in others grammar, composition, Latin, &c.

In answer to the questions as to how many children under fifteen years of age have been taught or are now learning to read and write, the number returned must be considered an approximation to the truth.

(signed) D. Macfarlane, Minister.

TH-WEST, or RAMSHORN, now ST. DAVID'S Parish, is within the City of Glasgow.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, geography, elocution, &c. The salary is 25*l.* per annum, and a school-room is found. At the Schools *not* Parochial, the branches taught are, with a few exceptions, the same as at the Parochial School. The teacher of an *Infant School*, where 170 children are in training, is allowed a house, school-room, and 60*l.* per annum.

In a large city like Glasgow, there is great danger of Educational Returns being misunderstood, as there are two ways of estimating the amount of education, and the result will be very different according to the mode which is pursued. The most common way, and that which has been followed in the parish of St. David's, is to count the whole number of schools, and the whole number of children attending them. According to this mode, the parish of St. David's, with a population of 6,268 persons, has 24 schools, attended by 1,979 scholars: these schools are, one Parochial and one *Infant*, both originated and supported by the liberality of the Kirk Session and congregation of St. David's, training and teaching 420 children; seven great charity schools, attended by nearly 800 children; four female schools with 110 scholars; and twelve private schools, attended by 652 children: this gives a far higher proportion of children at school, than, according to the population, should be, or possibly could be under instruction. The explanation is this, that a great body of the children are drawn from other parishes of the city. It so happens, that the parish of St. David's is situate in a very respectable part of Glasgow, that a great many schools are held within its borders, and that almost all the great charities of Glasgow, such as Hutcheson's Hospital, the Highland Schools, &c. are situate therein; this tends to diminish the *apparent* education in other parishes, and consequently to swell that of St. David's; hence the necessity of employing the second mode of estimate to arrive at the truth: this consists in going from house to house, and ascertaining from the head of every family what children can and what cannot read; and tried by this standard, it has been found that there are 51 children under five years of age who are learning to read, 919 between that age and fifteen who are in the same circumstances, and 521 children learning to write in the parish of St. David's; these results are very different from the preceding, in respect of the number of children actually found in attendance at the various schools. It is also to be observed, that the "GRAMMAR SCHOOL" of Glasgow, which in 1834 had an average of 273 Latin scholars, is not comprehended in the above enumeration; and that 70 persons are found in the parish above fifteen years of age who cannot read.

(signed) John G. Lorimer, Minister.

TH, or BLACKFRIARS Parish is within the City of Glasgow.

The school returned as Parochial is rather a Sessional School, being connected with the parish church, and partly supported by a fund of 500*l.* bequeathed by one of its members; the instruction given consists of English reading and grammar, writing and arithmetic; other branches might be taught, but the parents of the children are too poor to pay. The salary of the master is 20*l.* per annum, with about 40*l.* school fees; an increase of 12*l.* per annum has recently been added by the members of the church, for which sum the teacher keeps an Evening School. At the other school, reading, writing and accounts are taught. In addition to these two schools, two others have commenced since the dates specified herein; one contains from 80 to 100 children who are taught almost gratuitously the first elements of reading; the other is attended by about 30 children, who are taught reading, writing and arithmetic at a small quarterage.

The instruction at all the above schools is of the most common kind; the greater part of the children are only taught to read, and from the poverty of the parents very few remain long enough at school to learn to do that perfectly. The following facts will show the melancholy defects of education in this poor parish: the total number of children between five and fifteen years of age amounts to 1,691, of whom 382 cannot read and are not learning, and 1,291 cannot write and are not learning. The late Government grants for aiding the building of school-houses is not available to poor parishes, where part of the necessary funds cannot be raised; richer parishes can do so, and receive the benefit therefrom, whilst the more necessitous are totally unassisted.

(signed) James Gibson, Assistant Minister.

9. SOUTH-WEST, or ST. MARY'S Parish } - (Pop. 7,529.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			32	23	55	596	452	1,048	249	119	368

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	-	-	260	-	-	200	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	-	-	167	-	-	-	-	-	167	-	-	-

10. WEST, or ST. GEORGE'S Parish } (Pop. 15,242.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			24	30	54	1,491	1,424	2,915	743	589	1,332

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	80	70	150	—	—	100	90	80	170	—	—	110

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
11	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

SUBURBS OF THE CITY OF GLASGOW.

1. BARONY Parish - (Pop. 77,385.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
BRIDGETON Division.			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.		Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools.		Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
12	12	530	346	876	259	182	441	520	342	862	267	186	453	

UTH-WEST, or ST. MARY'S Parish, is situate entirely within the Burgh of Glasgow.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic and geography; the children being almost wholly of the lower orders, higher branches of education could not be well introduced. The salary of the head master is 20*l.* per annum, and the school fees amount to between 70*l.* and 80*l.* annually, out of which 30*l.* is paid to the second master; there are no other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught, and at one of them geography in addition.

Of the four Schools *not* Parochial, one is a free school belonging to the Fleshers' Company, which gives 80*l.* per annum to the teacher; no fees are paid; there are 60 children in attendance. The other three schools are ill attended, and do not yield much above 20*l.* per annum to their respective teachers.

The Parochial School is more properly a *Sessional* School, being under the management of the Parish Kirk Session, *i. e.* the minister and elders furnish the endowment, and provide the school-room free to the teacher; it is, however, Parochial, inasmuch as children of whatever religious persuasion, who reside in the parish, are all equally entitled to the benefits of the school, the fees being only 2*s.* per quarter for reading, whereas in the private schools they are considerably higher.

With regard to the numbers specified as able to read, it is to be observed they are the numbers given by the parents, who are unwilling to admit that their children are uneducated; there can be no doubt they are much above the truth; a single fact may prove this, that there are not above 500 children actually at school. The parish is a section of the most plebeian part of Glasgow. Scarcely any children go out of it to attend schools at a distance from them; at least there are as many come from beyond the parish to attend the schools within it, as go out of it to attend schools not in the parish. If the parish were in a good educational state, there should be one-sixth at least at school, *i. e.* 1,250 children, instead of 500, which is only one-fifteenth. Without endowments to the teachers, education can never be brought within the reach of the poorer classes, at least of a kind deserving the name of education; and even with endowed teachers, unless the parishes were reduced in size, so that the minister and his elders could bring a moral influence to bear on all the families, multitudes, in spite of every facility, will allow their children to grow up in ignorance. It may be mentioned, that there are nearly 700 children receiving religious instruction in the Parish Sabbath Schools; not a few of these cannot read. Such a number can be brought out only by the *local system*, giving each of the teachers his own little district, and requiring to fill his class out of it; to do this, he needs to be constantly urging the parents to send out their children. The smallest number of children who attended the Schools *not* Parochial during the periods specified cannot be given. The number of children not taught, nor learning to read, between the ages of five and fifteen, is 446; and the number not taught, nor learning to write, between the same ages, is 1,126; the number who cannot read above the age of fifteen is 184.

(signed) Robert Churchman, Minister.

EST, or ST. GEORGE'S Parish is partly in the City of Glasgow, and partly landward; it is the largest within the city; part of it is now detached, containing nearly 3,000 inhabitants, but this portion is included in the present Return.

The school returned as Parochial is rather a *Sessional* School; the instruction given consists of Bible reading, English grammar, writing and arithmetic; several other branches might with advantage be taught, but a higher salary would be required for the teacher, who is only allowed 25*l.* per annum from the general session funds; the school fees sometimes amount to 60*l.* per annum. At the other eleven schools, the branches of education are generally the same as before-mentioned, but in some of them, Latin, geography, French, mathematics and navigation are taught. It is impossible to state the number of children attending these eleven schools at any particular season of the year, the whole of them being on private adventure, and liable to fluctuation daily.

Two very large districts of this parish, *viz.* Broomielaw and St. George's-in-the-Fields, now a separate parish (*quoad spiritualia*), are in great destitution as to the means of education; only 25*l.* is annually granted for educational purposes from any fund in the parish; the magistrates do not appropriate one shilling of the city funds for the promotion of parochial instruction throughout the whole city. All is left to free-will offerings, from individuals or churches, or other sources; hence multitudes of poor children are living in absolute heathenism, as voluntary benevolence is quite unequal to their education. At least 1,000*l.* is required to supply the wants of this extensive parish.

(signed) John Smith, Minister.

SUBURBS OF THE CITY OF GLASGOW.

RIDGETON Division of Barony Parish is wholly suburban, composed of cotton spinners, weavers, grocers and spirit dealers. Though it contains a population of 11,000, it has no parish church; only one dissenting meeting-house.

At the twelve Schools existing in this Division (six whereof are Evening Schools), English, writing and arithmetic are taught; also geography, Latin and French at one, geography and Latin at another, and book-keeping at another, in addition to the before-mentioned branches. Two of the above schools belong to Roman Catholics.

(signed) William Black, Assistant Minister of Barony Parish.

CALTON Division.			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	87	53	140	87	53	140	80	40	120	80	40	120
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
18	18	687	495	1,182	508	346	854	572	427	999	529	370	899

CAMLACHIE, BLUEVALE, KEP- POCH-HILL and LADYWELL Divisions.			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.						
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.						
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.				
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.												
Schools.			Instructors.			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.			From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
						Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.												
Schools.			Instructors.			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.			From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
						Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
5			5	164	167	331	133	143	276	143	129	272	119	107	226

COWCADDENS, PORTDUNDAS and WOODSIDE Division.				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.				CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.			From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.								
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
OTHER SCHOOLS.				CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
				From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.			From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.								
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
12	14	472	409	881	371	285	656	511	427	938	444	349	793		

TON Division of Barony Parish is a Burgh of Barony, with a population of about 20,600.

The instruction given at the School entered as Parochial, which is rather a Burgh School, consists of English, writing and arithmetic. The master of this school has no salary, except a school-room rent free, with 60*l.* school fees annually. Of the other eighteen schools, ten are Daily and eight are Evening Schools; at four of these schools English only is taught; at eleven others, English, writing and arithmetic; at two others, the same, with geography in addition; and at the other, English, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping. One of the above schools is composed exclusively of paupers; the teacher is paid by the heritors and kirk session; five others are Charity Schools, and another (an Evening School) is for adults.

There is one parish church and one dissenting meeting-house. The population is composed of weavers, cotton spinners, grocers and spirit dealers, many of them very poor. In one division, out of 200 children above five years of age, only twelve could read.

(signed) *William Black*, Assistant Minister of Barony Parish.

LACHIE, BLUEVALE, KEPPOCH-HILL and LADYWELL Divisions of Barony Parish contain together about 8,900 inhabitants; Bluevale and Ladywell are Villages.

The instruction given at the five Schools returned, none whereof are Parochial, consists of English, writing and arithmetic; also Latin in addition at one of them. There is occasionally an Evening School at Camlachie, attended by about 20 scholars.

The inhabitants are chiefly weavers and day labourers; most of them very poor, many of them wretchedly so. Two or three additional schools are much wanted.

(signed) *William Black*, Assistant Minister of Barony Parish.

WADDENS, PORTDUNDAS and WOODSIDE Division of Barony Parish is wholly suburban, and contains about 8,000 inhabitants.

At five of the Schools existing in this Division (one whereof belongs to Roman Catholics), English, writing and arithmetic are taught; at two others, the same, with the addition of elocution and composition at one, and book-keeping and grammar at the other; the branches taught at another are English, writing and grammar; at another, English only; at two others (which are Charity Schools for females) English and sewing; the other is an *Infant School*.

Cowcaddens, &c. is chiefly occupied by day labourers and tradespeople, carters, &c.; though rather poor, yet upon the whole educated; considerable attention has of late been paid to them in this way. A new model school is to be built in this neighbourhood.

(signed) *William Black*, Assistant Minister of Barony Parish.

RY-HILL Division of Barony Parish is landward, with one Village, and contained, in 1831, about 2,000 inhabitants.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin and geography. The salary of the master (who has an assistant) is 12*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.*, with 50*l.* school fees annually, and a dwelling-house and school-room. At two of the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught; at another (an *Infant School*) English and plain seam; at another (belonging to Catholics) English only; at another, English, writing and grammar; at another, English and writing; and at the other, the same, with arithmetic and Latin in addition; the two schools last mentioned are held in the evening.

The inhabitants are chiefly farmers, cotton spinners, day labourers, and a few colliers. This is the best educated district of the barony. Mr. Colquhoun, of Killermont, has established an *Infant School* there.

(signed) William Black, Assistant Minister of Barony Parish.

ETLESTON DIVISION of Barony Parish (which contains a population of about 8,000) is partly a landward and partly a village subdivision or parish "*quoad sacra*." The inhabitants are chiefly farmers, colliers and weavers; a few landed proprietors reside on their own estates.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English, writing, arithmetic and Latin; also Greek, geography and book-keeping in addition at one of them. The salary of each of the masters is 12*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.* per annum; the school fees of one amount to 80*l.*, those of the other to 36*l.* annually; one has also 4*l.* 5*s.* 6*d.* per annum, other emoluments. At five of the Schools *not* Parochial (two whereof are Evening Schools), English, writing and arithmetic are taught; at three others the same, with Latin in addition, and at the other English only.

(signed) William Black, Assistant Minister of Barony Parish.

RBALS Parish is a suburb of the City of Glasgow, partly Burgh and partly landward.

There is no Parochial or Burgh School in the parish, but four Charity Schools, one of which is supported chiefly by collections in the parish church, aided to some extent by collections in the relief chapel; at this school 140 children are educated; another, supported partly by charity and partly by small fees, contains from 170 to 200 children; another, a Roman Catholic school, supported in the same manner as the last-mentioned, contains between 200 and 300 children; and the other, which was endowed by a lady, now deceased, contains 50 females. The remaining thirty-five schools are all on the respective teachers' private adventure. The branches of education generally taught at the above schools consist of reading, writing and arithmetic; geography at some, and at a few Latin and some of the higher branches.

It is impossible to ascertain, in this extensive parish, the exact number of children under fifteen years of age who have been taught, or who are now learning to read and write. It is certain that there are not 3,000 children attending school; the number returned (2,884) comprehends those only who are at present in attendance at the thirty-nine schools above-mentioned, and this number is believed to be about the average throughout the year; a few minor schools may exist in the parish which have not been discovered in this inquiry. Education in this parish appears to be on the decline; in 1825, when the population amounted to only 25,000 souls, 2,368 children were found to be at school; now, when the population is supposed to be about 40,000, only 2,884 children are under instruction. The number of adults in the parish who are unable to read cannot be ascertained; but it is believed they are numerous.

(signed) Alexander Turner, Minister.

GLASSFORD Parish - - (Pop. 1,730.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			7	2	9	170	109	279	80	45	125

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	50	59	109	40	30	70	50	59	109	40	30	70

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	60	41	101	40	36	76	80	62	142	45	39	84

GOVAN Parish - - - (Pop. 5,677.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	38	346	260	606	-	-	140

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	50	24	74	50	24	74	53	34	87	53	34	87

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
7	7	263	191	454	263	191	454	259	198	457	259	198	457

HAMILTON Town and Parish (Pop. 9,513.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			20	16	36	584	410	994	259	136	395

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	32	—	32	32	—	32	31	—	31	31	—	31

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
13	19	583	438	1,021	516	383	899	580	394	974	537	366	903

SSFORD Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics, Latin, Greek, and any other branches if required. The salary of the first master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 3½*d.* per annum, with 35*l.* school fees, and 6*l.* annually other emoluments; that of the second is 5*l.* 10*s.* per annum, with 20*l.* school fees; and that of the third 2*l.* 15*s.* annually, with 18*l.* school fees. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

Two of the Parochial are Branch Schools, and to each is assigned a part of the salary belonging to the teacher of the principal school; to one, 100 merks, with a school-room; to the other 50 merks Scots. The first of these branch schools occupies a very important station, in the midst of a population exceeding 500, and three miles distant from the Parochial School, from which also the other is three miles distant.

(not signed.)

VAN Parish (which is partly in Renfrewshire, but wholly entered here) is landward, the Burghal part being annexed to the Parish of Gorbals *quoad sacra*.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing and arithmetic, and occasionally Latin, French and geography. The salary of the master, who has occasional assistants, is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* from the heritors, and 1*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* from Glasgow College. The school fees, which are very ill paid, are supposed by the schoolmaster to average about 18*l.* per annum; other emoluments are 36*l.* accruing from Abraham Hill's mortification, and 1*l.* 18*s.* 10*d.* per annum from that of Lamb Hill's; by the deed of the former, the schoolmaster is bound to teach ten poor children gratis. At the Schools *not* Parochial, Latin, French, English, with grammar, writing, arithmetic and geography, are taught.

(signed) *M. Leishman*, Minister.

MILTON Parish is partly Burgh and partly landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, Greek, French, English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic and geography; no other branches are at present thought necessary. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 5*d.* per annum, with about 60*l.* annually school fees; there are no other emoluments. Similar branches are generally taught at the Schools *not* Parochial, with occasionally music, history and the French language in addition.

(signed) *Wm. Meek*, Minister.

KILBRIDE Parish and Town (Pop. 3,739.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	5	3	8	253	160	413	—	—	—

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	86	48	134	49	26	75	88	53	141	56	31	87

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	108	66	174	60	61	121	115	81	196	93	62	155

LANARK Burgh and Parish - (Pop. 7,672.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	38.	33	71	574	476	1,050	378	294	672

[illegible]

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
10	14	583	494	1,077	422	383	805	546	461	1,007	399	341	740

LEAMINGTON. *See* WANDELL.

LESMAHAGOW Parish - (Pop. 6,409.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	45	35	80	250	150	400	140	80	220

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
8	8	40	30	70	35	25	60	45	35	80	40	35	75

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
12	12	260	180	440	200	150	350	290	186	476	190	130	320

LBRIDE Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh of Barony.

There is one principal Parochial School and two auxiliary, or, as they are called, Side Schools; the instruction given consists of reading, English grammar, geography, arithmetic and Latin; the master of the principal school has a salary of 34*l.*, and each of the other two, 8*l.* 10*s.* per annum; the school fees and other emoluments are not stated. At the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches of education are taught as at the Parochial Schools.

The present incumbent having been but lately inducted, has not been able to render this Return as complete as he should have desired it to be. The same reason prevents his adding any particular observations.

(signed) *William Hanna*, Minister.

LANARK Parish is partly Burgh and partly landward.

Of the schools existing in the parish, one is a "Grammar School," conducted by a rector and an usher; the instruction given consists of Latin, Greek, English, French, arithmetic, geography and mathematics; it would be advantageous if book-keeping were also taught. The salary of the rector is 40*l.* per annum, with about the same amount accruing from school fees, and 20*l.* annually, arising from the office of session clerk. The salary of the usher is 20*l.* per annum. At all the other schools, English, writing and arithmetic are taught; at some, Latin, Greek, French, book-keeping and geography; at one, music and dancing, and at some, needlework.

(signed) *William Menzies*,
Minister, and Clerk of the Presbytery of Lanark.

ESMAHAGOW Parish is entirely landward.

There is, properly speaking, only one Parochial School, the master of which receives two chalders of salary, equal to 37*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum; the masters of the other seven schools have one chaldar divided among them; the collective amount of school fees is 156*l.*; there are no other emoluments except those of the principal school, which may sometimes amount to 40*l.* per annum; the instruction given at the above schools consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, geography and mathematics. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

(signed) *James Hamilton*.
John Wilson.

LIBERTON Parish - - (Pop. 773.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	-	-	-	112	101	213	112	101	213

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
I	1	34	18	52	—	—	—	48	22	70	—	—	—

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	17	18	35	-	-	-	19	21	40	-	-	-

MONKLAND, NEW, Parish (Pop.9,867.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	-	-	-	518	341	859	129	85	214

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	30	12	42	—	—	—	30	12	42	—	—	—

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
15	15	488	329	817	-	-	-	488	329	817	-	-	-

MONKLAND, OLD - (Pop. 9,580.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	44	71	115	576	448	1,024	204	114	318

[illegible][illegible]

ERTON Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geography and Latin, with French, Greek, and the elements of Euclid when required. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with 20*l.* school fees, together with other emoluments, consisting of a house, a rood of land, sessions clerkship, &c. amounting to 12*l.* annually. Similar branches to the above are also taught at the School *not* Parochial.

It is difficult to state precisely the smallest number of children who attend the schools at any given period; after harvest, it is generally the beginning of December before they attain their maximum; from thence till about seed time they continue steady, when they again fall off until the end of August; the smallest number in attendance at any particular time may be about 20 at each school. There are none born and brought up in the parish without being taught to read, and very few who cannot write tolerably.

(signed) *Alex. Craik*, Minister.

W MONKLAND Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh, viz. ARDIE.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, Latin, Greek, writing, arithmetic, mathematics and book-keeping. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with a house and garden, 26*l.* 12*s.* school fees, and 20*l.* annually other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading and grammar, writing and arithmetic are the branches generally taught.

The great thing needed here is church room; the population has so vastly overgrown the accommodation for public worship, that several hundreds in the parish have no place to worship in on the Sabbath day, and thus acquiring idle and dissipated habits, they lose all religious feeling, and become neglectful of the education of their children; this is much the case among the weavers, colliers and miners in this parish, and a serious and growing evil in all the west of Scotland.

(signed) *James Beff*, Minister.

D MONKLAND Parish is landward, with many Villages, some of which are large.

There is one Parochial School and three Branch Schools, but one of these is at present vacant. The instruction given at these schools consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar, geography, Latin and Greek; to which might conveniently be added practical mathematics, land-surveying and composition. The salary of the principal master is 31*l.* and that of each of the others 6*l.* 15*s.* 11*d.* per annum; the amount of school fees cannot be given, as no Returns were received from the teachers. The other emoluments of the principal master are derived from the office of session clerk, but the amount is not ascertained. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading, grammar, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught, and at some geography, history, mathematics and Latin.

There are no means of answering the queries as to the number of children who attended the Parochial School during the periods specified, as the principal teacher is lately deceased; neither can the number be given who attended the Schools *not* Parochial during the periods specified, on account of the very recent commencement of some of the teachers.

(signed) *William Thomson*, Minister.

PETTINAIN Parish - - (Pop. 461.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		14	18	32	-	-	-	22	17	39
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		16	23	39	-	-	-	23	25	48

RUTHERGLEN Burgh } (Pop. 5,503.) and Parish - - - }			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			3	4	7	297	190	487	90	59	149
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		50	16	66	46	15	61	40	14	54
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
7	7		250	162	412	227	139	366	265	172	437

SHOTTS Parish - - - (Pop. 3,220.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		23	11	34	18	9	27	20	9	29
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5		196	169	365	157	131	288	207	175	382

TTINAIN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, Latin, Greek and geography. The salary of the master is 32*l.* 1*s.* 7*d.* per annum, with about 12*l.* school fees, and 2*l.* 10*s.* annually other emoluments. At the School *not* Parochial nearly the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School.

The school last mentioned is situate at the extremity of the parish, and consequently draws many scholars from two adjoining parishes, wherefore the number returned must not be regarded as applicable to this parish alone.

It is believed that all the children are taught to read and write.

(not signed.)

THERGLEN Parish is partly Burgh and partly landward.

The School returned as Parochial is a Burgh School; the instruction given consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geography and Latin. The salary up to Martinmas 1828 was 16*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.* per annum, but since that time the schoolmaster has refused to accept that sum as full payment; the school fees are regulated according to the branches of instruction given; there are no other emoluments. At the other seven schools the branches taught are nearly the same as at the school before described.

(signed) *P. Brown*, Minister.

OTTS Parish.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, Greek, English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and mensuration. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 6*l.* school fees, and 8*l.* 8*s.* other emoluments annually. At four of the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught, and at the other, the same, with Latin and geography in addition. One of these schools belong to the Shotts Iron Works; another, called "Murdostown School," is endowed by Sir Thomas Inglis with 19*l.* per annum; another, called "Harthill School," is endowed by the late James Wilson, merchant of Whitburn, with 500*l.* sterling, and another is supported by Mrs. Robert Haldane, by an allowance of 2*s.* per week to the teacher.

(signed) *Samuel Menros*, Parochial Schoolmaster.

STONEHOUSE Town and } (Pop. 2,359.) Parish - - - - }				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				11	5	16	271	254	525	91	52	143

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	60	-	-	50	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	-	-	160	-	-	130	-	-	-	-	-	-

SYMINGTON Parish - - (Pop. 489.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	1	1	37	24	61	20	8	28

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	35	23	58	17	8	25	38	26	64	19	11	30

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

WALSTON Parish - - - (Pop. 429.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			1	2	3	56	51	107	32	19	51

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	12	10	22	9	8	17	12	12	24	6	8	14		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	48	26	74	-	-	-	50	23	73	-	-	-		

ONEHOUSE Parish is landward, but contains a large Village.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, Latin, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping, with Greek if required, but no other branches are needful. The salary of the master is 28*l.* per annum, with about 18*l.* school fees, and 10*l.* annually other emoluments. At three of the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School; at the other only English reading is taught.

Lists are not kept by the respective teachers, consequently the exact number of scholars in attendance at any particular part of the year cannot be ascertained, but the numbers returned may be considered the average attendance during the winter and summer; these are exclusive of Evening and Sabbath Schools, at which there is a considerable attendance. There are not more than six persons in the parish above fifteen years of age who are unable to read, and these are not natives of the parish.

(signed) *Hugh Dewar*, Minister.

NINGTON Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, mathematics and geography; French might also be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 13*l.* school fees, and 1*l.* 15*s.* annually, arising from the office of session clerk; the disproportion of the school fees, compared with the number of scholars, arises from a considerable number being taught gratis.

There are no persons in the parish above fifteen years of age who are unable to read.

(signed) *Alex. H. McLean*, Minister.

ALSTON Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic and Latin. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with 8*l.* school fees, and other emoluments (including house and garden, estimated at 5*l.* 5*s.*), amounting to 12*l.* 10*s.* annually. At the School *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar and geography are taught.

The comparatively small number of children who are taught at the Parochial School is satisfactorily accounted for by the unfavourable situation of that school on the north side of a mountain, while by far the greater proportion of the population is contained in a village on the south side. As it would be impossible for the children in this village to attend with any regularity at the parish school during the winter months, their parents, anxious for their education at an early age, have for some years past engaged a teacher, by whom the children are well taught, but whose emoluments are very inconsiderable. This school of private adventure is attended by 22 children from the adjacent parishes.

(signed) *John Wilson*, Minister.

WANDELL and LEA- MINGTON Parish } - (Pop. 382.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	14	11	25	7	3	10

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.												
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
Schools.	Instructors.	1	1	14	11	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.												
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
Schools.	Instructors.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

WISTON and ROBERT- SON Parish - - - } - (Pop. 940.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				2	2	4	73	35	108	26	9	29

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	68	45	113	56	24	80	79	46	125	67	30	97		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	20	16	36	16	8	24	14	6	20	12	6	18		

WANDELL and LEAMINGTON Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, Latin, Greek, writing, arithmetic, geography, French, and the elements of mathematics. The salary of the master is 25 *l.* per annum, with about 10 *l.* 12 *s.* annually school fees; there are no other emoluments. The number of children returned is the average attendance throughout the year.

The only school now in the united parish is situate in the village of Leamington; the school of Wandell, now in ruins, was situate three miles from that of Leamington, and to it was attached a Bursary in the Grammar School and University of Glasgow; the restoration of Wandell School would be a great benefit to the people in that division of the parish. The inhabitants petitioned for it four years ago, but were opposed by those acting as factors for the heritors, and hence the court at Lanark refused to comply with the prayer of the petition. The old parish of Wandell extends from five to six miles in length, and from two to three in breadth.

(not signed.)

WISTON and ROBERTSON united Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and Latin, together with geography, French and Greek occasionally. The salary of the master of the Wiston school is 25 *l.* 13 *s.* 3 *d.* per annum, with 26 *l.* school fees, and other emoluments not necessarily connected with the office of schoolmaster, amounting to 15 *l.* per annum. The salary of the master of the school at Robertson is 30 *l.* per annum, with 21 *l.* annually school fees. At the School *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

(not signed.)

SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF LANARK.

1. NUMBER of INHABITANTS in the SHIRE of LANARK in the Year 1831 - - - - - 316,819.

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL
2. NUMBER of Children under five years of age who have been taught to read, or } who are now learning to read - - - - - }	671	668	1,339
Number of Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught } to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	14,811	12,075	26,886
Number of such Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been } taught to write, or who are now learning to write - - - - - }	6,626	4,239	10,865

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
3. PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS - - - - -	72	90	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day } to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			2,866	1,901	4,767	1,887	1,149	3,036
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas } 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			2,592	1,655	4,247	2,020	1,273	3,293

	£.	s.	d.
TOTAL AMOUNT of Salaries received by Parochial Schoolmasters - - -	1,611	18	7 ½
— of School Fees received by - - ditto - - -	1,917	11	3
— of other Emoluments received by ditto - - -	335	9	4
£.	3,864	19	2 ½

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
4. SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - - -	352	376	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day } to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			11,013	8,455	19,468	5,001	3,915	8,916
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas } 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			7,751	5,798	13,549	6,438	4,764	11,202

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
5. TOTAL NUMBER of PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, } and SCHOOLS not PAROCHIAL - - - }	424	466	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL
Total Number of Children attending School from Lady Day to } Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			13,879	10,356	24,235	6,888	5,064	11,952
Total Number of Children attending School from Michaelmas } 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			10,371	7,453	17,796	8,458	6,037	14,495

REMARKS ON THE SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF LANARK.

The number of Inhabitants attributed to the several parishes in this Abstract of Education Returns, differs from the total number ascribed to the Shire of Lanark in the Population Abstract of 1831, because in two instances parishes extend into adjoining shires, in which case the entire parish is ascribed to that shire in which the larger portion of its population reside; this kind of correction being unavoidable in a Return strictly parochial. The total population of the parishes entered in this Abstract thus becomes 510 persons additional to 316,819, and is taken at 317,329 in all the calculations on which the subsequent remarks are founded.

To this number might be added, in strictness, an increase of eight and a half per cent. (or 85 in 1,000) during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and ten months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years; such estimated increase somewhat lessens the proportion of children educated, or under education in the Shire of Lanark, but does not alter any of the numbers which are stated in the Summary, or in the following remarks.

The difficulty of personal inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has not permitted the ministers of eighteen parishes in Lanarkshire to specify the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read, or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears on the opposite page to have been 1,339; which, by application of the rule of proportion to the population of all the parishes, gives 2,597 for the entire Shire of Lanark.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read (as specified in the Returns) is 26,886; adding to which a due proportion for five parishes (which are defective in this particular), the total number may be assumed at 42,975. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years of age at Lady Day 1834 must have been 83,647, supposing the same proportion as before now to exist throughout the Shire of Lanark.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write (as specified in the Returns) is 10,865; adding to which a due proportion for six parishes (defective in this particular), the total number of such children is 17,705.

The number of Parochial Schools is 72, in which are 90 instructors. The greatest number of scholars at these schools between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 4,767, but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 5,130, and the least number of scholars (3,036) in like manner becomes 3,802.

The greatest number of scholars at Parochial Schools between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 4,247, but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 5,026, and the least number of scholars (3,293) in like manner becomes 4,178.

The total amount of salaries, school fees and other emoluments appertaining to the parochial instructors was £3,864 from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834, exclusive of the fees connected with the Schools at Cambusnethan, St. James (Glasgow), Rutherglen, and of two of the Schools at Bothwell; also of the fees and other emoluments belonging to the Schools at Douglas, North-west or Ramshorn, Kilbride and Old Monkland; the amount whereof is not stated in the Returns from these parishes.

The number of Schools not Parochial is 352, in which are 376 instructors. The greatest number of scholars between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 19,468, adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 21,819, and the least number of scholars (8,916), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 15,441.

The greatest number of scholars at Schools not Parochial between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 13,549; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 19,749, and the least number of scholars (11,202), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 18,542.

The total number of Schools (Parochial and not Parochial) is 424, in which are 466 instructors. The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Lanark between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 24,235, adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 26,949; and the least number of scholars (11,952), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 19,243.

The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Lanark between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 17,796; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 24,775; and the least number of scholars (14,495) the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 22,720.

Sabbath-day Schools are occasionally mentioned in the Returns; but children receiving daily instruction, and no others, are included in the foregoing Summary and Remarks.

Shire of Linlithgow.

RETURNS, JULY M.DCCC.XXXIV.

Alphabetical order throughout the County.]

RCORN Parish is entirely landward.

There are no particular branches directed to be taught at the Parochial School, but all the common branches of education are expected to be taught if required, including English reading, writing, grammar, history, the Bible, and shorter catechisms, arithmetic, geography, Latin and Greek. The salary of the master is 34*l.* per annum; the school fees amount to from 30*l.* to 40*l.*, and other emoluments (as session clerk, &c.) to between 8*l.* and 10*l.* per annum. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, reading and writing are taught; at another, the same, with arithmetic in addition; and at the third (which is for females only), reading, writing, arithmetic, geography and sewing.

The Parochial School has suffered from the age and frailty of the master, but an assistant and successor has lately been appointed, with a salary of 22*l.*, besides school fees; and it is trusted that when he takes the management of the school, it will rapidly increase in numbers and usefulness: in consequence of his appointment, one of the private schools, with about 50 or 60 scholars, has been given up.

The numbers returned are not exactly correct, except as regards the Parochial School.

(signed) *Lewis H. Irving*, Minister.

HIGATE Parish consists of a considerable Town and landward district.

The master of the Parochial School must be qualified to teach Greek and Latin as well as the ordinary branches; at present the instruction consists of reading, grammar, writing and arithmetic. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, and 11*s.* 6*d.* of a mortification; the school fees amount to about 24*l.*, and other emoluments (as session and heritors' clerk) to from 10*l.* to 11*l.* per annum. Of the Schools *not* Parochial, one is a Free School, conducted by four teachers, wherein Greek, Latin, French, mathematics, geography, arithmetic, writing and English are taught; at another, the instruction consists of reading and writing; and at the other three (which are for females) reading is not taught.

The numbers given are those of children actually at school; to find how many have been taught to read would require longer time than has been afforded; it is believed, however, that there is scarcely a child in the parish of the age of six years who is not at school, except in a few cases where sickness or distance prevents it; one or two such cases are known. The evil here, is, that children are taken away too soon from school, and often lose much of what they have learned. The mass of the scholars are at the free school; 472 are there at present. In consequence of various changes by death and removal of teachers during the last twelvemonth, the greatest and smallest number of children who attended the schools at any one period could only have been filled up in some measure by conjecture.

(signed) *Samuel Martin*, Minister.

BOROWSTOWNNESS } Parish - - - } (Pop. 2,809.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			28	13	41	218	255	473	110	53	163

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	82	40	122	68	24	92	75	39	114	60	34	94

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
11	12	122	145	267	101	111	212	145	167	312	111	105	216

CARRIDEN Parish - - (Pop. 1,261.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.						
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.						
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.				
			5	3	8	146	148	294	82	72	154				
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
Schools.	Instructors.	1	1	23	7	30	12	3	15	22	5	27	14	1	15
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
Schools.	Instructors.	3	3	62	82	144	48	57	105	72	79	151	58	60	118

CRAMOND Parish. *See* EDINBURGHSHIRE.

DALMENY Parish - - (Pop. 1,291.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	123	82	205	82	80	162

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
Schools.	Instructors.	1	1	67	21	88	-	-	-	72	27	99	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.	2	2	45	-	-	-	48	-	48	-	-	-

DROWSTOWNNESS Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh of Barony.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, practical mathematics, Latin, Greek and French; no other branches have ever been required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, being the legal maximum; the school fees, on an average of the last ten years, amount to 60*l.*, and other emoluments (as session clerk) to 12*l.* per annum. The branches taught at the Schools *not* Parochial are English, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geography, French, music and sewing; some of these schools are kept by poor females, who have very few children.

The Bible is regularly read in all the schools, and the shorter catechism is daily taught.

(signed) *Kenneth M'Kenzie*, Minister.

ARRIDEN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping, also Latin if required; some few families require other branches to be taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 5*s.* per annum, to which is added 2*l.* 2*s.* in lieu of a garden; the school fees amount to 8*l.* 2*s.* 6*d.*; other sources of emolument are collection of road-money, collection of poor's money, and registration of births and proclamation of banns, together amounting to 8*l.* 15*s.* per annum. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geography, needlework and knitting are taught. The number of children returned under five years of age who are taught to read, and the number between five and fifteen years who are taught to read and write, may be reckoned nearly correct, as the minister went through the parish himself, and took down the numbers in every family. The number of children in the Parochial School rests upon no written data, but only on probable conjecture, the schoolmaster's book recording merely the names of those who have attended his school at any one time during the year, without giving the number attending at any one time. Neither can the number of children in the Schools *not* Parochial be vouched for entire accuracy, as one of the teachers keeps no record of his scholars, and another gave his return for the same period in both years, but the minister has endeavoured to make some correction of this.

(signed) *David Fleming*, Minister.

ALMENY Parish is partly landward, and consists of a part of the town of Queensferry, containing a population of 400.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, geography, writing, arithmetic, algebra, mathematics, Latin, Greek and French. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with about 50*l.* school fees annually; the other emoluments are a mortification of 15*l.* annually for teaching poor children. At the Schools *not* Parochial (one whereof is a Boarding School kept by the minister of Queensferry), English reading, writing and sewing are taught. The smallest number attending the above schools during the terms specified could not be accurately ascertained; the only variation in the numbers is during a few of the summer months, when perhaps from 10 to 20 children may withdraw.

It seldom occurs in country parishes that children are sent to school before they are five years of age at least, owing to the distances; almost all those from seven years of age and upwards at school are taught to write. There are scarcely any persons in the parish above fifteen years of age (except a few Irish residing in Queensferry) who cannot read, but there are many aged persons who cannot write.

(signed) *James Scott*, Minister.

ECCLESMACHEN Parish - (Pop. 299.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	31	24	55	12	9	21

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	31	24	55	31	23	54	29	20	49	4	6	10

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

KIRKLISTON Parish - (Pop. 2,265.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	4	130	85	215	60	37	97

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	22	8	30	22	8	30	22	8	30	22	8	30

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	115	80	195	115	80	195	158	110	268	158	110	268

LINLITHGOW Burgh } and Parish - - - }			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			14	16	30	274	277	551	100	95	195

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
9	11	278	269	547	-	-	-	286	248	534	-	-	-

ECCLESMACHEN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, and Latin if required; no other branches are requisite to be taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum; the school fees amount to 21*l.* 5*s.* 3*d.* (derived from thirty-three children learning to read, at 2*s.* per quarter, fifteen reading and writing, at 2*s.* 6*d.*, and six, reading, writing and arithmetic, at 3*s.* per quarter), but a deduction of thirty or forty shillings per annum must be made for bad payments; other emoluments are a free house and school house, and a salary of 1*l.* 5*s.* as session clerk.

For the first week after the vacation, which ended at Michaelmas, few children attended the school; hence the difference between the greatest and smallest numbers.

There was also a private school, attended by about sixty scholars, who came from the three adjoining parishes of Ecclesmachan, Uphall and Livingstone; this school was discontinued at Michaelmas 1834, and it has been found impossible to obtain the particulars.

(signed) *Henry Liston*, Minister.

KIRKLISTON Parish (which is partly in the shire of Edinburgh, but wholly entered here) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin and grammar. The salary of the master is 34*l.*; the school fees are for English, 2*s.*; English and writing, 2*s.* 6*d.*; ditto, and arithmetic, 3*s.*; Latin, 5*s.* 6*d.* per quarter; other emoluments are 2*l.* 2*s.* as session clerk, 2*l.* annually as precentor, and a house and garden. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing, arithmetic, geography and grammar are taught; at one of these schools there is an evening class for writing and arithmetic, attended by seventeen males and seven females, of whom eight of the former and two of the latter are above fifteen years of age.

(signed) *Adam D. Tait*, Minister.

LINLITHGOW Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

There is no Parochial School, strictly speaking, but there is a Burgh Grammar School, whereat the instruction given consists of English, English grammar, Latin, Greek, French, arithmetic, writing, geography and mathematics; to which drawing might perhaps be conveniently added. The salary of the rector is 30*l.*, and that of the assistant 15*l.* per annum; the school fees of the former amount to 70*l.*, and those of the latter to 35*l.* annually; there are no other emoluments attached to the school. At the other eight schools, English, English grammar, French, arithmetic, writing, geography, mathematics, also music and other female branches, are taught.

There is a school for females founded by a lady, who is still living, to the benefits of which all are admitted gratis who can be recommended by any of the ministers of the place; the school is situated a little out of the town, and hence (the girls being in general young) the reason of its not being so well attended in winter as in summer.

The smallest number of children attending the above schools during the periods specified is not given; where the school fees are paid quarterly, the difference arises only from bad health, &c., but where they are paid weekly, it happens that some weeks there are a very few present; and to give the smallest number that ever attended would be no criterion: education is well attended to in the parish.

(signed) *Andrew Bell*, Minister.

VINGSTONE Parish is entirely landward.

The branches directed to be taught at the Parochial School are those which are necessary to fit for the college or business; the branches usually taught are English reading, writing and arithmetic. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.*, with an average of 8*l.* school fees annually; other emoluments consist of a house and garden, and 2*l.* per annum as session clerk, with the fees of office. The branches taught at the Schools *not* Parochial are the same as those usually taught at the Parochial School, with the addition of Latin, if required.

Regarding the number of children under five years of age who are taught to read, and the number between five and fifteen years who are taught to read and write, all the children are taught to read, and most of them above ten years of age also to write.

The Parochial School is very inconveniently situated, being almost at the south-east corner of the parish, at the distance of three or four miles from the great body of the inhabitants, consequently a school has existed for 40 years in Blackburn, at the west end of the parish; this school-house is a feu, on condition that it be employed for no other purpose; it is kept in repair by a committee of subscribers, but the teacher has no salary, and he may be dismissed on three months' notice, or leave on one. The other teacher is an independent preacher, at present he is the popular man. The present teacher of the Parochial School is very ill qualified; if he were got rid of, and a school-house built in the middle of the parish under the management of a proper master, most children of six years of age would be able to attend. At present there is no person in the parish of the age of twelve years who cannot read, and there are very few who are not learning to write, with the exception of a few Irish papists who are employed in a manufactory, but their children are taught along with the others, as directed by law. Twenty-three children attend school in the adjacent parishes.

(signed) J. W. R.

EENSFERRY Parish.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial School consist of English, French, Latin, Greek, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geography and mathematics; in addition to which, perspective, architecture and planning have also been taught. The salary of the master is 22*l.* 4*s.* 6*d.* per annum; the school fees amount to about 40*l.*, and other emoluments to 4*l.* annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, the instruction consists of English reading, writing and arithmetic, and at two (which are kept by females), sewing, drawing and music are also added.

The salary of the parochial schoolmaster is less by 12*l.* than those of the adjacent Parochial Schools, but the revenue of the burgh is so small, that there are no means of increasing it.

(signed) Thomas Dimmer, Minister.

RPICHEN Parish is entirely landward.

At one of the Parochial Schools the instruction consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar and Latin; and at the other, the same, with the exception of Latin. The master of the former school has a salary of 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum; the school fees amount to 14*l.*, and other emoluments (as session and heritor's clerk) to 4*l.* or 5*l.* per annum. The master of the latter school receives a salary of 25*l.* 11*s.* 1½*d.*, and his school fees amount to 11*l.* 17*s.* 8*d.* per annum; he has no other emolument. At the Schools *not* Parochial, the instruction consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar and geography. As one of these schools was only opened in December 1833, the greatest and smallest number of children who attended between Lady-day and Michaelmas of that year cannot be given.

(signed) Andrew King, Minister.

HALL Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of reading, spelling, writing, arithmetic, geography, Latin and mathematics; considering the inability of the parents, no other branches could be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 34 *l.* 4 *s.* 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ *d.* per annum; the school fees amount to 56 *l.* (part of which cannot be depended on, owing to bad payments), and other emoluments to 4 *l.* per annum.

(not signed.)

ITBURN Parish is entirely landward.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial School consist of Latin, English, writing, book-keeping and mensuration; those usually taught are English, writing and arithmetic; other branches might be conveniently added if there were sufficient encouragement. The salary of the master is 34 *l.* 4 *s.* 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ *d.* per annum, which is the maximum amount; the school fees, were they all paid, would amount to 18 *l.* per annum; other emoluments are a house and garden, besides a small glebe of land which is worth about 4 *l.* per annum. The branches taught at the Schools *not* Parochial are the same as those taught at the Parochial School; the number of children in these schools is extremely fluctuating; one of them is attended by about thirty children, which is nearly the average number in regard to the others.

The master of the Parochial School teaches a large proportion of the children who pay no fees, many of the inhabitants being very poor; hence he exacts only three quarters instead of a year, and does not receive above 12 *l.* sterling.

(not signed.)

SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF LINLITHGOW.

1. NUMBER of INHABITANTS in the SHIRE of LINLITHGOW in the Year 1831 - - - - - 23,291.

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL
2. NUMBER of Children under five years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - -	64	44	108
Number of Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - -	1,565	1,441	3,006
Number of such Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write - - - - -	822	666	1,488

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
3. PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS - - - - -	13	13	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - -			512	275	787	245	134	379
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - -			429	251	680	214	138	352

	£.	s.	d.
TOTAL AMOUNT of Salaries received by Parochial Schoolmasters - - - - -	426	8	8½
— of School Fees received by - - ditto - - - - -	340	5	5
— of other Emoluments received by ditto - - - - -	79	2	-
	£.	845	16 1½

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
4. SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - - -	48	55	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - -			749	715	1,464	322	328	650
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - -			888	790	1,678	422	375	797

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
5. TOTAL NUMBER of PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, and SCHOOLS not PAROCHIAL - - - - -	61	68	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Total Number of Children attending School from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - -			1,261	990	2,251	567	462	1,029
Total Number of Children attending School from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - -			1,317	1,041	2,358	636	513	1,149

REMARKS ON THE SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF LINLITHGOW.

The number of Inhabitants attributed to the several parishes in this Abstract of Education Returns, differs from the total number ascribed to the Shire of Linlithgow in the Population Abstract of 1831, because in a few instances parishes extend into adjoining shires, in which case the entire parish is ascribed to that shire in which the larger portion of its population reside; this kind of correction being unavoidable in a Return strictly parochial. The total Population of the parishes entered in this Abstract thus becomes 469 persons additional to 23,291, and is taken at 23,760 in all the calculations on which the subsequent remarks are founded.

To this number might be added, in strictness, an increase of nearly one per cent. (or $8\frac{1}{2}$ in 1,000) during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and ten months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years; such estimated increase somewhat lessens the proportion of children educated or under education in the Shire of Linlithgow, but does not alter any of the numbers which are stated in the Summary, or in the following remarks.

The difficulty of personal inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has not permitted the ministers of six parishes in the Shire of Linlithgow to specify the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read, or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears on the opposite page to have been 108; which, by application of the rule of proportion to the population of all the parishes, gives 152 for the entire Shire of Linlithgow.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read (as specified in the Returns), is 3,006; adding to which a due proportion for two parishes (which are defective in this particular), the total number may be assumed at 3,459. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years of age at Lady Day 1834, must have been 5,977, supposing the same proportion as before now to exist throughout the Shire of Linlithgow.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write (as specified in the Returns), is 1,488; adding to which a due proportion for two parishes (defective in this particular), the total number of such children is 1,712.

The number of Parochial Schools is 13, in which are 13 instructors. The greatest number of scholars at these Schools between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 787, and the least number to have been 379; adding to which a due proportion for Returns, one whereof is defective in the greatest, and four in the least number, the former becomes 927, and the latter in like manner becomes 543.

The greatest number of scholars at Parochial Schools between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 680, but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 854, and the least number of scholars (352) in like manner becomes 504.

The total amount of salaries, school fees and other emoluments appertaining to the parochial instructors was £.845 from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834, exclusive of the school fees connected with the Parochial School at Kirkliston, the amount whereof is not specified in the Return from that parish.

The number of Schools not Parochial is 48, in which are 55 instructors. The greatest number of scholars between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,464; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 2,072, and the least number of scholars (650) the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 1,611.

The greatest number of scholars at Schools not Parochial between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,678; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 2,204, and the least number of scholars (797), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 1,738.

The total number of Schools (Parochial and not Parochial) is 61, in which are 68 instructors. The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Linlithgow between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 2,251; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 2,999, and the least number of scholars (1,029), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 2,154.

The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Linlithgow between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 2,358; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 3,058, and the least number of scholars (1,149) the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 2,242.

Shire of Nairn.

ABSTRACT OF EDUCATION

[The Parishes are placed in - - - - -]

ARDCLACH Parish (Pop. in 1831, 1,270.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				—	—	—	67	99	166	65	34	99

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
Schools.	Instructors.	1	1	12	4	16	10	3	13	24	5	29	20	4	24

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
Schools.	Instructors.	2	2	24	36	60	—	—	—	26	36	62	—	—	—

AULDEARN Parish - (Pop. 1,613.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			26	15	41	154	91	245	115	69	184		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	70	50	120	52	28	80	65	50	115	51	24	75
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	81	51	132	62	38	100	92	59	151	46	29	75

Shire of Nairn.

RETURNS, JULY M.DCCC.XXXIV.

Alphabetical order throughout the County.]

RDELACH Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic and Latin; to which Greek and the first elements of mathematics might be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 36*l.* 7*s.* 2*d.*, with 4*l.* 10*s.* school fees, and 2*l.* 10*s.* annually other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic and sewing are taught; one of these schools is attached to the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge in Scotland; the other is kept by a female who teaches sewing.

In addition to the above there are five Sabbath Evening Schools in the parish, attended by 140 children for religious instruction; one of these is taught by the minister after the afternoon service in English is concluded.

There were several other schools in the parish, but were discontinued for want of encouragement to the teachers. At one of these schools, situated at a place called Highland Boath, 30 scholars attended from this parish and 20 from that of Cawdor; this school was given up when the Inverness Society, for want of sufficient funds, were obliged to withdraw the small salary they allowed the teacher. At another school, in a district called Duncarn, 41 scholars attended, but as there was no salary for the teacher, he gave up the school, and went to Canada. There were also schools, during the winter months, at the hill of Ord and Mockleburn, in this parish, but they have been given up for the same reasons.

In 1832 there were 74 persons unable to read, 48 of whom were above 20 years of age, and the other 26 were below that age.

(signed) *Hugh Macbean, Minister.*

ULDEARN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing and grammar, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics, Latin, Greek and French; and drawing, particularly architectural, might perhaps be introduced with advantage. The salary of the master, who occasionally has an assistant, is 37*l.* 6*s.*, with 10*l.* school fees, and 4*l.* annually other emoluments as session clerk. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught.

It is doubtful whether any additional branches of education could be introduced into the Scotch Parochial Schools in general, unless the salaries were raised so much as to enable the teacher to have an assistant, as many teachers have already more to do than they can accomplish; model schools would be highly approved of, an attendance at which for a certain period, not less than three months, should be a necessary qualification to all candidates for Parochial Schools; the fees of these schools are low, and yet a considerable proportion of them are never paid; by law they should be paid in advance, but this regulation has not been carried into practice; at present it would not seem advisable to raise them. If it is wished to raise the scale of education in Scotland, means must be devised to ensure a longer attendance at school, and to furnish the scholars with the necessary books.

(signed) *William Barclay, Minister.*

CALDER or CAWDOR } Parish - - - - - } (Pop. 1,184.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			20	20	40	112	106	218	52	18	70

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	50	17	67	25	8	33	55	14	69	20	6	26

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	15	25	40	12	20	32	10	24	34	8	24	32

CROY Parish. See INVERNESS-SHIRE.

DAVIOT and DUNLICHITY Parish. See INVERNESS-SHIRE.

DYKE and MOY Parish. See ELGINSHIRE.

MOY and DALAROSSIE Parish. See INVERNESS-SHIRE.

NAIRN Burgh and Parish - (Pop. 3,266.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
				-	-	-	-	-	300	-	-	100	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	30	10	40	15	5	20	-	-	-	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
7	8	-	-	300	-	-	200	-	-	300	-	-	200

PETTY Parish. See INVERNESS-SHIRE.

URQUHART Parish. See ROSS-SHIRE.

LDER or CAWDOR Parish (which is partly in Inverness-shire, but wholly entered here) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic and Latin, but there have been no Latin scholars for the last two years; geography might be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with about 10*l.* school fees, and about 4*l.* other emoluments annually as session clerk and parish registrar, together with a house and garden. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing and sewing are taught by females; the children attending these two schools are generally young, and consequently not so many are taken away to field work or service.

In one or two districts of the parish, small private schools are opened occasionally during winter by some young men or women; the probable attendance during these few months may be from 50 to 60 children of both sexes; by reason of poverty the fees of the several schools are very irregularly paid, and by some families not at all.

(not signed.)

IRN Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, French and geography. The salary of the master is about 30*l.*, with 10*l.* school fees, and 7*l.* annually other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches of education as at the Parochial School are taught.

The present Parochial School is in a most inefficient state, almost totally neglected by the teacher, who holds the situation for life, and cannot therefore be removed, as the parishioners have never complained of his negligence to the presbytery of the district. In consequence of this, an Academy has been established by the inhabitants of the burgh, which is at present in a flourishing condition; there are also two flourishing schools in the country part of the parish, established by the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge in Scotland: the proportion of females attending the Schools *not* Parochial is as five to six.

(not signed.)

SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF NAIRN.

1. NUMBER of INHABITANTS in the SHIRE of NAIRN in the Year 1831 - - - - - 9,354.

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
2. NUMBER of Children under five years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	46	35	81
Number of Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	492	437	929
Number of such Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write - - - - - }	298	155	453

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
3. PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS - - - - -	4	4	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools, from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			162	81	243	102	44	146
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			144	69	213	91	34	125

	£.	s.	d.
TOTAL AMOUNT of Salaries received by Parochial Schoolmasters - - - - -	137	17	6 $\frac{1}{2}$
— of School Fees received by - - ditto - - - - -	34	10	-
— of other Emoluments received by ditto - - - - -	17	10	-
	£.	189	17 6 $\frac{1}{2}$

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
4. SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - - -	14	15	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			284	248	532	183	149	332
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			292	255	547	163	144	307

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
5. TOTAL NUMBER of PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, and SCHOOLS not PAROCHIAL - - - - - }	18	19	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Total Number of Children attending School from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			446	329	775	285	193	478
Total Number of Children attending School from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			436	324	760	254	178	432

REMARKS ON THE SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF NAIRN.

The number of Inhabitants attributed to the several parishes in this Abstract of Education Returns differs from the total number ascribed to the Shire of Nairn in the Population Abstract of 1831, because in several instances parishes extend into adjoining shires, in which case the entire parish is ascribed to that shire in which the larger portion of its population reside; this kind of correction being unavoidable in a Return strictly parochial. The total Population of the parishes entered in this Abstract thus becomes 2,021 persons less than 9,354, and is taken at 7,333 in all the calculations on which the subsequent remarks are founded.

To this number might be added, in strictness, an increase of rather more than one per cent. (or 11 in 1,000) during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and ten months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years; such estimated increase somewhat lessens the proportion of children educated or under education in the Shire of Nairn, but does not alter any of the numbers which are stated in the Summary or in the following remarks.

The difficulty of personal inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has not permitted the ministers of two parishes in Nairnshire to specify the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read, or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears on the opposite page to have been 81; which, by application of the rule of proportion to the population of all the parishes, gives 212 for the entire Shire of Nairn.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read (as specified in the Returns) is 929. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years of age at Lady Day 1834 must have been 1,671, supposing the same proportion as before now to exist throughout the Shire of Nairn.

The number of Parochial Schools is 4, in which are 4 instructors. The greatest number of scholars at Parochial Schools between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 213, but by application of the rule of proportion to an apparently defective Return, the greatest number becomes 384, and the least number of scholars (125) in like manner becomes 225.

The total amount of salaries, school fees and other emoluments appertaining to the parochial instructors was £. 189 from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834.

The number of Schools not Parochial is 14, in which are 15 instructors. The greatest number of scholars between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 532, and the least number to have been 332; adding to the latter a due proportion for a defective Return, it becomes 402.

The greatest number of scholars at Schools not Parochial between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 547, and the least number to have been 307; adding to the latter a due proportion for a defective Return, it becomes 371.

The total number of Schools (Parochial and not Parochial) is 18, in which are 19 instructors. The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Nairn between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 775, and the least number to have been 478; adding to the latter a due proportion for a defective Return, it becomes 548.

The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Nairn between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 760, and the least number to have been 432; adding to which a due proportion for Returns (one whereof is defective in the greatest, and two in the least number), the former becomes 931, and the latter in like manner becomes 596.

Sabbath Evening Schools are mentioned in one of the Returns; but children receiving daily instruction, and no others, are included in the foregoing Summary and Remarks.

Shire of Orkney and Shetland.

ABSTRACT OF EDUCATION

[The Parishes are placed in Alphabetical order under their respective Isles; but the Parochial

ORKNEY ISLES.

MAINLAND. 1. ANDREW'S, ST. } Parish - - - } (Pop. in 1831, 889.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	40	7	47	-	-	-	40	8	48	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

2. BIRSAY and HARRY } (Pop. 2,387.) Parishes - - - - }			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	24	6	30	60	10	70	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	-	-	-	132	62	194	207	95	302	-	-	-

Shire of Orkney and Shetland.

RETURNS, JULY M.DCCC.XXXIV.

Districts recently established are always entered under the name of their ancient Parishes.]

ORKNEY ISLES.

ANDREW'S Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, and occasionally navigation, geography and book-keeping; the minister is not aware of there being a demand for any other branches. The salary of the master is 26*l.* per annum; the school fees may amount to 9*l.*, more or less, according to circumstances, but it is difficult to ascertain; there are no other emoluments.

At this date (30 June 1835), and for several years past, there has been no efficient parochial school-master; he who holds the situation and draws the salary being incapacitated by blindness. The want is in some measure supplied by the exertions of parents at home, and by an *occasional teacher* employed by individuals, who unite together and raise a small salary by subscription; sometimes, however, funds are wanting, and then there is no public teacher. The Return made is from the *occasional teacher*, who has occupied the Parochial School for the last two years. Some private schools are opened occasionally in remote corners of the parish for the winter quarter; viz. for three months from November to February. At these schools English, writing and arithmetic are taught. The population is thinly scattered over a great extent, and hence arises the difficulty, or rather impossibility, of ascertaining several particulars required in the Return. The girls are frequently taught a little reading by a female, who at the same time teaches them sewing.

(signed) *James Smellie*, Minister.

RSAY and HARRAY Parishes are landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School (which is situate in Birsay) consists of reading, English, writing, arithmetic, &c. The salary of the master is 26*l.* per annum; the amount of school fees is not stated, as the inhabitants occupy small farms, and are therefore not of ability to make quarterly payments; other emoluments are 1*l.* 15*s.* as session clerk, together with the dues of marriage banns, and recording the names of the children in the Parish Register. Of the Schools *not* Parochial, the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge supports a school in Harray, and the General Assembly one in Birsay; besides these, there are two teachers in the remote districts of Birsay employed by the inhabitants whose children cannot attend the other schools. The number of children attending the General Assembly's school in summer, is males 36, females 23; and in winter, males 48, females 23. The number attending the Society's school, is, in summer, males 49, females 20; in winter, males 52, females 30. The school in Swannay-side, supported by the inhabitants, is attended by 15 males and 7 females in summer, and by 29 males and 14 females in winter. The school in Marwick, also supported by the inhabitants, is attended by 8 males and 6 females in summer, and by 18 males and 18 females in winter.

All rated in this Return are between five and fifteen years of age. Every individual in the charge can read, and great numbers, both males and females, can write, and many of them have gone through the necessary rules of arithmetic.

All children under five years of age are instructed at home by their parents.

(signed) *George Louttil*, Session Clerk.

3. DEARNESS Parish, including the Island of COPPINSHAY } - (Pop. 663.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			6	7	13	59	51	110	42	34	76
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		-	-	-	18	22	40	34	26	60

4. EVIE and RENDALL United Parishes, in- cluding the Island of GAIRSAY - - - } (Pop. 1,450.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	165	125	290	142	98	240
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2		38	17	55	10	3	13	45	8	53
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5		135	87	222	70	53	123	-	-	-

5. FIRTH and STENNESS Parishes - - - - } (Pop. 1,200.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	133	68	201	43	23	66
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		40	12	52	20	10	30	40	12	52
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2		80	49	129	40	30	70	93	56	149

EARNESSE Parish is landward.

The only school existing in the parish is one supported by the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge, in which English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and navigation are taught.

In this remote part of the country, the people were for a considerable time without parish schools, and thereby deprived of the advantages of education; and that disadvantage has only in part been supplied, as there is only one minister and one parish school for two parishes in many parts of the country. This parish was formerly attached to another parish adjacent hereto, and has never had a parish school, but a few years ago it was made one of the Parliamentary Districts, and is now under one minister. Some further provision for the support of a school would be of great advantage to the people, and useful to the teacher.

(signed) *Thomas Waughan*, Minister.

EVIE and RENDALL United Parishes are entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping; to which might be conveniently added grammar, geography and navigation. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum; there are no school fees; other emoluments consist of a free house and garden. At the Schools *not* Parochial (one whereof is under the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge), the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School, with the addition of sewing and knitting at two of them, which are kept by females.

There are no *Infant Schools* in the parish, and very few instances of children under five years of age being sent for public instruction. The Parochial School is situate at Evie, and is irregularly attended. The master, who is not well qualified, does not exact fees; out of his legal salary, 4*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.* is paid to a young man who teaches about eight or ten children during winter in the small Isle of Gairsay, which forms part of the united parishes; on this account two parochial teachers are returned.

The inhabitants, with the exception of a gentleman's family, are all poor, but the whole can read, and the present generation are also learning writing and arithmetic.

(signed) *David Pitcairn*, Minister.

RATH and STENNESS Parishes are entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, and the elements of Christianity; also English grammar and geography might be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 26*l.*, with 1*l.* 10*s.* school fees, and 3*l.* 12*s.* annually, other emoluments, being the interest of 90*l.* mortified money at four per cent. At the Schools *not* Parochial, which belong to the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge, English, writing, arithmetic, mensuration and navigation are taught. The salary of each master is only 15*l.* per annum, and the school fees of each will not average 4*l.* annually.

It would be very difficult to ascertain the number of children under five years old who can read; but it is believed they have almost all commenced. There are not known to be any individuals above fifteen years of age who cannot read, and very few who cannot write, unless owing to some constitutional defect.

All the schools are under the control of the Presbytery of the bounds; and the first and leading principles of religion are taught in them, agreeably to the rules of the Church of Scotland, and the catechisms of the Church.

The salaries of the teachers, especially of those belonging to the Society's schools, are much too small, which in many instances prevent men properly qualified to be obtained, but even under present disadvantages they are of immense importance.

(signed) *W. Malcolm*, Minister.

HARRAY Parish. See BIRSAY and HARRAY.

6. HOLM and PAPLAY } - (Pop. 747.) Parishes - - - }			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			12	8	20	76	59	135	-	-	62

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	41	9	50	16	5	21	43	5	48	13	3	16

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

7. KIRKWALL and } ST. OLA Burgh } and Parish - - }			Number of Children taught to Read.									To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	80	10	90	80	10	90	80	10	90	80	10	90

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
16	16	234	307	541	-	-	-	250	315	565	-	-	-

8. ORPHIR, with CAVA } Island Parish - - - }			Number of Children taught to Read.									To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
			3	2	5	44	8	52	42	6	48			

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	15	17	32	13	10	23	57	27	84	52	18	70

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	21	12	33	10	4	14	32	12	44	10	4	14

LM and PAPLAY Parishes are entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, navigation, the elements of geography and astronomy; history also could be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 26*l.* per annum; the school fees are as follows, viz. for instruction in reading, 1*s.* 6*d.* per quarter; reading and writing, 2*s.*, and with arithmetic, 2*s.* 6*d.* per quarter; other emoluments consist of a croft of land, worth about 7*l.* per annum.

The population chiefly consists of farmers, who pay a rental of 10*l.*, 15*l.* and 20*l.*, and of a few tradesmen, such as shoemakers, tailors, weavers and carpenters. The Parochial School was established here, as in most other Orkney parishes, only about thirty years ago. Of course the parents of the present generation were but rudely educated, and they have little ambition to have a better education for their children; many of them, therefore, rather than pay the very moderate fees of the parochial master, employ any half-taught stripling, who, instead of being remunerated with money, will accept of meal, milk and potatoes, &c. for the imperfect instruction he can give their children. There are accordingly several such private teachers in the parish, who interfere much with the encouragement which the parochial master should receive; and hence arises the disproportion which appears between the numbers stated as attending the Parochial School to the population. The terms of Lady Day and Michaelmas do not at all correspond to the usages of Orkney; for the only period in the year at which there is any thing like regular attendance at school is from Martinmas to Candlemas; rural employment of one kind or other occupies the youth from seven years of age and upwards during spring, summer and autumn; and during this long vacation they forget the greater part of what they had acquired in the previous winter. There are no persons in the parish at the age of fifteen, indeed none above eight years who are unable to read.

(signed) *Andrew Smith*, Minister.

RKWALL and ST. OLA Parishes are partly landward and partly Burgh.

The school returned as a Parochial School, is not so, strictly speaking, but rather a Burgh School; the instruction thereat, consists of the languages, mathematics, and all the usual minor branches; no others could be conveniently taught without additional masters. The salary of the master is 38*l.*, and the school fees amount to 50*l.* annually; there are no other emoluments. At some of the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught, and at others the languages in addition.

The number of persons in the parish above fifteen years of age unable to read cannot be stated; but it is supposed they are very few, if any. There are several, however, above that age who cannot write, but these are not natives of the parish, but have, at a comparatively advanced period of life, come to reside here from the remoter islands, where, owing to several causes, the means of education are not so abundant,

(signed) *Peter Petree*, Minister.

PHIR Parish, with CAVA Island, is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping; also grammar and navigation are directed to be taught. The salary of the master is 26*l.* per annum, and no other emoluments; the school fees were fixed several years ago, but the payment is not enforced; the parents, however, give some gratuity. At the School *not* Parochial (which is a Mortification School), reading, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught. Another Mortification School is now erecting.

(not signed.)

RENDALL Parish. See EVIE.

[illegible]

STENNESS Parish. *See* FIRTH and STENNESS.

10. STROMNESS Burgh of } (Pop. 2,832.) Barony and Parish				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				—	—	—	200	200	400	150	100	250

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	200	200	400	180	196	376	212	180	392	190	175	365

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
8	8	214	169	383	200	150	350	212	140	352	197	120	317

NORTH ISLES. 1. EDAY and PHARAY } - (Pop. 756.) Islands - - - }					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					-	-	-	-	-	53	-	-	42

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	58	11	69	40	8	48

DWICH Parish, which is entirely landward, having lately been disjoined from that of Stronness, and erected into a separate charge, will account for there being no Parochial School in it yet, the salary having been applied to Stromness, and the deficiency in this parish supplied by the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge.

At one of the Schools *not* Parochial (which belongs to the Society above-mentioned), reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, French, mathematics and geography are taught; at three others, reading, writing and arithmetic; and at the other three (which are for females), reading only is taught. Owing to these schools having undergone a change of teachers, it has been found impossible to state the number of children who attended them during the periods specified.

(signed) Chas. Clouston, Minister.

OMNESS Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh of Barony.

At the Parochial Schools the common branches of education are taught, and Latin and Greek might be conveniently added. The salary of each master is 15*l.* per annum, and no other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial (six of which belong to the establishment, and two to seceders), all the common branches are taught.

Owing to the Parochial Schools being situate in the country part of the parish, the town derives no advantage whatever from them; the only alternative is to engage a teacher from the south, and guarantee him a certain sum; but this is found to be a heavy burden. If any aid could be rendered by Government, it would be a great boon conferred on an interesting people.

(signed) P. Learmouth, Minister.

Y and PHARAY Islands are entirely landward.

There is no Parochial School, strictly speaking, but one of the Schools entered as *not* Parochial is supported by the General Assembly's Committee on education, which allows the master a salary of 25*l.* sterling, and his school fees amount to about 5*l.* annually; the master of the other school derives his maintenance partly from the fees, and partly from following another occupation. At these schools, which were only opened at Michaelmas 1833, reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geography and navigation are taught.

In this country the parents frequently teach their own children to read long before they go to school, so that the questions as to the number of children under five and those between five and fifteen years of age taught to read and to write cannot be answered with any accuracy.

(signed) David Rintoul, Minister.

RTH RONALDSHAY Island is entirely landward.

There is no Parochial School, this parish and island having, till 1830, been united with two parishes in the adjacent island of Sanda, where the Parochial School is situate. At the School *not* Parochial, which is supported by the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge, English reading, writing, geography, arithmetic and navigation are taught. The number of children who attended this school between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833 cannot be ascertained, the master who then taught having been removed from the school.

(not signed.)

NSAY, with EGILSHAY, ENHALLOW and WIER Islands are entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, and occasionally navigation, &c. The salary of the master is 26*l.*, with about 5*l.* annually school fees, and a small garden, other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic, navigation, book-keeping, &c. are taught; two of these schools open only during winter, one whereof is situated in Wier Isle, and the other in Egilshay; the third is a General Assembly school, which, with the Parochial School, is situated in Ronsay, and whereat, in addition to the common branches, mathematics, geography, French, Latin and Greek might be conveniently taught.

In answer to the question as to the number of children under five years of age taught to read, none can be taught at that age in such country parish schools; the number of those between five and fifteen years of age, stated as taught to read and write, comprehends those taught in the year 1834-5. There are not known to be any now arriving at the age of fifteen years who are not taught these branches more or less, but there are about 26 in the parish above that age who cannot read.

(not signed.)

APINSHAY Island is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, book-keeping, geography, Latin and practical arithmetic. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 3*d.* per annum; the amount of school fees actually received is 4*l.* 10*s.*, but they would amount to 10*l.* 10*s.* if regularly paid according to rules fixed; there are no other emoluments. At the School *not* Parochial, English reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar and book-keeping are taught.

Very few children under five years of age have been taught or are now learning to read, the number not exceeding six or eight; all the children between five and fifteen years of age can read, and almost all are also able to write. Two of the three heritors have agreed to pay the master of the Parochial School their proportions of 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.* during pleasure. The School *not* Parochial was vacant during the periods specified.

(signed) John Barry, Minister.

5. SANDA ISLAND. CROSS and BURNESSE } (Pop. 981.) Parish - - - -			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			19	8	27	106	103	209	57	31	88
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		37	15	52	-	-	-	-	-	41
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

LADY Parish - - - (Pop. 358.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			6	12	18	116	88	204	61	33	94
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2		39	36	75	25	17	42	46	33	62

6. STRONSAY Island, including LADY-KIRK, ST. PETER'S with PAPA-STRONSAY ISLAND, and ST. NICHOLAS Parishes - - - } (Pop. 1,071.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		18	2	20	18	2	20	20	4	24
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	1		25	3	28	25	3	28	36	5	41

ROSS and BURNESSE Parish, which was united till within a few years ago with the Island of North Ronaldshay, is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, Latin, mathematics, navigation and geography. The salary of the master is 46*l.* per annum, with an average of 10*l.* school fees annually.

It would be most advantageous for the island if a school for instructing girls in sewing, &c. could be obtained from Government.

(signed) *G. Laing*, Assistant Minister.

RDY Parish is entirely landward.

At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, which is a Society's school, reading, writing, arithmetic, and occasionally grammar, book-keeping and navigation are taught; the other school is kept by a female, who teaches a few young children to read.

Although there is no Parochial School in the parish, yet near one extremity of it in the adjoining parish there is a Parochial School, which is intended for the whole island of Sanda; it is not practicable for many belonging to this parish to attend it. The master has a salary of 47*l.*, and teaches English, writing, arithmetic, Latin, English grammar, and sometimes book-keeping and navigation.

(signed) *Geo. Smellie*, Minister.

STRONSAY Island is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, English grammar, writing, book-keeping, arithmetic, and the principles of the Christian religion, which branches are supposed to be sufficient. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 3*d.*, and about 5*l.* annually, school fees. At the School *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic and the principles of the Christian religion are taught; this school is chiefly supported by the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge, which allows the master a salary of 15*l.*; the school fees amount to 1*l.* 10*s.* annually. There are occasionally other schools in the island taught by persons who follow other occupations.

In these islands it frequently happens that parents teach their own children to read, as very few are sent to school before they attain the age of six or seven years, in consequence of the roads being bad and the distances considerable.

The chief motive that influences parents in these parts to give their children education, is, that they may read the Holy Scriptures, as any other branch of instruction is little thought of.

(signed) *David Rintoul*, Missionary Minister of Eday,
(the Minister of Stronsay being unwell.)

7. WESTRAY Island, including the Parishes of NORTH or LADY- KIRK, East and West, together with the Island of PAPA- WESTRAY (Pop. 2,032.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			2	3	5	172	136	308	105	47	152
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		13	1	14	-	-	-	10	2	12
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
9	9		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

WIER Island. See RONSAY.

SOUTH ISLES:

BURRAY Island. See SOUTH RONALDSHAY.

COPPINSHAY Island—Included in the Return from DEARNESS.

FLOTTA and SOUTH FAIRA Islands. See WALLS ISLAND.

1. GRÆMSAY Island, in- cluding HOY Parish (Pop. 546.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	57	52	109	39	24	63
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		13	15	28	9	7	16	24	25	49
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		16	14	30	9	7	16	29	23	52

2. WALLS ISLAND. WALLS, North and South, Parish, including the Is- lands of FLOTTA and SOUTH FAIRA (Pop. 1,436.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			54	38	92	182	150	332	117	111	228
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2		65	31	96	16	13	29	75	20	95
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3		57	55	112	16	36	52	45	42	87

STRAY Island is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, and sometimes Latin; it is rarely that any other branches are required. The salary of the master is 28*l.*, and the school fees sometimes amount to between 2*l.* and 3*l.* annually, and upwards; there are no other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught. The teachers of these schools can make no answers concerning the number of children who attended them during the periods specified.

(not signed.)

EMSAY Island is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing and arithmetic; navigation also would be very desirable. The salary of the master is 23*l.*, with 1*l.* 10*s.* school fees, and 1*l.* other emoluments annually, besides a comfortable house, and a croft of land sufficient to keep a cow in summer and winter. At the School *not* Parochial (which is supported by the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge) the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School, with the addition of navigation.

The heritors allotted a salary of 26*l.* for the parochial schoolmaster; but as there were a few families residing in a remote part of the island of Hoy, whose children could not be benefited by the Parochial School, they allowed 3*l.*, out of the 26*l.* above mentioned, to a person for teaching the children in that district the elementary branches of education; and on that account the salary of the parochial schoolmaster is stated to be 23*l.*, the sum he actually receives. There are 18 children at present in that remote corner of the parish learning to read and write, making a total of 109 children in this charge at present learning to read, write and figure, all between five and fifteen years of age.

(signed) *Gavin Hamilton*, Minister.

LS Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English reading, writing and arithmetic, including geometry and navigation. The salary of each of the masters is 25*l.*, with school fees amounting to 1*l.*, and other emoluments to 2*l.* annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading, writing and arithmetic are taught; one of these schools is kept by a female, who instructs the girls in needlework.

(signed) *Alex. Mackie*, Assistant Minister.

3. RONALDSHAY, South, Island, including the Island of BURRAY, SWANNAY and PENTLAND SKERRIES, and the Parishes of ST. PETER'S or NORTH KIRK, and LADY or SOUTH KIRK (Pop. 2,711.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.						
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.						
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	T				
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Tot
1		1		84	40	124	-	-	-	40	12	52	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.												
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
Schools.		Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Tot
8		8		158	74	232	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

SHETLAND ISLES.

1. AITHSTING and SAND- STING Parish - - - } (Pop. 2,194.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				2	3	5	154	89	243	87	-	87

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.												
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
Schools.	Instructors.													
1	1	25	20	45	-	-	-	22	11	33	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.												
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
Schools.	Instructors.													
7	7	153	111	264	-	-	-	154	89	243	-	-	-	-

BRESSAY, BURRAY and QUARFF Parish (Pop. 1,699.)—No Return could be obtained from this Parish.

2. DELTING Parish - - (Pop. 2,070.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.						
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.						
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.				
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	48	24	72	18	10	28	27	4	31	27	4	31		
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	28	14	42	17	13	30	29	11	40	16	10	26		

TH RONALDSHAY Island is landward, including the Village of St. Margaret's Hope.

The instruction given at the Parochial School (which is central for North parish and Burray) is not mentioned. The salary of the master is 26*l.*, with 15*l.* school fees, and 2*l.* 10*s.* annually, other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial (which include the school in South parish, endowed by a late parishioner), reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

The number of children who are taught to read under five years of age is unknown, as none under that age are at school. All in the parish between five and fifteen years of age are learning to read at school or at home; and almost all from six or seven years are learning to write; but the precise number cannot be found, as some teachers of voluntary principles refused to answer the questions. The smallest number of children who attended the Parochial School, as well as the Schools *not* Parochial, during the periods specified, is not recorded by the teachers in their lists, and is therefore unknown.

(signed) *John Gerard*,
Minister of South Ronaldshay and Burray.

S H E T L A N D I S L E S .

ISTING and SANDSTING Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping; also navigation might be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 26*l.*, with school fees and other emoluments amounting to about 2*l.* annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, the instruction consists of reading, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping; and at one navigation and Latin.

The parishes are so very extensive, and the population so much scattered, that children about five years of age cannot be expected to attend school; there are none, however, grown up who cannot read. Of the seven Schools *not* Parochial, two are supported by the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge, at a salary of 15*l.* per annum each; one by the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland, at a salary of 18*l.* per annum; and the other four by private subscription, with salaries varying from 15*s.* to 4*l.* per annum, with bed and board; some of these private schools are taught by women. The four endowed schools have also a dwelling-house and a croft of land capable of supporting two or three cows during the year.

(signed) *John Bryden*, Minister.

TING Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English grammar, reading, writing, arithmetic and practical mathematics, with book-keeping; other branches might also be taught, but are not required. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 3¼*d.*, with 3*l.* school fees annually; there are no other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School; the salaries are paid by the General Assembly, one whereof amounts to 12*l.* 10*s.*, the other to 18*l.* per annum.

(not signed.)

3. DUNROSSNESS, CUN- NISBURGH & FAIRA- ISLE Parish - - - } (Pop. 2,354.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	54	25	79	-	-	-
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2		34	20	54	-	-	-	-	-	-

SANDWICK Parish - - (Pop. 2,051.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			2	5	7	217	214	431	59	12	71
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		35	25	60	27	20	47	32	18	50
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		33	18	51	8	12	20	60	25	85

GULBERWICK Parish, with LERWICK Township (Pop. 3,194.)—No Return could be obtained from this Parish.

4. MINISTRY OF NESTING: LUNNASTING, NEST- ING, SKERRIES and WHELSAY United Pa- rishes - - - } (Pop. 2,103.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			6	7	13	181	184	365	46	5	51
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		29	15	44	21	18	39	29	9	38
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2		35	34	69	30	27	57	51	16	67

ROSSNESS, CUNNISBURGH and FAIRA-ISLE Parish is entirely landward.

There is no Parochial School in this parish, it being situate in Sandwick, which is a very great disadvantage to the inhabitants. At the Schools *not* Parochial, arithmetic, writing and book-keeping are taught; these schools are almost deserted in summer, the children being called away by their parents to assist them during seed time, and to lead home their peats in summer, which is greatly detrimental to the improvement and advancement of the children; and the teachers are therefore under the necessity of betaking themselves to the fishing, having so little encouragement to continue their teaching, the emolument being so very trifling.

If any aid from Government were granted to this poor parish towards the establishment of a school or schools for the benefit of the rising generation, in point of civilization, and moral and religious habits being formed, it would confer a great boon on the inhabitants. The heritors of the united parishes are bound by the Scottish Parliament (end of the 17th century) to establish one Parochial School, and to grant a salary to the master officiating. Owing to the want of a proper school in this parish, Mr. Bruce, of Sumburgh, has been at great expense in erecting a handsome school-house in the vicinity of the manse, with a view of obtaining a teacher with an adequate salary from the Committee of the General Assembly for the establishment of schools; but upon application for the same, Mr. Bruce was informed that a teacher could not be granted, as there were so many schools in operation in the Highlands, &c. and the Committee's fund not being adequate at present. In the mean time, a temporary teacher has been appointed, until the said fund can afford to grant one for this district, which is very populous; and Mr. Bruce has promised to give him a small salary, so that the children may not be in a destitute state from the want of education. This is a poor parish, having no proper pasturage for sheep and cattle, as in some other parishes in this country; there are on the Poor's List nearly fifty persons receiving yearly assistance, besides many others who receive occasional supplies, according to their various exigencies.

(signed) *David Thomson*, Minister.

DWICK Parish (which is a new Government District, lately disjoined from the Parish of Dunrossness) entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and navigation; there is little demand for any other branches. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, with 8*l.* school fees, and a dwelling-house, and 2*l.* 2*s.* 3*d.* in lieu of garden. At the School *not* Parochial (which belongs to the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge), English reading, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught.

Many children in the parish cannot attend either of the schools above mentioned, owing to the distance, the want of roads, and the severity of the climate; the children so situated are taught to read by some old woman, who takes them into her hut and teaches them to read the Catechism and the Scriptures, according to her ability. In some parts of the parish there are also some young men who teach as well as they are able in the winter season, they being employed in fishing during the summer. In this parish several additional schools are necessary.

(signed) *Alex. Stark*, Minister.

LUNNASTING, NESTING, SKERRIES and WHELSAY united Parishes are landward, or rather seaward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, English grammar, navigation and geography; mixed mathematics is also directed to be taught; it is doubtful whether any other branch could be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.*, with 1*l.* 17*s.* school fees annually; there are no other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught. One of these schools belongs to the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge; the other is an adventure school.

This parish consists of three united parishes, viz. Nesting, population 751; Lunnasting, separated from Nesting by a *voc* or arm of the sea two miles wide, population 736; Whelsay, an island three miles from Nesting, population 553; with Skerries, an island twelve miles distant, population 63. Lunnasting has the Parochial and Society Schools, and Nesting the adventure school; also Whelsay and Skerries have had occasional adventure schools. It will be seen from the Return that most of the children are taught by their parents, and not at school. Each parish would need one good central school, and at least one ambulatory teacher to visit quarterly the remoter districts from which children cannot travel to the central school. There are eighteen old persons who cannot read at all; and many of those who are herein returned read so imperfectly that they cannot understand what they read. The number learning to write expresses volumes on the state of education in this parish.

(signed) *John McGowan*, Minister.

5. NORTHMAVINE Parish, (Pop. 2,386.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				—	—	—	—	—	130	—	—	75

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	33	17	50	10	6	16	28	10	38	10	4	14

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
6	6	20	13	33	18	9	27	90	40	130	70	30	100

6. TINGWALL, WHITE- NESS and WEISDALE } (Pop. 2,797.) Parish - - - - }			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			6	5	11	236	153	389	118	44	162

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	33	23	56	-	-	-	29	22	51	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	203	130	333	-	-	-	168	95	263	-	-	-

7. UNST Parish - - - (Pop. 2,909.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	1	30	12	42	-	-	-	50	25	75	-	-

ORTHMAVINE Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar, navigation, mathematics, book-keeping and geography. The salary of the master is 25*l.*, with 4*l.* school fees annually. Of the Schools *not* Parochial, one is a Society School, and the five others are subscription schools, held only for two or three months during the winter season; the branches taught are reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar, navigation and book-keeping.

Very few children are taught to read under five years of age.

(not signed.)

INGWALL, WHITENESS and WEISDALE Parish is landward, with the large Village of Scallaway, which is increasing fast, being a proper station for fishing; it has increased 153 in population since 1831.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping, to which might conveniently be added English grammar, geography and navigation. The salary of the master is 26*l.*, with about 8*l.* school fees, and 4*l.* annually, other emoluments, for teaching a Sunday School. Of the Schools *not* Parochial, one is situate at Scallaway, supported by the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge; another at Whiteness, and another at Weisdale, both supported by the same Society; another at Trandsay, by the General Assembly; and the other at Swinister, by the minister and the people.

Most of the children are taught to read a little before they go to school. The parochial teacher, who is an old man, nearly 90 years of age, employs an assistant, but is not able to secure one of abilities. There are young men who teach during the winter in some of the islands and distant parts of the parish, but these have not been taken into the account. There are no persons grown up who cannot read, although some of the old people are very poor readers.

(signed) J. Turnbull, Minister.

NST Parish is landward, being an Island with no town therein; it is the most northerly of His Majesty's dominions.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and navigation; geometry, Latin and Greek are also directed to be taught; other branches might be conveniently added, but are not required. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 3*d.*, with from 8*l.* to 10*l.* school fees annually, and no other emoluments. At the School *not* Parochial (which belongs to the General Assembly), English reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

Owing to the shortness of the time allowed, it has been found impossible to answer the questions concerning the number of children between five and fifteen years of age who are taught to read and to write. From the minister's perfect acquaintance with the state of the parish, he can say that very few children under five years of age begin to read, but all between five and fifteen years of age are being taught to read, and many of them also to write. The Parochial School has been vacant more than a year; a master was appointed at the last term, who has studied at the University of Edinburgh, and is fully qualified to teach all the branches required; at present, for want of accommodation, he can only take 53 scholars; viz., 40 males and 13 females. As soon as a new school-house is built the numbers will be doubled, but the emoluments of the master will be but little increased; the fees being very low, and many children paying nothing, the remuneration is small for such laborious and useful services. The greatest attendance at the schools is during the winter season, many of the young people being engaged in summer at the fishing stations, &c.

As this is a very populous and extensive parish, two schools could not supply its wants; but the Parochial School has nursed some young men who teach during the winter in the remoter parts of the parish, and are very useful.

(signed) James Ingram, Minister.

LLS, SANDNESS, PAPA and FOULA Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, English Grammar, geography and navigation. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 5½*d.* per annum; the school fees amount on an average to 4*l.* 19*s.* 6*d.* and other emoluments to 2*l.* annually, arising from a mortification. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

Most of the children between five and fifteen years of age have been taught or are now learning to read, though in a very imperfect manner in many cases; few learn to write, owing to the expense of paper. No answers can be given respecting the number of children who attend the Schools *not* Parochial, as one is situate on an island inaccessible at this season; another is without a teacher, the premises being out of repair; the third was vacant till lately, owing to the same cause; and the fourth is not worth naming, the house being occupied by a pauper, who teaches a few children to read; for want of a salary no better teacher can be had for this last school.

(not signed.)

RTH YELL and FETLAR Parish is landward, Fetlar being one island, and North Yell part of another.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, book-keeping and navigation; no other branches need be taught there. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, with 4*l.* 10*s.* school fees, and 2*l.* 18*s.* other emoluments annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

Fetlar is an island seven miles long and four broad. North Yell is the northern part of the large island of Yell, separated from Fetlar by a dangerous tideway three miles across in the narrowest part. The minister's residence is in Fetlar, being three miles of landway, and six of seaway, from his church in North Yell. Four of the Schools *not* Parochial are in Fetlar, but the scholars attending three of them are only noticed; because the fourth, under the patronage of the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge, was opened only a short time before Whitsunday last; it is numerously attended, having had between 50 and 60 in summer; there are upwards of 80 at this time, December 1834. There are 17 children above fifteen years of age in Fetlar who cannot read, and 15 in North Yell; there are also 275 children in the former, and 284 in the latter, who cannot write. A school is greatly needed in the south part of North Yell, as there are upwards of 130 children who could attend a school there, who cannot attend the Parochial School.

(signed) William Watson, Minister.

UTH YELL and MID Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic and navigation; no other branches could be taught by the present teacher. The salary of the master is 26*l.*, with 5*l.* school fees, and 3*l.* other emoluments annually. A few children are also occasionally taught by an old woman.

It will be seen from the Return, that the greater part of the education in this parish is conducted by the parents of the children, the public burdens bearing so great a proportion to the rents of the parish that the heritors find it a heavy tax to build churches, manses and school-houses, and to pay the minister's and schoolmaster's salaries; for which purpose 50 per cent. upon the whole rental has not been more than sufficient for the last six years. The qualifications of schoolmasters throughout Shetland generally are very limited; and if an increase of salary be contemplated, it is the general feeling that a corresponding rise in the qualifications of future candidates be insisted on.

(signed) J. Robertson, Minister.

SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF ORKNEY AND SHETLAND.

1. NUMBER of INHABITANTS in the SHIRE of ORKNEY and SHETLAND in the Year 1831 - - - - 58,239.

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
2. NUMBER of Children under five years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	146	121	267
Number of Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	2,856	2,267	5,123
Number of such Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write - - - - - }	1,582	750	2,332

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
3. PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS - - - - -	28	29	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools, from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			1,046	588	1,634	514	342	856
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			1,138	459	1,597	610	307	917

	£.	s.	d.
TOTAL AMOUNT of Salaries received by Parochial Schoolmasters - - - - -	738	6	2 1/2
- of School Fees received by - - ditto - - - - -	156	6	6
- of other Emoluments received by ditto - - - - -	33	17	3
	£.	928	9 11 1/2

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
4. SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - - -	113	113	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			1,564	1,188	2,752	643	458	1,101
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			1,750	1,118	2,868	565	293	858

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
5. TOTAL NUMBER of PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, and SCHOOLS not PAROCHIAL - - - - - }	141	142	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Total Number of Children attending School from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			2,610	1,776	4,386	1,157	800	1,957
Total Number of Children attending School from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			2,888	1,577	4,465	1,175	600	1,775

REMARKS ON THE SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF ORKNEY AND SHETLAND.

The number of Inhabitants in the Shire of Orkney and Shetland in the year 1831 was 58,239.

To this number might be added, in strictness, an increase of nearly three per cent. (or 28 in 1,000) during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and ten months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years; such estimated increase somewhat lessens the proportion of children educated or under education in the Shire of Orkney and Shetland, but does not alter any of the numbers which are stated in the Summary or in the following remarks.

The difficulty of personal inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has not permitted the ministers of twenty parishes and islands in Orkney and Shetland to specify the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read, or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears on the opposite page to have been 267; which, by application of the rule of proportion to the population of all the parishes, &c. gives 776 for the entire Shire of Orkney and Shetland.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read (as specified in the Returns) is 5,123; adding to which a due proportion for eleven places (which are defective in this particular), the total number may be assumed at 8,614. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years of age at Lady Day 1834 must have been 12,793, supposing the same proportion as before now to exist throughout the Shire of Orkney and Shetland.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write (as specified in the Returns) is 2,332; adding to which a due proportion for twelve places (defective in this particular), the total number of such children is 4,208.

The number of Parochial Schools is 28, in which are 29 instructors. The greatest number of scholars at these Schools between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,634; but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 1,980; and the least number of scholars (856), in like manner becomes 1,311.

The greatest number of scholars at Parochial Schools between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,597; but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 1,881; and the least number of scholars (917), in like manner becomes 1,508.

The total amount of salaries, school fees and other emoluments appertaining to the parochial instructors was £. 928 from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834, exclusive of the fees belonging to the Schools at Birsay and Harray, Holm and Paplay, and Stromness, and of other emoluments connected with the Schools at Cross and Burness, and Northmavine; the amount whereof is not stated in the Returns from these parishes.

The number of Schools not Parochial is 113, in which are 113 instructors. The greatest number of scholars between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 2,752; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 3,722; and the least number of scholars (1,101), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 2,179.

The greatest number of scholars at Schools not Parochial between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 2,868; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 4,360; and the least number of scholars (858), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 2,228.

The total number of Schools (Parochial and not Parochial) is 141, in which are 142 instructors. The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Orkney and Shetland between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 4,386; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 5,702; and the least number of scholars (1,957), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 3,490.

The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Orkney and Shetland between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 4,465; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 6,241; and the least number of scholars (1,775), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 3,736.

Returns have been obtained from every Parish and Island of Orkney and Shetland, except from Bressay, Burray and Quarff, and Gulberwick with Lerwick; but an estimate of the amount of such defect is included in the above Summary and Remarks.

Shire of Peebles.

ABSTRACT OF EDUCATION

[The Parishes are placed in

BROUGHTON } Parish - - } - (Pop. in 1831, 299.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	30	30	60	20	20	40

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	30	30	60	25	25	50	30	30	60	25	25	50

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

[illegible]

Shire of Peebles.

RETURNS, JULY M.DCCC.XXXIV.

Alphabetical order throughout the County.]

BOUGHTON Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, grammar and Latin; to which Greek, French, geography and mathematics might be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 32*l.*, with 20*l.* school fees, and 5*l.* annually other emoluments.

(signed) *Hamilton Paul*, Minister.

DRUMELZIER Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, the elements of Greek, English, geography, writing, book-keeping and arithmetic; no other branches are required. The salary of the master is 32*l.*, with 10*l.* 3*s.* 3½*d.* school fees, and 1*l.* 4*s.* 10*d.* annually other emoluments.

This parish is entirely pastoral, and extends so widely, that though the population is small, many of the children are not able to attend the schools at so early a period as those in more densely peopled districts; some of the inhabitants reside from five to seven miles distant from the Parochial School, and attend the school of a neighbouring parish, from which they are not farther than two or three miles; this may account for the number of children attending Drumelzier school appearing small in proportion to the population; but the children in this parish are all taught to read, without exception; also to write, most of them arithmetic, and several book-keeping.

In reference to the number of children under fifteen years of age taught to read and write, the numbers given are those now actually at school.

(signed) *J. Somerville*, Minister.

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

DDLESTONE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, French and mathematics. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with about 42*l.* school fees, and 10*l.* annually other emoluments. There is a large boarding establishment attached to this school, consisting at present of 37 boys from various parts of the kingdom, who are educated along with the children of the parish, but these are not included with the numbers given as attending the Parochial school; the average board is from 25*l.* to 30*l.* per annum, and the emoluments to the schoolmaster from this source alone, after paying all expenses, and keeping an assistant, cannot be estimated at less than 500*l.* or 600*l.* annually.

There is no person in the parish above the age of seven years who cannot read, except one Irish labourer; with this solitary exception, all the male and the greater part of the female population can write.

(not signed.)

LENHOLM Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing and arithmetic; to which Latin and book-keeping might be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 32*l.*; the school fees amount to about 12*l.* (of which 5*l.* only is received), and other emoluments to 3*l.* annually.

The proportion of males and females at school is assumed to be equal, as no accurate list has been kept, except so far as regards the total number of scholars; being partly a pastoral district, boys from ten to fifteen years of age are occasionally taken from school to tend sheep, and in severe winters the younger children are unable to attend. These causes occasion a fluctuation in the number of scholars; from 25 to 30 may be assumed as the average attendance.

(signed) *Hamilton Paul*, Minister.

NERLEITHEN Parish (which is partly in Selkirkshire, but wholly entered here) is landward, with a Village of about 400 inhabitants.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, algebra, Latin, and Greek, if required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.* if he keeps an assistant, if not, nearly 30*l.*, with 40*l.* 4*s.* school fees, and 5*l.* annually other emoluments.

(signed) *James Pate*, Minister.

KILBUCHO Parish - - (Pop. 353.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	25	25	50	20	20	40

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	25	25	50	20	20	40	25	25	50	20	20	40

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

KIRKURD Parish - - (Pop. 318.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	29	19	48	20	13	33

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	30	26	56	24	21	45	34	25	59	12	8	20

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

LINTON, WEST, Parish - (Pop. 1,577.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				—	—	—	170	130	300	80	60	140

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	58	44	102	54	42	96	61	43	104	45	43	88		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	20	17	37	18	14	32	23	18	41	19	15	34		

BUCHO Parish (part of which was annexed to the Parish of Culter, in the Shire of Lanark, but is now wholly entered here) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar, book-keeping, and occasionally Latin; to which practical mathematics and geography might be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 32*l.*, with 15*l.* school fees, and 2*l.* annually other emoluments.

The males and females attending the above school are so nearly equal in number, that they are stated as exactly the same, although occasionally there may be a difference in the proportion, especially in seed and harvest time, when the labour of grown-up boys is required.

(signed) *Hamilton Paul*, Minister.

KURD Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing and arithmetic; Greek, Latin, &c. might also be taught, if required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 12*l.* average of school fees, and about 2*l.* 10*s.* other emoluments annually. The scholars attending this school vary considerably during the year; the average attendance may be 40; the school is conveniently situated for neighbouring parishes, therefore it is better attended than it would otherwise be. The present teacher has received a liberal education, and consequently a variety of branches of education might be taught should opportunity offer, but the common branches are almost exclusively required. Electors of teachers generally in this district make the knowledge of Latin an essential requisite.

At present the number of children in the parish is small, owing to the families of the principal farmers, &c. having arrived at maturity. There is not an individual in the parish above fifteen years of age unable to read.

(not signed.)

TON Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin, geography, book-keeping and practical mathematics; no other branches are required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 35*l.* 10*s.* school fees, and 10*l.* annually other emoluments. At the School *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

As the parish is rather extensive, a number of children belonging to this parish attend schools in the adjoining parishes.

(signed) *Alex. Forrester*, Minister.

LYNE and THIGGATE } - (Pop.156.) Parish - - - - }				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	22	26	48	-	-	-	22	23	45	-	-	-		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

MANOR Parish - - - - (Pop. 254.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	1	1	26	16	42	14	10	24

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	22	12	34	16	10	26	22	16	38	10	6	16

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

NEWLANDS Parish - - (Pop. 1,078.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	120	100	220	90	70	160

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	24	20	44	20	18	38	30	25	55	28	20	48

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	60	39	99	50	38	88	70	44	114	65	40	105

E and THIGGATE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar, and Latin, if required. The salary of the master of Lyne school is 25*l.* 13*s.* 3½*d.*; that of Thiggate school 7*l.*; the school fees of the former amount to 15*l.*, and those of the latter to 4*l.* per annum; other emoluments are 2*l.* 10*s.* and 1*l.* 15*s.* respectively per annum. The Thiggate school is only kept in summer.

All the children in the parish under fifteen years of age have been taught or are now learning to read, and most of both sexes are taught to write.

(not signed.)

NOR Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English and geography, writing, arithmetic, Latin and mathematics. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with 14*l.* school fees, and 1*l.* 5*s.* annually other emoluments.

(not signed.)

WLANDS Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, geography, French, practical mathematics, and occasionally Greek and Italian. The maximum salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.* per annum, with 15*l.* school fees, and 5*l.* sterling annually other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic, geography, and occasionally Latin are taught.

The numbers here given as attending school refer to those exclusively belonging to the parish. The parish is very long, and the Parochial School being situated at one end, the heritors voted a salary of 8*l.* for a school at the other end, and another intermediate one is supported by the subscription of the people.

Perhaps there is no person in the parish but who is taught to read; very few but who can subscribe their names.

(signed) Chas. Findlater, Minister.

EBLES Parish (which is partly in the Shire of Selkirk, but wholly entered here) is partly a Burgh, and partly landward.

Strictly speaking, there is no Parochial School, but there are two Burgh Schools, one grammar and one English; the former school contains 64 scholars (including 46 boarders). The master is allowed a salary of 10 *l.*, with a large house, and 18 *l.* annually school fees, exclusive of the emoluments accruing from the boarding establishment; the latter school contains about 40 children of each sex. The salary of the master is 38 *l.* (but no house), with from 35 *l.* to 40 *l.* school fees, and about 5 *l.* annually other emoluments; the instruction given at these schools consists of English, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, geography, Latin, Greek and French. Of the private schools, three are taught by males and four by females, one of whom has a salary of 10 *l.* from the burgh; these schools collectively contain about 356 children of both sexes, who are taught English, writing, arithmetic and sewing.

It is believed that every grown-up person in the parish can read; and all the males, with a great number of the females, can write.

(signed) *John Elliot*, Minister.

RLING Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, practical mathematics, geography, Latin and Greek. The salary of the master is maximum, with about 26 *l.* annually school fees; there are no other emoluments.

It is to be presumed that among those reported as being taught to write, there are many, who from defective education at the first, and from the want of subsequent practice, may be considered as rather nominally than really possessed of this qualification; the whole number of scholars here given may seem great compared with the population of the parish; this is occasioned by many attending from the neighbouring parish of Biggar.

(signed) *John Alpine*, Minister.

BO Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing and arithmetic. The salary of the master is 32 *l.*; the following are the terms of the school fees, viz. for reading, 1 *s.* 6 *d.*, and writing, 2 *s.*; with arithmetic, 2 *s.* 6 *d.* per quarter each; the only other emoluments are 2 *l.* sterling annually, in lieu of a rood of ground. The master's wife instructs the girls, who attend the above school, at least two hours and a half each day, to knit and sew, for which trouble she is allowed 4 *l.* per annum by Sir James Montgomery, besides the materials for work, and each girl pays over and above one penny per week. This is considered to be a most essential and important piece of education, purchased at a trifling expense by the parents, and through life is of unspeakable advantage to the children when grown up to maturity.

(not signed.)

TRAQUAIR Parish - - (Pop. 643.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			7	1	8	82	70	152	53	37	90

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	30	36	66	24	11	35	42	40	82	9	6	15		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

TWEEDSMUIR Parish - (Pop. 288.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			1	3	4	34	38	72	20	24	44

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	14	9	23	14	9	23	29	14	43	29	14	43

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	10	18	8	10	18

QUAIR Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, geography and general knowledge, always including religious instruction in the Bible and catechisms daily; no other branches than those above mentioned are required. The maximum salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, exclusive of 2*l.* 2*s.* 9*d.* in lieu of land, with about 25*l.* school fees, and 13*l.* annually other emoluments. There is also a sewing school lately opened, whereat about 10 or 12 children are occasionally taught to read, write and repeat the catechism.

Owing to the localities of the parish, many children cannot attend the Parochial School, except in summer, and when they have attained to some strength; also, from the same reasons, about one-sixth of the whole number attend schools in Peebles.

There are not more than two persons in the parish above fifteen years of age who cannot read.

The total number of children in the parish under five years of age is at present (October 1834), males, 50, females, 56; between five and fifteen years of age, males, 83, females, 73.

(signed) *Jas. Campbell*, Minister.

FEEDSMUIR Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing and arithmetic. The present master being a licentiate of the Established Church, is of course qualified to teach Latin, French, Greek and Hebrew, but there is nothing to prevent the elements of other useful arts or sciences being also taught if required. The salary of the master is 32*l.* per annum, with about 12*l.* average of school fees; other emoluments are session clerk's fees (various in amount, but very inconsiderable), and one boll of meal in lieu of the full legal allowance of garden ground, worth usually about 2*l.* sterling per annum. At the School *not* Parochial, English reading, writing and arithmetic are taught; this school (which is only open during the winter) is quite a private one, and is under the superintendence of a person engaged by a few contiguous families at a distance from the Parochial School; during the summer so many of the children are rendered useful to their parents that few could attend school. With respect to the number of children under five years of age taught to read, the private tuition by parents or guardians is not recognized; the Return respects only those actually at school; and the answers regarding those between five and fifteen years of age are limited in their application to those now in the parish of that age.

There is no person in the parish above fifteen years of age who cannot read.

(not signed.)

SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF PEEBLES.

1. NUMBER of INHABITANTS in the SHIRE of PEEBLES in the Year 1831 - - - - - 10,578.

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
2. NUMBER of Children under five years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	10	6	16
Number of Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	1,000	821	1,821
Number of such Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write - - - - - }	617	476	1,093

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
3. PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS - - - - -	16	17	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			454	387	841	323	256	579
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			467	391	858	305	239	544

	£.	s.	d.
TOTAL AMOUNT of Salaries received by Parochial Schoolmasters - - -	494	3	10
— of School Fees received by - - ditto - - - - -	200	17	3½
— of other Emoluments received by ditto - - - - -	68	7	7
	£.	853	8 8½

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
4. SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - - -	14	17	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			374	262	636	362	258	620
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			395	290	685	386	281	667

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
5. TOTAL NUMBER of PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, and SCHOOLS not PAROCHIAL - - - }	30	34	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Total Number of Children attending School from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			828	649	1,477	635	514	1,199
Total Number of Children attending School from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			862	681	1,543	691	520	1,211

REMARKS ON THE SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF PEEBLES.

the number of Inhabitants attributed to the several parishes in this Abstract of Education Returns, differs from the total number ascribed to the Shire of Peebles in the Population Abstract of 1831, because in one instance a parish extends into an adjoining shire, in which case the entire parish is ascribed to that shire in which the larger portion of its population reside; this kind of correction being unavoidable in a Return strictly parochial. The total population of the parishes entered in this Abstract thus becomes 64 persons additional to 10,578, and is taken at 10,642 in all the calculations on which the subsequent remarks are founded.

To this number might be added, in strictness, an increase of nearly one and a half per cent. (or 14 in 1,000), during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and ten months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years; such estimated increase somewhat lessens the *proportion* of children educated, or under education, in the Shire of Peebles, but does not alter any of the *numbers* which are stated in the Summary, or in the following remarks.

The difficulty of personal inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has not permitted the ministers of eleven parishes in Peebleshire to specify the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read, or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears on the opposite page to have been 16; which, by application of the rule of proportion to the population of all the parishes, gives 96 for the entire Shire of Peebles.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to read or who are now learning to read (as specified in the Returns) is 1,821; adding to which a due proportion for one parish (which is defective in this particular), the total number may be assumed at 1,848. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years of age at Lady Day 1834 must have been 2,848, supposing the same proportion as before now to exist throughout the Shire of Peebles.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to write or who are now learning to write (as specified in the Returns) is 1,093; adding to which a due proportion for one parish (defective in this particular), the total number of such children is 1,109.

The number of Parochial Schools is 16, in which are 17 instructors. The greatest number of scholars at these Schools between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 841, and the least number to have been 579; the latter whereof, by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, becomes 637.

The greatest number of scholars at Parochial Schools between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 858, and the least number to have been 544; the latter whereof, by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, becomes 598.

The total amount of salaries, school fees and other emoluments appertaining to the parochial instructors was £.853 from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834, exclusive of the fees connected with the parochial school at Stobo; the amount whereof is not stated in the Return from that parish.

The total number of Schools (Parochial and not Parochial) is 30, in which are 34 instructors. The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Peebles between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,477, and the least number to have been 1,199; adding to the latter a due proportion for defective Returns, it becomes 1,257.

The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Peebles between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,543, and the least number to have been 1,211; adding to the latter a due proportion for defective Returns, it becomes 1,265.

Shire of Perth.

ABSTRACT OF EDUCATION - -

[The Parishes are placed in Alphabetical order - - - -]

ABERDALGIE Parish (Pop. in 1831, 434.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	33	26	59	16	11	27

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	29	24	53	22	15	37	30	13	43	28	12	40

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

ABERFOIL Parish - - - (Pop. 660.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	T			
				-	-	-	-	-	96	-	-	-			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	23	14	37	12	8	20	28	17	45	8	4	12		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	26	23	49	10	6	16	23	19	42	7	3	10		

Shire of Perth.

RETURNS, JULY M.DCCC.XXXIV.

throughout the County, except those in the City of Perth.]

ERDALGIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geography, practical mathematics and Latin; other branches are taught when required. The salary of the master is 3*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 14*l.* school fees, and 3*l.* 10*s.* annually, other emoluments, as session clerk.

It is customary with parents in this parish to teach their children the alphabet as soon as they can speak plainly; but there are none under five years of age attending school at present. A number of children of this parish also attend neighbouring and more convenient schools in adjoining parishes.

There are 12 boys and 3 girls employed in farm service who can read and write; but such individuals are not included in the numbers returned, as they generally remain only half a year with their employers, and in fact belong to other parishes. There are no persons in this parish above fifteen years of age who are unable to read.

(signed) Charles C. Stewart, Minister.

ERFOIL Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, English, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping; but Latin is seldom taught now; no other branches could conveniently be added. The salary of the master is 28*l.* per annum, with 8*l.* school fees, and 2*l.* 19*s.* 6*d.* annually, other emoluments. At the School *not* Parochial (which was established by the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge), English, Gaelic, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught.

During the summer season both the above schools are thinly attended, as the parents must send out their children to service whenever they are able to work. When the School *not* Parochial was visited in March 1835, there were 62 scholars on the list. There are not above six persons in this parish arrived at the age of fifteen years who cannot read.

(not signed.)

ABERNETHY Parish - (Pop. 1,776.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			7	12	19	105	78	183	64	49	1

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

ABERNYTE Parish - - (Pop. 254.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				2	2	4	23	26	49	13	19	32

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	31	34	65	-	-	-	50	30	80	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	8

ALYTH Parish - - - (Pop. 2,838.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			39	16	55	251	220	471	196	119	315

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	82	22	104	-	-	-	95	25	120	-	-	-		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
7	7	171	140	311	-	-	-	201	151	352	-	-	-		

RNETHY Parish (which is partly in Fifeshire, but wholly entered here) is chiefly landward, with the two large Villages of Abernethy and Aberargie.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, arithmetic, practical mathematics, book-keeping, Latin and Greek. The salary of the master is maximum, with from 2s. to 3s. per quarter school fees for each scholar; other emoluments are the interest of 190*l.*, at four and a half per cent., mortified to the kirk session for behoof of the schoolmaster; also 3*l.* as session clerk, and 1*l.* 13*s.* annually of a mortification for teaching poor children. One of the Schools *not* Parochial is patronized and supported by Joseph Murray, Esq., of Ayton, who allows the teacher a salary of 20*l.* annually, with a school-room, a house and garden, and the school fees; the other school is connected with the secession congregation of Abernethy; at both these schools, English reading, writing and arithmetic are taught; the number of scholars attending them could not be ascertained.

(not signed.)

RNYTE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, practical mathematics, geography, grammar and history; no other branches could be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 27*l.* school fees, and, as session clerk, 3*l.* 17*s.* annually, other emoluments. A School *not* Parochial was opened at Lady Day last, wherein eight females are taught sewing.

In answer to the questions as to the number of children under fifteen years of age taught to read and write, the numbers given refer to those now actually at school; the reason for not assigning any scholars in the "smallest number" columns is, that the vacations extend generally from about August till October, in consequence of the children being engaged in the labours of the field; the school is always best attended during the period between Martinmas and Whit Sunday; the average number attending during winter for three years past is about 75, in summer, 60; the number of scholars enrolled last season was 103 of both sexes, and there are several scholars attending from neighbouring parishes.

In this parish the accommodation is good, which is not the case in general; the undersigned is not aware of any adults in this parish who cannot read, and there are few, if any, who cannot write.

(signed) James Wilson, Minister.

TH Parish (which is partly in Forfarshire, but wholly entered here) is partly landward and partly a Town.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin, geography and mathematics. The salary of the master is 34*l.* per annum; the school fees are as follows, viz. for reading, 2*s.*; writing, 2*s.* 6*d.*; arithmetic, 4*s.*; Latin, 7*s.* 6*d.*; and mathematics, 10*s.* 6*d.* per quarter; but these are ill paid, and do not exceed on the average 20*l.*; the other emoluments are 24*l.* annually, for being parish clerk and collector of poor's rates, but removable. Of the Schools *not* Parochial, four are merely initiatory, and three of them are conducted by females; at all these schools, English, English grammar and writing are taught; and at three of them arithmetic in addition.

(not signed.)

ARNGASK Parish. See KINROSS-SHIRE.

AUCHTERARDER Parish (Pop. 3,182)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			27	12	39	284	263	547	213	170	383
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		103	59	162	-	-	-	-	60	48
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
8	8		-	-	-	-	-	-	291	266	557

AUCHTERGAVEN Parish (Pop. 3,417.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			7	6	13	132	44	176	114	37	151
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		75	22	97	-	-	-	62	30	92
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

BALQUHIDDER Parish (Pop. 1,049.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			5	6	11	91	67	158	62	47	109
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		35	21	56	14	7	21	33	19	52
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2		79	55	134	33	25	58	76	54	130

CHTERARDER Parish is partly landward and partly Town.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, geography, Latin, and any other branches that may be required. The salary of the master is 34*l.*; the amount of school fees is not stated; other emoluments are 2*l.* annually in lieu of a garden. At three of the Schools *not* Parochial, conducted by females, reading, writing, sewing, music, dancing and French are taught; and at the remaining five schools, the same branches as at the Parochial School. The parish is at present without a settled minister.

(signed) *William Thomson*, Elder and Session Clerk.

CHTERGAVEN Parish.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin, book-keeping, practical mathematics, and any other branches that may be required. The salary of the master (who has about thirty of his senior pupils employed occasionally as monitors) is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with about 12*l.* school fees, which are ill paid, and many never paid at all; there are no other emoluments whatever. In consequence of this school having become very inadequate to the wants of the inhabitants in the vicinity, a private school was built some years ago in the village of Bankfoot (which is within a quarter of a mile of it) to supply its deficiency, the master of which is elected annually, and has no source of emoluments except the school fees, which are ill paid; this school is attended by about 100 children of both sexes; in addition to the above there are four private schools, one of which, called "the Stanley School," is situated about four miles distant from the Parochial School, and attended by 136 of both sexes; the school-house, which is large, belongs to the Stanley Cotton Mill Company, which allow the master an annual salary of 20*l.* and a dwelling-house; the rest of his income is derived from the school fees; of the other three schools, one at Stanley contains 60; another at Glach, 30; and the other at Nether Olney, 36 children of both sexes; two young women also teach a few girls reading and sewing.

Few children in this parish are sent to school until after the age of five years, but all without exception can read long before they attain the age of fifteen years. It has been found impossible to answer all the questions required.

(not signed.)

LQUHIDDER Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English and Gaelic reading, writing, arithmetic and Latin; other branches are seldom required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with about 8*l.* school fees, and about 5*l.* annually, other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English and Gaelic reading, writing and arithmetic are taught; also Latin at one of them.

There are generally two other private schools, whereat about 40 children are taught by a young man, hired by the people in remote districts of the parish, during the winter months.

(signed) *Alex. MacGregor*, Minister.

BENDOCHY Parish - - (Pop. 780.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	22	28	50	7	5	12	40	18	58	23	20	43
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

BLACKFORD Parish - (Pop. 1,918.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.						
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.						
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.				
			8	6	14	130	127	257	40	30	70				
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1		1		25	20	45	20	18	38	20	16	36	18	16	34
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.												
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
Schools.		Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				4	4	120	106	226	100	98	198	118	102	220	104

BLAIR-ATHOLL and } STROWAN Parish - } - (Pop. 2,384.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	228	130	358	136	68	204

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	21	15	36	12	8	20	38	22	60	34	16	50

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
7	7	136	74	210	68	22	90	190	108	298	150	85	235

ENDOCHY Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing and arithmetic; no other branches are required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with about 10*l.* average school fees, and 8*l.* annually, average of other emoluments. Of the Schools *not* Parochial, there are occasionally three, but in general only one; at these schools upon the average there may be about 76 scholars, who are taught English, writing, arithmetic, and occasionally Latin: it is proper to observe that these schools are in a remote and highland district of the parish; having no endowment they only exist when the people can muster means to pay the teachers; various attempts have been made to obtain a salary for a teacher for this quarter of the parish, but hitherto without success; the consequence is, that the education of the young is deficient. Government would act paternally were it to give some endowment to a school in a district so destitute as that alluded to.

The population is entirely rural; and it is rare in such a case that children are sent to school below five years of age; at this time (Nov. 1834) there are at the Parochial School, between five and fifteen years of age, 9 males and 11 females learning to read, and 12 of both sexes learning to write.

(signed) *J. S. Barty*, Minister.

ACKFORD Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin and English grammar; no other branches could be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*, and 22*l.* 9*s.* sterling annually school fees; there are no other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing, arithmetic and English grammar are taught.

(not signed.)

AIR-ATHOLL and STROWAN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, English, Gaelic, writing and arithmetic; no other branches could be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 14*l.* sterling school fees annually; other emoluments are 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* of Bishop's rents, and about 8*l.* sterling annually as precentor, session clerk, and for making up the militia lists; the master is also allowed a house of five apartments, and a garden consisting of one rood of land. At the Schools *not* Parochial, Latin, English, Gaelic, writing and arithmetic are taught; one of these schools is supported by the heritors and the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge; the other six are private schools, situate in different and distant districts of the parish, and are supported by the inhabitants.

(not signed.)

BLAIRGOWRIE Parish - (Pop. 2,644.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	-	-	-	-	-	-	231	225	456

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	36	16	52	-	-	-	38	20	58	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.							From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	130	148	278	-	-	-	140	156	296	-	-	-

CALLANDAR Parish - - (Pop. 1,909.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	25	30	55	69	60	129	50	45	95

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	79	38	117	39	26	65	95	41	136	34	15	49

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	32	50	82	30	45	75	38	90	128	35	85	120

CAPUTH Parish - - - (Pop. 2,303.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	-	-	-	-	-	-	139	66	205

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	70	45	115	-	-	-	84	26	110	16	2	18

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number. .			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	121	61	182	-	-	-

IRGOWRIE Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh of Barony.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing and arithmetic; French might be conveniently added. The salary of the master, who is aided by monitors, is 34*l.* 4*s.*, with about 20*l.* school fees annually. He also receives 3*l.* 2*s.* as session clerk and treasurer of the poor's fund, and about 10*l.* of other emoluments. At two of the Schools *not* Parochial (which are for males) the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School; those taught at the other two (for females) are reading, writing, arithmetic, needlework, music and French.

The questions as to the number of children under five years of age and as to the number between five and fifteen who are taught to read cannot be answered; the number returned who have been taught or are now learning to write refers to those who attend all the schools in the parish. The smallest numbers who attended the Parochial and other schools during the periods specified, are not given, but they differ very little from the numbers returned.

The parish of Blairgowrie is very irregular, being intersected by the parishes of Kinloch, Rattray and Bendochy. There are detached portions of it which are from five to eight miles from the parish church and Parochial School; the children in these portions of the parish attend the Parochial School of Bendochy, and a private unendowed school at the strone of Callie, in the parish of Bendochy. The four schools returned are in the town of Blairgowrie, in which about two-thirds of the parishioners reside. The teacher of one of the female schools can accommodate a few boarders, but has not been successful in obtaining them. At the parish school of Bendochy, about 15 boys and 13 girls are taught belonging to this parish, and 38 boys and 30 girls in the school at the strone of Callie. In all the schools the children are from four to fifteen years of age, but in winter a few grown-up males are taught in the town of Blairgowrie. The parishioners are very desirous of having their children taught; but a few of them, who are very poor and have numerous families, are tempted to take their children from school sooner than they should do, to send them to some of the spinning mills in the parish.

(signed) *James Johnstone.*

LLANDAR Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, Gaelic, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics, geography, Latin and Greek. The salary of the master (who has an assistant) is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 36*l.* 9*s.* 7*d.* school fees, and about 4*l.* 10*s.* or 5*l.* other emoluments annually as session clerk. The two Schools *not* Parochial are supported by the Society in Scotland for propagating Christian Knowledge, and have a salary attached to them; the branches taught are English, Gaelic, writing, arithmetic, geography, Latin and English grammar.

All young persons in this parish have the means of education.

(signed) *Peter Robertson, Minister.*

PUTH Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading (including the Bible) and grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin, the elements of geometry and land surveying; no other branches could be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.* per annum, with about 30*l.* school fees, and 8*l.* other emoluments annually as session clerk, with a suitable dwelling-house and garden. At the Schools *not* Parochial (two of which are conducted by females), English reading (including the Bible) and grammar, writing and arithmetic are taught; the preponderance of males to females attending the above schools is owing to many of the latter sex resorting to sewing schools. The schools in this and most other country parishes open about the 1st November, and continue to increase till the middle of March; after that date they decrease in a similar ratio till the commencement of harvest, when they close.

In answer to the questions as to the number of children under five years of age taught to read, children under that age are taught to read at home by their parents, but are rarely sent to school. All the children in the parish between five and fifteen years of age are taught to read, either at home or at school.

(signed) *Alexander Wilson,*
Assistant to the Rev. Wm. Innerarity, Minister.

CARGILL Parish - - (Pop. 1,628.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	30	20	50	-	-	-	30	20	50	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	89	92	181	-	-	-	103	82	185	-	-	-

CLUNIE Parish - - - (Pop. 944.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				7	8	15	59	57	116	48	41	89

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	28	22	50	16	20	36	30	24	54	25	19	44

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	36	20	56	22	18	40	34	22	56	30	17	47

[illegible]

RGILL Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, practical mathematics, and occasionally Latin. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with about 15*l.* annually school fees, and a house and garden, other emoluments. Of the Schools *not* Parochial, two are for both sexes, whereat reading, writing, arithmetic, practical mathematics, &c. are taught; the other school is for girls only, who are taught sewing, &c.: in all the above schools the principles of Christianity and the Assembly's shorter Catechism are taught.

In answer to questions as to the number of children under fifteen years of age taught to read and write, it may be stated, that there are one or two children under five years of age attending school, and several under that age are taught by their parents at home, but there is no *Infant School*. All persons in the parish of fifteen years of age and upwards have been taught to read, and almost all of them to write a little.

In consequence of the parochial schoolmaster, who was upwards of 80 years of age, dying during the last half year, and the undersigned having no access to his lists, the numbers stated as attending school are from memory, which are nevertheless a very near approximation to the truth; the smallest number of children attending the above schools is said to be on the first day of opening after the vacation, but no accurate information on that head could be obtained.

(signed) *Michael Stirling*, Minister.

UNIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, and occasionally Latin and practical mathematics. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with about 12*l.* school fees, and 2*l.* 2*s.* 9¼*d.* annually other emoluments, in lieu of garden. At the School *not* Parochial, English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and practical mathematics are taught.

(not signed.)

LLACE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, geography, mathematics, and occasionally the elements of Latin and French; the above branches are sufficiently numerous for one teacher. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*; the average of school fees due is about 27*l.* (but liable to a considerable deduction for bad payments from those unable to pay), and about 3*l.* 10*s.* annually other emoluments.

With regard to the number of scholars attending the above school, it is impossible to give correct answers for this parish, for the vacation must always commence with the harvest, which generally happens about the middle of August; and it would be useless to reopen the school until the 1st of November, even then only a very few come forward, and it is about the middle of December before the average number (66) attend. About the 1st of March the number is commonly greatest, being from 80 to 90; when the older scholars withdraw; the smallest number, except about the beginning and close of the session, is during the month of April. About the 1st of May the younger children are sent to school for the summer quarter. The whole number of scholars that entered the school during the session 1833, was 135, of whom 50 were girls; and the whole number that entered during the session 1834, was 143, of whom the same number (50) were girls. The average time of attendance at school during the last two sessions, was four and a half months each year, and the length of the session being nine and a half months, the average number of scholars, were they equally distributed throughout the session, would be about 66 of both sexes.

(signed) *John Rogers*, Minister.

COMRIE Parish - - (Pop. 2,622.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	50	50	100	40	40	80	85	75	160	50	50	100

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
8	8	100	100	200	60	60	120	213	213	426	130	130	260

[illegible]

CULROSS Burgh and Parish (Pop. 1,488.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			4	10	14	75	68	143	56	33	89

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	44	36	80	38	14	52	46	12	58	41	9	50		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	49	38	87	45	35	80	52	74	126	48	70	118		

MRIE Parish is partly landward and partly Villages.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of the Bible and Catechism, and in subordination to these, English and Gaelic reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics, Latin, the elements of Greek, and occasionally French, with any other branches that may be required. The salary of the master, who occasionally has an assistant, is maximum; the school fees amount to about 45*l.*, but only 25*l.* of which is recovered; no information could be obtained as to the other emoluments of the master, who declined answering the question. At the Schools *not* Parochial, two of which are Evening Schools, the Bible and Catechism, English and Gaelic reading, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught; in addition to which a few are taught Latin. There are also two Sabbath Schools, but the children attending are not included in the numbers stated as attending the schools during the periods specified.

It is unreasonable to expect accurate answers from a parish like this, as to the number of children under five years of age taught to read, and of those between five and fifteen taught to read and write; but in general it may be stated, that in the villages, children are sent to school at four, and in the country at six years of age, and that they continue attending at school chiefly in the winter months till they attain the age of thirteen years. After careful inquiry it has been found that, with the exception of one family lately come to the parish, all the children are taught to read, and in general to write, especially the boys. It may also be stated, that the numbers given as attending the various schools at different seasons are very near approximations to the truth, as, after the inquiries made, it is extremely difficult to be more precise.

All the teachers are members of the Established Church; the schools are all examined annually by the presbytery, and it is beyond doubt that it is the influence of the church which has occasioned so many schools, and so high a rate of attendance.

(signed) *W. Mackenzie*, Minister

RIEFF Parish is partly landward and partly Town; its population is principally assembled in the town of Crieff, which is not a Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, French, mathematics, book-keeping and navigation; no other branches could be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum; it is not possible to give the exact amount of school fees, because many attend who do not pay regularly, and the master admits many poor children gratis; the rates per quarter are 3*s.*, 3*s.* 6*d.*, 4*s.* and 5*s.*; there are no other emoluments connected with the office of schoolmaster. At the eleven Schools *not* Parochial (which are exclusive of two that were very poorly attended, and have lately been given up, of three Sabbath Evening Schools, and of a Tuesday Evening Class), English reading, writing and arithmetic are taught; and, in addition to these, the master of one of the schools professes to teach mercantile book-keeping, farm book-keeping, geography, English grammar and elocution.

The three Sabbath Evening Schools above mentioned are devoted entirely to religious instruction; they are taught by private individuals, aided by the assistant minister, and are attended on an average by about 80 boys and 100 girls. The Tuesday Evening Class is intended for the religious instruction of young men and women; it is taught exclusively by the assistant minister, and is attended on an average by 50 or 60 individuals. There are no means of ascertaining the smallest numbers at the Parochial School during the periods specified; but the master says, that the attendance seldom varies. Neither is it possible to give the number of children who attended the Schools *not* Parochial during the periods specified, because many of the schools have, within the last eighteen months, changed their teachers, and some of them more than once.

(signed) *James Ferguson*, Assistant Minister.

ROSS Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, English grammar, writing, arithmetic and Latin, with French and geography if required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 28*l.* 10*s.* school fees, and 8*l.* 10*s.* annually, other emoluments. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches of education as at the Parochial School are taught; the other school is entirely for females, and for instruction in the different branches of female work, as well as for the elements of reading, writing and arithmetic, and is something of the nature of an *Infant School*. The reason of the number of males attending the Parochial School being so much greater than the females, is owing to the opening of the above-mentioned school for females in the town in August 1833; and the Parochial School being attended more particularly by children from the town and immediate neighbourhood, is more affected by this circumstance than the other school.

There is no person in the parish (except two of weak intellect) above 15 years of age who cannot read; but there are about 20 individuals, chiefly elderly females, who cannot write.

(signed) *A. B. Duncan*, Minister.

CUPAR-ANGUS Parish - (Pop. 2,615.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	12	-	-	123	-	-	84

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	44	17	61	41	15	56	38	9	47	32	7	39		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

DOWALLY Parish, included with DUNKELD.

DRON Parish - - - (Pop. 464.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools. Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	9	18	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools. Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

DULL Parish - - - (Pop. 4,590.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			6	7	13	42	23	65	32	12	44

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	37	28	65	-	-	-	50	35	85	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
10	10	273	199	472	-	-	-	298	210	508	-	-	-

PAR-ANGUS Parish (which is partly in the Shire of Forfar, but wholly entered here) is landward, including the Town of Cupar-Angus, the population of which is between 2,200 and 2,300.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin, practical mathematics, Greek, geography, and occasionally French. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*; the school fees are, for English reading, 3*s.*, reading and writing, 4*s.*, reading, writing and arithmetic, 5*s.*, Latin and all the branches usually taught, 9*s.* per quarter; other emoluments average 20*l.* annually, including session clerkship, which office is at the disposal of the Kirk Session. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, which is for females, geography, history, writing, arithmetic, English, French, music and needlework are taught; and at the other two schools, English reading, writing and arithmetic. The number of scholars attending these schools during the periods mentioned could not be accurately ascertained, as a teacher who had a considerable school has left the parish.

(not signed.)

ON Parish.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing and arithmetic. The salary of the master is 34*l.* per annum.

Dron is one of the smallest and most thinly-peopled parishes in the county of Perth, and there is only one, the Parochial School; the teacher of which, now about 72 years of age, has become so infirm and so unable from circumstances to procure an assistant, as to have become very inefficient for some years; the result is that the school has, during that period, been thinly attended. The school-master cannot state the attendance of scholars during the periods specified, but he has given a return of their number between Martinmas 1835 and Martinmas 1836. It may be added that there is every prospect of the above school at no remote period being brought into a more efficient condition.

(signed) *David Duncan.*

LL Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English and Gaelic reading, writing, and arithmetic; with Latin and Greek occasionally. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 14*l.* school fees, and 7*l.* annually other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught; three of these schools are supported by established societies.

(signed) *Ar. Menzies, Minister.*

DUNBARNEY Parish - (Pop. 1,162.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	52	36	88	41	25	66	56	34	90	43	17	60		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
1	1	54	30	84	-	-	80	53	23	76	-	-	76		

DUNBLANE Parish - (Pop. 3,228.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.						
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.						
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.				
			8	12	20	254	126	380	107	53	160				
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	77	33	110	40	20	60	80	40	120	57	23	80		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		Instructors.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
				From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.				
9	9	174	86	260	134	66	200	-	-	-	-	-	-		

DUNKELD with DOWALLY Town and Parish - } - (Pop. 2,037.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				10	8	18	217	126	343	142	87	229

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	34	31	65	12	8	20	37	30	67	21	14	35		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	145	98	243	103	63	166	137	80	217	96	55	151		

DUNBARNEY Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, French, geometry, trigonometry, book-keeping, geography and history, with mapping; also the elements of algebra. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with an average of from 20*l.* to 25*l.* school fees annually; his other emoluments are 4*l.* as session clerk, 1*l.* 10*s.* for teaching a Sabbath Evening School, and from 1*l.* to 4*l.* annually for proclamation of marriages and registration of baptisms. At the School *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic, geography and grammar are taught.

Not above ten children under five years of age attend the Parochial School at a time.

There is not an individual in the parish of Dunbarney who has not been taught to read and write, and almost uniformly between five and fifteen years of age.

(not signed.)

DUNBLANE Parish is partly Town and partly landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, Greek, English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, mathematics and geography; the French language has also been taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 3*s.*, besides an endowment of ten guineas, making in all 44*l.* 13*s.* per annum; the school fees, after deducting 20*l.* for the assistant, amount to 25*l.*, and other emoluments to 4*l.* 11*s.* 9*d.* annually, for proclamation of banns and registration of births and baptisms; but this office is not necessarily connected with that of schoolmaster. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

(signed) *John Grierson*, Minister.

DUNKELD and DOWALLY Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, Gaelic, Latin, arithmetic, and the elements of mathematics; no other branches are considered necessary. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 14*l.* annually school fees; there are no other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, Latin, Greek, arithmetic, mathematics, writing, mensuration, gauging and sewing are taught.

(signed) *Charles Murray Niven*, Minister.

DUNKELD, Little, } Parish - - - } - (Pop. 2,867.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			19	19	38	284	245	529	205	143	348
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2		51	30	81	-	-	-	78	43	121
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5		112	88	200	-	-	-	165	140	305

DUNNING Parish - - (Pop. 2,045.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	46	33	79	20	10	30
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		56	33	89	42	18	60	50	30	80
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2		53	17	70	45	14	59	-	42	42

ERROL Parish - - - (Pop. 2,992.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	150	150	300	60	40	100
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		35	43	78	-	-	-	56	54	110
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2		74	86	160	-	-	-	98	91	189

509

TLE DUNKELD Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English, writing, arithmetic and Latin ; to which geography and mathematics might be conveniently added. The salary of one master is 29*l.* 18*s.* 11½*d.*, that of the other 10*l.* per annum, with about 10*l.* and 15*l.* respectively school fees, and one receives a few pounds annually for acting as session clerk. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, Gaelic, writing, arithmetic, and the principles of the Christian religion are taught ; three of these schools are partly paid by the heritors of the parish, and partly by the Society in Edinburgh for propagating Christian Knowledge.

The large extent of the parish (16 miles) renders it necessary to have so many teachers as returned.

(not signed.)

NNING Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, French, mathematics, geography, arithmetic, reading and writing. The salary of the master is maximum, with about 18*l.* school fees, and about 5*l.* annually other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, arithmetic, reading and writing are taught.

(not signed.)

ROL Parish is entirely landward, except a large Village.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing arithmetic, book-keeping, practical mathematics, with Greek, French, Latin and geography when required. The salary of the master is 32*l.*, with about 35*l.* school fees, including bad payments ; other emoluments are 25*l.* annually as kirk treasurer and session clerk. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and practical mathematics are taught ; the smallest number in attendance is during the first week or two after the autumn vacation, when there may not be above 20 scholars at any one school ; the smallest average is little under the greatest number in the respective periods.

The account given, so far as relates to the number of pupils in attendance within the particular ages and periods referred to in the queries, is only an approximation to the truth, which could not have been more exactly ascertained without a special survey, which is at present impracticable ; the approximation however may be relied on as differing very little from the realities.

(signed) James Grierson, Minister.

FINDOGASK Parish - - (Pop. 428.)					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					5	2	7	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	30	25	55	14	17	31	40	26	66	24	18	42

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

FORGANDENNY Parish - (Pop. 917.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	88	58	146	47	28	75
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.										
1	1		-	-	42	-	-	42	-	-	93
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.										
1	1		-	-	63	-	-	63	-	-	86

[illegible]

NDOGASK Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic and Latin; to which geography might be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 12*l.* 3*s.* school fees annually, and a house and garden, other emoluments.

All children below fifteen years of age have been taught or are now learning to read; and all, with few exceptions, between five and fifteen years of age have been taught or are learning to write.

(signed) *Thomas Young*, Minister.

RGANDENNY Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, English grammar, writing, arithmetic and Latin; no other branches are necessary. The salary of the master is the maximum amount of 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 10*l.* school fees, and 2*l.* 10*s.* annually other emoluments. At the School *not* Parochial, English reading, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, algebra, mathematics and Latin are taught.

This parish being entirely landward, and many of the children having a good way to go to school, few, if any, are sent to it under five years of age.

(not signed.)

RTERRROT Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing and arithmetic; no other branches are necessary. The salary of the master is the maximum amount of 34*l.* and odd, with about 16*l.* school fees annually, and no other emolument derived from the office of schoolmaster; but here, as in most other country parishes, that functionary holds the office of session clerk, worth about 5*l.* per annum in this parish.

In answer to the questions as to how many children are taught to read and to write between five and fifteen years of age, it is thought that it may be safely said there is no person in the parish of either sex who has not received more or less instruction both in reading and in writing.

(not signed.)

FORTINGALL Parish - (Pop. 3,067.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				17	22	39	314	197	511	236	128	364

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	66	42	108	45	31	76	72	43	115	64	41	105		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
11	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	235	138	373	184	115	299		

FOSSOWAY Parish - - (Pop. 1,576.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			6	8	14	73	72	145	154	93	247

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	43	24	67	37	22	59	46	26	72	41	15	56		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	91	70	161	74	57	131	94	61	155	64	46	110		

FOWLIS and LUNDIE Parish. See FORFARSHIRE.

FOWLIS-WESTER Parish (Pop. 1,680.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				15	12	27	-	-	90	-	-	70

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	35	25	60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	30	35	65	-	-	-	35	40	75	-	-	-

TINGALL Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Greek, Latin, English reading and grammar, Gaelic, writing, arithmetic, practical and theoretical mathematics, book-keeping, algebra, geography, and the principles of the Christian religion; not aware of any other branches that could be conveniently added. The salary of the master, who occasionally has an assistant, is 34*l.* 4*s.* 5*d.*, with 21*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* school fees, and 2*l.* 2*s.* 1½*d.* annually other emoluments. Of the Schools *not* Parochial, four are supported by societies, viz. two by the "Society in Scotland for propagating Christian Knowledge," and two by the "Committee of the General Assembly;" the remaining seven schools are conducted by teachers on their own adventure; at these schools, English and Gaelic reading, writing, arithmetic, and the principles of the Christian religion are taught; and at one or two of the Society's schools, grammar, geography, book-keeping, Latin and mathematics are occasionally taught in addition.

No definite answer can be given to the question as to the number of scholars attending the Schools *not* Parochial between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, most of the schools, but particularly the private schools, not being taught at all from May till December, owing to the smallness of the attendance, which in winter is on an average between 30 and 40 scholars at each school.

(signed) *Robert Macdonald*, Minister.

SOWAY Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, English grammar, arithmetic, practical mathematics, book-keeping, Latin, and the principles of religion. The master is capable of teaching other branches, but they could not be added without detriment to the school. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 27*l.* 5*s.* 8*d.* school fees annually; other emoluments consist of a dwelling-house, garden and ground, worth about 12*l.* per annum. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, English grammar, arithmetic, and the principles of religion are taught, and at one of them book-keeping, mathematics and Latin in addition.

(signed) *Peter Brydie*, Minister.

VLIS-WESTER Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, geography, &c. The salary of the master is the maximum amount, with 30*l.* school fees annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School.

Until lately few scholars have attended the Parochial School, but a new teacher having been recently appointed, the scholars are more numerous.

(not signed.)

ENDO VAN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, English grammar, writing, arithmetic and Latin; also geography, book-keeping, mathematics, French and Greek when required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 7*l.* school fees, and 5*l.* other emoluments, (being the interest of a sum of money which was originally placed in the hands of the heritors for the benefit of the schoolmaster) and a house and garden worth about 6*l.* annually.

(signed) *John Brown*, Minister.

CHTURE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, history, geography, elements of algebra and mathematics, Latin and French. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 5*s.* per annum, with an average of 27*l.* school fees, and about 8*l.* other emoluments annually. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading, grammar, history, writing, French and music are taught; and at the other two, English reading, sewing and knitting; these three schools are kept by females.

In consequence of the Rev. Alex. Davie, minister of this parish, being seized in September last with general paralysis, and having been quite unfit, since that period, to discharge any parochial duty, the above information was supplied by the undersigned, as accurately as he could obtain it.

(signed) *Thomas Reid*, Schoolmaster.

ENMORE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geography, with the use of the globes, mathematics, chiefly practical, elements of algebra, Greek and Latin. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 19*l.* 12*s.* 10*d.* school fees; there are several incidental emoluments; as, for instance, the session clerkship, value 5*l.* 10*s.* with registration fees for baptism and proclamation of banns of marriage; and fees for sessional certificates of character. There is also paid annually to the parochial schoolmaster of this parish, as well as to those of the adjacent parishes of Dull, Fortingall and Weem, the sum of 8*l.* each, being a bequest made some time ago by Mr. Gregory, for the gratuitous education of a certain number of poor children in these several parishes. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English and Gaelic reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, occasionally Latin and geography are taught; and at Lady Breadalbane's school, taught by a female, needle-work in addition. Three of these schools are endowed by the Society in Scotland for propagating Christian Knowledge; one is under the patronage of the Dowager Marchioness of Breadalbane, and the remaining five are taught by young men entirely upon their own adventure, and who are in general but very poorly remunerated; they have no allowance but the scanty fee stipulated to be given by the parents. The Breadalbane family are in the habit of giving liberal aid towards the erection and repairing of school-rooms.

The Scriptures are daily read in all the above schools, and instruction in the principles of religion, forms, more or less, a part of the regular exercises of the scholars.

The number of persons in the parish above fifteen years of age who are not able to read may be about 72, but they are chiefly old women, and in indigent circumstances.

(signed) *David Duff*, Minister.

KETTINS Parish. See FORFARSHIRE.

KILLIN Parish - - - (Pop. 2,002.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	10	14	24	219	188	407	188	106	294

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	69	8	77	36	4	40	61	19	80	38	4	42

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
9	9	140	170	310	70	85	155	168	183	351	79	83	162

KILMADOCK with } DOUNE Parish - } - (Pop. 3,752.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	-	-	-	-	-	590	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

KILSPINDIE - - - - (Pop. 760.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	27	20	47	29	23	52	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	34	24	58	-	-	-	24	21	45	-	-	-

LIN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, arithmetic, English and Gaelic reading, writing, book-keeping, the principles of Christianity, Greek and mathematics; to which geography, perhaps, might be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 34*l.* sterling, with 9*l.* school fees annually; other emoluments are 10*l.*, including house and croft, and about 7*l.* annually as precentor and session clerk, which offices are not, however, necessarily connected with the situation of schoolmaster. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English and Gaelic reading, English grammar, writing and arithmetic are taught, and at three of them sewing and knitting in addition. Three of these schools are supported by the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge, and two by the Marchioness of Breadalbane.

There is a district composed of portions of the parishes of Kenmore and Weem, connected with this parish *quoad sacra*, from parts of which probably about 60 children attend the Killin schools.

(signed) *Robert Elder*, Minister.

MADOCK with DOUNE Parish is entirely landward.

At the Parochial School all those branches of education are taught which are necessary to prepare the scholars for entering as students in a university, or becoming apprentices in a counting-house.

All the children of the parish, rich and poor, are taught to read either at the Parochial or Private Schools, so soon as they are capable of receiving instruction; and in April last (1836), when the different schools were examined by a Committee of the Presbytery, at least 590 were receiving instruction in the various branches of education usually taught in such parishes. There are no boarding-houses, properly so called, but scholars coming from a distance are boarded and lodged with the parochial schoolmaster, or in respectable families in Doune, or the neighbourhood, at a reasonable rate. In a word, the parish of Kilmadock has been, and still is, eminent for having well qualified and successful teachers.

(signed) *Patrick Murray*, D. D.

SPINDIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, geography, and occasionally Latin. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 5*s.* with 10*l.* annually school fees, and a free house with a garden, other emoluments. At the School *not* Parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

(not signed.)

KINCARDINE-in-MON- TEITH, with THORN- HILL Parish - - - } (Pop. 2,456.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			11	11	22	196	157	353	107	63	170
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		41	31	72	-	-	58	41	33	74
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4		142	112	254	-	-	-	179	117	296

KINCLAVEN Parish - - (Pop. 390.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			14	12	26	36	32	68	18	14	32
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		-	-	-	-	-	-	30	26	56
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		38	26	64	24	16	40	28	20	48

KINFAUNS Parish - - (Pop. 732.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			3	3	6	79	78	157	53	43	96
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		31	39	70	9	6	15	33	31	64
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		30	20	50	30	15	45	45	20	65

NCARDINE Parish, which contains the Villages of Thornhill and Norriestown having a population of about 700, is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and English grammar; no other branches could be conveniently taught, unless there were a demand for them, and if so, additional teachers would be required. The salary of the master is 30*l.* with about 14*l.* school fees, and 12*l.* annually, other emoluments, as session and heritors' clerk, and part of a mortification. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, English grammar and practical mathematics are taught; also Greek, Latin and French in addition at one which is situate at Thornhill.

The attendance at the Parochial School is regular throughout the year, except during the time of field labour in spring, when the number is reduced to 58, being the smallest number. The teachers of the Schools *not* Parochial have not stated satisfactorily what is the smallest number at any one time attending their schools.

(signed) *Alex. Grey*, Minister.

NCLAVEN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, practical mathematics, Latin and geography; to which French and the elements of Greek might be conveniently added. The maximum salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with about 24*l.* school fees; other emoluments may be about 7*l.* annually, accruing from the office of session and heritors' clerk. During the summer and autumn of 1833, this school was not open for scholars, owing to the rebuilding of the school-room, and the repairing and enlargement of the schoolmaster's dwelling-house. The School *not* Parochial is a Subscription School, situated in the village of Arntully, whereat English, writing, arithmetic, Latin and practical mathematics are taught.

It is believed that there are no persons in this parish above the age of fifteen years who are unable to read.

(signed) *Henry Henderson*, Minister.

NFAUNS Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar, and the principles of the Christian religion, with any other branches that may be required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 5*d.*, with 13*l.* 1*s.* 6½*d.* school fees annually; there are no other emoluments connected with the office of schoolmaster. At the School *not* Parochial, English, Latin, arithmetic, mathematics, book-keeping, geography, and the principles of Christianity are taught. This school is situated in a corner of the parish, and, with the exception of about ten males and six females, the scholars attending are from the neighbouring parishes of Kilspindie, Kinnoul and Scone.

(signed) *James MacLagan*, Minister.

KINLOCH Parish. See LETHENDY and KINLOCH.

KINNAIRD Parish - - (Pop. 461.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			8	10	18	21	23	44	15	8	23

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

KINNOUL Parish - - (Pop. 2,957.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			10	11	21	103	85	188	65	38	103

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	51	22	73	39	17	56	59	26	85	40	23	63

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	60	72	132	24	38	62	62	74	136	28	38	66

KIPPEN Parish. See STIRLINGSHIRE.

KIRKMICHAEL Parish - (Pop. 1,568.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			11	8	19	196	118	314	137	90	227

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	62	50	112	44	37	81	95	66	161	69	47	116

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	44	28	72	26	15	41	86	50	136	41	27	68

NAIRD Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar and geography; with Latin, Greek, mathematics, &c. when required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 18*l.* school fees, and 4*l.* annually, other emoluments; the number of scholars attending this school during the periods specified could not be ascertained, as the then incumbent is now dead.

(not signed.)

NOUL Parish is landward, but part of it, containing two-thirds of the population, is in the Parliamentary Burgh of Perth.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, Latin, arithmetic, mathematics and geography; no other branches are required. The maximum salary of the master is 34*l.* 2*s.* 2½*d.*, with 20*l.* 17*s.* 8*d.* annually school fees, and no other emoluments as schoolmaster. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches of education as those at the Parochial School are taught; at the other school, English, sewing, &c. are taught by a female.

A considerable number of scholars from this parish attend the academy and various schools of Perth.

(signed) *J. E. Touch*, Minister.

KMICHAEL Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English, Latin, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and mathematics. The salary of the first schoolmaster is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*; that of the second, 15*l.* per annum; the school fees are 19*l.* 17*s.* 5*d.* and 12*l.* respectively, per annum; the other emoluments of the first school are 5*l.* 11*s.* 1*d.* annually; no other emoluments are attached to the other school. At the Schools *not* Parochial (in which there are occasionally four teachers), English, Latin, Greek, French, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, book-keeping, &c. are taught.

Every person in this parish above the age of fifteen years is able to read.

(signed) *Peter Drummond*, Minister.

LECROFT Parish. See STIRLINGSHIRE.

LETHENDY and KIN- LOCH Parishes - - } - (Pop. 706.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	20	20	40	15	15	30	20	20	40	15	15	30		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

LOGIE Parish. See CLACKMANNANSHIRE.

LOGIERAIT Parish - - (Pop. 3,138.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.				CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	18	12	30	10	8	18	22	10	32	13	9	22		
OTHER SCHOOLS.				CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
				From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.		Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
9	9	170	124	294	-	-	-	266	232	498	-	-	-		

LONGFORGAN Town } and Parish - - - }		Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
		Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
		12	9	21	145	154	299	75	52	127

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	36	26	62	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	65	48	113	-	-	-

603

LETHENDY and KINLOCH Parishes are entirely landward; they form one united parish, but there are two Parochial and legally established schools.

The branches taught at the above Schools consist of English, writing, arithmetic and Latin; no others could be conveniently added. The salary of the Kinloch schoolmaster is 35*l.*, that of the one at Lethendy, 25*l.* per annum; the school fees of each amount to about 12*l.*, and other emoluments amount to about 3*l.* per annum.

In this, as in other country parishes, very few are sent to school under five years of age; no account has been kept of the number, if any. So soon as the children can read tolerably they begin to learn writing and arithmetic, and their education is generally finished from 12 to 15 years of age. With the exception of two grown-up persons, who are natives of the highlands, there are not known to be any in the parish above fifteen years of age who cannot read, and few who cannot write, and know something of arithmetic.

(signed) *Laur. Butter*, Minister.

LETHENDY Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, English, Gaelic, writing and arithmetic. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, and 5*l.* 15*s.* 9*d.* annually, school fees; there are no other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English and Gaelic reading, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught; of these schools, one is a Free School; another is endowed by the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge; and some are very small schools.

The Schools *not* Parochial have seldom regular lists, on which account some part of the above queries could not be answered with any pretensions to accuracy, especially as to the smallest number attending those schools; and even the numbers given must be regarded as a near approximation to the truth. The Parochial School, being situated almost at one extreme end of this large parish, causes a great many children to frequent more convenient schools in other parishes.

(signed) *Thomas Buchanan*, Minister.

LETHENDY Parish is entirely landward, with three Villages containing a population of 850.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, and occasionally Latin and mathematics, with Greek and French when required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*, with about 16*l.* school fees, and about 14*l.* annually, other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading, writing, arithmetic, and occasionally Latin are taught.

The numbers given as attending the above schools are the average throughout the year; in consequence of the parochial schoolmaster having had occasion to remove, and not being able to find the necessary documents, and the teacher of the most important of the Schools *not* Parochial having relinquished it for a better situation about six months since, more accurate answers could not be obtained.

(signed) *Robert S. Walker*, Minister.

605
DERTY Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, mensuration, book-keeping, Latin and geography, with any other branches that may be deemed necessary. The salary of the master is 3*l.* 4*s.* 5½*d.*, with 12*l.* annually, school fees, and a house and garden, other emoluments. This school was vacant during the period between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, and a considerable number of those attending during the other period are from adjoining parishes. At the School *not* Parochial, English reading and grammar, writing and arithmetic are taught.

(not signed.)

ADDOES Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin, mathematics, book-keeping and geography. The salary of the master is two chalders of meal, value 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 9*l.* 17*s.* 10½*d.* school fees, being the sum received in the year 1834; but the fees of full one-third of the children are never paid; this arises, not from any unwillingness on the part of the parents to pay, but from their poverty; the other emoluments are 4*l.* 10*s.* annually, as session clerk.

The population of this parish at present is from 330 to 340, so that, looking at the numbers given as attending the Parochial School, it would appear that the large proportion of more than one-fifth are engaged in receiving education; but this is not in reality the case, for a considerable number of the scholars come from neighbouring parishes; this arises from the circumstance that the school-house belonging to this parish is situated on its very outskirts, and in the immediate vicinity there are some populous districts of the three parishes of Errol, Kinfauns and Kinnoul, which are removed some miles from their respective Parochial Schools; the actual proportion of the population of this parish attending school is but a small fraction more than one-seventh.

There is not known to be any individual in the parish above the age of fifteen years who is unable to read.

(signed) *James Noble*, Minister.

MARTIN'S Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics, Latin, geography, &c. &c. The salary of the master, who occasionally has an assistant, is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 18*l.* 12*s.* 5*d.* school fees, being the sum received for the last twelve months, and 5*l.* 10*s.* annually, other emoluments, arising from the office of session clerk. There is occasionally a private school (but none at present), whereat about 40 or 50 children are taught the same branches of education as at the Parochial School.

A considerable number of both sexes in this parish leave school at the age of fourteen years, in consequence of having received all the education they are to acquire.

(not signed.)

MEIGLE Parish - - - (Pop. 873.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			20	15	35	168	82	250	92	34	126

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	34	13	47	18	12	30	18	12	30	18	12	30

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	112	55	167	69	36	105	73	40	113	61	32	93

METHVEN Parish - - (Pop. 2,714.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	75	65	140	75	65	140	75	65	140	75	65	140		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	70	60	130	70	60	130	70	60	130	70	60	130		

MONEYDIE Parish - - (Pop. 1,028.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	93	97	190	65	59	124

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	22	16	38	-	-	-	34	20	54	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	58	35	93	-	-	-	74	50	124	-	-	-

IGLE Parish is chiefly landward; the Village contains about 300 crafts and labourers.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, Latin and Greek. The salary of the master is 34*l.*, with 16*l.* school fees, and 5*l.* annually other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches of education are taught as at the Parochial School.

The numbers given in answer to the questions as to the number of children between five and fifteen years of age taught to read and write, are those taught throughout the year, including several from neighbouring parishes; in each term the numbers often fluctuate; complete accuracy is therefore not practicable in summing up the numbers taught in the several terms.

There are no persons known in this parish above fifteen years of age who are unable to read; when the parents are too poor to afford education for their children, the parochial schoolmaster teaches them gratis; there is no want of schools, but great need of salaries, especially of a retiring one, as in many parishes of Scotland.

(signed) *James Mitchell*, Minister.

THVEN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, Latin, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, geography, &c. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 25*l.* school fees, and from 5*l.* to 10*l.* annually other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic, &c. are taught.

Specific answers could not be obtained as to the number of children under five years of age taught to read, and of those between five and fifteen taught to read and write; but it may however be stated generally, that all the children in this parish (except perhaps a few in the most remote parts of it) attend school by the time they are five years of age, consequently all the children are taught both to read and write.

(signed) *Thomas Clark*, Minister.

ONEYDIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and Latin; with Greek, French, geography and mathematics, if required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with about 10*l.* school fees, and about 5*l.* 16*s.* annually other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics, Latin and French are taught; the smallest number attending the above schools may be stated at three or four in each, which is not unfrequently the number of scholars who attend for the first two or three days of the season after the vacation.

The teachers of the Schools *not* Parochial are very badly remunerated, as a large proportion of their pupils are taught for nothing, or next to nothing; and the parents, although anxious for the education of their children, are in many instances altogether unable to pay school fees, although these do not exceed 1*s.* 6*d.* per quarter.

The number of children between five and fifteen years of age stated as having been taught or are now learning to read comprehends all of that age within the parish.

(signed) *John W. Thomson*, Minister.

[illegible]

MONZIE Parish - - - (Pop. 1,195.)					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					-	-	-	28	8	36	24	5	29
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	54	17	71	54	17	71	45	18	63	45	18	63
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	40	35	75	40	35	75	45	40	85	45	40	85

MOULIN Parish - - - (Pop. 2,022.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			10	10	20	212	186	398	140	102	242

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	17	19	36	8	9	17	29	27	56	8	6	14

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	117	89	206	96	39	135	167	134	301	106	95	201

MONIVAIRD with STROWAN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping, with any other branches that may be required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 15*l.* school fees, and 7*l.* annually other emoluments.

The scholars of Monivaird and Strowan would be more numerous were it not for the two neighbouring villages of Crieff and Comrie, which border the eastern and western extremities of this parish, and which, possessing good schools, draw off a considerable number of young persons, as they are nearer to them than to the above-mentioned school, which is situated in the centre of this parish.

All the inhabitants of this parish can read, and nearly all of them are taught to write.

(signed) *Colin Baxter*, Minister.

MONZIE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, the elements of geometry, book-keeping, geography, French, Latin and Greek; to which other branches might conveniently be added. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 27*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.* school fees, and 5*l.* 7*s.* 6*d.* other emoluments annually. At the School *not* Parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

As the schoolmaster takes no account of the ages of the scholars, the answers to the questions as to how many children are taught to read under five years of age, and as to how many are taught to read and to write between five and fifteen years of age, are inserted partly on conjecture, at the same time they are supposed to be near the truth.

(not signed.)

MONULIN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English and Gaelic reading, writing, arithmetic, mathematics and Latin. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* per annum, with 10*l.* school fees, (including 5*l.* 11*s.* for teaching poor children), and about 7*l.* as precentor and session clerk, with a house, and 2*l.* annually in lieu of a garden, other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, Gaelic, English, arithmetic, book-keeping, Latin and mathematics are taught.

Some children residing on the extreme boundaries of this parish attend schools in the adjoining parishes.

(not signed.)

KART Parish.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin, mensuration and book-keeping. The master is qualified to give instruction in all the ordinary branches of education, if required. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, with about 17*l.* school fees annually; other emoluments are the interest of 250*l.* mortified money, amounting to 7*l.* 10*s.* per annum. At the School *not* Parochial, the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School.

It may be proper to remark that in the School *not* Parochial some of the children come from neighbouring parishes, while at the same time some children go from this parish to schools in the adjacent parishes, which are nearer to them than the parish school. Owing to the want of the master's roll of the School *not* Parochial, the master being removed from the school, and the circumstance of some children coming from other parishes, it was impossible to make out a correct Return; it is hoped, however, that the answers are as correct as can be obtained from the circumstances of the case.

(not signed.)

HILL Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Greek, Latin, mathematics, geography (ancient and modern), arithmetic and English. The salary of the master, who teaches a great many children of the poorer classes gratis, is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 16*l.* 10*s.* school fees, and 12*l.* 10*s.* annually, other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, Latin, book-keeping, arithmetic, English, &c. are taught.

The Parochial schoolmasters are not rewarded as they deserve; their salaries should be raised to 50*l.* each; there should be Normal Schools at the four Universities, and a grant ought to be given by Government to endow a school at Ardoch chapel of ease in this parish, as Latin is only taught at two of the above schools.

The above account must be regarded as an approximation to the truth, in consequence of the teachers not being able to give accurate answers as to the number of children under five years of age taught to read, and of those between five and fifteen taught to read and write, at their several schools; also the defective answers given as to the proportion of males and females, and the smallest number attending the Schools *not* Parochial during the periods specified.

(not signed.)

PERTH CITY.

ST CHURCH Parish is believed to be entirely landward, although the magistrates claim some parts of the suburban district as within their jurisdiction, but their claims are disputed; the parish is of great extent, and surrounds the city on all sides, except where it is bounded by the river Tay.

There is, properly speaking, no Parochial School within the parish. The town seminaries, as they are called, are within the parish, consisting of a Grammar School, with two teachers, two English Schools, with the Academy for mathematics, arithmetic, writing, French and other modern languages, having a rector and three masters. The fees at these seminaries (which are in the immediate vicinity of the town) are far too high for the poor. There is also an *Infant School* in the parish, which closed for the vacation two or three weeks ago, with an attendance of 80 boys and 100 girls, admitted at the age of two, and dismissed at seven; this is the only account that has been received of the comparative numbers of the sexes, or of those who have received education under five years of age. About four months ago the elders gave in the following account of children attending and not attending school between the ages of five and fifteen: at school, 787; not at school, 675. There is very great need of schools within this parish, and subscriptions have been entered into, with the view of building four schools, and in the hope of obtaining aid from Government.

(signed) James Esdaile, Minister.

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

T CHURCH Parish is entirely a Burgh.

There is no Parochial School, but there are three schools for poor children, supported by subscription, and a small fee of one penny and two-pence per week, according to the age of the scholar; these schools (one of which is for females) are attended by 332 scholars of both sexes, part of whom belong to this parish and part to the other parishes of the city; the other seven schools are supported entirely by the fees of the scholars; at five of these, 230 scholars of both sexes are taught reading, writing and arithmetic; the other two are taught by females, and contain about 70 girls, whose instruction consists of reading, knitting and sewing; the number of scholars attending the above schools varies but little throughout the year.

It is believed that there are few children in this parish who are not sent to school; but, owing to the poverty of the parents, many are removed from school at the age of ten or twelve years without learning any thing but to read. Girls being removed at that age to assist their mothers at home, and boys are sent to weave and other trades, to assist by their earnings in supporting their fathers' family.

(signed) *S. G. Kennedy*, Minister.

DLE-CHURCH Parish lies in the centre of the Burgh of Perth.

There is no Parochial School, properly so called, in any of the four parishes of Perth; the public schools and academy were about twenty-eight years ago in this parish, but are now in the East Church parish; to these schools the great body of the inhabitants send their children. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, geography and sewing are taught.

Lady Day and Michaelmas are not terms observed in the schools; the number of scholars returned is the average number throughout the year.

(signed) *W. A. Thomson*, Minister.

PAUL'S CHURCH Parish is part of the Burgh of Perth.

There is no Parochial School, but five others in which English reading and grammar, Latin, Greek, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics and geography are taught; the number of children attending these schools may be considered the same, as nearly as can be ascertained, as those given in answer to the questions as to how many children are taught to read and to write between five and fifteen years of age. At present there are 182 children of both sexes not at school.

(not signed.)

PORT Parish - - - - (Pop. 1,664.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			6	6	12	90	90	180	35	40	75

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				1	1	42	17	59	17	3	20	36	19	55	12

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			• Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				3	3	81	56	137	56	44	100	78	41	119	26

RATTRAY Parish - - - (Pop. 1,362.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			3	2	5	32	12	44	22	10	32

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	42	17	59	27	10	37	50	19	69	24	9	33

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	39	77	116	30	53	83	37	73	110	28	51	79

[illegible]

T Parish, which includes Gartmore and Ruskie, is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, and grammar, writing, arithmetic, geography and Latin; no other branches could be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 15*l.* school fees, and 9*l.* 19*s.* other emoluments annually. The branches taught at the Schools *not* Parochial are English, writing, arithmetic, and rarely Latin.

Gartmore and Ruskie, although considered portions of this parish, have separate places of worship.

(signed) Wm. Wyllie, Minister.

TRAY Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, Latin, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and mathematics. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.*, with 15*l.* school fees, and about 4*l.* 10*s.* annually, other emoluments, accruing from proclamation of marriages and registration of baptisms. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading, writing, arithmetic and sewing are taught: the reason of the disparity between the male and female scholars in these schools is that two of the schools are taught by females, and the pupils attending them are chiefly girls.

The number of children under 15 years of age stated as having been taught or now learning to read and write, comprehends those attending the Parochial School only; and as the teachers of the other schools have not kept any lists as to the particular ages of their scholars, no answers to that effect could be obtained.

(not signed.)

DGORTON Parish (including the new Government District of Stanley) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, practical mathematics, book-keeping, geography and Latin. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 25*l.* school fees, and 18*l.* annually other emoluments, not necessarily connected with the office of schoolmaster, and for which other duties are discharged. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial (both of which are in the ecclesiastical parish of Stanley), English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic and geography are taught; and at the other, English reading only: the number of children who attended these schools during the periods specified could not be ascertained.

(signed) William Liston, Minister.

RHIND Parish, - - - - (Pop. 400.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	45	25	70	30	10	40

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	46	28	74	-	-	-	45	25	70	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

SCONE Parish - - - (Pop. 2,268.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	100	110	210	100	110	210

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	76	33	109	-	-	-	83	49	132	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	60	62	122	-	-	-	60	69	129	-	-	-

STROWAN Parish, included in MONIVAIRD.

TIBBERMUIR Parish - (Pop. 1,223.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
				-	-	-	83	95	178	52	48	100	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	13	18		10	11	21	16	23	39	13	18	31
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	67	53	120	60	48	108	69	64	133	58	42	100

D Parish is entirely landward ; the inhabitants are mostly employed either in agriculture or in fishing on the Tay and the Earn.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, mathematics, Latin, and any other branches that may be required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* with 25*l.* annually school fees, and a house and garden, other emoluments ; it is impossible to ascertain accurately the smallest number attending the above school during the periods specified, and even the greatest number given is but an approximation to the truth.

There are no persons in the parish but what are able to read, and most of them to write. Education is an object of great desire among the inhabitants of this parish in consequence of the school fees being extremely low.

(not signed.)

E Parish is entirely landward, with a village containing about 1,200 inhabitants.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin, geography, elocution and book-keeping ; no other branches would be required if these were properly taught. The salary of the master is maximum, with from 15*l.* to 20*l.* school fees, and about 13*l.* annually, other emoluments, accruing from the offices of precentor and session clerk, sacrament, proclamation fees, &c. &c. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading and grammar, writing and arithmetic are taught. In consequence of the teachers of the above schools not keeping lists, no information as to the smallest number attending during the respective periods could be obtained.

In answer to the question as to the number of children under five years of age taught to read, very few in this parish are sent to school at so early an age ; all the children between five and fifteen years of age are sent to school, but few remain constant and long enough to learn to read and write perfectly.

The minister has met with only one person (from the Highlands) who cannot read ; there may however be a few more.

(signed) *James Craik*, Minister.

ERMUIR Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, and occasionally Latin ; no other branches seem to be required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* ; the terms of the school fees are for reading 2*s.*, writing 2*s.* 6*d.*, arithmetic 3*s.*, and Latin 5*s.* per quarter. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic and Latin are taught.

The reason assignable for the predominance of the number of scholars attending the private school over that of the Parochial School is, that the latter is in the landward part of the parish where the population is very thin, while the former is in the immediate neighbourhood of two great public works, where by far the greatest proportion of the population is congregated.

Only two persons in the parish above the age of fifteen years, during the last three years, have been met with who could not read at all, and they were not natives of the parish, but both from the Highlands.

(signed) *W. Tulloch*, Minister.

TRINITY-GASK Parish - (Pop. 620.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	T.
			1	5	6	79	73	152	56	46	102

CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	6	10	16	5	5	10	5	6	11	4	4	8

CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
OTHER SCHOOLS.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	21	24	45	12	16	28	12	8	20	7	5	12

TULLIALLAN Parish - (Pop. 3,550.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		64	58	122	64	58	122	105	42	147	105	42	147
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
7	7		158	136	294	158	136	294	168	143	311	168	143	311

WEEM Parish - - - (Pop. 1,209.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			18	12	30	138	94	232	72	53	125

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	19	12	31	10	6	16	24	9	33	10	4	14

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	103	74	177	72	52	124	112	89	201	84	68	152

ITY-GASK Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, Latin, and occasionally book-keeping. The population being so small and scattered, there would be little call or encouragement for any other branches of education. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 2*l.* 18*s.* school fees annually, and a house and garden; the master also discharges the duties of clerk of the kirk session, and precentor in the church, for which he receives about 3*l.* 10*s.* annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading, writing, arithmetic, and sometimes Latin are taught.

It may be proper to account for the small number of children attending the Parochial School. The present schoolmaster was appointed in 1796, and for a considerable number of years the average number of children attending his school was about 30, but owing to the diminished population of the parish, and the master's ill health, his scholars have been gradually reduced to the number herein stated. The numbers given as attending the Schools *not* Parochial, between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, refer to only one school, the other being then vacant. Besides the two Schools *not* Parochial here mentioned, there are in the adjoining parishes three schools, each of which is situate near the confines of different parts of this parish, to which some of the children belonging to this parish resort for instruction. There are three adults upwards of sixty years of age who cannot read; they are not however natives of the parish, having been born in the Highlands where the Gaelic language prevails. There are also two or three adults, natives of the parish, who cannot read, but these are persons of weak intellect.

This parish being at present vacant, in consequence of the demise of the Rev. Dr. Burgh in July 1834, and the opposition of the parishioners to the person proposed as his successor, the foregoing answers and observations have been drawn up by,

(signed) John MacIntyre, Schoolmaster.

LIALLAN Parish is entirely landward, containing the town of Kincardine, under baronial jurisdiction, as restricted by the Act 1746-7, abolishing heritable jurisdictions in Scotland.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, navigation, Latin, geography, French and Greek. The salary of the master (who maintains an assistant) is 34*l.* 4*s.*, with about 50*l.* school fees annually, but generally less; from March 1833 to March 1834, they only amounted to 40*l.*; there are no other emoluments except a free house and garden as by law directed. The branches taught at one of the Schools *not* Parochial (which is a Dame School) are knitting, sewing and reading; at two others (which are under the management of ladies) needle-work, music and drawing; at another, reading, writing and arithmetic; at another, reading, grammar, arithmetic, geometry, geography and navigation; and at the other two, the same as at the last-mentioned school, except geometry and navigation.

It may be remarked, that few children commence their education at three or four years of age; nearly all enter the schools at five, six and seven years of age; none attend school without learning to read and write, while almost all the children learn to read, write and cast accounts. It may be observed, that unless in cases of sickness, and unforeseen calamities in families, the attendance at the schools changes very little; it is nearly equal. In reference to grown-up persons who may not be able to read and write, it is apprehended that there are few of this description in the parish; it has been ascertained, after some investigation, that only six of such cannot read; there may be two or three more ashamed of their ignorance who conceal it.

(not signed.)

EM Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Gaelic, English grammatically, Latin, Greek, French, arithmetic, and practical mathematics. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* with 10*l.* school fees annually; other emoluments are 2*l.* 5*s.* as session clerk, and 1*l.* annually as heritor's clerk. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English and Gaelic reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and English grammar are taught; three of these schools are not taught during the summer months, consequently the 112 scholars attending them are taught only from 25th March to the 1st May.

The number of children under 15 years of age stated as having been taught or now learning to read and write, includes all those who have entered any of the schools in this or other parishes.

(not signed.)

SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF PERTH.

1. NUMBER of INHABITANTS in the SHIRE of PERTH in the Year 1831 - - - - - 142,894.

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL
2. NUMBER of Children under five years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	646	629	1,275
Number of Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	8,333	6,538	14,871
Number of such Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write - - - - - }	5,253	3,427	8,680

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
			Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
3. PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS - - - - -	73	75						
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			2,660	1,614	4,274	1,258	767	2,025
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			3,049	1,740	4,789	1,515	826	2,341

	£.	s.	d.
TOTAL AMOUNT of Salaries received by Parochial Schoolmasters - - - - -	2,384	15	7
— of School Fees received by - - ditto - - - - -	1,192	13	11
— of other Emoluments received by ditto - - - - -	434	9	4½
	£.	4,011	18 10½

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
			Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
4. SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - - -	251	259						
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			4,128	3,389	7,517	1,663	1,320	2,983
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			5,264	4,334	9,598	2,023	1,683	3,706

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
			Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
5. TOTAL NUMBER of PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, and SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - - - }	324	334						
Total Number of Children attending School from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			6,788	5,003	11,791	2,921	2,087	5,008
Total Number of Children attending School from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			8,313	6,074	14,387	3,538	2,509	6,047

REMARKS ON THE SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF PERTH.

the number of Inhabitants attributed to the several parishes in this Abstract of Education Returns, differs from the total number ascribed to the Shire of Perth in the Population Abstract of 1831, because in a few instances parishes extend into adjoining shires, in which case the entire parish is ascribed to that shire in which the larger portion of its population reside; this kind of correction being unavoidable in a Return strictly parochial. The total population of the parishes entered in this Abstract thus becomes 586 persons less than 142,894, and is taken at 142,308 in all the calculations on which the subsequent remarks are founded.

To this number might be added, in strictness, an increase of nearly one per cent. (or $8\frac{1}{2}$ in 1,000) during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and ten months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years; such estimated increase somewhat lessens the proportion of children educated, or under education in the Shire of Perth, but does not alter any of the numbers which are stated in the Summary, or in the following remarks.

The difficulty of personal inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has not permitted the ministers of twenty-seven parishes in Perthshire to specify the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read, or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears on the opposite page to have been 1,275, which, by application of the rule of proportion to the population of all the parishes, gives 1,874 for the entire Shire of Perth.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read (as specified in the Returns) is 14,871; adding to which a due proportion for sixteen parishes (which are defective in this particular), the total number may be assumed at 17,973. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years of age at Lady Day 1834 must have been 33,224, supposing the same proportion as before now to exist throughout the Shire of Perth.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write (as specified in the Returns) is 8,680; adding to which a due proportion for eighteen parishes (defective in this particular), the total number of such children is 11,309.

The number of Parochial Schools is 73, in which are 75 instructors. The greatest number of scholars at these schools between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 4,274, but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 4,639, and the least number of scholars (2,025) in like manner becomes 3,138.

The greatest number of scholars at Parochial Schools between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 4,789, but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 5,213, and the least number of scholars (2,341) in like manner becomes 3,507.

The total amount of salaries, school fees and other emoluments appertaining to the parochial instructors was £4,011 from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834, exclusive of the fees connected with the Parochial Schools at Abernethy, Auchterarder, Crieff, and Cupar Angus; of other emoluments with the Schools at Comrie and Little Dunkeld; of the fees and other emoluments with the Schools at Droon and Tibbermuir; and of the salary, fees and other emoluments belonging to the School at Kilmadock with Doune; the amount whereof is not stated in the Returns from these parishes.

The number of Schools not Parochial is 251, in which are 259 instructors. The greatest number of scholars between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 7,517; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 10,877, and the least number of scholars (2,983), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 7,435.

The greatest number of scholars at Schools not Parochial between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 9,598; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 13,649, and the least number of scholars (3,706), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 8,819.

The total number of Schools (Parochial and not Parochial) is 324, in which are 334 instructors. The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Perth between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 11,791; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 15,516; and the least number of scholars (5,008), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 10,573.

The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Perth between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 14,387; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 18,862; and the least number of scholars (6,047), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 12,326.

Sabbath-day Schools are occasionally mentioned in the Returns; but children receiving daily instruction, and no others, are included in the foregoing Summary and Remarks.

Shire of Renfrew.

ABSTRACT OF EDUCATION

*[The Parishes are placed in Alphabetical order throughout the County, except those
are always entered under t*

BEITH Parish. See AYRSHIRE.

CATHCART Parish (Pop. in 1831, 2,228.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	34	29	63	28	14	42	20	16	36	20	16	36		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	116	98	214	92	88	180	118	95	213	90	86	176		

DUNLOP Parish. See AYRSHIRE.

EAGLESHAM Parish - (Pop. 2,372.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				4	7	11	229	186	415	104	50	154			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.				CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	7	-	-	-	16	5	21	-	-	-		
OTHER SCHOOLS.				CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
				From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.		Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				3	3	98	76	174	91	54	145	97	73	170	86

123

Shire of Renfrew.

RETURNS, JULY M.DCCC.XXXIV.

*Greenock and in the Burgh of Paisley; but the Parochial Districts recently established
one of their ancient Parishes.*

THCART Parish is landward, with a Village.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, geography and Latin. The salary of the master is 30*l.*, but less 3*l.* 3*s.* for Widows' Fund; the school fees amount to 15*l.* 4*s.*, and other emoluments to 8*l.* annually as session clerk and kirk treasurer. At two of the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught, and Latin, Greek, mathematics, &c. at the other. A Free School has lately been opened for English reading, which is attended by 24 children.

(signed) *James Smith*, Minister.

GLESHAM Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, Latin, Greek, writing and arithmetic. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with about 7*l.* other emoluments annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches (Greek excepted) are taught as at the Parochial School.

(not signed.)

EASTWOOD with POLLECKSHAW'S } - (Pop. 6,854.) Parish - - - - }			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			1	2	55	281	226	507	168	103	271

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	61	50	111	44	38	82	57	39	96	41	34	75		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	353	246	599	291	200	491	343	237	580	299	198	497		

ERSKINE Parish - - (Pop. 973.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	29	26	55	-	-	-	32	27	59	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	20	19	39	17	18	35	23	23	46	20	19	39

GOVAN Parish. See LANARKSHIRE.

GREENOCK. 1. EAST-GREENOCK } - (Pop. 4,672.) Parish - - - }			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	104	83	187	96	57	153

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
6	6	150	97	247	123	82	205	186	114	300	152	95	247		

TWOOD Parish, which includes the Town of Polleckshaws, is partly a Burgh and partly landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geography, and occasionally algebra and practical mathematics. The salary of the master is 34*l.* per annum, with 36*l.* school fees, and 10*l.* annually other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught.

In the numbers returned as attending the Schools *not* Parochial is a very great proportion of evening scholars who are connected with the public works, and consequently cannot attend during the day. There are also three Sabbath Schools in the parish which are attended by about 600 males and females, many of whom attend either the daily or evening schools throughout the week. It would be a difficult task to ascertain the number of persons in the parish above fifteen years of age who are unable to read.

(signed) *Geo. Logan*, Minister.

SKINE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, English grammar, arithmetic, geography, book-keeping and Church Catechism; also Latin and Greek if required. The salary of the master is 25*l.* per annum, with about 30*l.* average school fees, and 6*l.* other emoluments annually as session clerk, but this is not necessarily connected with the office of schoolmaster. The School *not* Parochial is a side school, partly supported by a small contribution from the heritors, and partly by the fees, and whereat reading, writing, arithmetic, the elements of English grammar, the shorter Catechism of the Scotch Church, geography and book-keeping are taught. There was an attempt last year to form another side school in the parish, which proved abortive, as the teacher had to depend entirely on the fees of a few scholars. The parochial schoolmaster has the smallest salary within the bounds of the Presbytery, although the population of this parish is greater than some others; he is an excellent scholar, and gives great satisfaction, but there seems to be very little desire at present (owing to the bad times) among parents to give their children a liberal education, and therefore the schoolmaster has had no Latin pupil for eight years, nor a Greek one for many more, the people not being able to afford more than what is necessary for the ordinary branches.

In answer to the questions as to the number of children under five years of age taught to read, and of those between five and fifteen taught to read and write, it may be stated that the schoolmasters in this parish are averse to having children under five years of age in the school with older children, because they cannot pay the attention to them that they require at such an age, they therefore take the children at six, and between that age and fifteen years all can both read and write.

(not signed.)

ST-GREENOCK Parish is partly landward, and partly in the Burgh of Greenock.

The instruction given at the six schools which exist in the parish consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar and geography.

The number of schools and scholars returned from the three parishes constituting the town of Greenock will, when added together, exhibit an approximation to the state of education in the whole town and neighbourhood. It will be observed that the attendance in this and in the middle parish appears to be very defective. The history of this is, partly, that the greater number of schools is in the old (or west) parish, where of course a large number of the children from the other two parishes attend; but the chief reason is, that the inhabitants of the east and the middle parishes belong mostly to the poorer classes, and there being no Parochial or endowed Schools, the parents are unable to pay the expense of education. Hence the attendance, although greater than the two returns separately exhibit, is still very defective, and the quality of the instruction is very bad.

(signed) *William Menzies*, Minister.

2. MIDDLE-GREENOCK } Parish - - - } (Pop. 7,371.)		Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
		Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
		3	4	7	86	167	253	34	24	58

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	4	97	180	277	82	154	236	105	196	301	89	179	26

3. WEST-GREENOCK Parish - - - } (Pop. 15,528.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				22	32	54	1,224	859	2,083	659	403	1,062

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
27	42	1,246	891	2,137	1,172	861	2,033	1,346	991	2,337	1,264	933	2,197

HOUSTOUN and KIL- LELLAN Parish } (Pop. 2,745.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
				3	-	3	142	110	252	58	37	95		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	1	31	27	58	24	20	44	34	28	62	20	21	41	
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.												
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
4	4	114	79	193	98	69	167	118	74	192	93	70	163	

DLE-GREENOCK or the New Parish is situate in the centre, and forms part of the Burgh of Greenock.

At the Schools which exist in this parish, reading, writing, history, grammar, composition, arithmetic, book-keeping and music are taught; females are also instructed in needlework.—*See* Observations to the Return from East Parish.

(not signed.)

ST-GREENOCK or the Old Parish is partly landward, and partly in the Burgh of Greenock.

The instruction given at the schools which exist in the parish consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics, geography, history, classical literature, the French and Italian languages, architecture, drawing and music; needlework is also taught to females.—*See* Observations to the Return from East Parish.

(not signed.)

USTOUN and KILLELLAN united Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, Latin, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping; to which has been added by the present master, geography and history. The salary is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 24*l.* school fees, and other emoluments not necessarily connected with the office of schoolmaster, amounting to 9*l.* annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and geography are taught.

Although the united parish of Houstoun and Killellan is landward, it contains six cotton mills, one bleachfield, and three villages, consequently the population is very fluctuating; many of the families, particularly of the Irish, who perhaps during one month are residing in a certain district, are in the following month thirty miles distant; indeed, according to report, they only rent their houses from fortnight to fortnight; the difficulties, labour and anxiety which have therefore attended the investigation necessary to answering these questions correctly have been considerable, especially to a clergyman who is just about entering the fifty-seventh year of his ministry. It is to be observed that there are many young persons in the parish between fifteen and twenty-five years of age who attend evening schools, where they are taught reading, writing, arithmetic, &c.

(signed) *John Monteath*, D. D., Minister.

INCHINNAN Parish - (Pop. 642.)						Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
						Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
						Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
						-	-	-	36	9	45	29	4	33

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	35	21	56	20	13	33	34	15	49	26	17	43

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	13	13	-	-	-	-	15	15	-	-	-

1. INNERKIP Parish, - - (Pop. 988.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			8	12	20	88	86	174	60	38	98

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	36	34	70	29	26	55	42	36	78	36	28	64

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	16	14	30	12	10	22	18	16	34	13	12	25

2. GOUROCK Parish - (Pop. 1,100.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			5	7	12	69	24	93	30	18	48

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	45	15	60	37	13	50	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	40	32	72	30	21	51	-	-	-	-	-	-

HINNAN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, Latin, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and geography; no other branches are required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with about 22*l.* school fees, and 5*l.* annually, other emoluments, arising from the office of session clerk, collector of road money, &c. At the School *not* Parochial, the same instruction is given as is usual in female schools of industry.

In reference to the questions as to how many children under fifteen years of age have been taught or are now learning to read and write, the number returned comprehends those only who are now attending school; and in landward parishes like this, very few attend school during the summer months. In estimating the income of teachers, as partly arising from fees, it should be noticed that they often sustain considerable loss from feeling it disagreeable to exact what they are entitled to from parents in needy circumstances.

(signed) *L. Lochart*, Minister.

ERKIP Parish (Gourock having been separated therefrom) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin, book-keeping and drawing; it might also be advantageous if the elements of algebra and practical mathematics were taught. The salary of the master is 30*l.* 15*s.* 11½*d.* per annum, with from 26*l.* to 28*l.* annually, arising from school fees. At the School *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

All the natives of the parish above fifteen years of age are able to read.

(not signed.)

UROCK Parish, which is a new Government District separated from the Parish of Innerkip, is partly a Town and partly landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geography and navigation; other branches might also be advantageously taught. The salary paid by the heritors is 20*l.* 10*s.* per annum; the school fees amount to about 30*l.* and the master is also allowed 2*l.* 2*s.* annually for distributing the poor's money. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, sewing is taught; at the other, the instruction consists of the same branches as at the Parochial School.

It is very desirable that a small annuity should be given to the teacher of the school last-mentioned; the means of education in the parish would then be rendered ample. In reference to the questions as to how many children under fifteen years of age have been taught or are now learning to read and write, the number returned comprehends those only who are now attending school; but, with the exception of a few Irish, all persons in the parish above fifteen years of age are able to read.

(signed) *D. Macleod*.

KILBARCHAN Parish - (Pop. 4,806.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			17	14	31	246	217	463	114	80	194

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	38	15	53	30	15	45	40	20	60	36	14	50

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
7	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	224	213	437	190	169	359

KILMALCOLM Parish - (Pop. 1,613.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			—	—	12	115	82	197	—	—	—

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	15	12	27	9	6	15	—	—	—	—	—	—		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
6	6	100	70	170	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		

LOCHWINNOCH Parish - (Pop. 4,515.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			17	14	31	373	266	639	136	87	223

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	53	25	78	47	30	77

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
9	9	280	202	482	230	155	385	305	211	516	243	152	395

h31

BARCHAN Parish is landward, but containing three Villages.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geography and Latin, with mensuration, navigation, and the elements of Greek, when required; the French language might also be taught in addition. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with about 15*l.* 10*s.* school fees, also 9*l.* 1*s.* 6*d.* arising from the office of session clerk, and an allowance of 10*l.* annually for house and garden. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught generally; also at two, geography and Latin, and some of the branches of practical mathematics; and at two others (which are for females only) plain needlework for some, and superior work, with music and drawing, for others.

In regard to the number of children attending the Schools *not* Parochial, the answers given are only such approximations as the several teachers could make to the correct state of the case; positive accuracy could only be arrived at by having the numbers in attendance noted down at short intervals, as they are often extremely fluctuating from obvious causes in manufacturing districts, and where they often pay weekly, if they pay at all. The number of children also returned under fifteen years of age who have been taught to read and write, comprehends only those who are now actually learning. In regard to the quality of the education given at the Parochial School, it may be observed, that it has enabled not a few of the middle ranks, and even from the inferior classes, to bring themselves forward advantageously in after life, of which, an instance or two may be noticed: Peter Cochrane, Esq. late of the Honourable East India Company's Bengal Establishment, and head of the Medical Board; also Robert John Hume, Esq. a distinguished medical officer in the service of the Duke of Wellington, both natives of this parish, and indebted for their tuition and training in earlier life to its parochial school.

(signed) Robert Douglas, Minister.

MALCOLM Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing and arithmetic; Latin and book-keeping are also directed to be taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 2*s.* 8*d.* per annum (out of which 3*l.* is given yearly to the Schools *not* Parochial), and about 10*l.* annually, arising from school fees. At the other six schools the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School.

Very few, certainly not more than twelve children under five years of age are at present learning to read. It is difficult to state the exact number in attendance at the Schools *not* Parochial at any particular season of the year; those returned may be considered the average number throughout the year; the attendance at the Parochial School is nearly the same in winter as in summer.

(not signed.)

CHWINNOCH Parish is partly a Town and partly landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, Latin, Greek and French; mathematics, geography and the use of the globes might also be advantageously taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* per annum (from which 5*l.* is paid yearly to one of the Schools *not* Parochial), with school fees varying according to the branches taught; and 25*l.* annually, arising from the interest of a mortification. At some of the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School; at others, reading and writing only.

The attendance at the Parochial School during the first period mentioned was very small, and, owing to a change of teacher, the number cannot be ascertained; the numbers in attendance at the other schools are also so fluctuating that those returned must be considered as approximating to the truth. The 31 children under five years of age returned as learning to read, comprehends only those who are at present at school; but of the 639 between that age and fifteen who are learning, 114 attend evening schools only; and besides the 223 reported as learning to write, between five and fifteen years of age, about 140 principally males, and somewhat older, occasionally attend evening schools for writing and the higher branches of education. Two of the private schools have each a house and garden, and one of these, 5*l.* per annum of the parochial salary; one teacher has no fees, but a school-house and 30*l.* per annum allowed by a Cotton Mill Company. There is hardly a person in the parish who cannot read.

(signed) Robert Smith, Minister.

MEARNS Parish - - - (Pop.2,814.)					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					-	-	-	297	142	439	150	75	225

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	60	40	100	54	36	90	65	46	111	61	42	103

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	90	72	162	70	61	131	93	68	161	85	65	150

NEILSTON Parish - - (Pop. 8,046.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				13	12	25	312	232	544	148	96	244

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	67	22	89	48	16	64	76	26	102	54	19	73

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
12	12	362	256	618	330	228	558	361	251	612	323	231	554

PAISLEY BURGH.

1. PAISLEY ABBEY } - (Pop. 26,006.) Parish - - - }				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				134	118	252	3,043	2,803	5,846	1,205	754	1,959			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.				CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
				From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
OTHER SCHOOLS.				CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
				From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
31	36	1,390	839	2,229	-	-	-	1,268	782	2,050	-	-	-		

RNS Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, geography, arithmetic, English grammar, reading and writing; it is believed that no other branches could be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* (20*l.* of which he pays to an assistant), with 63*l.* school fees, and 4*l.* annually other emoluments; the master of this school has occasionally, during the winter season, taught a class for writing and arithmetic, for the benefit of persons grown up, and engaged during the day principally in agricultural pursuits; but the number attending is not included in the Return. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English grammar, arithmetic, reading and writing are taught. The teacher of one of these schools also has a night class for children employed in a manufactory, who are included with the number of daily scholars.

There are very few of the natives of this parish above the age of fifteen years who cannot read the Scriptures, and who have not been taught to write, and those few consist of Highlanders and natives of Ireland.

(signed) *D. Mahellar*, Minister.

STON Parish is landward, but it contains certain Villages.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, Latin, French, writing, arithmetic, practical mathematics, geography, book-keeping, Greek and algebra; theoretical mathematics and navigation might also be advantageously taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.* per annum, with school fees regulated according to the various branches taught. At the Schools *not* Parochial, the instruction consists of English reading and grammar, writing and arithmetic, and at some Latin is also taught.

To render the Parochial School in this parish thoroughly efficient, a library, together with an apparatus for mathematics, geography and astronomy, should be attached; the salary should also be at least 50*l.* per annum, with a commodious house and school-house for the master, as the efficiency of a teacher depends much on his respectability, comfort and independence. In an extensive parish like this, five Parochial Schools are needed to meet the wants of the increasing population; these should be under the superintendence of the clergyman, and none of the masters should be permitted to hold any other office; but on account of the miserable salaries which are generally allowed to parish schoolmasters, they are obliged to accept other appointments, such as registrars of births, voters' lists, &c. to the manifest injury of their schools.

(signed) *Alexander Fleming*, Minister.

PAISLEY BURGH.

SLEY ABBEY Parish is partly landward and partly within the Burgh of Paisley.

The instruction given at the Schools which exist in the parish (none of which are parochial) consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics, geography, music, Latin and French.

The greatest and smallest number of children that have attended the schools during the periods required cannot be accurately given; those returned are the average number during the respective half years. The heritors have lately resolved to grant the statutory provision for a Parish School, and have appointed a committee to report how it may be most beneficially applied, whether for the endowment of one or more schools.

(signed) *Robert Macnair*, Minister.

2. HIGH CHURCH Parish (Pop. 14,621.)		Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
		Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
14	15	-	-	1,248	-	-	1,090	888	751	1,639	685	493	1,178

3. LOW CHURCH Parish - (Pop. 6,955.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

4. MIDDLE CHURCH Parish(Pop.9,884.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
14	16	-	-	996	-	-	-	517	396	913	425	338	763

635

H CHURCH Parish is altogether Burgh.

There is no Parochial School; but under the Government grant, lately made, the Kirk Session, aided by the benevolence of the Educational Association, have erected two schools; one of these is in full operation, and the other will be opened in about two months. The salary of the master is 15*l.* per annum, with fees of 2*d.* per week for each scholar; at the other thirteen schools, English, writing, arithmetic and Latin are taught; one of these is a Charity School, where 150 day and 100 evening scholars are taught gratis.

The question as to the number of children under five years of age who are taught to read, and the questions as to the number between five and fifteen who are taught to read and to write, are not answered, but the following may serve as a specimen of the parish;—in a district containing a population of 1,047, there are 46 children between the ages of five and ten who cannot read, and are not at school; there are 96 between the ages of ten and fifteen who cannot write; there are 18 above fifteen years of age who can neither read nor write; and there are 96 children at school. There are also Sabbath Schools, which are not included in the Return; these are attended by upwards of 1,500 children.

It is a singular fact, that of the families employed in factories, a greater proportion of the children are attending school than of the families of weavers or labourers, and this goes far to demonstrate the wisdom of some clauses in the Factory Bill.

(not signed.)

V CHURCH Parish is altogether Burgh.

The School entered as Parochial is a Burgh School; it has no salary attached to it, but the teacher has a house and school-room; a sessional school is building. At the other six schools, English, writing and arithmetic are taught; these schools are attended by 555 children, including the evening classes.

(not signed.)

ODLE CHURCH Parish is entirely landward.

There is no Parochial School, strictly speaking, but the three schools entered as such are public Burgh Schools; there is a Sessional School in course of erection. At the other fourteen schools, English, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek and mathematics, &c. are taught.

(not signed.)

PORT-GLASGOW Parish - (Pop. 5,192.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				22	16	38	630	315	945	340	169	509

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.												
1	1	35	20	55	25	15	40	35	20	55	25	15	40

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.												
7	7	327	163	490	327	163	490	334	166	500	334	166	500

RENFREW Burgh and } Parish - - - - } - (Pop. 2,833.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				2	4	6	308	260	568	111	78	189

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	86	35	121	71	25	96	81	31	112	65	21	86		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	220	150	370	200	130	330		

RT-GLASGOW Parish is partly Burgh and partly landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, Latin Greek and French. The salary of the master is 20*l.* per annum, with from 40*l.* to 50*l.* school fees annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, French, geography, navigation, &c. are taught.

(not signed.)

RENFREW Parish comprises a Royal Burgh and a landward district.

The School returned as Parochial is a "Grammar School" connected with the burgh; the instruction given consists of English, Latin, Greek, writing, arithmetic, mathematics and geography. The salary of the master (who occasionally employs an assistant) is 36*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum; he is also allowed a house and garden. The school fees (which are ill paid) may average about 45*l.* annually. At three of the other schools, the usual miscellaneous branches are taught; the remaining two are schools of industry for females.

In all populous and manufacturing districts the children of one parish often attend schools in another, which has the effect of raising apparently the proportion of children at school in one parish and depressing it in the other; wherefore, to obviate this difficulty, a survey of the number of children under fifteen years of age who have been taught or are now learning to read and write in the parish of Renfrew has been made, from the result of which it appears that there are 40 or 50 children of age to be at school that have not been sent; but the chief matter of regret is that they are too soon removed from school to work; on this account many who have had lessons in writing cannot write, and many in reading who cannot read with sufficient fluency to take pleasure in it. The great thing wanted in teaching is division of labour; the teachers generally have too many branches to do justice to any, and they are withal miserably paid. The endowment of three teachers at the grammar school here, and division of classes into three departments, would be highly beneficial. The want of a Parochial School is also a great evil; some of the teachers are so ill paid as to be often changing, and they are always too dependent to raise the character of education. Without a limited endowment the subdivision of teaching cannot be reached except in large towns and cities, and unless the teachers are united with the church there neither can nor will be a proper superintendence.

(signed) *Duncan Macfarlane*, Minister.

SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF RENFREW.

1. NUMBER of INHABITANTS in the SHIRE of RENFREW in the Year 1831 - - - - - 133,443.

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
2. NUMBER of Children under five years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	284	273	557
Number of Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	7,583	6,067	13,650
Number of such Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write - - - - - }	3,442	2,073	5,515

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
3. PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS - - - - -	19	22	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			577	348	925	419	237	656
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			585	334	919	431	257	688

	£.	s.	d.
TOTAL AMOUNT of Salaries received by Parochial Schoolmasters - - -	463	7	4 ³ / ₄
- of School Fees received by - - ditto - - -	362	14	-
- of other Emoluments received by ditto - - -	71	3	6
£.	897	4	10 ³ / ₄

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
4. SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - - -	169	193	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			5,385	3,757	9,142	2,965	2,164	5,129
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			5,676	4,071	9,747	3,906	2,902	6,808

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
5. TOTAL NUMBER of PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, and SCHOOLS not PAROCHIAL - - - }	188	215	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Total Number of Children attending School from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			5,962	4,105	10,067	3,384	2,401	5,785
Total Number of Children attending School from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			6,261	4,405	10,666	4,337	3,159	7,496

REMARKS ON THE SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF RENFREW.

The number of Inhabitants attributed to the several parishes in this Abstract of Education Returns differs from the total number ascribed to the Shire of Renfrew in the Population Abstract of 1831, because in a few instances parishes extend into adjoining shires, in which case the entire parish is ascribed to that shire in which the larger portion of its population reside; this kind of correction being unavoidable in a Return strictly parochial. The total Population of the parishes entered in this Abstract thus becomes 685 persons less than 133,443, and is taken at 132,758 in all the calculations on which the subsequent remarks are founded.

To this number might be added, in strictness, an increase of nearly five and a half per cent. (or 54 in 1,000) during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and ten months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years; such estimated increase somewhat lessens the proportion of children educated or under education in the Shire of Renfrew, but does not alter any of the numbers which are stated in the Summary or in the following remarks.

The difficulty of personal inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has not permitted the ministers of eight parishes in Renfrewshire to specify the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read, or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears on the opposite page to have been 557; which, by application of the rule of proportion to the population of all the parishes, gives 822 for the entire Shire of Renfrew.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read (as specified in the Returns) is 13,650; adding to which a due proportion for five parishes (which are defective in this particular) the total number may be assumed at 18,473. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years of age at Lady Day 1834 must have been 34,538, supposing the same proportion as before now to exist throughout the Shire of Renfrew.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write (as specified in the Returns) is 5,515, adding to which a due proportion for six parishes (defective in this particular) the total number of such children is 7,588.

The number of Parochial Schools is 19, in which are 22 instructors. The greatest number of scholars at these Schools between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 925, but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 1,102, and the least number of scholars (656) in like manner becomes 806.

The greatest number of scholars at Parochial Schools between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 919, but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 1,078, and the least number of scholars (688) in like manner becomes 831.

The total amount of salaries, school fees and other emoluments appertaining to the parochial instructors was £. 897 from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834, exclusive of the fees appertaining to the Parochial School at Lochwinnoch, and of the salaries, fees and other emoluments belonging to the Schools at Middle Church (Paisley), the amount whereof is not specified in the Returns from these parishes.

The number of Schools not Parochial is 169, in which are 193 instructors. The greatest number of scholars between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 9,142, adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 11,721, and the least number of scholars (5,129) the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 10,412.

The greatest number of scholars at Schools not Parochial between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 9,747; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 11,930, and the least number of scholars (6,808), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 11,046.

The total number of Schools (Parochial and not Parochial) is 188, in which are 215 instructors. The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Renfrew between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 10,067; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 12,823, and the least number of scholars (5,785) the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 11,218.

The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Renfrew between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 10,666; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 13,008, and the least number of scholars (7,496), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 11,877.

Sabbath-day Schools are mentioned in two of the Returns; but children receiving daily instruction, and no others, are included in the foregoing Summary and Remarks.

Shires of Ross and Cromarty.

ABSTRACT OF EDUCATION

[The Parishes are placed in Alphabetical order throughout the County ; but the Parochial

ALNESS Parish - (Pop. in 1831, 1,437.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.						
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.						
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.				
			9	7	16	121	115	236	86	24	110				
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	45	15	60	34	8	42	59	15	74	45	15	60		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
3	3	43	37	80	35	29	64	78	67	145	47	37	84		
1. APPLECROSS Parish - (Pop. 2,892.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.						
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.						
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.				
			-	-	-	200	60	260	40	12	52				
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	44	12	56	-	-	-		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	156	48	204	-	-	-		

Shires of Ross and Cromarty.

RETURNS, JULY M.DCCC.XXXIV.

districts recently established are always entered under the name of their ancient Parishes.]

ESS Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, English grammar, arithmetic, book-keeping and Latin; also Greek if required; no other branches are necessary. The salary of the master is 28*l.* per annum, with 20*l.* school fees, and 2*l.* 15*s.* other emoluments annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English and Gaelic reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

The accommodations in the Parochial School, both for the master and the scholars, are too limited and imperfect. Many of the inhabitants are very poor; it would therefore be necessary that the school-master should teach a considerable number of the children gratuitously. There are upwards of 200 persons in the parish who cannot read

(signed) *Alexander Flyter*, Minister.

PLECROSS Parish (the Return from which includes the population of part of the new Government district of Shieldag) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek and mathematics. The salary of the master is 25*l.* per annum, with 4*l.* 10*s.* school fees, and 3*l.* 10*s.* other emoluments annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English and Gaelic reading, writing, arithmetic and Latin are taught.

The parish being very extensive (about 20 miles long and as many broad), and the time given for collecting the answers limited, this Return is not so accurate as could be wished, but in the statement made there can be no material error.

(signed) *Roderick Macrae*, Minister.

2. SHIELDAG Parish.			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			3	-	3	94	62	156	49	15	64

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	117	61	178	97	54	151	129	68	197	66	44	110

AVOCH Parish - - (Pop. 1,956.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			13	12	25	106	63	169	78	20	98		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	50	34	84	-	-	-	51	33	84	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	101	62	163	-	-	-	90	58	148	90	58	148

1. BARVAS Parish - - (Pop. 1,697.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.								
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.								
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.						
			-	-	-	211	192	403	24	3	27						
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.														
Schools.			Instructors.			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
						Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
1	1	29	17	46	12	8	20	17	9	26	8	4	12				
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.														
Schools.			Instructors.			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
						Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
2	2	12	14	26	9	7	16	93	67	160	28	18	46				

ELDAG Parish (a new Government district, partly in Applecross, and partly in two other parishes) is entirely landward.

There is no Parochial School. Of the schools which exist in the parish, two belong to the General Assembly, one to the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge, and the other to the Gaelic Society; at the three first-mentioned, English and Gaelic reading, writing and arithmetic are taught; and two of the teachers are capable of giving instruction in Greek, Latin, &c. if such branches were necessary; at the other, Gaelic only is taught; this school is attended by 37 children, who are not included in the number of scholars returned.

The census of this parish was not taken separately in 1831, consequently the number of inhabitants at that time cannot be accurately stated; at present (1834) it contains 2,233 persons, of whom 1,528 above six years of age can neither read nor write English or Gaelic.

(signed) *Colin Machenzie*, Minister.

OCH Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English grammar and reading, writing, arithmetic and Latin; also Greek if required; but no other branches are necessary. The salary of the master is 30 *l.* per annum, with 10 *l.* school fees, and 6 *l.* 16 *s.* 8 *d.* annually, arising from the offices of session clerk, precentor and catechist. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, English grammar, Latin, arithmetic and sewing are taught.

No doubt there are many persons in the parish above the age of fifteen years who are unable to read, but the number cannot be accurately ascertained; the rising generation however are placed in very favourable circumstances, there being four schools very respectably attended (besides the Parochial School), but from the poverty of the inhabitants the teachers of these schools are most miserably remunerated for their exertions.

(signed) *James Gibson*, Minister.

RVAS Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, Gaelic, Latin, Greek, arithmetic and book-keeping; no other branches are required. The salary of the master is 28 *l.* per annum, with 10 *s.* school fees, and 6 *l.* 8 *s.* 6 *d.* other emoluments annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, Gaelic, English and writing are taught; one of these schools was not opened until after Michaelmas 1833.

There are 390 persons above fifteen years of age who are unable to read.

(signed) *William MacRae*, Minister.

2. CROSS Parish - - - (Pop. 1,314.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	47	42	89	14	2	16
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3		28	21	49	5	2	7	72	47	119

1. CONTIN Parish - - - (Pop. 762.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			6	3	9	90	54	144	54	13	67
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1		53	20	73	-	-	-	43	18	61
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2		28	16	44	-	-	-	35	22	57

2. CARNOCK in STRATH- CONAN Parish - - - } (Pop. 1,018.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			4	5	9	81	47	128	28	4	32
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.								
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2		61	46	107	16	9	25	53	33	86

SS Parish (which is one of the new Government districts, detached from the parish of Barvas) is entirely landward.

There is no Parochial School, but three others, wherein Gaelic and English reading, arithmetic and Latin are taught.

In reference to the question respecting the number of children between five and fifteen years of age taught to read, it may be observed, that out of 89 learning to read, 62 are learning the Gaelic only, and it is thought that there are not in all the parish two score above twenty years of age who can read or write English. This accounts for the great disparity between readers and writers as marked in their respective columns; for those who confine themselves entirely to Gaelic reading do not learn to write.

(not signed.)

TIN Parish is entirely a Country Parish.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic and Latin; no other branches are required, but the master is qualified to teach Greek. The salary of the master is 30 *l.*, with school fees and other emoluments amounting to 10 *l.* annually. Of the Schools *not* Parochial, one is supported by a society, and the other by the parishioners; the branches taught are English and Gaelic reading, writing and arithmetic.

(not signed.)

NOCH in STRATH-CONAN (a new Government district in the parishes of Contin, Fodderty and Urray) is entirely landward.

There is no Parochial School. The instruction given at the two schools which exist in the parish consists of English and Gaelic reading, writing and arithmetic.

Of the 1,018 returned as the population (which has now decreased to 870), 657 belonged to the parish of Contin, 191 to Fodderty, and 170 to the parish of Urray. In reference to the 137 children returned as now learning to read, a considerable number of them are taught by parents nearly as ignorant as their children.

(signed) *John M'Kenzie*, Minister.

3. KINLOCH-LUICHART Parish.				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	30	20	50	18	11	29	35	30	65	24	18	42

CROMARTY Burgh and } (Pop. 2,901.) Parish - - - - }				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				12	15	27	241	224	465	127	75	202

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	47	6	53	42	6	48	46	8	54	43	7	50

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
6	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

DINGWALL Burgh and Parish - - - - - } (Pop. 2,124.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			59	43	102	159	89	248	-	-	153		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	65	16	81	44	11	55	51	10	61	44	9	53
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	153	113	266	140	104	244	136	104	240	121	97	218

INLOCH-LUICHART (a new Government district in the Parish of Contin) is entirely landward.

Only one school exists in the parish, which is supported by the Gaelic School Society, and at this school only Gaelic reading is taught.

Not more than 100 of the inhabitants reside within four miles of the church, consequently the minister is obliged to attend from house to house (living a short time at each) to catechise the people; and this circumstance has afforded him opportunity of ascertaining, that of all the inhabitants above twenty years of age, only one in six can read; of those between fifteen and twenty years, only one in four; of those between five and fifteen years, only one in three; and in the whole parish only 60 persons are to be found who can write. There are two stations where schools might be advantageously erected, and each attended by from 45 to 60 children in winter and spring, and from 30 to 40 in summer and harvest; the people are very anxious that their children should be taught to read and write, and their poverty calls loudly upon the Government to provide for them the means of education. The census of this parish was not taken separately in 1831, but in the spring of this year (1834) the number of inhabitants amounted to 657.

(not signed.)

ROMARTY Parish is partly a Burgh and partly landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, grammar, writing, arithmetic, theoretical and practical mathematics, book-keeping, geography, Latin, Greek and French; but there are only two or three who are studying the higher branches. The salary of the master is 40 *l.* per annum, with about 10 *l.* school fees, and other emoluments (not necessarily following his office of schoolmaster) amounting to 13 *l.*, together with a house of the annual value of 8 *l.* 9 *s.* Nearly the same branches are taught at the Schools *not* Parochial, with Italian in some instances in addition. The numbers attending these schools at the respective dates required cannot, for the want of authentic catalogues, be accurately given, but the average number throughout the year may be taken at 137 males and 106 females.

There may be about fifty old persons in the parish who cannot read; very few of the rising generation can be found who are unable to read a little, but their reading in many instances is sadly defective, consequently of limited use to them; there is in this respect much room for improvement in the quality of the education afforded. The Bible is a common school book, and the shorter catechism is taught in all the schools.

(not signed.)

INGWALL Parish is partly a Burgh and partly landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, Latin, Greek, French, mathematics and geography. The salary of the master is 34 *l.* 4 *s.* 4 *d.* per annum, with 25 *l.* 4 *s.* school fees, and 1 *l.* 10 *s.* from burgh funds annually. At three of the Schools *not* Parochial, Gaelic, English reading and grammar, writing and arithmetic are taught; and at the other, the same branches, with Latin and geography in addition.

The attendance at all the schools was unusually small during the period stated in 1834, owing to the prevalence of sickness among the young people.

(not signed.)

EDDERTON Parish - (Pop. 1,023.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.				CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS:											
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	39	-	-	44	-	-	-	-	-	-		
OTHER SCHOOLS.				CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
				From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			

FEARN Parish - - (Pop. 1,695.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	57	20	77	27	7	34

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	77	32	109	-	-	-		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	84	46	130	-	-	-		

FODDERTY Parish - (Pop. 2,041.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			4	2	6	206	158	364	74	33	107		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	88	74	162	-	-	-	102	71	173	-	-	-

EDDERTON Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and sometimes Latin. The salary of the master (who employs an assistant) is 27*l.* 16*s.* per annum; the school fees, if all paid, would amount to 7*l.* 10*s.* annually, but only 6*l.* is actually paid; the other emoluments are 2*l.* 12*s.* as session clerk.

The distinction of ages and sex not having been thought of in 1833 and 1834, precise answers to the questions concerning the number of children under five years of age taught to read, and the number between five and fifteen years taught to read and write, cannot be given; only it may be stated, that scarcely any children under five years of age ever come to school; that the proportion of girls to boys may be as two to five; and that in winter some of the scholars may be above fifteen years of age. The parish of Edderton, though rather extensive, is but thinly peopled, as being mostly hill and moor ground. Most of the inhabitants are very small farmers or cottagers, who make their living by manufacturing and selling peats to the adjacent parishes; they are all very poor, thinly scattered, and most of them at a distance of five or six miles from the school, consequently no very young children can attend school at all; the younger branches of a family only in summer, when the weather permits, and the older children, who are employed in herding cattle during summer, may attend in winter; so that one set of scholars succeeds the other every half year. In the first 10 or 12 years of the present teacher's incumbency, that is from 1790, the people, though not then quite so numerous, being however in much better circumstances than they now are, could afford to keep their children much more regularly and longer at school than now they can venture to do.

(signed) *Finlay Mathison*, Schoolmaster.

FEARN Parish is landward, with two fishing Villages.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and Latin; to which might be conveniently added the elements of geometry and the Greek language. The salary of the master is 36*l.* 7*s.* 1*½d.* per annum, with 10*l.* school fees, and 7*l.* 10*s.* 6*d.* other emoluments annually. At the School *not* Parochial, English and Gaelic reading, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, sewing and knitting are taught; it is kept by a man and his wife, who are allowed 19*l.* per annum by the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge.

All the schools within the bounds of the presbytery are examined by a committee of presbytery, between the last Wednesday of March and the first Wednesday of May annually, and a report transmitted by the presbytery clerk to the general assembly. No copy of the report has hitherto been kept by the parish minister or by the instructors in either of the schools of the parish of Fearn; for this reason the numbers given refer to the period between Michaelmas 1834 and Lady Day 1835; and for the same reason the numbers are not given who attended between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833.

(signed) *Hugh Ross*, Minister.

ODDERTY Parish is entirely landward; a small portion of the population of this parish is included in the Return from the new Government district of Carnoch, in Strath-Conan.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geography and Latin; to which might conveniently be added mathematics and natural and civil history. The salary of the master is 36*l.* 7*s.* 1*½d.* per annum, with school fees under 20*l.*, together with a small salary as session clerk, and fees for baptisms and marriages. At two of the Schools *not* Parochial, English and Gaelic reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar and book-keeping are taught; and at the other, Gaelic reading only.

The number of children who attended the Parochial School at any particular part of the past year cannot be given, the late teacher having left the parish for America, and his successor is only just appointed; but the average number throughout the year may be stated at 52 males and 13 females; neither can the smallest number who attended the Schools *not* Parochial be given with any degree of accuracy. A great proportion of the children who read can only read Gaelic; and there are 638 persons in the parish above fifteen years of age who cannot read at all.

(not signed.)

1. GAIRLOCH Parish - - (Pop. 2,222.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.						
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.						
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.				
			7	8	15	86	65	151	20	14	34				
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	33	15	48	22	14	36	28	27	55	23	23	46		
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	39	36	75	34	31	65	82	72	154	71	64	135		

2. POOLEWE Parish - (Pop. 2,223.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			-	-	-	153	68	221	28	4	32		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools. Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools. Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
6	6	103	42	145	94	37	131	162	75	237	154	67	221

GLENSHIEL Parish - - (Pop. 715.)		Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
		Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
		-	-	-	52	23	75	12	-	12

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	32	12	44	23	10	33	30	13	43	25	8	33

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	25	13	38	15	8	23	22	10	32	17	10	27

FAIRLOCH Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, grammar, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics, Greek and Latin. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with 4*l.* sterling school fees. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, English and Gaelic reading, writing and arithmetic are taught; at the other, Gaelic only.

(not signed.)

OLEWE Parish (a new Government district in the Parish of Gairloch) is entirely landward, possessing no Parochial School.

At four of the schools which exist in the parish, English and Gaelic reading, writing and arithmetic are taught; at the other two, Gaelic only.

(not signed.)

LENSHIEL Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, catechism, geography, navigation and book-keeping; Greek and Latin are also directed to be taught. The salary of the master is 25*l.* per annum, with 2*l.* 10*s.* school fees, and 2*l.* 10*s.* other emoluments annually. At the School *not* Parochial, which is supported by the Edinburgh Society, the children are taught to read Gaelic, and some religious instruction is communicated to them.

The population of this parish consists chiefly of poor people, who, though generally anxious to have their children educated, are unable to pay for the same.

(signed) *John Macrae*, Minister.

KILLIERNAN Parish - (Pop. 1,479.)					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					4	8	12	73	77	150	28	14	42

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	44	28	72	36	21	57	49	24	75	28	17	45

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	39	26	65	20	17	37	55	46	101	33	26	59

KILMUIR EASTER } Parish - - - - } - (Pop. 1,551.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				10	7	17	120	74	194	83	24	107

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	48	6	54	40	5	45	48	12	60	44	6	50

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	78	62	140	70	60	130	72	62	134	65	50	115

KILTEARN Parish - (Pop. 1,605.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			6	4	10	135	104	239	64	30	94		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	56	23	79	33	8	41	61	21	82	21	5	26
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	24	9	33	20	8	28	30	13	43	26	10	36

LLIERNAN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English and Gaelic reading, writing, arithmetic, geography, grammar, Latin, Greek, and occasionally algebra, mathematics and book-keeping; no other branches are ever required. The salary of the master is 27 *l.* 11 *s.* 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ *d.* per annum, with about 7 *l.* 12 *s.* school fees, and an allowance of 2 *l.* 2 *s.* 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ *d.* annually in lieu of a garden. At the School *not* Parochial, which is supported by the Society in Scotland for propagating Christian Knowledge, English and Gaelic reading, writing and arithmetic are taught. In both schools the Scriptures are read daily by all who can read; religion is made the basis of moral training, and Sabbath Evening Schools are kept for the religious instruction of all who may choose to avail themselves of it, whether daily scholars or not. About half the children who attend the school last-mentioned are from an adjacent parish, it being situate on the borders of two parishes.

The number of persons above fifteen years of age in the parish who are unable to read cannot well be ascertained, but there are 204 between five and fifteen who have never been at any school; this large proportion of uneducated children is partly accounted for by the fact that from 30 to 35 families have been introduced to this parish from the Highlands, where they had not the means of instruction within their reach, and consequently their children are all uneducated. There seems also to be a growing apathy regarding the education of their children among the lower orders, particularly among such as have not received any education themselves. A considerable proportion of those who attend school are satisfied if they learn to read the Scriptures in their native tongue, especially those whose parents are so poor that they cannot keep them long enough at school to advance them any farther; this in some measure will account for the small number who write, or who are now learning to write.

(signed) *John Kennedy*, Minister.

ILMUIR EASTER Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, English grammar, arithmetic, book-keeping, Latin, and occasionally Greek, geography, mathematics and the principles of Christianity; no other branches could be conveniently added in the present state of the school. The salary of the master is 30 *l.* per annum, with from 6 *l.* to 9 *l.* school fees; the other emoluments are 3 *l.* 15 *s.* annually, session clerk's dues, and a house and garden. One of the Schools *not* Parochial is supported by the Society in Scotland for propagating Christian Knowledge, and whereat English reading, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught; at the other schools, two females teach reading, writing and plain needlework.

(signed) *C. R. Matheson*, Minister.

ILTEARN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, English grammar, geography and book-keeping; to which Greek, mathematics and philosophy might conveniently be added. The salary of the master is 30 *l.* per annum, with 14 *l.* 1 *s.* 6 *d.* school fees, and 3 *l.* 13 *s.* 6 *d.* other emoluments annually. At the School *not* Parochial, established by the General Assembly, English and Gaelic reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

This parish is about six miles in length and twenty-two in breadth; the inhabitants are a class of poor people, holding small possessions, which can hardly furnish them with the necessaries of life. Many of them are so remote from the Parochial School that they can derive no benefit from it; the western and highland part of the parish had no school from time immemorial, until the committee of the general assembly established one in a district of the Western Highlands; the inhabitants of the other highland district are in great ignorance; there are upwards of 100 children between five and fifteen years, and 300 persons above that age, who cannot read. The peasantry and labouring classes, owing to their poverty, cannot bestow education on their children.

(signed) *Thomas Munroe*, Minister.

KINCARDINE Parish - (Pop. 1,887.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			15	15	30	-	-	300	60	40	100

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	30	20	50	19	16	35	57	42	99	35	25	60		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

KINTAIL Parish - - (Pop. 1,240.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.						
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.						
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.				
			-	-	-	78	82	160	38	5	43				
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.												
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.			From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.								
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	29	25	54	10	8	18	25	21	46	-	-	-		
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.												
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
1	1	-	-	-	52	39	91	68	48	116	-	-	-		

KNOCKBAIN or KIL- MUIR WESTER and SUDDIE Parish				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	4	-	-	200	-	-	25

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	46	25	71	-	-	-	62	27	89	-	-	-		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	35	25	60	-	-	-	25	15	40	-	-	-		

KINCARDINE Parish is entirely landward ; it is thirty-five miles in length and from three to ten in breadth.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of all the common branches, with Greek, Latin, mathematics, book-keeping, geography, English grammar, and, in some instances, Euclid. The salary of the master is 33*l.* 12*s.* per annum, with about 5*l.* average of school fees, and 2*l.* 2*s.* annually, other emoluments, in lieu of a garden. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English and Gaelic reading, writing, arithmetic and English grammar are taught ; and in two or three cases geography and Latin ; these schools are situated in distant highland districts of the parish, and are supported almost entirely by private contribution ; one of them belongs to a society.

In winter the attendance at school is much fuller than in summer, when the children are occupied in field labours and as servants.

(signed) *Hector Allan*, Minister.

KINTAIL Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English and Gaelic reading, writing and arithmetic ; Latin might also be taught if wished for. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 3*d.* per annum, with 10*s.* school fees, and 1*l.* 7*s.* 9*d.* annually, in lieu of garden. At the School *not* Parochial, English and Gaelic reading, grammar, writing, arithmetic and church music are taught.

There are generally two Society Schools in the parish ; one of the stations is at present vacant, the teacher having recently been removed ; but another is expected in his place.

(not signed.)

KNOCKBAIN or KILMUIR WESTER and SUDDIE Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English and Gaelic, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, Latin, and occasionally Greek, mensuration and trigonometry. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 12*l.* 10*s.* school fees, and 6*l.* 12*s.* other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, one whereof is an Episcopal and the other an Assembly School, English and Gaelic reading and arithmetic are taught.

Most of the scholars attend during winter and spring only.

(not signed.)

1. LOCHALSH Parish - - (Pop. 1,933.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	149	117	266	59	13	72

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	57	16	73	30	9	39	75	17	92	35	10	45

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	30	17	47	12	6	18	73	46	119	30	13	43

2. PLOCKTON Parish - (Pop. 500.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	48	48	96	28	6	34

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	63	57	120	39	24	63	61	62	123	56	59	115

[illegible]

CHALSH Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English and Gaelic reading, grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, Latin and mathematics, to which might conveniently be added, the elements of Greek, French and geography. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 6*d.* per annum, with 24*l.* 10*s.* school fees (of which only about 18*l.* is recovered), with a dwelling-house and 1*l.* 7*s.* 8*d.* annually in lieu of garden. At the Schools *not* Parochial, one whereof was established by the General Assembly, the other by the Inverness Educational Society, English and Gaelic reading, writing and arithmetic are taught; in addition to which, at one, Latin and English grammar is attempted.

In addition to the three schools above-mentioned, one is occasionally held in a remote part of the parish, where the teacher is entirely paid by the resident tenants. The number of children who *have been taught* to write is not known; the number returned are those now learning. The Inverness Society School was not open from Lady-day to Michaelmas 1833.

(signed) *Hector MacLean*, Minister.

OCKTON Parish (which formed part of the parish of Lochalsh, but was erected into a separate parish, *quoad sacra*, by the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland in May 1833) is a Burgh of Royalty.

At the two schools which exist in the parish, reading, writing, arithmetic and needlework are taught.

Although there be in the parish of Plockton a schoolmaster who is supported by the Society in Scotland for propagating Christian Knowledge, and a female teacher, principally supported by annual subscription, yet there are 128 persons above the age of fifteen who are unable to read. A Parochial School, in which could be taught the usual branches of education given in the Parish Schools of Scotland, is greatly needed.

(signed) *Alex. Macdonald*, Minister.

CHARRON Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, with its grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics, Latin, Greek and geography, together with other branches, if necessary. The salary of the master is 37*l.* 7*s.* 1½*d.* per annum, with 25*l.* school fees, and 3*l.* other emoluments annually.

From the extent of the parish, with its great population, three additional schools at least are wanted to render the means of education available. On account of the want of proper schools, the inhabitants who live at a great distance from the Parochial School are under the necessity of employing occasionally persons ill qualified for the important task of instructing their children; by this means a very imperfect system of education is carried on; the parents themselves not possessing either the ability to judge of, or the means to pay persons who are properly qualified.

(signed) *John Mackenzie*, Minister.

1. LOCHBROOM Parish - (Pop. 2,015.)		Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
		Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
		1	2	3	311	212	523	71	30	101

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	27	18	45	7	5	12	35	15	50	18	12	30

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
7	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

2. ULLAPOOL Parish - (Pop. 2,600.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				14	12	26	340	260	600	164	36	200			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.				CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
				From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.				From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
OTHER SCHOOLS.				CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
				From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.				From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	196	164	360	180	110	290	222	158	380	188	112	300		

LOCHS Parish - - - (Pop. 3,067.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
				-	-	-	193	155	348	15	-	15	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	15	7	22	10	5	15	17	12	29	13	7	20
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	176	143	319	-	-	-

CHBROOM Parish is entirely landward; it includes the Barony of Coigach.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Gaelic and English reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek and mathematics; any other branch of useful knowledge could be taught if the people could afford to pay for it. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* per annum, with 6*l.* school fees, and about 8*l.* annually, other emoluments, as session clerk. At the Schools *not* Parochial, taught by males, English and Gaelic reading, writing and arithmetic are taught; and at one taught by a female, the same, with knitting and sewing in addition. The gross number of children who attended these Schools *not* Parochial throughout the year is 443, exclusive of a school kept at Moorfield, the teacher of which, though repeatedly asked, has declined giving in his list.

(signed) *Thomas Ross* Minister.

LAPOOL Parish is entirely landward. It is one of the new Government districts, having been lately detached from the old parish of Lochbroom, which accounts for its having no Parochial School as yet. The extent of the parish is about 300 square miles.

Of the schools existing in the parish, reading is taught at one, reading and writing at two others and some of the higher branches at the other one. These schools are all supported by charitable institutions.

The great bulk of the population of this parish, above fifteen or twenty years of age, are unable to read. The boundaries of the parish are so extensive, and the population so scattered, that four schools would be required in addition to the present four, so as to place the whole within reasonable distance of attendance.

(signed) *Alexander Ross*, Minister.

CHS Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists chiefly of English and Gaelic reading, grammar, writing and arithmetic, together with any other necessary branch when required. The salary of the master is 28*l.* per annum, and 5*l.* sterling other emoluments; school fees are not charged, owing to the poverty of the inhabitants. The Schools *not* Parochial are chiefly for Gaelic reading, but English, writing and arithmetic are sometimes taught thereat. One of these schools is supported by the proprietor, Stewart Mackenzie, Esq. of Seaforth; the other five by benevolent societies in Edinburgh and Glasgow.

The parish is so much intersected by lakes, rivers and arms of the sea, that it would require as many more schools at least before all the children could have the means of instruction within their reach; those which at present exist in the parish (except the Parochial School) are for the greater part circulating or ambulating. In the year 1820, only one-fiftieth part of the whole population could read, and at the present time the majority of those above twenty-five years of age are unable to do so.

(not signed.)

LOGGIE EASTER Parish, (Pop. 934.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.						
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.						
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.				
			5	6	11	60	40	100	40	12	52				
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	36	30	66	30	24	54	60	46	106	25	24	49		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
1	1	30	25	55	20	16	36	32	26	58	22	14	36		

NIGG Parish - - - - (Pop. 1,404.)					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					5	5	10	50	50	100	15	15	30

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	14	13	27	6	4	10	14	13	27	14	13	27

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	30	30	60	30	30	60	30	30	60	30	30	60

RESOLIS or KIRK- MICHAEL and CUL- LICUDDEN Parish - } - (Pop. 1,470.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				8	6	14	53	40	93	41	12	53

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	39	11	50	-	-	-	38	14	52	-	-	-		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	55	30	85	-	-	-	55	31	86	-	-	-		

OGGIE EASTER Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar and Latin; no other branches are at present required. The salary of the master is 30*l.* sterling, with 6*l.* school fees annually; there are no other emoluments. At the School *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic and Gaelic are taught.

The number of children under five years of age who attend school would be greater, but on account of the distance, and the poverty of their parents generally, which is so great that although school fees vary from 1*s.* 6*d.* to 3*s.* per quarter, they do not, and cannot pay.

(not signed.)

IGG Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, &c.; other branches could also be taught if required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 2*s.* 2½*d.* per annum, with 5*l.* school fees, and 4*l.* annually other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

Nearly one-half of the inhabitants are Dissenters, who have a school of their own, and consequently do not send their children to the Parochial School. Several of the young people attend the schools in the neighbouring parish of Fearn, which are near them. It is impossible to give perfectly accurate answers to all the queries, as the minister never interferes with the Dissenters' School, and the children are in general so irregular in their attendance, that only a rough guess could be given at some of the answers. Education is at a low ebb in this parish, owing partly to the poverty of the people, but chiefly to dissent; it is therefore impossible for any teacher to succeed.

(signed) Lewis Rose, Minister.

ESOLIS, or KIRK-MICHAEL and CULLICUDDEN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, English grammar and Latin; the Bible is directed to be read every day in the school, it is used by the teacher as a school-book, and the scholars are taught the questions of the shorter catechisms. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with 10*l.* school fees, and 2*l.* 5*s.* other emoluments annually. Of the Schools *not* Parochial, one is a General Assembly School, and the other is connected with the Inverness Education Society; at these schools reading, writing, English grammar, arithmetic, geography and Latin are taught.

There may be about 50 persons in the parish above the age of fifteen who are unable to read; a few also who can read the Gaelic, but not the English Bible.

(not signed.)

ROSEMARKIE Parish - (Pop. 1,799.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			32	18	50	125	75	200	75	36	111

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	6	121	85	206	102	55	157	133	79	212	116	66	182

ROSSKEEN Parish - - (Pop. 2,916.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	300	110	410	156	50	206

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	82	22	104	50	14	64	82	22	104	50	14	64

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	218	88	306	150	66	216	218	88	306	150	66	216

1. STORNOWAY Town } and Parish - - - } - (Pop. 4,091.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			18	25	43	173	114	287	122	47	169

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	40	2	42	40	2	42	62	2	64	62	2	64

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
6	6	127	107	234	-	-	-	131	137	268	-	-	-

OSEMARKIE Parish is partly landward and partly Burgh.

There is no Parochial School, but measures are being taken for establishing one with the least possible delay. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, English grammar, elocution, arithmetic, geography, theoretical and practical mathematics, algebra, and the Latin, Greek and French languages are taught.

The children in this parish are seldom sent to school before five years of age, but although not attending school they are generally taught to read at home by their parents or others, preparatory to being sent.

(not signed.)

OSSKEEN Parish is entirely landward, but contains three small Villages.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and Latin; it is thought no other branch (except French) could be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*, with about 12*l.* school fees, and about the same sum, other emoluments, annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and Latin are taught; two of these schools are supported or aided by the Education Societies of Glasgow and Inverness, but the salaries given are too small to secure well-educated and efficient teachers.

There are no Dissenters in this parish with the exception of four individuals, who are strangers; all the teachers belong to the Established Church. The Bible is regularly read in all the schools, and the children are taught the shorter catechism of the Westminster Assembly of Divines. Gaelic is the language generally spoken, many of the people understand no other language. The parochial schoolmaster has had a regular University education.

(signed) *David Carment*, Minister.

Charles Rose, Parochial Schoolmaster and Session Clerk.

TORNOWAY Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh of Barony.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, Latin, Greek, French, arithmetic in all its branches, geography, &c. The salary of the master is 32*l.* per annum, with about 20*l.* school fees, and 5*l.* other emoluments annually, for house-rent and garden. At the Schools *not* Parochial (two whereof are for females), Gaelic, English, writing, arithmetic, sewing and knitting are taught.

The attendance at school is bad during the summer months. Two Society Schools were withdrawn about eighteen months ago, in which were nearly 200 scholars. Many poor children are taught gratis at the Parochial School. The female seminary is supported by Lord and Lady Seaforth, besides various sums paid by them to country teachers.

(not signed.)

OCK Parish is entirely landward. It is one of the new Parliamentary districts or parishes, *quoad sacra*, being lately detached from the parish of Stornoway; it has therefore no Parochial School.

At the three Schools which exist in the parish, the instruction consists of reading the Scriptures in Gaelic; only the distance from the Parochial School at Stornoway precludes the children from attending it.

(not signed.)

N Parish is partly landward and partly Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists principally of English reading, writing and arithmetic, but there are always a few Latin and Greek scholars, and it is believed that they will increase now that the school is sufficiently taught. The salary of the master is 41*l.* 10*s.*, with school fees as follows; viz., for teaching English reading, 2*s.* per quarter; with the addition of writing and arithmetic, 3*s.* 6*d.*; with book-keeping, 4*s.*; and any of these branches, with the addition of mensuration, or Latin and Greek, 7*s.* per quarter; there are no other emoluments. Of the Schools *not* Parochial, one is an Academy established in 1818, erected by subscription, and liberally endowed; another is a female Boarding School, supported by the funds of the Burgh; two others are private English Schools; another is a private school for females, and the sixth is a Society's School situate in the landward part of the parish. At three of these schools the attendance is very limited. At the Academy there is a rector who teaches arithmetic, geography, mathematics and natural history; also a teacher of the languages who is qualified to teach Latin, Greek and French; and a teacher of English reading, grammar and writing. At the female schools, English reading, needlework, music and drawing are taught; and at the Society's School, Gaelic and English reading, writing and arithmetic.

Probably from 50 to 60 of the children returned in answer to the first set of queries are from other parishes; the greatest number attend at a Society's School on the borders of the parish; the rest of them come to reside in the town to attend its schools. For two or three years preceding the last half year, when a new schoolmaster was elected, the Parish School was in a very inefficient state, owing to the infirmity of the teacher; consequently the attendance during that period was very limited; besides, the Academy absorbs far the greater number, or almost all who learn the classics or mathematics. The average attendance at the Schools *not* Parochial during the summer months may be stated as being from 60 to 100 less than it is during the winter months; it is chiefly but not wholly in the country school that this diminution takes place. If the Parochial School was patent to the poor, the town would enjoy the means of education as amply as could be desired.

(signed) Chas. Calder Mackintosh, Minister.

RBAT Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of reading, writing, arithmetic and Latin; several other branches of education might also be conveniently taught. The salary of one of the masters is 25*l.* per annum; the other has no salary; the school fees of each amount to 5*l.* annually, and the one without salary has 5*l.* per annum as session clerk.

(not signed.)

UIG Parish - - - (Pop. 3,041.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	283	141	424	63	6	69

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	20	10	30	7	3	10	34	17	51	19	6	25

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
6	6	102	34	136	64	14	78	431	143	574	216	71	287

URQUHART Parish - - (Pop. 2,864.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
				-	-	-	237	118	355	75	47	122	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	33	12	45	15	8	23	58	22	80	24	11	35
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	122	61	183	52	21	73	167	83	250	64	29	93

URRAY Parish - - - (Pop. 2,593.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.				CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	85	50	135	42	28	70	88	53	141	41	30	71		
OTHER SCHOOLS.				CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
				From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	25	15	40	15	12	27	50	30	80	45	23	68		

G Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics, Latin and Greek. The salary of the master is 28 *l.* per annum, with from 2 *l.* to 3 *l.* school fees, and 3 *l.* annually other emoluments. At three of the Schools *not* Parochial, Gaelic and English reading, writing and arithmetic are taught; at the other three, Gaelic only.

(signed) *Alexander McLeod*, Minister.

RQUHART Parish (partly in the Shire of Nairn, but wholly entered here) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, mensuration, English grammar, Latin and geography; no other branches are required. The salary of the master is 34 *l.* 4 *s.* 5 *d.* per annum, with 12 *l.* school fees, and 5 *l.* annually other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic and English grammar are taught.

The schools in this parish, like most schools in landward parishes, are not so well attended in summer as in winter. No children are sent under five years of age.

(signed) *J. McDonald*, Minister.

RRAY Parish (partly in the Shire of Inverness, but wholly entered here) is landward. A small portion of the population of this parish is now assigned to the new Government district of Carnoch in Strath Conan, which originally belonged to Contin, Fodderty and Urray, but is now made a separate parish.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, geography, book-keeping, mathematics, Gaelic, and the principles of theology, with any other branches if required. The salary of the teacher is 25 *l.* 15 *s.* per annum, with 19 *l.* 16 *s.* 8 *d.* school fees, and 2 *l.* 2 *s.* annually, in lieu of a garden.

The branches taught at the Schools *not* Parochial are not mentioned in the Return. Two other teachers are occasionally employed at their own adventure during the winter months.

In answer to the questions as to the number of children between five and fifteen years of age taught to read and write, it may be stated that five-sixths of the males and three-fourths of the females are taught to read, and five-sixths of the males and one-fourth of the females to write.

(not signed.)

SUMMARY OF THE SHIRES OF ROSS AND CROMARTY.

1. NUMBER of INHABITANTS in the SHIRES of ROSS and CROMARTY in the Year 1831 - - - - 74,820.

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
2. NUMBER of Children under five years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	291	250	541
Number of Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	5,524	3,653	9,177
Number of such Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write - - - - - }	2,217	804	3,021

3. PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS - - - - -	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
			Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools, from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }	33	33	1,152	493	1,645	634	250	884
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			1,414	593	2,007	667	270	937

	£.	s.	d.
TOTAL AMOUNT of Salaries received by Parochial Schoolmasters - - -	983	7	4
- of School Fees received by - - ditto - - -	316	4	2
- of other Emoluments received by ditto - - -	121	13	11 ½
£.	1,421	5	5 ½

4. SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - - -	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
			Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }	124	129	2,398	1,571	3,969	1,324	793	2,117
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			3,704	2,237	5,941	1,742	1,037	2,779

5. TOTAL NUMBER of PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, and SCHOOLS not PAROCHIAL - - - }	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
			Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Total Number of Children attending School from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }	157	162	3,550	2,064	5,614	1,958	1,043	3,001
Total Number of Children attending School from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			5,118	2,880	7,998	2,409	1,307	3,716

REMARKS ON THE SUMMARY OF THE SHIRES OF ROSS AND CROMARTY.

The number of Inhabitants attributed to the several parishes in this Abstract of Education Returns, differs from the total number ascribed to the Shires of Ross and Cromarty in the Population Abstract of 1831, because in a few instances parishes extend into adjoining shires, in which case the entire parish is ascribed to that shire in which the larger portion of its population reside; this kind of correction being unavoidable in a Return strictly parochial. The total Population of the parishes entered in this Abstract thus becomes 1,291 persons additional to 74,820, and is taken at 76,111 in all the calculations on which the subsequent remarks are founded.

To this number might be added, in strictness, an increase of two and a half per cent. (or 25 in 1,000) during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and ten months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years; such estimated increase somewhat lessens the proportion of children educated or under education in the Shires of Ross and Cromarty, but does not alter any of the numbers which are stated in the Summary, or in the following remarks.

The difficulty of personal inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has not permitted the ministers of eighteen parishes in Ross and Cromarty to specify the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read, or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears on the opposite page to have been 541; which, by application of the rule of proportion to the population of all the parishes, gives 973 for the entire Shires of Ross and Cromarty.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read (as specified in the Returns), is 9,177; adding to which a due proportion for three parishes (which are defective in this particular), the total number may be assumed at 9,716. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years of age at Lady Day 1834 must have been 18,551, supposing the same proportion as before now to exist throughout the Shires of Ross and Cromarty.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write (as specified in the Returns), is 3,021; adding to which a due proportion for four parishes (defective in this particular), the total number of such children is 3,258.

The number of Parochial Schools is 33, in which are 33 instructors. The greatest number of scholars at these Schools between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,645, but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 1,885, and the least number of scholars (884) in like manner becomes 1,120.

The greatest number of scholars at Parochial Schools between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 2,007, but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 2,183, and the least number of scholars (937) in like manner becomes 1,233.

The total amount of salaries, school fees and other emoluments appertaining to the parochial instructors was £.1,421 from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834, exclusive of the other emoluments connected with the School at Fodderty, and of the fees belonging to the School at Tain, the amount whereof is not stated in the Returns from these parishes.

The number of Schools not Parochial is 124, in which are 129 instructors. The greatest number of scholars between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 3,969; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 5,000, and the least number of scholars (2,117) in like manner becomes 3,494.

The greatest number of scholars at Schools not Parochial between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 5,991; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 6,579, and the least number of scholars (2,779), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 4,516.

The total number of Schools (Parochial and not Parochial) is 157, in which are 162 instructors. The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shires of Ross and Cromarty between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 5,614; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 6,885, and the least number of scholars (3,001) in like manner becomes 4,614.

The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shires of Ross and Cromarty between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 7,998; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 8,762, and the least number of scholars (3,716), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 5,749.

Albath Evening Schools are mentioned in one of the Returns; but children receiving daily instruction, and no others, are included in the foregoing Summary and Remarks.

Shire of Roxburgh.

RETURNS, JULY M.DCCC.XXXIV.

Alphabetical order throughout the County.

ANCURUM Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, land surveying, book-keeping, Latin, Greek, French and geography, with other branches when required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 28*l.* 15*s.* school fees, which are but ill paid, and 1*l.* annually other emoluments. One of the Schools *not* Parochial has a salary of 11*l.* 2*s.* 2½*d.* annually, and was originally a Parochial School, but the parish in which it was situated is now united to Ancrum. At this school the branches of education taught consist of nearly the same as those enumerated above; and at the other two schools the more common branches are taught. The smallest number given as attending the above schools may be stated at a few below the averages.

Although many children under five years of age are taught to read, yet few are sent to school before that age; all between five and fifteen years of age have been taught reading, writing, and also arithmetic.

(not signed.)

SELKIRK Parish (which is partly in Selkirkshire but wholly entered here) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, geometry, arithmetic, land surveying, geography and mensuration, with any other branches that may be required; as in the election of a Parochial schoolmaster, it is now generally attended to, that he be qualified to teach the elements of classical literature. The salary of the master is 30*l.* with 16*l.* 2*s.* school fees, and a house and garden, other emoluments.

None of the parishioners have children under five years of age attending school at present.

(not signed.)

DRULE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, and occasionally mensuration, land surveying, gauging, &c.; there is little prospect of encouragement for any other branches of education. The salary of the master is 26*l.*, with about 5*l.* or 7*l.* school fees annually; other emoluments are from 12*s.* to 20*s.* and 8*s.* 4*d.* per annum, accruing from the office of session clerk.

The reason assigned for the small number of scholars attending school in this parish is, that a considerable number of years ago, a parish and a side school were erected in an adjoining parish more conveniently situated for the children in this parish; and in landward parishes children that are able to labour are often taken from school without attending to any particular term.

It is not known that there is any one person above the age of fifteen years in the parish who is unable to read.

(signed) Arch^d Craig, Minister.

BOSWELL'S Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, English grammar, geography, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, book-keeping, land surveying, French, Latin and Greek. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.*, with about 40*l.* school fees annually; the other emoluments are 1*l.* as session clerk, 1*l.* as heritor's clerk, also five per cent. on the money collected for poor's rates, and 30*s.* annually for registrations of births, proclamations, &c. The smallest number of scholars (27) is the number who attended the above school the day on which it was re-opened after the vacation. The School *not* Parochial is a Ladies' Boarding School, conducted by four or five teachers, whereat are taught music, drawing, dancing, French, Italian, and the other branches of education usual at such establishments.

No answer could be obtained as to the number of children between five and fifteen years of age taught to read and write; but it may be said that all the children in the parish are taught to read and write.

(signed) { J. Dickson, Schoolmaster.
Geo. Ritchie, Minister.

WDEN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English, writing, arithmetic, practical mathematics, English grammar, Latin, Greek, geography and French. The salary of the master at the principal school is 30*l.*, that of the other 21*l.* 6*s.* 6 $\frac{3}{4}$ *d.* per annum; the school fees of the former are 20*l.*, those of the latter 19*l.* 7*s.* 4*d.* annually; the other emoluments are a house and garden to each, but the garden belonging to the second schoolmaster is of little value.

In answer to questions as to the number of children under five years of age taught to read, and of those between five and fifteen taught to read and write, it may be stated, that children in this parish are not usually sent to school until they are between five and six years of age, and it is impossible to give correct answers unless a particular census of the parish was taken, but it may be safely asserted that there are no children in the parish of fifteen years of age who cannot both read and write.

(not signed.)

ASTLETON Parish is partly landward and partly a Town or Village.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of Latin, Greek, English grammatically, writing, arithmetic, practical mathematics, geography, and other branches requisite for preparing boys for the Universities. The salary of the four schools amounts to 51*l.* 6*s.* 6½*d.* sterling, of which the principal teacher has 30*l.*, and the remaining sum of 21*l.* 6*s.* 6½*d.* is equally divided among the three auxiliary teachers; the fees of the four schools amount to 72*l.* annually; there are no other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, with grammar, writing and arithmetic are taught.

There is no person in the parish above fifteen years of age that is not able to read.

(signed) A. Barton, Minister.

AVERS Parish is entirely landward.

There is one principal Parochial School, and two Side Schools; the branches taught therein consist of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, grammar, and practical mathematics. The salary of the principal master is 30*l.*, that of the second master 15*l.* 13*s.* 1½*d.*, and that of the third 12*l.* per annum; the school fees of the first master are 24*l.* and those of the two others 19*l.* each; the other emoluments are 6*l.* and 2*l.* respectively to the first and second masters. The School *not* Parochial is a sewing establishment under the patronage of Mrs. Douglas, of Cavers.

The answers to the questions as to the number of children who attended the Parochial Schools during the periods specified, refer only to the principal school. The salaries are fixed and permanent; but the school fees are very precarious, and often impossible to collect; hence the seeming disparity between the number of scholars and the sum drawn from them. It may be proper to state in relation to the question as to the number between five and fifteen years of age who are taught to write, that almost all the girls learn to write before they finally leave school, and not unfrequently to calculate also. All persons in the parish are able to read.

(not signed.)

RAILING Parish is landward and agricultural.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping. The salary of the master is 29*l.* per annum, exclusive of school fees and other emoluments, which together amount to 22*l.* annually. At the School *not* Parochial, English, writing, arithmetic, French and Latin are taught, but there are few scholars beyond the ordinary branches. This school is supported by the Marquis of Lothian and tenantry for the education of children living on one side of the parish, being his Lordship's property; the salary is 20*l.* per annum, and the fees, &c. amount to 30*l.*

The number of children attending the above schools is 80, and 20 more attending schools in adjoining parishes, making 100 of the population actually receiving education. The proportion of children learning to write may be stated at rather more than a third; almost all (with few exceptions) are between five and fifteen years of age. Few children are sent to school at an earlier age than six years; perhaps out of the hundred above stated, ten children may be below five years. It is intended to introduce Latin into the Parochial School, and it is desirable that teachers should be qualified to give instruction in Latin, French and geography, as thereby families are spared the expense of sending their children to a distance. The essential branches, and those generally taught, are English reading, writing, arithmetic, and a little land measuring; the teachers also instruct the children in the shorter catechism of the church.

(signed) Andrew Milroy, Minister.

FORD Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of Greek, Latin, French, book-keeping, mathematics, arithmetic, writing, English grammar and reading. The salaries of the masters amount to 51*l.* 6*s.* 6½*d.*, with 36*l.* annually school fees, and one of them receives about 15*s.* interest of some mortified money, there being no other emoluments as schoolmaster. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, book-keeping, arithmetic, reading and writing are taught; and at the other (which is a Boarding School) the same, with French, music, drawing, history, geography, and the various kinds of needlework in addition.

It is believed that all the children between five and fifteen years of age in the parish can read, and nearly all of them can write; the actual number who attended school in the winter of 1834 was 232 of both sexes.

(not signed.)

NAM Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, practical mathematics, Latin, geography, and the principles of the Christian religion; no other branches could be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, exclusive of school fees, which amounted to 8*l.* 18*s.* during the current quarter; there are no other emoluments except a house and garden; the number of scholars who attended this school during the periods specified could not be ascertained, as the school was vacant in July 1833, and the teacher who retired has not left any list of his scholars; the present teacher only having entered the school in October following is unable to give the information required.

It is believed that there is no person in this parish above the age of fifteen years who cannot read.

(signed) *Joseph Thomson*, Minister.

WICK Parish is partly landward and partly a Burgh of Regality.

The minister has made personal inquiry at all the teachers in the parish, but not having been able to obtain such information as to enable him to return a distinct or satisfactory answer to all the queries specified, he has transmitted the following general statement. The Parochial School is conducted by two teachers; salary from the heritors, 33*l.* with 19*l.* annually from a mortification; the school fees are, for reading, 2*s.* 6*d.*, writing, 3*s.*, arithmetic, 3*s.* 6*d.*, geography, 2*s.*, French, 5*s.* 6*d.*, mathematics, 5*s.* 6*d.*, Latin and Greek, 10*s.* 6*d.* per quarter. The average number of scholars attending this School is 85 boys and 65 girls.

There are likewise twelve Schools *not* Parochial, conducted by seven male and five female teachers, at which the ordinary branches of education are taught at much the same rate as at the Parochial School. These schools are attended, on the average, by 342 boys and 310 girls.

Upon the whole, there are thirteen schools in the parish, generally attended by 427 boys and 375 girls, making a total of 802.

(signed) *J. A. Wallace*, Minister.

HOBKIRK Parish - - - (Pop. 676.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	35	27	62	25	15	40

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	36	20	56	19	11	30	42	25	67	4	5	9

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	9	19	28	-	-	-	12	24	36	-	-	-

HOUNAM Parish - - - (Pop. 260.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	20	19	39	12	9	21

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	11	10	21	9	7	16	12	12	24	10	9	19		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

JEDBURGH Burgh and } Parish - - - - } (Pop. 5,647.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	-	-	1,000	-	-	900

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	5	211	121	332	171	101	272	202	116	318	188	109	297

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
12	13	-	-	618	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OBKIRK Parish is entirely landward, consisting chiefly of pasture farms, and the population, in consequence thereof, is widely scattered; there are also two small hamlets in the parish containing six or eight cottages in each.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar, mensuration and geography; to which Latin and French are added when required. The salary of the master, who has for some years had an assistant, is 31 *l.* including an allowance for a garden, with 22 *l.* average school fees, and 4 *l.* 13 *s.* 4 *d.* annually, other emoluments; the school-house is situated in the centre of the parish, and is about eight miles from the nearest post towns, Hawick and Jedburgh. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, young girls and boys are instructed merely in the very initiatory branches of education by a female; the other school, if such it may be called, exists only during the winter months, and whereat a lad teaches some of the neighbouring children in one of the cot-houses.

The number of children under fifteen years of age stated as having been taught or now learning to read and write comprehends those attending the Parochial School only.

It is believed that there are not any persons in the parish who have never been taught to read, or any who have not access to instruction.

(signed) John Ewen, Minister.

OUNAM Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and geometry; no other branches are required to be taught. The salary of the master is 34 *l.* 4 *s.* 5 *d.* sterling, with 11 *l.* school fees, 1 *l.* other emoluments, and 6 *l.* annually as heritor's clerk.

There are no individuals in the parish above the age of fifteen years but who have been taught to read and write.

(not signed.)

EDBURGH Parish is partly landward and partly Burgh.

Of the Schools returned as Parochial, one is situate in the burgh of Jedburgh, and is united with a grammar school; another is at Lanton, and the other at Rink; the two last-mentioned are Side Schools. The instruction at the above schools consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar, navigation, geography, mensuration, Latin, Greek, French, algebra, mathematics, history and astronomy. The salary of the Jedburgh School (which is partly from the heritors, partly from the burgh, and partly from a sum mortified to improve the school) is 42 *l.* 3 *s.* per annum, with about 150 *l.* school fees on an average, and a house and garden valued at 15 *l.* per annum, other emoluments. The two Side Schools are endowed by the heritors, and the teachers appointed by them; but repairs upon school-houses, &c., have been made by private subscriptions, so that they are partly parochial and partly private. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading, writing and arithmetic, are taught, and at two of them, Latin and French also.

There is no *Infant School* in the parish, and the few children under five years who can read are taught at home, but are too inconsiderable to be numbered. The questions as to the number of children under five years taught to read, and as to the number between five and fifteen taught to read and write, are such as, in a parish extending 14 miles by 7, and containing such a population, could not be answered accurately without suspending all other employments. It is impossible to give any thing but the gross amount of scholars at the Schools *not* Parochial during 1833, as many of the teachers have been changed since; but the gross amount for 1834 will differ little from that of 1833.

(not signed.)

KELSO Parish - - - (Pop. 4,939.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	3	77	18	95	-	-	-	78	17	95	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
10	12	315	322	637	-	-	-	334	336	670	-	-	-

KIRKTOWN Parish (Pop. 294.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.						
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.						
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.				
			2	1	3	38	20	58	23	12	35				
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	34	19	53	27	12	39	40	21	61	38	20	58		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

LILLIESLEAF Parish - (Pop. 781.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	47	18	65	26	14	40	44	17	61	22	8	30
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	46	26	72	-	-	-	40	16	56	-	-	-

LSO Parish is partly landward and partly a Town.

The Schools entered as Parochial consist of a classical and an English school, at which the instruction consists of English, English grammar, composition, ancient and modern history, chronology, geography, with the elements of astronomy, arithmetic, algebra, geometry, practical mathematics, Latin, Greek and French. The rector of the classical school who is parochial schoolmaster, and has an assistant, is allowed a salary of 34*l.* 4*s.* 9½*d.* per annum; the school fees amount to 80*l.* and other emoluments to 10*l.* annually, being Candlemas dues: the teacher of the English school has a salary of 5*l.* 11*s.* 6*d.* annually, but it is difficult to ascertain his income from school fees. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, practical mathematics and geography are taught; two of these are boarding schools for females, whereat music, drawing, French and Italian are taught in addition.

Of the Schools *not* Parochial, one is called "The Friendly School;" the school-house is provided by a voluntary association called "The Friendly School Society;" the pupils pay 1*d.* per week, and the master has 40*l.* annually, guaranteed to him by the directors of the society; the number of scholars attending this school during the periods specified was, in 1833, 109, and in 1834, 113, all males; there are also two other private teachers who have school-rooms and a dwelling-house provided for them, but no salary; the teachers of the Schools *not* Parochial are understood to have their school fees in many instances extremely ill paid, and the number of their scholars is continually fluctuating.

In addition to those above enumerated, there are eight Sabbath schools, and two week-day classes for religious knowledge, taught by the parish minister and his assistant.

(signed) J. M. McCulloch, Minister.

RKTOWN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, practical mathematics and geography, to which other branches might be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 26*l.*, with 15*l.* school fees, and 3*l.* 12*s.* annually, other emoluments.

(not signed.)

LIESLEAF Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English grammatically, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, French, and other branches when required. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with 13*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* school fees, and about 10*l.* annually, other emoluments, accruing from the offices of session and heritor's clerk. At the School *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

In answer to the question as to the number of children under five years of age taught to read, it may be stated that there are seldom any children under that age at school in this parish; and there are none at present, it being generally the practice of the parents to teach those under five years of age the alphabet, and also to read a little at home, by which the children are not neglected. In answer to the questions as to the number between five and fifteen years of age taught to read and write, as soon as the children at school can read, they are taught writing, arithmetic, &c.; and by the encouragement of the heritors of the parish and kirk session, no branch of education is refused, but encouraged to all, without distinction between the poor and the wealthy.

Presbyteries being the legal judges of the qualifications of parochial schoolmasters for every parish within their bounds, it is their duty to know the branches required to be taught, or likely to be required, in such particular parish, for which they are called to examine candidates (commonly by comparative trial), and to approve accordingly; in this parish the parochial schoolmaster is fully qualified as to abilities, and the parents have the option of the branches of education for their children.

There are no persons in this parish above the age of fifteen years who are unable to read.

(not signed.)

INTON Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, mathematics and grammar. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 13*l.* school fees, and 7*l.* annually, other emoluments. As the district of the parish is purely agricultural, the attendance of scholars is most numerous during winter; and in summer it greatly decreases, as the children of Hinds, when able to do any thing, are then taken from school to engage in agricultural employments.

In answer to the questions as to the number of children under five years of age taught to read, and of those between five and fifteen years of age taught to read and write, it may be said that few under five and above fifteen years of age are taught; but there are no persons known in the parish above the age of fifteen years who cannot read.

(signed) *James Brotherston*, Assistant Minister.

IAKERSTON Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading of English, writing, arithmetic, practical mathematics and Latin; also geography and Greek, when required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 17*l.* school fees, and 4*l.* 10*s.* annually other emoluments.

All the people in the parish above fifteen years of age can read.

(not signed.)

IAXTON Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English grammatically, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, practical mathematics, and occasionally Latin; no other branches are required. The salary is 46*l.*, of which 25*l.* 13*s.* 3½*d.* are paid to a retired master, and the remainder to his successor; the school fees amount to 22*l.* 5*s.* 6½*d.*, including 2*l.* 7*s.* 6*d.* for bad debts; there are no other emoluments as schoolmaster, except a house and garden.

The number of children under fifteen years of age stated as having been taught or now learning to read and write, comprehends those taught from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834.

(not signed.)

MELROSE Parish - - (Pop. 4,339.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	59	25	84	54	20	74	57	26	83	51	22	73
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
12	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

MINTO Parish - - - (Pop. 481.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	45	25	70	25	10	35

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

MOREBATTLE Parish - (Pop. 1,055.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	63	44	107	-	-	-	90	57	147	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	13	19	32	-	-	-	15	20	35	-	-	-

ROSE Parish is about one half rural, and the other half population, consisting of large Villages.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, Latin, Greek, French, writing, arithmetic, geography and the elements of mathematics. The salary of the master is 30*l.* sterling, with about 44*l.* school fees annually; the other emoluments are, as session clerk, 10*l.*, as heritor's clerk, &c. 14*l.*, and fees for registration of voters, 1*l.* 15*s.* annually; the above is an estimate for the year ending 1st January 1834. At eleven of the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught; and at the other, a Boarding School for ladies, all the female branches of education that are usually taught at such establishments; the number of scholars attending these twelve schools during the periods specified could not be accurately ascertained, but the number is about 400 of both sexes.

Owing to the great extent of the parish, it is impossible to obtain correct answers as to the number of children under five years of age taught to read; but it is presumed that there are few in the parish under the age of fifteen years who have not been taught to read and also to write.

So far as is known, there are but few persons in the parish above fifteen years of age who are not able to read the Bible.

(signed) *Geo. Thomson*, Minister.

TO Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic and practical mathematics, and since Michaelmas 1834, Latin, Greek and French have been commenced; and what is called the intellectual method of instruction has been successfully introduced. The salary of the master is the maximum amount of 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with an average of 25*l.* school fees annually; the other emoluments are 3*l.* as heritor's clerk, 3*l.* 10*s.* as session clerk, and 4*l.* arising from a mortification.

In answer to the question as to the number of children under five years of age who have been taught or are now learning to read, children are scarcely ever begun to be taught till they are five years of age. The Parochial School is ill attended, owing to the age of the incumbent; from Lady Day 1834 to Michaelmas 1835, there were 30 males and 15 females in attendance; and from Michaelmas 1834 to Lady Day 1835, there were 50 males and 20 females.

(signed) *D. Aitkin*, Minister.

REBATTLE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, Latin, and occasionally Greek; but the candidates for the two last-mentioned branches are few. The salary of the first schoolmaster is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*, that of the second is 17*l.* 2*s.* 2*d.* per annum; the school fees of the former amount to 30*l.* 8*s.* 5*d.*, and those of the latter to 10*l.* annually; the first schoolmaster is also session and heritor's clerk, from which he derives an emolument of 8*l.* annually, but this is merely accidental, not being attached to the office of schoolmaster, and held only during pleasure. At the School *not* Parochial, English reading, writing, arithmetic and practical mathematics are taught.

The second Parochial School is situate in a remote and thinly-peopled district of the parish, but not within reach of the first school; the number of scholars attending the last mentioned school in the year reported is rather smaller than usual; the smallest number in attendance during the periods specified could not be accurately ascertained, but it is believed that the numbers are nearly the same during winter and summer, or rather fewer in the latter season of the year.

No children are sent to school in this parish before they attain the age of five years; every person in the parish from five to fifteen years of age is taught to read, and nearly all to write, as the parish pays the school fees of a number of poor children whose parents are unable to pay for them. This parish is the more liberal in this respect in consequence of there being a mortification of 1,500*l.* (interest of which, 55*l.*) for the maintenance and education of the poor and destitute orphans belonging to the parish.

It is believed that every person in the parish above fifteen years of age is able to read.

(signed) *Walter Morison*, Minister.

OXNAM Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping; Latin and other languages are not taught at present, in consequence of the incapacity of the teacher, whose salary is 25*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, with 10*l.* school fees, and 7*l.* 10*s.* 4*d.* annually other emoluments.

The number of children under fifteen years of age stated as being taught to read and write, includes 14 who attend a school in the parish of Jedburgh, but which is situated at the very northern extremity of this parish.

(signed) *James Wight*, Minister.

OBERTOWN Parish (which is partly in Selkirkshire, but wholly entered here) is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, geography, book-keeping, practical mathematics and Latin. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 24*l.* annually school fees; there are no other emoluments, except a house and garden.

(not signed.)

OXBURGH Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English reading and grammar, arithmetic, Latin, mathematics, French and Greek; and any other branches that may be required. The salary of the master of the first school is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, that of the other is 17*l.* 2*s.* 2½*d.* per annum; the school fees of the former average from 12*l.* to 15*l.*, and those of the latter amount to 17*l.* 9*s.* annually.

So far as is known there is not a single individual in the parish above the age of fifteen years that cannot read; in all Parochial Schools throughout Scotland, the schoolmasters are obliged by the Act of Parliament to teach any number of poor children gratis, upon the recommendation of the heritors and kirk session; and thus education is brought within the reach of the poorest.

(not signed.)

SELKIRK Parish. See SELKIRKSHIRE.

SMAITHOLM Parish - - (Pop. 628.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				7	1	8	46	20	66	24	8	32

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	54	39	93	35	21	56	50	36	86	8	6	14

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	55	-	-	-	36	24	60	4	7	11

SOUTHDEAN Parish - - (Pop. 839.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	33	29	62	13	11	24

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools. Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	32	26	58	-	-	-	33	23	56	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools. Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

SPROUSTON Parish - (Pop. 1,384.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
2	2	71	43	114	-	-	-	85	48	133	-	-	-		

MAITHOLM Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, English grammar, writing, arithmetic, practical mathematics, geography, and occasionally Latin. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ *d.* per annum, with 31*l.* school fees, but liable to a deduction of 4*l.* or 5*l.* for fees not paid. The other emoluments as session and heritor's clerk and collector of poor's rates are 4*l.* 14*s.* annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches of education are taught as at the Parochial School.

The number of children under fifteen years of age stated as taught to read and write, comprehends those now actually learning.

(signed) Thomas Cleghorn, Minister.

OUTHDEAN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing and arithmetic; it is believed that there would not be sufficient encouragement for the teaching of any other branches. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ *d.* per annum. The average of school fees for the last two years amounts to 15*l.* 9*s.* 1 *d.*, and the other emoluments vary from 6*l.* to 6*l.* 10*s.* annually.

(not signed.)

PROUSTON Parish is entirely landward.

The parish has, for two years and a half, been destitute of a parochial teacher, a disputed election being the cause of the continued vacancy. The branches of education directed to be taught consist of Latin, English, writing and arithmetic; the salary is 32*l.* 2*s.* 3 *d.* per annum. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught; and at the other, situated at Lempittaw, the same, with geography, algebra and geometry in addition.

The number of children between five and fifteen years of age taught to read and write in the parish could not be obtained, owing to the inability of the present minister, who has officiated in this parish six months only.

(not signed.)

STITCHEL Parish - - - (Pop. 434.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			1	1	2	54	30	84	23	7	30

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	45	30	75	40	20	60	54	40	94	45	30	75

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

WILTON Parish - - (Pop. 1,866.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			—	—	—	161	101	262	128	98	226

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	102	32	134	77	21	98	76	44	120	64	38	102

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	4	78	54	132	68	41	109	—	—	—	—	—	—

YETHOLM Parish - (Pop. 1,289.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
			-	-	-	115	130	245	115	130	245			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.		76	42	118	43	30	73	63	39	102	57	34	91
1	2													
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Schools.	Instructors.		79	91	170	43	39	82	81	84	165	46	34	80
2	2													

TITCHEL Parish (which is partly in Berwickshire, but wholly entered here) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and practical mathematics; no other branches are at present required. The salary of the master is 25*l.*, with 20*l.* school fees, and 2*l.* 4*s.* 5*d.* annually other emoluments.

It is understood that there are no persons in this parish above the age of fifteen years who cannot read.

(signed) *P. Buchanan*, Minister.

WILTON Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, practical mathematics, geography and French. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 2*d.* per annum, with 43*l.* school fees; the other emoluments are, as session clerk, 2*l.*, and as heritor's clerk, 4*l.* annually, but these offices are not permanent. At two of the Schools *not* Parochial the same branches of education, with the exception of French, are taught as at the Parochial School; the other school is for females, who are taught the more common branches.

There are no children under five years of age at school in this parish.

(signed) *David Stevenson*, Minister.

ETHOLM Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, Latin, Greek, French, geography and English grammar. The salary of the master (who has an assistant) is 34*l.* 4*s.* 5½*d.* per annum, and a free house and garden; the school fees amount to 29*l.* 10*s.* 6*d.*, and the other emoluments to 6*l.* annually as heritor's clerk. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading, writing and arithmetic are taught. Of the scholars attending the three schools above mentioned, probably about forty of both sexes belong to other parishes in England and Scotland.

Children in this parish do not in general begin to attend school until between five and six years of age, and leave it in most cases from twelve to fourteen years of age. All the children in the parish are taught to read and write, but many are sent only during one or two quarters in the year. Many accordingly receive but a very imperfect education, even in the most ordinary branches, either from the poverty or neglect of the parents.

(not signed.)

SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF ROXBURGH.

1. NUMBER of INHABITANTS in the SHIRE of ROXBURGH in the Year 1831 - - - - - 43,663.

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
2. NUMBER of Children under five years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	45	37	82
Number of Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	1,686	1,220	2,906
Number of such Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write - - - - - }	1,267	913	2,180

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
3. PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS - - - - -	44	50	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			1,526	893	2,419	929	538	1,467
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			1,622	983	2,605	943	583	1,526

	£.	s.	d.
TOTAL AMOUNT of Salaries received by Parochial Schoolmasters - - -	1,144	15	2
— of School Fees received by - - ditto - - -	1,005	4	8½
— of other Emoluments received by ditto - - -	153	3	5
	£.	2,303	3 3½

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
4. SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - - -	68	80	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			1,069	1,129	2,198	217	223	440
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			795	772	1,567	178	211	389

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
5. TOTAL NUMBER of PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, } and SCHOOLS not PAROCHIAL - - - }	112	130	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Total Number of Children attending School from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			2,595	2,022	4,617	1,146	761	1,907
Total Number of Children attending School from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			2,417	1,755	4,172	1,121	794	1,915

REMARKS ON THE SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF ROXBURGH.

The number of Inhabitants attributed to the several parishes in this Abstract of Education Returns, differs from the total number ascribed to the Shire of Roxburgh in the Population Abstract of 1831, because in a few instances parishes extend into adjoining shires, in which case the entire parish is ascribed to that shire in which the larger portion of its population reside; this kind of correction being unavoidable in a Return strictly parochial. The total population of the parishes entered in this Abstract thus becomes 278 persons additional to 43,663, and is taken at 43,941 in all the calculations on which the subsequent remarks are founded.

To this number might be added, in strictness, an increase of nearly two per cent. (or 20 in 1,000) during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and ten months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years; such estimated increase somewhat lessens the *proportion* of children educated, or under education in the Shire of Roxburgh, but does not alter any of the *numbers* which are stated in the Summary, or in the following remarks.

The difficulty of personal inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has not permitted the ministers of twenty parishes in Roxburghshire to specify the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read, or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears on the opposite page to have been 82, which, by application of the rule of proportion to the population of all the parishes, gives 439 for the entire Shire of Roxburgh.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to read or who are now learning to read (as specified in the Returns) is 2,906; adding to which a due proportion for thirteen parishes (which are defective in this particular), the total number may be assumed at 6,294. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years of age at Lady Day 1834 must have been 11,190, supposing the same proportion as before now to exist throughout the Shire of Roxburgh.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write (as specified in the Returns) is 2,180; adding to which a due proportion for thirteen parishes (defective in this particular), the total number of such children is 4,721.

The number of Parochial Schools is 44, in which are 50 instructors. The greatest number of scholars at these schools between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 2,419, but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 2,995, and the least number of scholars (1,467) in like manner becomes 2,383.

The greatest number of scholars at Parochial Schools between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834 appears on the opposite page to have been 2,605, but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 3,225, and the least number of scholars (1,526) in like manner becomes 2,491.

The total amount of salaries, school fees and other emoluments appertaining to the parochial¹ instructors was £.2,303 from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834, exclusive of the fees belonging to the School at Hawick, the amount whereof is not stated in the Return from that parish.

The number of Schools not Parochial is 68, in which are 80 instructors. The greatest number of scholars between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 2,198; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 2,849, and the least number of scholars (440), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 1,096.

The greatest number of scholars at Schools not Parochial between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,567; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 2,609, and the least number of scholars (389), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 1,042.

The total number of Schools (Parochial and not Parochial) is 112, in which are 130 instructors. The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Roxburgh between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 4,617; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 5,844; and the least number of scholars (1,907), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 3,479.

The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Roxburgh between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 4,172; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 5,834; and the least number of scholars (1,915), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 3,533.

Sabbath-day Schools are mentioned in one of the Returns; but children receiving daily instruction, and no others, are included in the foregoing Summary and Remarks.

Shire of Selkirk.

ABSTRACT OF EDUCATION - -

[The Parishes are placed in - - - - -

ASHKIRK Parish. See ROXBURGHSHIRE.

ETTERICK Parish - (Pop. in 1831, 530.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.				CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.										
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	1	38	12	50	24	10	34	39	10	49	31	9	40	
OTHER SCHOOLS.				CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.										
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

GALASHIELS with } LINDEAN Parish }				- (Pop. 1,534.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
								Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
								Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
								-	-	-	210	104	314	170	80	250

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	70	55	125	65	50	115	90	30	120	73	30	103

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	153	71	229	125	50	175	152	53	205	103	49	152

Shire of Selkirk.

RETURNS, JULY M.DCCC.XXXIV.

Alphabetical order throughout the County.

TERICK Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, practical mathematics, geography, history, Latin and French. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 16*l.* school fees annually; there are no other emoluments as schoolmaster, except a house and garden worth about 10*l.* annually. There is no established School *not* Parochial, but there are occasionally one or two small schools held during winter, at which two or three families attend.

In answer to the questions as to the number of children under five taught to read, and of those between five and fifteen years of age taught to read and write, it may be stated that in consequence of the parish being of such extent (68 or 69 square miles), many of the children cannot possibly attend school before the age of five years, and a very few, if any, are able to read before that age; but the ages of the scholars who regularly attend school generally run from five to fifteen years, with very few exceptions, and between these two periods they in general acquire all the education they obtain.

(signed) *James Smith*, Minister.

LASHIELS with LINDEAN Parish (which is partly in Roxburghshire, but wholly entered here) is partly landward and partly a Town.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Greek, Latin, French, English, mathematics, arithmetic and writing. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum; the school fees amount to 40*l.*, and other emoluments to 10*l.* annually, with an excellent house and garden. At all the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing, arithmetic and grammar are taught; and at one of them, Latin, geography and history in addition; two of these schools are partially endowed, one situated at Lindean, with a house and garden, and 8*l.* 18*s.* annually, the fees, &c. amount to 19*l.*; the other at Ferniler, also with a house and garden, and a salary of 8*l.*, and the fees amount to 20*l.* annually.

(signed) *James Veitch*, Minister.

INNERLEITHEN Parish. *See PEEBLES-SHIRE.*ROBERTOWN Parish. *See ROXBURGHSHIRE.*

SELKIRK Burgh and Parish (Pop.2,833.)					Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
					Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
					1	-	1	219	139	358	161	87	248

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	3	70	24	94	68	23	91	74	27	101	70	25	95

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
7	8	154	151	305	144	141	285	187	165	352	166	147	313

STOW Parish. *See EDINBURGHSHIRE.*

YARROW Parish - - (Pop. 1,221.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			4	3	7	120	83	203	75	30	105		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	54	34	88	45	24	69	71	44	115	62	36	98
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	24	18	42	17	13	30	37	23	60	32	19	51

SELKIRK Parish (which is partly in the Shire of Roxburgh, but wholly entered here) is partly landward and partly a Burgh.

The instruction given at the Parochial School, to which a Boarding Establishment is attached, consists of English, including grammar, writing, book-keeping, arithmetic, geography, ancient and modern history, Latin, Greek, French, mathematics, religious knowledge, the principles of natural philosophy, English composition, and (occasionally) Italian with physical geography; and the application of mathematics to mechanics and geography might be conveniently added, were the pupils to continue at school long enough. The salary is 50*l.*, including an allowance for a house, and the school fees amount to 80*l.* annually; there are no other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, including grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, modern geography, practical mathematics, religious knowledge and sewing are taught.

(signed) *John Campbell*, Minister.

YARROW Parish is entirely landward.

Of the Parochial Schools, one is situate at Yarrow, the other at Ettrick Bridge. The instruction given thereat consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar, geography and mensuration; and French and Latin in addition at Yarrow school, at which history and drawing might also be conveniently taught; the master of this school has a salary of 31*l.* 6*s.* 6½*d.*, and the one at Ettrick Bridge 20*l.* per annum; the school fees of the former amount to 12*l.*, those of the latter to 11*l.*, and the other emoluments of the Yarrow school are 7*l.* annually; there are none attached to the other school. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar and geography are taught.

It is believed that there is no person belonging to the parish above fifteen years of age who is unable to read.

(signed) *Robert Russell*, Minister.

SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF SELKIRK.

1. NUMBER of INHABITANTS in the SHIRE of SELKIRK in the Year 1831 - - - - - 6,833.

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
2. NUMBER of Children under five years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	5	3	8
Number of Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	549	326	875
Number of such Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write - - - - - }	406	197	603

3. PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS - - - - -	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
			Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }	5	8	232	125	357	202	107	309
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			274	111	385	236	100	336

	£.	s.	d.
TOTAL AMOUNT of Salaries received by Parochial Schoolmasters - - -	165	10	11 ¹ / ₄
— of School Fees received by - - ditto - - -	159	-	-
— of other Emoluments received by ditto - - -	27	-	-
	£.	351	10 11 ¹ / ₄

4. SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - -	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
			Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }	13	14	336	240	576	236	204	490
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			376	241	617	301	215	516

5. TOTAL NUMBER of PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, and SCHOOLS not PAROCHIAL - - - }	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
			Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Total Number of Children attending School from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }	18	22	563	365	933	488	311	799
Total Number of Children attending School from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			650	352	1,002	537	315	852

REMARKS ON THE SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF SELKIRK.

1. The number of Inhabitants attributed to the several parishes in this Abstract of Education Returns differs from the total number ascribed to the Shire of Selkirk in the Population Abstract of 1831, because in a few instances parishes extend into adjoining shires, in which case the entire parish is ascribed to that shire in which the larger portion of its population reside; this kind of correction being unavoidable in a Return strictly parochial. The total Population of the parishes entered in this Abstract thus becomes 665 persons less than 6,833, and is taken at 6,168 in all the calculations on which the subsequent remarks are founded.

To this number might be added, in strictness, an increase of rather more than a half per cent. (or $5\frac{1}{2}$ in 1,000) during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and ten months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years; such estimated increase somewhat lessens the proportion of children educated or under education in the Shire of Selkirk, but does not alter any of the numbers which are stated in the Summary or in the following remarks.

2. The difficulty of personal inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has not permitted the ministers of two parishes in Selkirkshire to specify the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read, or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears on the opposite page to have been 8; which, by application of the rule of proportion to the population of all the parishes, gives 12 for the entire Shire of Selkirk.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to read or who are now learning to read (as specified in the Returns) is 875; adding to which a due proportion for one parish (which is defective in this particular), the total number may be assumed at 957. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years of age at Lady Day 1834 must have been 1,617, supposing the same proportion as before now to exist throughout the Shire of Selkirk.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write (as specified in the Returns) is 603, adding to which a due proportion for one parish (defective in this particular), the total number of such children is 660.

- 3, 4, 5. The answers to the questions respecting the Parochial and other Schools appear to have been correctly made throughout the Shire of Selkirk.

Shire of Stirling.

ABSTRACT OF EDUCATION - - -

[The Parishes are placed in - - - - -]

AIRTH Parish - (Pop. in 1831, 1,825.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	115	105	220	80	60	140

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	65	35	100	40	30	70	75	35	110	50	30	80		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	40	52	92	30	40	70	32	38	70	28	36	64		

ALVA Parish - - - - (Pop. 1,300.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	36	22	58	33	17	50	34	26	60	32	25	57		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	65	73	138	39	67	106	66	84	150	35	65	100		

Shire of Stirling.

- - RETURNS, JULY M.DCCC.XXXIV.

- - - - - *Alphabetical order throughout the County.*

IRTH Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, the elements of Latin, arithmetic, geography, navigation, practical mathematics and book-keeping. The salary of the master is 34*l.* per annum, with 40*l.* school fees, and 6*l.* annually other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, English grammar, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught.

(not signed.)

LVA Parish.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of Latin occasionally, English grammar, reading English, writing and accounts, and the shorter catechism with the proofs. The salary of the master is 29*l.* 18*s.* 10*d.*, with 28*l.* school fees annually. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar, geography, and practical mathematics are taught; and at the other, reading, writing and needlework; the number of children who attended this school during the periods specified is not given, as the dates of entrance are not marked; the numbers given are the average throughout the year.

(signed) *Andrew Brown*, Minister.

BALDERNOCK Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing and arithmetic; the parishioners desire no other branches. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with 20*l.* school fees, and about 2*l.* annually arising from registrations.

(not signed.)

BALFRON Parish is partly landward; there are 1,664 inhabitants in the village, and 393 in the country part.

The instruction given at the Schools returned as Parochial (one whereof is depending for a salary on the heritors, though not properly parochial) consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, English grammar, Latin, geography and mensuration; it is thought that no other branches are necessary. The salary of one of the masters is 25*l.*, with 10*l.* school fees, and 3*l.* other emoluments annually. The salary of the other master (paid by subscription from the heritors) is 10*l.*, with 7*l.* 10*s.* school fees annually, and no other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, the instruction is much the same as at the Parochial Schools.

It is thought that there are not many persons above the age of fifteen who are unable to read, though there must undoubtedly be a few, but it is impossible to say the exact number. Besides the 313 given in answer to the question respecting the number of children between five and fifteen years of age taught to read, it is thought right to mention that there are Sabbath Schools in the parish, and week-day classes for religious education. In the morning Sabbath School all last summer, there were on the catalogue 180; in evening, 100; there is also another, attended by 45, and two others held on Saturday evenings, at which are 109.

(signed) A. Niven, Minister.

BOTHKENNAR Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics, geography, Latin, Greek and French. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with 10*l.* school fees, and about 4*l.* annually other emoluments. At the School *not* Parochial, English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geography and Latin are taught.

In answer to the questions as to how many children in the parish under fifteen years of age have been taught or are now learning to read and write, those returned comprehend such only as are now at school; all above the age of fifteen are able to read.

(not signed.)

UCHANAN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, Latin, practical mathematics and church music. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum, with school fees amounting to 2*s.* 6*d.* per quarter from each scholar (but a few children of paupers are taught gratis), and about 2*l.* annually from registrations and proclamations. At the School *not* Parochial, English, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught; the teacher of this school is allowed 15*l.* per annum by the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge.

All the children in the parish (with one exception) are taught to read; a few in a remote quarter do not attend school, but are taught at home by a young man engaged for that purpose. The exact number which attended the parochial school during the first period required cannot be precisely stated, in consequence of the removal of the schoolmaster.

(signed) Wm. Freeland, Minister.

CAMPBELL Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English reading, grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek and geography. The salary of one of the masters is 30*l.*; that of another, 12*l.*; and that of the third, 8*l.* per annum; the average of school fees is at 3*s.* 6*d.* per quarter, and other emoluments are 9*l.* 9*s.* to one master, being the interest of a legacy, and 2*l.* 10*s.* to another. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading, writing, arithmetic and grammar are taught. There were 275 children in attendance at these schools from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834.

There are not known to be any children taught under five years of age.

(not signed.)

DUNDEE Parish is partly a Town and partly landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, book-keeping, geography and Latin. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with school fees irregularly paid, and which may average about 24*l.* annually. At all the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught, and at some, Latin and English grammar.

This parish is about six miles in length by four in breadth, but densely inhabited on the lower and southern side next to the great canal, and also on the north road leading through from Edinburgh to Glasgow. There is no accommodation at present for the parochial schoolmaster, either as a householder or for his scholars, who assemble in two small rooms on a second floor, greatly to the injury of their health; indeed the master has for months together been incapacitated for teaching; but in the course of another year it is believed better accommodation will be provided. Among the 743 children reported as being able to read, a great proportion read but imperfectly; there is such a demand for infant labour in the parish that children are prematurely hurried away from school before they have gained any solid benefits. It is believed that this Return is as perfect as the nature of the queries proposed will admit of; twenty agents having been employed nearly a week in collecting the information.

(signed) John Dempster, Minister.

DRYMEN Parish - - - (Pop. 1,690.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	98	56	154	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	28	30	58	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

DUNIPACE Parish. See LARBERT and DUNIPACE.

FALKIRK Parish - - (Pop. 12,743.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.		Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2		3	29	6	35	20	2	22	80	34	114	21	1	22
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.		Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
33		39	882	671	1,553	511	377	888	1,060	714	1,774	554	444	998

FINTRY Parish - - - (Pop. 1,051.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	8	8	86	86	172	47	37	84

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	24	20	44	18	16	34	30	23	53	25	17	42

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	50	68	118	36	46	82	50	61	111	42	51	93

DRYMEN Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Greek, Latin, English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geography, land-surveying and church music. The salary of the master is 31*l.* per annum, with 25*l.* school fees, and 1*l.* 12*s.* 8*d.* annually, arising from the office of session clerk. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught.

With scarcely an exception, the entire population from five to fifteen years of age have been taught or are learning to read, but about one-twentieth part have not been taught, nor are learning to write; these are mostly females. During the present year there have been enrolled at the Parochial School 154 children; at private schools, 58; at schools out of the parish, 25; and instructed in families at home, 15; from which it appears that 252, or nearly one-seventh of the entire population, are receiving the benefit of education.

(signed) *Alex. Lochore*, Minister.

FALKIRK Parish.

The branches taught at one of the Parochial Schools are English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, geography, animal physiology, history and biblical instruction; those taught at the other are Latin, Greek, French and geography. The master of the former school has a salary of 34*l.* per annum; and his fees from August 1835 (the school having only commenced at that date) to February 1836, amounted to 24*l.* The master of the latter school (who engages an assistant) has a salary of 17*l.* 2*s.* 2½*d.* per annum, with 35*l.* school fees, and 8*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* annually, other emoluments. Of the Schools *not* Parochial (one whereof is a Charity School), twelve are situate in the town of Falkirk; seven at Grahamston; two at Bainsford; four at Grangemouth; three at Laurieston; two at Camden; one (which is at present vacant) at Bonnybridge; one at Craigie Burn, and one at Glenburn; the branches taught at most of these schools are English, writing and arithmetic; in addition to which at some, are taught book-keeping and geography; at a few, needlework; and at others, geometry, mensuration, navigation, practical mathematics, Latin and French. Seven of the above schools are also held in the evening.

The number of scholars returned in the above schools refers in several instances to those who attended between the years 1835 and 1836, as many of the schools have only commenced since the dates specified.

(signed by the several Schoolmasters and Schoolmistresses.)

INTRY Parish is landward, with a Village containing 600 inhabitants, who are chiefly connected with a cotton mill.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing and arithmetic; the present teacher is not qualified to give instruction in any other branches; and he received his appointment before Greek and Latin were required by the laws of the church; the salary is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, with about 6*l.* 10*s.* school fees, and a few shillings annually, other emoluments. According to the number of children attending this school, the fees, but for the difficulty of collecting them, would amount to 20*l.* per annum. At the Schools *not* Parochial, Latin, Greek, French, English, geography, writing and arithmetic are taught; needlework is also taught to females; these schools (one of which is conducted by a master, the other by a mistress) are situated in the village; and as the parents of the children are chiefly employed at the cotton mills, the fees are more easily secured.

During twelve years the minister has only met with two persons in the parish above fifteen years of age who were unable to read.

(signed) *James Coltart*, Minister.

GARGUNNOCK Parish - (Pop. 1,006.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				9	8	17	54	49	103	43	36	79			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	22	11	33	22	11	33	21	20	41	21	20	41		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	41	39	80	41	39	80	50	45	95	50	45	95		

KILLEARN Parish - - (Pop.1,206.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	33	33	66	10	11	21	22	16	38	8	6	14
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	77	56	133	70	51	121	65	51	116	56	45	101

KILPATRICK, New or Easter, Parish. See DUMBARTONSHIRE.

KILSYTH Parish - - (Pop. 4,297.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			6	5	11	271	160	431	85	43	128

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	4	140	100	240	120	88	208	190	116	306	171	106	277

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	69	38	107	58	30	88	82	46	128	75	38	113

MARGUNNOCK Parish is landward, but contains a Village.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, land-measuring, geography and Latin. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 3½*d.* per annum, with 11*l.* school fees, and 2*l.* 2*s.* annually, other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar and Latin are taught.

There are seven adults in the parish who are unable to read.

(not signed.)

KILLEARN Parish is landward, with a Village containing about one-third of the population.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing and arithmetic; Latin is occasionally attempted, and geography and mathematics might also be taught with advantage. The salary of the master is 31*l.* per annum; an allowance of 8*l.* annually in lieu of a house, and about 6*l.* per annum, other emoluments; the school fees are very trifling; many parents being unwilling, and many unable to pay. At the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School; the schools are very well conducted, and the teachers say they are well paid.

Beside the schools above-mentioned, a Sabbath-day School exists in the parish, which is well attended. There is no *Infant School* in the parish or neighbourhood, and children are rarely sent to ordinary schools under five years of age; but (with two exceptions) every child under fifteen has been taught to read, and almost all to write. To account for the numerical superiority of males at all the schools, it may be stated that they go to school earlier and continue longer than females; that many of the latter are soon found to be useful to their parents at home, or are sent to other places to learn knitting and sewing.

(signed) John Graham, Minister.

ILSYTH Parish is partly landward, and partly a Burgh of Barony.

There are three Parochial Schools, viz. one in the Burgh, one in the East Barony, and one in the West Barony; the instruction given consists of Latin, Greek, French, geography, reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar and book-keeping. The salary of the master of the Burgh School (who employs an assistant) is 30*l.* per annum, with 58*l.* school fees, and 9*l.* annually, arising from the office of session clerk; that of the master of the East Barony School is 12*l.* 6*s.* 3*d.* per annum, with 31*l.* school fees, and an allowance of 1*l.* 1*s.* annually from a heritor; that of the master of the West Barony School is 9*l.* per annum, with 23*l.* school fees, and 22*l.* annually, accruing from a legacy bequeathed by Mr. John Patrick. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught; the other is kept by a female, who teaches reading only.

This parish is unusually well supplied with endowed schools. The teachers of the Burgh and West Barony Schools have each dwelling-houses; the former by subscription, the latter by the heritors. The teacher at the East Barony School has a small lodging by favour, yet the remuneration is very moderate; the burgh teacher, with great labour, makes nearly 100*l.* a year, but he has to pay an assistant; the others are much short of that sum, yet each has received a college education. Much attention is paid in all the schools to religious and moral training, upon Wood's system; and for the last six years a very marked improvement has been observable. Besides the regular daily scholars, about 150 attend evening schools during the year, who receive instruction in arithmetic, writing, geography and English grammar. Many Sunday Schools also exist in the parish, where much valuable religious instruction is given. Few males are to be found in the parish who cannot both read and write; but many females who have learnt to read have not been taught to write.

(signed) William Burns, Minister.

KIPPEN Parish (which is partly in the Shire of Perth, but wholly entered here) is landward, with two Villages.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of English, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, Latin and mathematics; Greek and French could also be taught if required. The salary of one of the masters is 27*l.* 15*s.* 6*d.*, that of the other 5*l.* 11*s.* 1*d.* per annum; the school fees of the one amount to 20*l.*, those of the other to 5*l.* 10*s.* per annum, and other emoluments to 11*l.* 14*s.* annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught, and Latin in addition at two of them.

(signed) William Anderson, Minister.

LARBERT and DUNIPACE Parishes are landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial Schools consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar, Latin, geography and mathematics; no other branches could be conveniently added. The maximum salary of 34*l.* 4*s.* is given to both masters. The school fees are as follows: for teaching English reading, 3*s.* per quarter; ditto, with writing, 3*s.* 6*d.*; with arithmetic, 4*s.*; and with Latin, grammar and geography, 6*s.* per quarter; there are no other emoluments except a house and garden. At the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches are taught as at the Parochial Schools, with the exception of Latin.

An endowment of 20*l.* per annum to the teacher of every district of a given number of inhabitants which built its own school and school-house would be of incalculable benefit, provided the election was vested in proper hands, and the schoolmaster put under the same wholesome control of the Presbytery of the bounds as the parish schoolmaster is; provided also that his continuance was made to depend on those intrusted with his election, and also in some degree upon the number of his scholars.

(not signed.)

LECROPT Parish (which is partly in Perthshire, but wholly entered here) is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, French and mathematics; no other branches are required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*, with about 12*l.* school fees, and about 3*l.* annually, other emoluments. An *Infant School* has lately been instituted in this parish, but the arrangements are not yet so matured as to enable the minister to give any further information on the subject.

There are only two persons known in this parish above the age of fifteen years unable to read.

(signed) Peter McLaren, Minister.

LOGIE. See CLACKMANNANSHIRE.

MUIRAVONSIDE Parish (Pop. 1,540.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
			-	-	-	50	42	92	27	19	46			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools. Instructors.			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1 1			56	42	98	20	17	37	68	58	126	44	37	81
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools. Instructors.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1 1			50	40	90	12	8	20	-	-	-	-	-	-

NINIAN'S, ST. Parish - (Pop. 9,552.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2		70	30	100	70	30	100	70	30	100	70	30	100
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
15	15		575	290	865	575	290	865	575	290	865	575	290	865

POLMONT Parish - - (Pop. 3,210.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	168	78	246	120	63	183	116	60	176	71	49	120		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	272	171	443	195	127	322	270	178	448	205	134	339		

MUIRAVONSIDE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, geography, mathematics, and Latin; the master is also qualified to teach Greek if required to do so. The salary is 34*l.* 4*s.* 2½*d.* per annum, with 24*l.* school fees, and glebe valued at 6*l.* annually. The same branches (with the exception of mathematics) are taught at the School *not* Parochial.

In answer to the questions as to how many children under fifteen years of age have been taught or are now learning to read and write, the number returned comprehends those only at present in attendance at the Parochial School. There are two persons in the parish advanced in years who are unable to write.

(not signed.)

ST. NINIAN'S Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, geography, mathematics, book-keeping, Latin, Greek, French, history and drawing; there has been no demand for any other branches than the above. The salary attached to the school is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* and the school fees amount to about 65*l.* annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic and English grammar are taught.

With regard to the number of scholars attending the above schools, the numbers given are partly from the report of the several teachers, and partly from the observations of the ministers when visiting the schools. The numbers attending during the periods specified could not be obtained, and even those given as in attendance during the year must be considered rather as an approximation to the truth than as the precise numbers.

In a parish so populous and extensive as St. Ninian's it is difficult to obtain the information required, unless an actual survey were made for the purpose. For example, the questions as to how many children under five years of age have been taught to read, and how many between five and fifteen years of age have been taught to read and write, could not be answered without making inquiry at every family in the parish.

(signed) { *Christopher Greig*, Minister.
 { *James Anderson*, Assistant Minister.

POLMONT Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic and geography, together with Latin, Greek and French; but the number who study the three branches last-mentioned seldom exceeds six or eight. The salary of the master (who employs an assistant) is 34*l.* 4*s.* per annum, with 70*l.* school fees, and about 5*l.* annually arising from the office of session clerk. At four of the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught, and at the other the common branches of female education.

It has been found impracticable to answer the questions relative to the number of children under fifteen years of age who have been taught or who are now learning to read and write, inasmuch as the first part of the question is indefinite, specifying no precise period; and secondly, because no register of the ages of scholars is ever kept by the teachers. It may however be stated, that of the children who at present attend the various schools, about 40 are under five years old; the remainder are between that age and fifteen.

(not signed.)

SLAMANAN Parish - (Pop. 1,093.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	143	135	278	130	96	226

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	28	21	49	19	14	33	30	25	55	24	19	43		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	27	21	48	21	15	36	29	22	51	27	21	48		

STIRLING Burgh and } Parish - - - - - } - (Pop.8,556.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.					
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.					
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				-	-	62	489	326	815	310	175	485			
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	5	90	19	109	90	19	109	88	18	106	88	18	106		
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.							
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
18	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

STRATHBLANE Parish - (Pop. 1,033.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
				1	1	2	37	33	70	24	12	36	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	20	15	35	20	15	35	22	17	39	22	17	39
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	4	24	25	49	12	13	25	24	25	49	12	13	25

SLAMANAN Parish is landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, Latin, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping; no other branches are necessary. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 2½*d.* per annum, with 20*l.* school fees, and 13*l.* other emoluments, but liable to annual election by the heritors. At the School *not* Parochial, English, writing and arithmetic are taught.

(signed) *Alexander Davidson*, Minister.

STIRLING Parish (which extends into the Shire of Clackmannan, but wholly entered here) is a Royal Burgh, with a small landward territory.

There are three schools strictly Burgh Schools, and four others more or less aided and directly patronized by the Burgh, the latter are included in the list of Schools *not* Parochial. The instruction given at the first Burgh School, which is commonly called "the Grammar School of Stirling," consists of Latin, Greek, French, ancient geography, writing and arithmetic; the salary of the rector is 50*l.*, and that of the assistant 20*l.* per annum; the fees are 7*s.* 6*d.* per quarter for Latin, and 12*s.* 6*d.* for Greek and French together; the other emoluments are a house and garden. At the second school, called "the English School," the English language, including orthography and grammar, and the principles of religion, are taught; the salary is 50*l.* per annum, with fees of 5*s.* per quarter. At the third school, commonly called "the Writing School," writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and mathematics are taught; the salary of the master is likewise 50*l.* per annum, and the school fees; the number of children who attended this school during the periods specified could not be ascertained. Of the Schools *not* Parochial, four are patronized by the Burgh, one with 50*l.* per annum, and is kept in a house belonging to a charitable institution; another with 10*l.*, and another with 8*l.* per annum: three others are Boarding Schools for females; one is an *Infant School*, and one a Charity School for girls too much advanced for the Infant School; the remainder are Schools on private adventure. At fifteen of these schools English, writing and arithmetic are taught; also French, music, and the ornamental branches of a female education in addition at the Boarding Schools, and history at one of the schools patronized by the Burgh; at the three other schools, the instruction consists of English reading and spelling, with sewing and knitting in addition at one of them.

The number of children who attended the Schools *not* Parochial during the periods specified could not be ascertained, but the number at the present time may be stated at 455 males and 376 females, and the minister is satisfied that these represent, with sufficient accuracy, the state of education at such schools in 1833-4.

(signed) *George Cupples*, one of the Ministers of Stirling.

STRATHBLANE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin, book-keeping, French, Greek and geography; the elements of chemistry, natural history and astronomy might also be advantageously taught. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum, together with 15*l.* annually school fees. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, music, geography and French are taught.

From the carelessness of the parents, and their anxiety to get wages for their children at a printfield and a bleachfield in the parish, some children are never taught at all; and from the same causes the one-half are withdrawn from school before their education in English reading is half complete.

(not signed.)

SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF STIRLING.

1. NUMBER of INHABITANTS in the SHIRE of STIRLING in the Year 1831 - - - - - 72,621.

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
2. NUMBER of Children under five years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	86	97	183
Number of Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	2,350	1,873	4,223
Number of such Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write - - - - - }	1,488	979	2,467

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
			Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
3. PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS - - - - -	33	39						
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			1,169	688	1,857	838	493	1,331
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			1,092	666	1,758	873	534	1,407

	£.	s.	d.
TOTAL AMOUNT of Salaries received by Parochial Schoolmasters - - -	956	14	2½
— of School Fees received by - - ditto - - -	600	10	—
— of other Emoluments received by ditto - - -	118	5	4
	£.	1,675	9 6½

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
			Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
4. SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - - -	121	138						
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			2,986	2,074	5,060	2,148	1,404	3,552
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			3,123	2,083	5,211	2,169	1,501	3,670

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
			Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
5. TOTAL NUMBER of PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, and SCHOOLS not PAROCHIAL - - - - - }	154	177						
Total Number of Children attending School from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			4,155	2,762	6,917	2,986	1,897	4,883
Total Number of Children attending School from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			4,220	2,749	6,969	3,042	2,035	5,077

REMARKS ON THE SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF STIRLING.

The number of Inhabitants attributed to the several parishes in this Abstract of Education Returns, differs from the total number ascribed to the Shire of Stirling in the Population Abstract of 1831, because in a few instances parishes extend into adjoining shires, in which case the entire parish is ascribed to that shire in which the larger portion of its population reside; this kind of correction being unavoidable in a Return strictly parochial. The total population of the parishes entered in this Abstract thus becomes 959 persons less than 72,621, and is taken at 71,662 in all the calculations on which the subsequent remarks are founded.

To this number might be added, in strictness, an increase of three per cent. (or 30 in 1,000), during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and ten months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years; such estimated increase somewhat lessens the *proportion* of children educated, or under education, in the Shire of Stirling, but does not alter any of the *numbers* which are stated in the Summary, or in the following remarks.

The difficulty of personal inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has not permitted the ministers of twelve parishes in Stirlingshire to specify the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears on the opposite page to have been 183; which, by application of the rule of proportion to the population of all the parishes, gives 503 for the entire Shire of Stirling.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to read or who are now learning to read (as specified in the Returns) is 4,223; adding to which a due proportion for eight parishes (which are defective in this particular), the total number may be assumed at 8,489. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years of age at Lady Day 1834 must have been 18,061, supposing the same proportion as before now to exist throughout the Shire of Stirling.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to write or who are now learning to write (as specified in the Returns) is 2,467; adding to which a due proportion for eight parishes (defective in this particular), the total number of such children is 4,959.

The number of Parochial Schools is 33, in which are 39 instructors. The greatest number of scholars at these Schools between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,857, and the least number to have been 1,331; adding to which a due proportion for Returns, one whereof is defective in the greatest, and two in the least number, the former becomes 2,000, and the latter in like manner becomes 1,489.

The greatest number of scholars at Parochial Schools between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,758, but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 2,006, and the least number of scholars (1,407) in like manner becomes 1,605.

The total amount of salaries, school fees and other emoluments appertaining to the parochial instructors was £1,675 from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834, exclusive of the fees connected with the parochial schools at Buchanan, Campsie, Killearn, Larbert and Dunipace, and Stirling; and of other emoluments belonging to the schools at Alva and St. Ninian's; the amount whereof is not specified in the Returns from these parishes.

The number of Schools *not* Parochial is 121, in which are 138 instructors. The greatest number of scholars between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 5,060; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 6,252, and the least number of scholars (3,552) in like manner becomes 4,761.

The greatest number of scholars at Schools *not* Parochial between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 5,211; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 6,819, and the least number of scholars (3,670) in like manner becomes 5,065.

The total number of Schools (Parochial and *not* Parochial) is 154, in which are 177 instructors. The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Stirling between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 6,917; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 8,252, and the least number of scholars (4,883) in like manner becomes 6,250.

The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Stirling between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 6,969; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 8,825, and the least number of scholars (5,077) in like manner becomes 6,670.

Sabbath-day Schools are mentioned in some of the Returns, but children receiving daily instruction, and no others, are included in the foregoing Summary and Remarks.

Shire of Sutherland.

ABSTRACT OF EDUCATION - - -

[The Parishes are placed in Alphabetical order throughout the County, but the Parochial

1. ASSYNT Parish - (Pop. in 1831, 1,758.)		Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
		Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	14	11	25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	

2. RHUISTORE Parish - (Pop. 1,403.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				8	9	17	124	118	242	50	3	53

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
4	4	59	50	109	-	-	-	167	112	279	-	-	-

Shire of Sutherland.

- - - RETURNS, JULY M.DCCC.XXXIV.

Districts recently established are always placed under the name of their ancient Parishes.]

ASSYNT Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin and Gaelic. The salary of the master is 25*l.* per annum, with school fees not exceeding 2*l.*; and the other emoluments are probably equal to 19*l.* per annum. At the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School; one of these schools belongs to the General Assembly, the education committee of which allows the teacher 25*l.* per annum, and the heritor gives a house and small garden, and 3*l.* in lieu of a cow's grass; the other two schools are supported by the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge in Scotland, which allows each teacher 15*l.* per annum, and cows' grass.

In this parish, where children reside near a school, they generally enter at about four years of age, and endeavour to continue until they can read; several acquire a tolerable knowledge of the common rules of arithmetic, and writing. The attendance is very good from November till the beginning of March, but very irregular during the other part of the year. At the Gaelic reading the number of female scholars greatly exceeds that of the males, but at all other branches the males preponderate. It is to be regretted that the exact number of each sex cannot be specified at the Schools *not* Parochial, as they were not distinguished in the school catalogues. It is common for young men of twenty years of age to attend school during winter to learn writing and arithmetic. There is a deficiency to a great extent as to the nature and amount of education in this parish. The poverty of the people is such, that the teachers get scarcely any school fees; but parents endeavour to make some remuneration in kind. Several families who live in remote districts, thinly peopled, hire a person to instruct their children in reading and writing during the winter months, and generally pay such person 2*l.*, or 2*l.* 10*s.* and their board.

(signed) Charles Gordon, Minister.

RHUISTORE Parish is entirely landward.

This being one of the Parliamentary districts, separated from the parish of Assynt, there is as yet no Parochial School. Of the Schools which exist in the Parish, three are for English and Gaelic, and the other for Gaelic only; writing and arithmetic are also taught at these schools. The salary of the Gaelic teacher is 25*l.* per annum (exclusive of fees), paid by the Edinburgh Gaelic School Society. The teacher of one of the other schools has 15*l.* from the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge; and his fees, which are almost nominal, may perhaps amount to about 2*l.* in the year. The teacher of another school has a salary of 12*l.* from the Glasgow Gaelic School Society, with about 2*l.* school fees in the year. The fourth school is by subscription, got up lately and but temporary; the income cannot exceed the rate of 10*l.* in the year.

Of those persons above fifteen years of age, who cannot read, there are, 102 males and 291 females. There are, above fifteen years of age, who can write or are now learning, 169 males and 9 females; attending school at present of different ages to upwards of fifty years of age, 193 males and 116 females. The scale of education is very low, its scriptural character and cheapness to the poor are its great and only recommendation. A good Parochial School would be a great blessing to this parish, and no doubt the proprietor would contribute handsomely towards such an arrangement. Whit-Sunday and Michaelmas are the terms observed in the schools, and the numbers returned refer to children who attended during those terms.

(signed) Donald Gordon, Minister.

CLYNE Parish - - - (Pop. 1,711.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			12	17	29	88	75	163	69	20	89		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	46	34	80	36	24	60	115	60	175	50	30	80
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	17	13	30	15	10	25	39	30	69	26	29	55

CREECH Parish - - - (Pop. 2,562.)						Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
						Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
						Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
						25	30	55	150	127	277	82	34	116

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	25	30	55	16	20	36	-	-	-	-	-	-		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
7	7	38	25	63	24	20	44	43	30	73	28	22	50		

DORNOCH Burgh and Parish - - - - - } (Pop. 3,380.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			12	4	16	168	190	358	112	67	179

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	30	10	40	-	-	-	60	15	75	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
6	6	78	79	157	-	-	-	142	143	285	-	-	-

LYNE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction afforded at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin and Greek ; other branches of education might be taught, but are seldom required at this school. The maximum amount of the master's salary is about 36*l.* per annum ; the school fees amount to from 15*l.* to 20*l.*, and the other emoluments to from 4*l.* to 6*l.* per annum, arising from the office of session clerk. At the School *not* Parochial, English and Gaelic reading, writing, arithmetic and English grammar are taught.

(not signed.)

REECH Parish is entirely landward, extending along the Dornoch Frith and rivers falling into it, being forty miles in length and about eight in breadth.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial School consist of English and Gaelic reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, and the English and Latin grammars ; no other branch has been required to be taught at this school. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum ; the fees are 1*s.* 6*d.* per quarter for teaching reading, 2*s.* for writing, and 2*s.* 6*d.* for arithmetic and Latin ; the other emoluments amount to about 3*l.* or 4*l.* per annum. This school, which has been in ruins for some time, was closed from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady-day 1834, for want of accommodation ; the heritors, however, are now building a new one. Of the Schools *not* Parochial, two are Assembly Schools situate at each end of the parish, and carried on very successfully ; another is a voluntary school (situate in the middle of the parish), where navigation and land-surveying are taught ; the other four are held in different remote parts of the parish, and the teachers are paid by those who employ them at the rate of 4*l.* or 5*l.* per half year, with their board. There are 406 children of both sexes in the parish who cannot read, being resident a great distance from any school.

(signed) . *Murdo Cameron*, Minister.

DORNOCH Parish is partly landward and partly a Royal Burgh.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial School consist of English reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, Latin, Greek, geometry and geography ; these branches are all taught as required, with the addition of the Bible, and the General Assembly's shorter Catechism, which are indispensable. The salary of the master is 36*l.* 6*s.* per annum, including 2*l.* for deficiency in garden-ground ; his school fees amount to 3*l.* and his other emoluments to 5*l.* annually, as Kirk session clerk and registrar of the parish registers. At the Schools *not* Parochial, besides the ordinary branches of education, Latin is taught at one, Gaelic at three, and French, drawing and music at one for females ; the smallest number of children attending the above schools is not stated.

As the half year is calculated here by winter and summer sessions, the first numbers here given are reckoned from the winter session of 1833-4, and the others from the summer session of 1834. It may be observed that the desire among the lower classes to give education to the female part of their families has greatly increased during the last ten years, which may account for the great attendance of females at these schools ; and that several young men who received a little education when children repair to school in winter to improve themselves in reading, writing and arithmetic, and some of them learn book-keeping ; this accounts for the schools being more crowded in winter than in summer. The general plan of education adopted in these schools is, when a child is able to read the Spelling-book, he is then advanced to the New Testament, thence to the Bible, thence to a book called the Collection. They are taught to commit to memory the questions of the General Assembly's shorter Catechism, besides being examined in them weekly ; and the Bible, the whole Bible, in the order of its books (*and not extracts*), is uniformly read as the morning lesson by all who are so far advanced, whatever may be their other studies, throughout the day ; the scholars are also examined in the portion of the Sacred Scriptures which they read. Thus it may be perceived that the Holy Scriptures form the basis of the education to the young people in this country. By the constitution of the Church of Scotland it cannot be otherwise, and any system of education which would exclude them from the schools, or give them in garbled extracts, would be rejected.

(signed) . *Angus Kennedy*, Minister.

DURNESSE Parish - - (Pop. 1,153.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			2	2	4	120	90	210	50	10	60

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	15	3	18	5	2	7	42	8	50	28	6	34

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	26	25	51	12	8	20	33	19	52	18	12	30

1. EDDERACHILLIS Parish - (Pop. 1,065.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			7	5	12	98	90	188	12	6	18		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	28	18	46	8	6	14	24	21	45	8	5	13
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	17	15	32	6	5	11	13	11	24	5	5	10

2. KINLOCH-BERVIE Parish (Pop. 900.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			25	15	40	150	50	200	35	9	44

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	4	65	40	105	60	20	80	102	67	169	90	50	140

DURNNESS Parish is entirely landward.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial School consists of English reading, arithmetic, mathematics, Latin, Greek, &c.; the branches usually taught are reading, writing, arithmetic and English grammar. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 15*s.* per annum; the school fees amount to 1*l.* 1*s.* 6*d.*, and other emoluments to 2*l.* 2*s.* annually. At the School *not* Parochial (which belongs to the General Assembly), English and Gaelic reading, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught.

In remote districts of the parish, boys are engaged during the winter to teach in small hamlets of from two to six families, and they are remunerated by the parents at the rate of about 20*s.* per month; the number of children attending these schools does not exceed twenty, and the branches taught are reading, writing and arithmetic. It may be observed that in any new enactment as to Parochial Schools, would it not be expedient and advisable, in cases where the parochial schoolmasters have not been examined, and found duly qualified by the Presbytery, or unable effectively to discharge the duties, that some provision be made for such, and qualified teachers appointed to succeed them?

(not signed.)

EDDERACHILLIS Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English reading, writing and arithmetic; Latin might be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 5*s.* per annum; the other emoluments consist of a house and 1*l.* 12*s.* 9*d.* in lieu of garden. At the School *not* Parochial, Gaelic reading is taught. The people are very poor, and there are upwards of two hundred who cannot read.

(not signed.)

KINLOCH-BERVIE Parish, which is one of the new Government districts (disjoined from the parish of Edderachillis), is entirely landward.

At the schools existing in the parish, Gaelic and English reading, writing and arithmetic are taught; the teacher of one of these schools has also occasionally given instruction in Greek and Latin.

The parish stands much in need of a Parochial School.

(not signed.)

1. FARR Parish - - - - (Pop. 1,177.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	148	37	185	-	-	61

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.					From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	50	10	60	-	-	-	86	15	101	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.					From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	2	6	8	-	-	-	4	12	16	-	-	-

2. STRATHY Parish - - (Pop. 896.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			6	3	9	85	65	150	21	3	24		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	64	40	104	18	12	30	92	49	141	38	26	64

GOLSPIE Parish - - - (Pop. 1,149.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	76	24	100	-	-	-	55	15	70	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	20	-	-	20	-	-	20	-	-	20

FARR Parish is entirely landward.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial School consist of English reading, writing, grammar, mathematics and Latin; all of which are usually taught. The salary of the master is maximum (34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.*); the school fees amount to 5*l.*, and the other emoluments also to 5*l.* per annum. At the School *not* Parochial, English reading, knitting and sewing are taught.

The number of children under five years of age who have been taught to read or are now learning is very small.

It may be observed that the attendance at school is more irregular in summer, and fewer attend at that time, owing to the other avocations of the inhabitants. The number of persons above fifteen years of age who cannot read has not been ascertained; they are, however, considerable, especially among the older parishioners. Of those from fifteen to forty years, a considerable number read the Scriptures, either in English or Gaelic, which is the language best understood in the parish.

(signed) *David Mackenzie*, Minister.

STRATHY Parish is entirely landward, and being one of the new Government erections, it has as yet no Parochial School.

The instruction at the Schools *not* Parochial consists of English and Gaelic reading, writing and arithmetic; and the masters are capable of teaching Latin, if required.

Owing to the irregularity of attendance at these schools, the numbers herein given can only be considered as an approximation.

(not signed.)

GOLSPIE Parish is landward, with a Village of 450 inhabitants.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of Latin, Greek, mathematics, book-keeping, writing and reading; no other branches seem to be required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.* per annum, with 26*l.* school fees; the other emoluments are very trifling for being session clerk, and for registering births and marriages. There is also a female school, at which about 20 children generally attend.

At the dates specified, there were also small temporary winter schools occasionally in some parts of the parish, where merely the elements of reading and writing were taught; a school has also been taught since the dates specified, and the number of scholars have considerably increased in the parish.

In answer to the question as to the number of children under five years of age taught to read, it may be said that a very few in this parish under that age are learning; the whole number of children attending the above schools, who generally are between five and fifteen years of age, are learning to read and write.

There are several aged persons and some fishermen in the parish who cannot read.

(not signed.)

KILDONAN Parish - (Pop. 257.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
				13	10	23	33	18	51	26	15	41	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	6	5	11	5	4	9	9	7	16	7	5	12
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	21	17	38	18	16	34	25	19	44	19	17	36

LAIRG Parish - - - (Pop. 1,045.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				2	2	4	33	30	63	-	-	28

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	53	37	90	35	25	60	-	-	-	-	-	-		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

LOTH Parish - - - - (Pop. 2,214.)		Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
		Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
		30	20	50	261	150	411	155	75	230

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	61	37	98	28	26	54	70	50	120	60	38	98

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	110	75	185	-	-	-

KILDONAN Parish is entirely landward.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial School consists of the Spelling-book, the Collection, the Bible, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mathematics, Latin and Greek; the branches usually taught are reading, writing and arithmetic; other branches might be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 27*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum; the school fees amount to 3*l.* 4*s.*, and the other emoluments to 3*l.* 7*s.* annually. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and Latin are taught; and at the other two, the Spelling-book, the Collection, the Bible, reading, writing and arithmetic.

(signed) *James Campbell*, Minister.

LAIRG Parish is entirely landward.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial School consist of English and Gaelic reading, English grammar, Latin, arithmetic, penmanship and book-keeping; all of which are usually taught; and geography and practical geometry might (if encouraged) be conveniently added. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum; the school fees amount to 5*l.* 10*s.*, and other emoluments to 2*l.* 10*s.* annually; the number of children who attended this school between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834 is not given, but the average of both quarters is 75.

The Bible is read every morning in the above school by all who are capable of reading tolerably well; the children are then examined in the contents of the portion read, according to their capacities. This is a country where instruction in the Bible is universally required, so that whatever branches were taught, if the Bible were neglected, the school would soon be deserted.

(signed) *Dun. M^r Gillivray*, Minister.

LOTH Parish is entirely landward.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial School consist of all those requisite to qualify for the University; those usually taught are English reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, English grammar, geography, mathematics, Latin, Greek and French. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 1*s.* 7*d.* per annum; the school fees amount to 10*l.*, and the other emoluments to 2*l.* 2*s.* annually, being allowance for a garden. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English reading, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught; two of them are held only in winter; one of which is attended by 70, and the other by 35 children.

(signed) *D. Ross*, Minister.

REAY Parish. See CAITHNESSSHIRE.												
ROGART Parish - - (Pop. 1,805.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
			15	11	26	221	78	299	135	29	164	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	1	42	18	60	21	8	29	61	31	92	42	18
		60	21	8	29	61	31	92	42	18	60	
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
3	3	96	36	132	45	18	63	165	63	228	96	39
		132	45	18	63	165	63	228	96	39	135	
TONGUE Parish - - (Pop. 2,030.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.			
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
			10	8	18	228	162	390	109	27	136	
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	1	30	23	53	20	10	30	36	24	60	30	18
		53	20	10	30	36	24	60	30	18	48	
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
5	5	99	57	156	60	30	90	190	117	307	150	90
		156	60	30	90	190	117	307	150	90	240	

ROGART Parish is entirely landward.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochia School consist of English and Gaelic, writing and accounts; those usually taught are English reading, grammar, arithmetic, book-keeping and mensuration; no other branches could be conveniently taught without additional accommodation and assistance to the master; but it would be desirable for some, if the master could teach Latin; this, however, was not considered necessary at the time of his admission. The salary is 36*l.* 7*s.* 12*d.* per annum, the school fees amount to 18 *l.* (but scarcely recoverable to the extent of 8 *l.*) and other emoluments (as session clerk, &c.) to 6*l.* annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, Gaelic, writing and accounts are taught.

There are some very aged persons in this parish who cannot read; though in general they have not much education, there are few of the young, and of those in middle life, who have not a little. The Holy Scriptures are read in the schools, and the Presbytery insist on this being done in all the schools within their bounds.

signed) *John Mackenzie*, Minister.

LONGUE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping; and occasionally, to a few scholars, Latin, Greek, mathematics and geography; other branches might be conveniently introduced if required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 5*s.* 6*d.* per annum, with about 10*l.* school fees, and 6*l.* 10*s.* annually other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, Gaelic, writing and arithmetic are taught.

From want of correct lists kept by some of the teachers, and those of others having been lost, it was difficult to be absolutely correct in the answers given, especially as to the smallest number of scholars attending during the periods specified; but the answers given are a very near approximation to the truth.

From the extent of this parish (about 20 miles by 9), its mountainous tracts and water divisions, its various detached districts, townships and houses, more than two-thirds of the population can have no access to the Parochial School, nor can there be a central situation for general benefit. The inhabitants consisting almost wholly of small tenants, cotters, fishers and day labourers, their poverty prevents the possibility of sending their children to board in the vicinity of that school.

In the Parochial School district, as in all the other districts of this parish where schools of any kind exist, only one or two of the children of a family can attend school at the same time, and the attendance of these is in general very irregular, from want of means to pay fees, to buy books, to provide clothes and shoes, and from many domestic avocations at various seasons, and especially when the parents are engaged in herring fishing and day labour.

Owing to the want of school-houses with suitable accommodation, of qualified teachers from want of encouragement and training, of proper books and classification of pupils, also to the irregular attendance of scholars when children, and the necessity of their early labouring to get personal comfort, the education generally obtained is tedious and superficial, soon forgotten, and quite unavailing to instruct the mind or form the habits; and must thus continue, unless the evil be removed by aid from sources beyond the present means or prospects of the inhabitants themselves.

(not signed.)

SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF SUTHERLAND.

1. NUMBER of INHABITANTS in the SHIRE of SUTHERLAND in the Year 1831 - - - - - 25,518.

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
2. NUMBER of Children under five years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	167	136	303
Number of Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	1,907	1,280	3,187
Number of such Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write - - - - - }	922	321	1,243

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
3. PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS - - - - -	13	15	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools, from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			476	260	736	174	125	299
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			601	278	879	268	152	420

	£.	s.	d.
TOTAL AMOUNT of Salaries received by Parochial Schoolmasters - - -	420	6	7 ³ / ₄
— of School Fees received by - - ditto - - -	101	5	6
— of other Emoluments received by ditto - - -	52	13	9
£.	574	5	10 ³ / ₄

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
4. SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - - -	43	45	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			594	411	1,005	270	147	417
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			1,137	755	1,892	482	298	780

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
5. TOTAL NUMBER of PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, and SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - }	56	60	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Total Number of Children attending School from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			1,070	671	1,741	444	272	716
Total Number of Children attending School from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			1,738	1,033	2,771	750	450	1,200

REMARKS ON THE SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF SUTHERLAND.

1. The number of Inhabitants attributed to the several parishes in this Abstract of Education Returns, differs from the total number ascribed to the Shire of Sutherland in the Population Abstract of 1831, because in one instance a parish extends into an adjoining shire, in which case the entire parish is ascribed to that shire in which the larger portion of its population reside; this kind of correction being unavoidable in a Return strictly parochial. The total Population of the parishes entered in this Abstract thus becomes 1,013 persons less than 25,518, and is taken at 24,505 in all the calculations on which the subsequent remarks are founded.

To this number might be added, in strictness, an increase of two per cent. (or 20 in 1,000) during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and ten months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years; such estimated increase somewhat lessens the proportion of children educated or under education in the Shire of Sutherland, but does not alter any of the numbers which are stated in the Summary or in the following remarks.

2. The difficulty of personal inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has not permitted the ministers of three parishes in Sutherlandshire to specify the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears on the opposite page to have been 303; which, by application of the rule of proportion to the population of all the parishes, gives 364 for the entire Shire of Sutherland.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to read or who are now learning to read (as specified in the Returns) is 3,187; adding to which a due proportion for two parishes (which are defective in this particular), the total number may be assumed at 3,616. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years of age at Lady Day 1834 must have been 6,028, supposing the same proportion as before now to exist throughout the Shire of Sutherland.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to write or who are now learning to write (as specified in the Returns) is 1,243; adding to which a due proportion for two parishes (defective in this particular), the total number of such children is 1,410.

3. The number of Parochial Schools is 13, in which are 15 instructors. The greatest number of scholars at these Schools between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 736, and the least number to have been 299; the latter whereof, by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, becomes 430.

The greatest number of scholars at Parochial Schools between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 879; but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 1,067; and the least number of scholars (420) in like manner becomes 711.

The total amount of salaries, school fees and other emoluments appertaining to the parochial instructors was £. 574 from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834, exclusive of the fees belonging to the Schools at Creech and Edderachillis, and of other emoluments belonging to the School at Golspie; the amount whereof is not stated in the Returns from these parishes.

4. The number of Schools not Parochial is 43, in which are 45 instructors. The greatest number of scholars between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,005; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 1,199; and the least number of scholars (417), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 701.

The greatest number of scholars at Schools not Parochial between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,892, and the least number to have been 780; adding to which a due proportion for Returns, one whereof is defective in the greatest, and five in the least number, the former becomes 2,038, and the latter, in like manner, becomes 1,312.

5. The total number of Schools (Parochial and not Parochial) is 56, in which are 60 instructors. The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Sutherland between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,741; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 1,935; and the least number of scholars (716) in like manner becomes 1,131.

The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire Sutherland between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 2,771; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 3,105; and the least number of scholars (1,200) in like manner becomes 2,023.

Shire of Wigtown.

ABSTRACT OF EDUCATION

[The Parishes are placed in - - - - -]

GLASSERTON Parish (Pop. in 1831, 1,194.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	10	8	18	50	36	86	24	18	42

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	38	29	67	26	15	41	34	27	61	28	17	45
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2	2	35	28	63	32	24	56	41	34	75	36	30	66

INCH Parish - - - - (Pop. 2,521.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
	17	9	26	228	233	461	117	94	211

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	40	25	65	35	20	55	55	30	85	40	25	65
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	80	60	140	66	48	114	105	65	170	90	55	145

Shire of Wigtown.

- - - RETURNS, JULY M.DCCC.XXXIV.

- - - *Alphabetical order throughout the County.*

GLASSERTON Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, French, theoretical and practical mathematics and navigation; the elements of logic, rhetoric, moral and natural philosophy might also be conveniently introduced. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum (but subject to a deduction of 21*s.* for the Widows' Fund) and from 12*l.* to 14*l.* per annum school fees. At the Schools *not* Parochial, nearly the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School.

In answer to the questions as to how many children under fifteen years of age have been taught or are now learning to read and write, the number returned comprehends such children only as are now attending school.

(not signed.)

INCH Parish is entirely landward.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial School consists of English, Latin, Greek, writing, arithmetic and practical mathematics; all of which are usually taught, with the addition of geography; at an Evening School other branches might be taught. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 3*d.* per annum, with 23*l.* school fees, and 5*l.* annually other emoluments as session clerk. At the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School, with the exception of Greek and geography.

It will be observed that the number of children attending school at any one period is no criterion of the number able to read or learning to read; some are taught at home, others attend school in adjacent parishes. The operative class of parents are seldom able to keep their children at school for a longer period than half a year at once. Education cannot be safely left to the mere operation of demand and supply, endowment or compulsory support is necessary. The schoolmasters, too, should always be subject to some supervision, and amenable to some tribunal, such as the Presbytery of the bounds. It would be of great advantage to have endowment for two of the Schools in this parish which are *not* Parochial, say an annual salary of 10*l.* to each.

(signed) James Fergusson, Minister.

KIRKCOLM Parish - - (Pop. 1,896.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	35	27	62	30	22	52	61	29	90	43	27	70
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	88	49	137	76	43	119	125	48	173	93	41	134

KIRKCOWAN Parish - (Pop. 1,374.)						Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
						Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
						Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
						10	10	20	90	90	180	70	70	140
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.												
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
1	1	44	13	57	-	-	-	46	14	60	-	-	-	
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.												
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.						
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
3	3	30	15	45	-	-	-	34	21	55	-	-	-	

KIRKINNER Parish - (Pop. 1,514.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.								
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.								
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.						
			5	5	10	180	172	352	130	105	235						
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.														
Schools.			Instructors.			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
						Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
						Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	76	37	113	65	29	94	69	15	84	42	8	50				
OTHER SCHOOLS.			CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.														
			From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.								
			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.					
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
3	3	40	71	111	40	71	111	40	71	111	40	71	111				

KIRKCOLM Parish is entirely landward.

The branches of education taught at the Parochial School consist of Latin, English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mensuration and navigation. The salary of the master is 27*l.* per annum; the school fees amount to 18*l.*, and other emoluments to 5*l.* 10*s.* annually, with a house and garden. At two of the Schools *not* Parochial the same branches of education are taught as at the Parochial School, with the exception of Latin; and at the other school, English reading and writing only.

Children under five years of age are very rarely sent to school here, but it is presumed, that if the number of children being taught to read and write, or improving themselves in any of these branches, is required, the number of readers is exactly the whole number of scholars which is herein given for each period. At these schools all the scholars (whatever other branches of education they are acquiring) read English daily. The number of writers is at any given time about three-fourths of the whole number of scholars; all the children get more or less instruction in writing, but boys (more especially the children of labourers) are kept longer at writing than the girls. The number of new scholars entering during the winter half year is about one eleventh part of the whole number of scholars: in the summer half year, when young children can come out better, the number of new scholars is about one-seventh part of the whole; many scholars attend school only one quarter in each half year. The yearly number of scholars has varied little during the last ten years, the population having increased but 76 during that period. It is thought that every person born and bred in the parish above the age of fifteen has been taught to read; among the Irish residents, who are always changing, there may be individuals above that age who have not been taught to read, but none such are known at present.

(signed) *W. Rose*, Minister.

KIRKCOWAN Parish is entirely landward.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial School are English, writing, arithmetic, English grammar and Latin, all of which are usually taught, with the addition of mathematics, algebra, Greek, French and geography. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 3*d.* per annum, or minimum; the school fees amount to 20*l.* and the other emoluments are worth from 8*l.* to 10*l.* annually, with a house and garden. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing and accounts are taught, and at the other two (which are kept by women) English only.

The average attendance of 95 scholars at the parish school last year was twenty weeks out of the fifty-two. With regard to the smallest number of children who attended the schools, it may be answered that the schools immediately after and before vacation begin and end with six or eight, or even less. Besides the three Schools *not* Parochial, there is one and sometimes two kept for a few months during winter. The heritors have for the last three years made a present of some pounds to the parish schoolmaster, in addition to his salary. There are few persons above fifteen in the parish (except Irish settlers) who cannot read a little.

(not signed.)

KIRKINNER Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of Latin, French, Greek, mensuration, geography, English grammar, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 4*s.* 4½*d.* per annum; the school fees amount to 28*l.* and other emoluments to 6*l.* annually, with a house and garden. At two of the Schools *not* Parochial, English grammar, writing and arithmetic are taught; and at the other (for females) the same, with sewing in addition.

Formerly there was an assistant at the Parochial School, but of late a school for females has been opened where sewing is taught in addition to the other branches of education; this accounts for the smaller number of children at the parish school last term; wages are so low that the teacher is better off with the smaller number, as in that case he does not want an assistant. English is taught for 2*s.* per quarter. The minister has just succeeded in getting a school-house built in a distant corner of the parish for the accommodation of 60 children, and two of the heritors have liberally granted a salary of 15*l.* per annum; and the minister hopes soon to get a similar erection with a salary in the only other part of the parish where it is necessary. There are several Irish labourers in the parish owing to its proximity to Ireland; few of the Roman Catholics among them are able to read, but in general they send their children to school.

(signed) *James Reid*, Minister.

KIRKMAIDEN Parish is entirely landward.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial School are English reading, writing and arithmetic; to which are now added Latin, French, book-keeping, geography, mathematics, navigation and land-surveying. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 3½*d.* or minimum; the school fees amount to 18*l.* (being the payments of 60 scholars at 6*s.* per annum each), and other emoluments to 6*l.* annually. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, nearly the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School; and at the other four, English reading, writing and arithmetic.

There may be five or six adults in the parish who cannot read, but some of these, under the tuition of their wives, are learning; they are all natives of Ireland. There are a few children commencing the alphabet under the tuition of their parents. Four out of the five teachers of the private schools are but indifferently qualified for their office; but as their emoluments are a mere pittance, nothing else can be expected. The number of scholars returned as attending the private schools is as near an approximation to the truth as could be made from an examination into the teachers' lists, which were not very correctly kept.

(signed) *J. Lamb*, Minister.

ESWALT Parish is partly landward and partly a Town.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, the classics, mathematics, &c. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 3*d.* per annum; the school fees average from 10*l.* to 20*l.*, and other emoluments from 5*l.* to 10*l.* annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial (one of which is a Boarding School), the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School.

(not signed.)

NEW LUCE Parish is entirely landward.

The branches of education taught at the Parochial School consist of reading, grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, mensuration, navigation and Latin; no other branches are required. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum; the school fees amount to 5*l.*, and the other emoluments to 1*l.* 13*s.* per annum.

This parish is extensive, consisting of moor land, with few inhabitants, and no resident heritors. Several farmers live so far from the Parochial School that they cannot send their children to it; they educate their children at home by engaging young lads to teach them during some months in the winter season. The farm-houses are so scattered over this parish that an additional school would be of little service. There are no persons in the parish above the age of fifteen who are not able to read.

(signed) *Wm. M'Kergo*, Minister.

LUCE, OLD, or GLEN- LUCE Parish - - } (Pop. 2,180.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			30	36	66	90	92	182	50	50	100

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	40	30	70	36	24	60	54	46	100	54	26	80

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	50	62	112	50	30	80	70	60	130	54	46	100

MOCHRUM Parish - - (Pop. 2,105.)				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				9	10	19	170	136	306	100	96	196

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	23	21	44	-	-	-	23	21	44	-	-	-

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
7	7	156	125	281	-	-	-	156	125	281	-	-	-

PENNINGHAM Parish and NEWTON - STEWART } (Pop. 3,461.) Town - - - - }				Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
				Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
				23	27	50	238	169	407	162	110	272

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	20	10	30	18	10	28	19	9	28	16	8	24

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
10	11	212	175	387	189	119	308	251	191	442	216	137	353

OLD LUCE or GLENLUCE Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English, Latin, practical mathematics, geography, book-keeping, arithmetic and writing; no other branches have hitherto been required. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 3*d.* per annum; his school fees amount to 30*l.* or 40*l.*, and his other emoluments (as session clerk) to about 4*l.* or 5*l.* annually. The branches taught at the Schools *not* Parochial are English reading, writing and arithmetic, and at two of them the females are also taught to sew.

There is not known to be a native of this parish who cannot read; there are many Irish here who are not able to read, although, after residing in it for some time, appear anxious to have their children taught.

(signed) *John Macdowall*, Minister.

MOCHRUM Parish is entirely landward.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial School consist of English and English grammar, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, French, Latin and Greek; of these a few scholars are taught Latin, and the remainder attend to the first four branches. The salary of the master is 31*l.* per annum; the school fees amount to 16*l.*, and other emoluments (as session clerk) to 4*l.* annually. At five of the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School, and at the other two (which are kept by females), the various branches of needlework.

Through the kindness of the principal heritor (Sir William Maxwell, of Monreith), one of the private schools receives 15*l.*, and another 10*l.* per annum. No native of Scotland (with one exception), residing in the parish, above fifteen years of age, is unable to read; 60 or 70 Irish, or probably more, are destitute of any instruction, almost all of whom profess the Romish religion.

Had the greatest and smallest number of children been returned as required, it would have led to a very erroneous conclusion, for the first week after vacation not one-sixth part of the average number attend.

(signed) *Alexander Young*, Minister.

PENNINGHAM Parish is partly landward, and partly consists of the village of Newton-Stewart.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of English reading, grammar, writing, arithmetic, classical learning, geography, mathematics and book-keeping; other branches might be taught, but do not seem to be required. The salary of the master is 34*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.*, and the school fees amount to 15*l.* annually; the other emoluments are a dwelling-house and garden. At the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School, but all the branches are not taught in each.

(not signed.)

PORTPATRICK Parish - (Pop. 2,239.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			13	7	20	232	194	426	96	52	148		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	-	-	25	-	-	16	-	-	35	-	-	20
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
6	6	-	-	90	-	-	70	-	-	140	-	-	82

SORBY Parish - - - (Pop. 1,412.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			3	8	11	165	126	291	56	65	121		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	35	15	50	30	10	40	47	20	67	45	15	60
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
3	3	63	85	148	57	70	127	66	94	160	60	85	145

STONEYPKIRK Parish - - (Pop. 2,966.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.		
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			-	-	-	-	-	446	-	-	211

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	1	33	30	63	-	-	-	36	29	65	-	-	-		

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.													
Schools.		Instructors.		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
				Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	5	178	137	315	-	-	-	225	156	381	-	-	-		

PORTPATRICK Parish is partly landward and partly a Village; of the inhabitants, 1,205 reside in the village.

The branches of education taught at the Parochial School consist of English reading, writing and arithmetic; to which are occasionally added book-keeping and navigation; and geography and practical mathematics might also be taught. The salary of the master is 30*l.*, with about 5*l.* school fees annually; the other emoluments are a dwelling-house, consisting of two rooms and a garden of about one rood of land. At the Schools *not* Parochial (three whereof are kept by females), the instruction consists of English reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping and English grammar.

The number of persons above fifteen years of age who are not able to read is 83; the number of those not able to write, 383. The average age of children when they enter school is at five and a quarter years, and the average period during which children continue at school is less than one year. The above facts will show (perhaps more accurately than any direct statement) what is the average amount of learning among those who are reckoned in the adjoining columns as able to read.

(signed) *A. Urquhart*, Minister.

SORBY Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, mensuration, practical geometry and the elements of mechanism, philosophy and chemistry. The salary of the master is 33*l.* 3*s.* 8*d.* per annum, and the school fees amount to 9*l.* 1*s.* 2*d.* annually; there are no other emoluments. At one of the Schools *not* Parochial, the same branches are taught as at the Parochial School; at the other two, the usual branches of female instruction.

Two of the schools last-mentioned are in the village of Garliestown, which contains a population of 700, and is three miles distant from the Parochial School. Both of these schools are largely endowed by the Earl and Countess of Galloway; one admits 25 children gratuitously, and the other from 12 to 15.

(signed) *Alex. Forrester*, Minister.

STONEYKIRK Parish is entirely landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, writing, arithmetic, Latin, Greek, French, book-keeping and practical mathematics. The salary of the master is 25*l.* 13*s.* 3*¼d.* per annum, and the school fees amount to 14*l.* annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, English, writing, arithmetic and book-keeping are taught.

In answer to the question as to how many children under fifteen years of age have been taught or are now learning to read and write, the number returned comprehends only those children who have attended the various schools during the last year.

(not signed.)

STRANRAER Parish is entirely a Burgh.

The instruction at the Parochial School consists of Latin, Greek, French, English, writing, accounts and practical mathematics; it is supposed that no other branches could be conveniently taught. The salary of the master is 20*l.*, and the school fees amount to 45*l.* per annum. Of the Schools *not* Parochial, three are for males and three for females; the instruction consists of Latin, English, writing, accounts and geography.

The number of children learning to read under five years of age, and those learning to read and write between five and fifteen years of age, cannot be ascertained; neither can the number of children be given who attended the Schools *not* Parochial during the periods specified.

(signed) *David Wilson*, Minister.

WHITHORN Burgh and Parish.

The instruction at the Parochial Schools consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, geography, book-keeping, mathematics, Latin, Greek and French, &c.; these appear to be all the branches that are essentially necessary. The salaries of the masters amount to 58*l.* 10*s.*, and the school fees to 48*l.* annually. At the Schools *not* Parochial, the instruction consists of English reading and grammar, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, geography, navigation and mathematics.

The correctness of the answers cannot be vouched for, as some of the teachers keep no accurate school roll, and are unwilling to make known the number of scholars and amount of school wages. As to the age of scholars, the teachers take no account; and if there are any persons above the age of twenty-one who cannot read, they would be ashamed to acknowledge it.

(signed) *C. Nicholson*, Minister.

WIGTOWN Parish is partly a Burgh and partly landward.

The instruction given at the Parochial School consists of English, Latin, Greek, French, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, practical mathematics, geography, and some of the simpler branches of chemistry and natural history; nothing further is necessary. The salary of the master is 35*l.* per annum, with about the same amount arising from school fees. At the Schools *not* Parochial, reading, writing and arithmetic are taught; three of these schools are for females only.

In answer to the question as to how many children under fifteen years of age have been taught or are now learning to read and write, the number returned comprehends only those who attend a Grammar School and the Parochial School. The respective teachers keep no record, except for the current quarter, consequently it is not possible to state the greatest or the least number of children in attendance at any particular season; but those returned may be considered as the average attendance throughout the year.

(signed) *Peter Young*, Minister.

SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF WIGTOWN.

1. NUMBER of INHABITANTS in the SHIRE of WIGTOWN in the Year 1831 - - - - - 36,258.

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
2. NUMBER of Children under five years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	210	193	403
Number of Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read - - - - - }	2,594	2,120	4,714
Number of such Children between five and fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write - - - - - }	1,402	1,122	2,524

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
3. PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS - - - - -	18	21	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools, from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			814	421	1,235	340	194	534
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			851	453	1,304	391	213	604

	£.	s.	d.
TOTAL AMOUNT of Salaries received by Parochial Schoolmasters - - - - -	516	18	7 ³ / ₄
— of School Fees received by - - ditto - - - - -	362	1	2
— of other Emoluments received by ditto - - - - -	49	3	-
	£.	928	2 9 ³ / ₄

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
4. SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - - -	81	82	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Number of Children attending such Schools from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			1,638	1,177	2,715	711	504	1,215
Number of Children attending such Schools from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			1,564	1,132	2,696	818	573	1,391

	Schools.	Instructors.	GREATEST NUMBER.			SMALLEST NUMBER.		
5. TOTAL NUMBER of PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, and SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL - - - - - }	99	103	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Total Number of Children attending School from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833 - - - - - }			2,352	1,598	3,950	1,051	698	1,749
Total Number of Children attending School from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834 - - - - - }			2,415	1,585	4,000	1,209	786	1,995

REMARKS ON THE SUMMARY OF THE SHIRE OF WIGTOWN.

1. The number of Inhabitants in the Shire of Wigtown in the year 1831 was 36,258; to which number might be added, in strictness, an increase of two and a half per cent. (or 25 in 1,000) during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and ten months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years; such estimated increase somewhat lessens the proportion of children educated or under education in the Shire of Wigtown, but does not alter any of the numbers which are stated in the Summary, or in the following remarks.

2. The difficulty of personal inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has not permitted the ministers of four parishes in the Shire of Wigtown to specify the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read, or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears on the opposite page to have been 403; which, by application of the rule of proportion to the population of all the parishes, gives 562 for the entire Shire of Wigtown.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to read, or who are now learning to read (as specified in the Returns), is 4,714; adding to which a due proportion for two parishes (which are defective in this particular), the total number may be assumed at 5,508. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years at Lady Day 1834 must have been 9,437, supposing the same proportion as before now to exist throughout the Shire of Wigtown.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to write, or who are now learning to write (as specified in the Returns), is 2,524; adding to which a due proportion for two parishes (defective in this particular), the total number of such children is 2,949.

3. The number of Parochial Schools is 18, in which are 21 instructors. The greatest number of scholars at these Schools between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,235, and the least number to have been 534; the latter whereof, by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, becomes 917.

The greatest number of scholars at Parochial Schools between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 1,304, and the least number to have been 604; but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, one whereof is defective in the greatest, and seven in the least number, the former becomes 1,394, and the latter in like manner becomes 1,038.

The total amount of salaries, school fees and other emoluments appertaining to the parochial instructors was £.928 from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834, exclusive of the other emoluments appertaining to the Parochial School at Wigtown, the amount whereof is not stated in the Return from that parish.

4. The number of Schools not Parochial is 81, in which are 82 instructors. The greatest number of scholars between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 2,715, and the least number to have been 1,215; adding to which a due proportion for Returns, one whereof is defective in the greatest, and six in the least number, the former becomes 2,989, and the latter in like manner becomes 2,027.

The greatest number of scholars at Schools not Parochial between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 2,696; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 3,195, and the least number of scholars (1,391), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 2,321.

5. The total number of Schools (Parochial and not Parochial) is 99, in which are 103 instructors. The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Wigtown between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears on the opposite page to have been 3,950, and the least number to have been 1,749; adding to which a due proportion for Returns, one whereof is defective in the greatest, and seven in the least number, the former becomes 4,224, and the latter in like manner becomes 2,944.

The total number of scholars at all Schools in the Shire of Wigtown between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears on the opposite page to have been 4,000; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 4,589, and the least number of scholars (1,995), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 3,359.

- - - - - SUPPLEMENT,

- - - - - other Returns of the Shires to which they respectively belong.

Shire of Argyll.

- - - - - EDUCATION RETURNS.

KILMICHAEL-GLASRY Parish is entirely landward.

In 1831 it contained a population of 4,054, including that of Loch-Gilphead, a new Government district detached *quoad sacra* from Kilmichael-Glasry.

At the three Parochial Schools returned* (one whereof is situated within the district of Loch-Gilphead), English and Gaelic, English grammar, geography, writing, arithmetic and Latin are taught. The salary attached to the schools is 51*l.* 6*s.* 7½*d.* per annum; of which one master receives one-half, the other two one-fourth each. The school fees are as follows; viz. for English reading, 2*s.* 6*d.*; writing, 3*s.* 6*d.*; English grammar, 4*s.* 6*d.*; arithmetic, 5*s.*; Latin, 6*s.* per quarter; there are no other emoluments. At the Schools *not* Parochial, Gaelic, English and writing are taught.

(signed) Dugald Campbell, Minister.

* It is uncertain whether one or two of these Parochial Schools are included in the Return of the Parliamentary district of Loch-Gilphead (pp. 82, 83.)

SMALL-ISLES Parish (which is partly in Inverness-shire, but wholly entered here) is entirely landward.

The branches of education directed to be taught at the Parochial School are English reading, writing, arithmetic, book-keeping, English grammar and geography; those usually taught are the four first-mentioned branches. In islands surrounded by the sea, navigation might be of great service, as many of the young men afterwards follow a seafaring occupation. The salary of the master is 30*l.* per annum; the school fees amount to 5*l.* per annum only, the people being so poor that many cannot afford to pay for their children; there are no other emoluments. At the School *not* Parochial, reading, writing, arithmetic, Latin and Greek are taught.

The parish of Small-Isles takes in four inhabited islands, whose population amounts to 1,015 souls. In the island of Eigg, where the Parochial School is situated, there are of the above number 485 souls. Muck contains a population of 200, and Canna the same. No teacher has been in either of these islands for the last twenty years, with the exception of Gaelic teachers for a short time. In the island of Rum are 130 souls; this island is held by one Racksman, who keeps a tutor in his own family; but other children are also received into this school.

(signed) Donald M'Lean, Minister.

SUMMARY

OF

EDUCATION RETURNS.

SCOTLAND.

1833-1834.

REMARKS.

THE total number of children attending daily schools of all kinds in Scotland, was greater in the winter half-year of 1833-1834, than in the summer half-year of 1833; the Returns of the several parishes in the above winter half-year, amounting to 222,453; and to the number of children therein specified, must be added an estimated number (64,345), obtained by the rule of proportion, to supply defects in these Returns. Hence results a total of 286,798 children under education in Scotland; a proportion of eleven-and-a-half per cent. upon the resident population of Scotland, as estimated at 2,452,000 at Lady-day 1834. In like manner the actual Returns of the preceding summer half-year produced a total of 211,397; and with similar supplement (49,456) a total of 260,853, or ten-and-a-half per cent. on the population of Scotland: but these estimated numbers and proportions are liable to deduction from the form of the question; which, by requiring Return of "the greatest number of scholars in any part of the respective half-years," has doubtless produced return of a greater number than attended school at any specified time in the summer and winter half-years respectively. But this kind of inaccuracy admits of correction, by combining with the greatest numbers in each half-year (286,798 and 260,853) the smallest numbers in each half-year (208,384 and 189,266), whereby is produced an average of 236,325, or nine-and-two-thirds per cent. on the population of Scotland, which 9.63 per cent. includes the estimated numbers additional to the numbers actually returned from the several parishes.

The defective Returns, which have occasioned and indeed required such estimated addition, must not be deemed evidence of inattention or negligence in the ministers of the several parishes to whom the Questions were addressed. The nature of some of the Questions, as requiring information beyond the minister's own knowledge, usually prevented him from obtaining a distinct answer to every one of them, inasmuch that some part of his Return could not but be conjectural or defective; and the latter alternative has frequently been preferred, especially with regard to the Questions less essential than others to the main object of the inquiry.

Under these circumstances, the Summary of Education in Scotland would appear to disadvantage, unless the defects were supplied by calculated estimate; and thus much it is necessary to premise in its justification. The columns of augmented totals (obtained by the rule of proportion applied to each county) are hereunto annexed, and as regarding all Scotland, they produce the grand totals mentioned in the Remarks appended to the Summary of actual Returns.

An inquiry into the amount of Education in England and Wales was made in the year 1833, when the resident population was estimated at 14,400,000; and the number of children attending daily schools at that time was 1,276,947, or nine per cent. on the said population; besides which, the number attending Sunday Schools was 1,548,890, or nearly eleven per cent. (10.7) on the population.

J. R.

I.	II.		III.				IV.				V.			
	Estimated Number of Children taught to Read.		Estimated Number of Scholars at Parochial Schools, from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.		Estimated Number of Scholars at Parochial Schools, from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		Estimated Number of Scholars at Schools other than Parochial, from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.		Estimated Number of Scholars at Schools other than Parochial, from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		Estimated Total of Scholars at Parochial and other Schools, from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.		Estimated Total of Scholars at Parochial and other Schools, from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.	
	Under 5 Years of Age.	From 5 to 15 Years of Age.	Greatest Number.	Smallest Number.	Greatest Number.	Smallest Number.	Greatest Number.	Smallest Number.	Greatest Number.	Smallest Number.	Greatest Number.	Smallest Number.	Greatest Number.	Smallest Number.
For Population, 1831, <i>See the next page.</i>														
SHIRES.														
ABERDEEN -	2,585	25,000	6,586	4,359	7,468	4,250	12,593	8,904	14,581	9,518	19,179	13,243	22,049	13,768
ARGYLL -	710	15,937	3,541	2,175	4,686	3,096	8,713	6,276	10,710	7,578	12,254	8,451	15,396	10,674
AYR -	874	17,615	4,195	3,387	4,390	3,385	9,906	8,167	10,349	8,256	14,101	11,554	14,739	11,641
BANFF -	1,335	6,570	1,609	1,089	1,801	1,320	3,715	2,429	4,039	2,485	5,324	3,518	5,840	3,605
BERWICK -	315	4,616	2,371	1,977	2,805	1,934	1,757	459	2,193	454	4,128	2,436	4,998	2,383
BUTE -	112	2,200	427	196	482	275	1,744	1,706	1,872	1,835	2,171	1,902	2,354	2,110
CAITHNESS -	527	6,045	521	292	747	418	2,843	1,464	3,480	1,868	3,364	1,756	4,227	2,306
CLACKMANNAN -	202	2,249	270	195	245	145	1,643	1,127	1,615	1,083	1,918	1,322	1,861	1,238
DUMBARTON -	188	3,115	895	764	1,086	889	2,503	1,865	2,994	2,290	3,398	2,629	4,030	3,179
DUMFRIES -	955	10,719	3,943	2,501	4,857	2,831	5,974	4,865	6,580	5,263	9,917	7,366	11,437	8,094
EDINBURGH -	3,249	33,260	4,442	3,196	5,094	3,622	28,942	24,167	30,918	25,492	33,384	27,363	36,012	29,114
ELGIN -	656	4,703	1,182	828	1,259	817	3,030	2,609	3,159	2,629	4,212	3,437	4,418	3,446
FIFE -	1,840	15,831	4,338	2,818	4,293	2,793	10,839	7,725	14,083	10,322	15,177	10,543	18,376	13,115
FORFAR -	3,850	19,905	3,222	2,305	3,620	2,289	11,111	6,603	10,269	6,251	14,333	8,908	13,889	8,540
HADDINGTON -	433	4,910	1,990	1,904	2,626	2,117	2,451	1,857	2,868	1,618	4,441	3,761	5,494	3,755
INVERNESS -	1,002	9,774	2,250	1,075	2,710	1,199	6,001	4,316	7,054	5,137	8,251	5,391	9,764	6,356
KINCARDINE -	772	4,836	1,275	823	1,385	858	2,399	1,726	2,772	1,848	3,674	2,549	4,57	2,706
KINROSS -	102	1,187	560	354	475	207	476	371	661	359	1,036	725	1,136	566
KIRKCUDBRIGHT	417	5,781	3,739	2,780	3,954	2,956	2,538	1,932	2,132	1,729	6,277	4,712	6,086	4,655
LANARK -	2,597	42,975	5,130	3,802	5,026	4,178	21,819	15,441	19,749	18,542	26,949	19,243	24,775	22,730
LINLITHGOW -	152	3,459	927	543	854	504	2,072	1,611	2,204	1,738	2,999	2,154	3,058	2,242
NAIRN -	212	929	243	146	384	225	532	402	547	371	775	548	931	556
ORKNEY and SHEETLAND }	776	8,614	1,980	1,311	1,881	1,508	3,722	2,179	4,360	2,228	5,702	3,490	6,241	3,756
PEEBLES -	96	1,848	841	637	858	598	636	620	685	667	1,477	1,257	1,543	1,265
PERTH -	1,874	17,973	4,639	3,138	5,213	3,507	10,677	7,435	13,649	8,819	15,516	10,573	18,862	12,326
RENFREW -	822	18,473	1,102	806	1,078	831	11,721	10,412	11,930	11,046	12,823	11,218	13,008	11,877
ROSS and CROMARTY }	973	9,716	1,885	1,120	2,183	1,233	5,000	3,494	6,579	4,516	6,885	4,614	8,762	5,749
ROXBURGH -	489	6,294	2,995	2,383	3,225	2,491	2,849	1,096	2,609	1,042	5,844	3,479	5,834	3,533
SELKIRK -	12	957	357	309	385	336	576	490	617	516	933	799	1,002	852
STIRLING -	503	8,489	2,000	1,489	2,006	1,605	6,252	4,761	6,819	5,065	8,252	6,250	8,825	6,670
SUTHERLAND -	364	3,616	736	430	1,067	711	1,199	701	2,038	1,312	1,935	1,131	3,105	2,023
WIGTOWN -	562	5,508	1,255	917	1,394	1,038	2,989	2,027	3,195	2,321	4,234	2,944	4,589	3,359
TOTALS -	29,487	323,154	71,456	50,029	79,488	54,166	189,427	139,237	207,310	154,218	260,853	189,266	286,798	208,384

SUMMARY OF EDUCATION RETURNS (SCOTLAND).

II.

III.

I. POPULATION in 1831. How many Children under Five years of age, of each sex, have been taught to read, or are now learning to read? How many Children, of each sex, between Five and Fifteen years of age, have been taught to read, or are now learning to read? How many of such Children, between Five and Fifteen years of age, have been taught to write, or are now learning to write?

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS: Number of Instructors in those Schools: Scholars of each sex who attended such Parish School between Lady Day (25th March), and Michaelmas (29th September) 1833: Amount of Schoolmaster's Salary: of School Fees: of other Emoluments.

SHIRES.	POPULATION in 1831.	Children taught to Read.			Taught to Write.			Parochial Schools.			At Parochial Schools, from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.			At Parochial Schools, from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.			Emoluments of Parochial Schoolmasters.		
		Under 5 Years of Age.			From 5 to 15 Years of Age.			Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.	Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.				Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
ABERDEEN	178,137	610	537	1,147	7,712	6,113	13,825	93	96	3,851	1,559	5,410	2,279	1,059	3,338	4,477	1,806	6,283	963
ARGYL *	106,528	230	243	473	8,516	5,959	14,475	74	78	2,183	1,210	3,396	1,199	683	1,882	2,991	1,698	4,629	767
AYR	145,176	178	226	404	6,590	6,724	13,314	46	62	2,580	1,537	4,117	1,338	825	2,163	2,394	1,438	3,832	747
BANFF	47,243	427	427	854	2,180	1,701	3,881	25	29	1,159	426	1,585	643	232	875	1,335	439	1,774	280
BERWICK	33,952	101	102	203	2,091	1,608	3,699	34	40	1,206	745	1,951	602	416	1,018	1,462	893	2,355	376
BUTE	14,151	32	50	82	1,315	885	2,200	10	10	256	171	427	92	55	147	349	133	482	69
CAITHNESS	35,542	32	50	82	2,945	2,341	5,286	10	11	337	167	504	170	75	245	386	176	562	75
CLACKMANNAN	15,507	83	94	177	1,192	1,270	2,462	5	6	157	113	270	98	79	177	353	93	446	45
DUMFRIES	34,626	35	25	60	1,652	1,270	2,922	13	15	398	251	649	234	110	344	535	203	738	105
DUMFRIES *	73,770	265	193	458	3,453	2,667	6,120	32	40	1,996	916	2,912	1,442	648	2,090	2,293	1,107	3,400	766
EDINBURGH	219,324	354	453	807	5,335	4,486	9,821	21	27	905	277	1,182	576	185	761	935	277	1,212	694
ELGIN	84,741	189	198	387	2,313	1,683	3,996	55	61	2,580	1,463	4,043	1,407	752	2,159	2,396	1,342	3,738	794
FIFE	128,470	548	549	1,097	7,075	6,161	13,236	32	32	816	667	1,383	534	409	943	972	684	1,656	627
FORFAR	139,663	1,817	1,211	3,028	7,536	6,115	13,651	30	30	1,942	1,064	3,006	1,247	603	1,350	2,198	1,188	3,386	564
GARDINGTON	36,116	78	70	148	2,528	2,126	4,654	34	34	232	138	370	137	70	207	316	159	475	133
GLASGOW	89,832	364	251	615	5,381	2,898	8,279	22	22	811	362	1,173	445	208	653	892	338	1,230	157
KINCARDINE	31,879	261	234	495	2,090	1,655	3,745	5	7	232	138	370	137	70	207	316	159	475	133
KIRKCUDBRIGHT	40,580	140	119	259	3,268	2,513	5,781	49	55	2,106	1,443	3,549	1,078	752	1,830	2,072	1,368	3,440	784
LANARK	317,329	671	668	1,339	14,811	12,075	26,886	72	90	2,866	1,901	4,767	1,887	1,149	3,036	2,592	1,655	4,247	1,273
LEITH	23,760	64	44	108	1,665	1,441	3,006	13	13	512	275	787	245	134	379	429	251	680	198
LEITH *	7,383	46	35	81	492	437	929	4	4	162	81	243	102	44	146	144	69	213	34
ORKNEY and SHEPHERD	58,239	146	121	267	2,856	2,267	5,123	28	29	1,046	588	1,634	514	342	886	1,138	459	1,597	610
PERTH	10,642	10	6	16	1,000	821	1,821	16	17	454	387	841	323	256	579	467	391	858	239
PERTH *	142,308	646	629	1,275	8,333	6,538	14,871	73	75	2,660	1,614	4,274	1,258	767	2,025	3,049	1,740	4,789	1,515
RENFREW	132,812	284	273	557	7,583	6,067	13,650	19	22	577	348	925	419	237	656	585	334	919	431
ROSS and ROMARLY	76,111	291	250	541	5,524	3,653	9,177	33	33	1,152	493	1,645	634	250	884	1,414	593	2,007	667
ROXBURGH	43,941	45	37	82	1,686	1,250	2,936	44	50	1,526	893	2,419	929	538	1,467	1,622	983	2,605	943
SELKIRK	6,168	5	3	8	549	336	885	5	8	232	125	357	202	107	309	274	111	385	236
STIRLING	71,662	86	97	183	2,350	1,873	4,223	33	39	1,169	688	1,857	838	493	1,331	1,092	666	1,758	873
STIRLING *	24,503	167	136	303	1,907	1,280	3,187	13	15	476	260	736	174	125	299	601	278	879	268
WIGTOWN	36,258	210	193	403	2,594	2,120	4,714	18	21	814	421	1,235	340	194	534	851	453	1,394	391
TOTALS	2,305,114	8,584	7,599	16,283	126,786	98,461	225,247	1,047	1,170	41,071	22,515	63,586	23,259	12,770	36,029	44,769	23,524	68,293	24,543

REMARKS ON THE EDUCATION SUMMARY OF SCOTLAND.

I. The number of Inhabitants attributed to the several shires of Scotland in the foregoing Abstract of Education Returns, differs in some instances from the Population Abstract of 1831, because several parishes extend into adjoining shires, in which case the entire parish is ascribed to that shire in which the larger portion of its population reside; this kind of correction being unavoidable in a Return strictly parochial. To the population of 1831, might be added, in strictness, an increase from 2,365,114 to 2,452,623, or 37 in 1,000, during the time which elapsed from the end of May 1831 to Lady Day 1834 (being two years and months), supposing the rate of increase continued to be the same during that period as during the ten preceding years; such estimated increase somewhat lessens the proportion of children educated, or under education Scotland, but does not alter any of the numbers which are stated in the Summary, or in the following remarks.

II. The difficulty of making inquiry concerning every child in a parish, especially in large parishes, has prevented many of the ministers from specifying the number of children under Five years of age who have been taught to read or are now learning to read. The number actually returned appears to have been 16,283; which, by application of the rule of proportion to the population of the parishes, where such defect occurs, gives 29,487 all Scotland.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to read (as specified in the Returns) is 225,257; adding to which a due proportion for the parishes which are defective in this particular, and for two parishes from which no Return could be obtained, viz. Bressay Buray and Quarff, and Gulberwick with Lerwick, in the Shetland Isles, the total number may be assumed at 323,154. According to the classification of ages in the year 1821, the number of children from Five to Fifteen years of age at Lady Day 1834 must have been 593,285, supposing the same proportion now to exist throughout Scotland.

The number of children between Five and Fifteen years of age who have been taught to write (as specified in the Returns) is 114,626; adding to which a due proportion for the parishes which are defective in this particular, the total number of such children is 172,377.

III. The number of Parochial Schools is 1,047, in which are 1,170 instructors. The greatest number of scholars at these Schools between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears to have been 63,586, but by application of the rule of proportion to apparently defective Returns, the greatest number becomes 71,426, and the least number of scholars (36,029) in like manner becomes 50,020.

* Memorandum.—The Summary of the Shire of Argyll, and the Summary of the Shire of Edinburgh (pp. 36 and 276) are not precisely the same as in the above Summary.

SUMMARY OF EDUCATION RETURNS (SCOTLAND).

IV.

SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL:

Number of Instructors in those Schools:
Scholars of each sex, between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833:
Scholars of each sex, between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834.

TOTAL
Of Parochial and other Schools, and of Children at School in Scotland,
from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834.

V.

Schools other than Parochial.	At such Schools, from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.										At such Schools, from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.										Total of Parochial and other Schools.				Children at School, from Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.										Children at School, from Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.										SHIRES.
	Greatest Number.					Smallest Number.					Greatest Number.					Smallest Number.					Total.				Greatest Number.					Smallest Number.					Greatest Number.					Smallest Number.					
	Males.		Females.		Total.	Males.		Females.		Total.	Males.		Females.		Total.	Males.		Females.		Total.	Males.		Females.		Total.	Males.		Females.		Total.	Males.		Females.		Total.	Males.		Females.		Total.					
	Instructors.	Schools.	Instructors.	Schools.		Instructors.	Schools.	Instructors.	Schools.		Instructors.	Schools.	Instructors.	Schools.		Instructors.	Schools.	Instructors.	Schools.		Instructors.	Schools.	Instructors.	Schools.		Instructors.	Schools.	Instructors.	Schools.		Instructors.	Schools.	Instructors.	Schools.		Instructors.	Schools.	Instructors.	Schools.		Instructors.	Schools.	Instructors.	Schools.	
347	379	6,080	3,846	9,926	2,488	1,878	4,366	5,519	3,491	9,010	2,767	2,038	4,805	440	475	9,931	5,405	15,336	4,767	2,937	7,704	9,996	5,297	15,293	5,020	3,001	8,021	ABERDEEN.																	
200	207	4,359	3,110	7,469	2,672	1,945	4,617	5,574	3,581	9,155	2,956	2,117	5,073	274	285	6,545	4,320	10,865	3,871	2,628	6,499	8,565	5,219	13,784	4,372	2,884	7,256	ARGYLL. *																	
225	241	5,357	4,069	9,426	1,898	1,492	3,390	4,734	3,816	8,550	1,931	1,512	3,443	271	303	7,997	5,606	13,543	3,236	2,317	5,553	7,128	5,254	12,382	3,181	2,259	5,440	AYR.																	
125	131	1,794	1,422	3,216	756	660	1,416	2,311	1,602	3,913	807	642	1,449	150	160	2,953	1,848	4,801	1,399	892	2,291	3,646	2,041	5,687	1,567	922	2,489	BANFF.																	
59	60	758	657	1,415	114	93	207	1,164	710	1,874	111	94	205	93	100	1,964	1,402	3,366	716	509	1,225	2,626	1,603	4,229	748	470	1,218	BERWICK.																	
30	34	752	527	1,279	782	496	1,278	1,141	731	1,872	529	357	886	40	44	1,008	698	1,706	874	551	1,425	1,490	864	2,354	666	426	1,092	BUTE.																	
86	86	1,525	990	2,515	584	416	1,000	1,906	1,229	3,135	675	412	1,087	96	97	1,862	1,157	3,019	754	491	1,425	2,292	1,405	3,697	853	487	1,340	CAITHNESS.																	
26	39	833	815	1,648	508	514	1,022	1,499	766	1,615	513	469	982	31	45	990	928	1,918	606	593	1,199	1,002	859	1,861	600	514	1,114	CLACKMANNAN.																	
54	55	1,052	879	1,931	523	433	956	1,110	862	1,972	658	461	1,119	67	70	1,450	1,130	2,580	757	543	1,300	1,454	1,053	2,507	861	566	1,427	DUMBARTON.																	
129	143	3,059	2,310	5,369	1,934	1,554	3,488	2,872	2,241	5,113	2,176	1,683	3,859	194	212	5,403	3,704	9,107	3,160	2,280	5,440	5,515	3,776	9,291	3,581	2,490	6,071	DUMFRIES.																	
460	640	9,839	9,341	19,180	7,457	7,204	14,661	10,115	9,960	20,075	7,820	7,387	15,207	492	680	11,835	10,257	22,092	8,899	7,852	16,751	12,408	11,067	23,475	9,466	8,153	17,619	EDINBURGH. *																	
70	88	1,712	1,318	3,030	1,279	957	2,236	1,770	1,284	3,054	1,266	987	2,253	91	115	2,617	1,595	4,212	1,855	1,142	2,997	2,705	1,561	4,266	1,796	1,151	2,947	ELGIN.																	
223	252	3,287	3,318	6,605	1,279	1,325	2,604	5,069	4,592	9,661	2,192	1,229	3,421	278	313	5,877	4,781	10,658	2,686	2,077	4,763	7,465	5,934	13,399	3,567	2,923	6,490	FIFE.																	
223	255	3,921	3,015	6,936	1,219	956	2,175	3,368	2,555	5,923	988	731	1,719	276	315	5,863	4,079	9,942	2,466	1,559	4,025	5,566	3,743	9,309	2,199	1,295	3,494	FORFAR.																	
51	55	641	523	1,164	511	414	925	898	744	1,642	272	201	473	81	87	1,457	1,090	2,547	1,045	823	1,868	1,870	1,428	3,298	657	498	1,155	HADDINGTON.																	
122	127	3,508	2,094	5,602	2,007	1,424	3,431	4,235	2,432	6,667	2,379	1,560	3,939	156	161	5,061	2,732	7,793	2,654	1,671	4,325	6,138	3,168	9,306	3,120	1,816	4,936	INVERNESS.																	
85	86	1,115	872	1,987	718	526	1,244	1,424	994	2,418	718	488	1,206	107	108	1,926	1,234	3,160	1,163	734	1,897	2,316	1,332	3,648	1,188	645	1,833	KINCARDINE.																	
13	15	105	135	240	85	102	187	291	317	608	143	160	303	18	22	337	273	610	222	172	394	607	476	1,083	276	218	494	KIRKCUDBRIGHT.																	
56	60	970	869	1,839	627	524	1,151	650	607	1,257	486	402	888	105	115	3,076	2,312	5,388	1,705	1,276	2,981	2,722	1,975	4,697	1,648	1,186	2,834	LANARK.																	
352	376	11,013	8,455	19,468	5,001	3,915	8,916	7,751	5,798	13,549	6,438	4,764	11,202	424	466	13,879	10,356	24,235	6,888	5,064	11,952	10,343	7,453	17,796	8,458	6,037	14,495	LEITH.																	
48	55	749	715	1,464	322	328	650	888	790	1,678	422	375	797	61	68	1,261	990	2,251	567	462	1,029	1,317	1,041	2,358	636	513	1,149	LINLITHGOW.																	
14	15	284	243	532	183	149	332	292	255	547	163	144	307	18	19	446	329	775	285	193	478	436	324	760	254	178	432	NAIRN.																	
113	113	1,564	1,188	2,752	643	458	1,101	1,750	1,118	2,868	565	293	858	141	142	2,610	1,776	4,386	1,157	800	1,957	2,888	1,577	4,465	1,175	600	1,775	ORKNEY and SHEETLAND.																	
14	17	374	262	636	362	258	620	395	290	685	386	281	667	30	34	828	649	1,477	685	514	1,199	862	681	1,543	691	520	1,211	PEEBLES.																	
251	259	4,128	3,389	7,517	1,663	1,320	2,983	5,264	4,334	9,598	2,023	1,683	3,706	324	334	6,788	5,003	11,791	2,921	2,087	5,008	8,313	6,074	14,337	3,538	2,509	6,047	PERTH.																	
169	193	5,385	3,757	9,142	2,965	2,164	5,129	5,676	4,071	9,747	3,906	2,902	6,808	188	215	5,962	4,105	10,067	3,384	2,401	5,785	6,261	4,405	10,666	4,337	3,159	7,496	RENFREW.																	
124	129	2,398	1,571	3,969	1,324	793	2,117	3,704	2,287	5,991	1,742	1,037	2,779	157	162	3,550	2,064	5,614	1,958	1,043	3,001	5,118	2,880	7,998	2,409	1,307	3,716	ROSS and CROMARTY.																	
68	80	1,069	1,129	2,198	217	223	440	795	772	1,567	178	211	389	112	130	2,595	2,022	4,617	1,146	761	1,907	2,417	1,755	4,172	1,121	794	1,915	ROXBURGH.																	
13	14	336	240	576	286	204	490	376	241	617	301	215	516	18	22	568	365	933	488	311	799	650	352	1,002	537	315	852	SELKIRK.																	
121	138	2,986	2,074	5,060	2,148	1,404	3,552	3,128	2,083	5,211	2,169	1,501	3,670	154	177	4,155	2,762	6,917	2,986	1,897	4,883	4,220	2,749	6,969	3,042	2,035	5,077	STIRLING.																	
43	45	594	411	1,005	270	147	417	1,137	755	1,892	482	298	780	56	60	1,070	671	1,741	444	272	716	1,738	1,033	2,771	750	450	1,200	SUTHERLAND.																	
81	82	1,538	1,177	2,715	711	504	1,215	1,564	1,132	2,696	818	573	1,391	99	103	2,352	1,598	3,950	1,051	698	1,749	2,415	1,585	4,000	1,209	786	1,995	WIGTOWN.																	
3,995	4,469	83,085	64,726	147,811	43,536	34,780	78,316	87,720	66,440	154,160	48,980	38,107	87,087	5,042	5,639	124,156	87,241	211,397	66,795	47,550	114,345	132,489	89,964	222,453	73,523	51,107	124,630	-	TOTALS.																

REMARKS ON THE EDUCATION SUMMARY OF SCOTLAND.

The greatest number of scholars at Parochial Schools between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears to have been 68,293, but by application of the rule of proportion, as before stated, the greatest number becomes 79,488, and the least number of scholars (37,543) in like manner becomes 54,166.
The total amount of salaries, school fees and other emoluments appertaining to the parochial instructors, in so far as the same have been returned, and exclusive of augmentation from Dick's bequest, was £.55,339 from Lady Day 1833 to Lady Day 1834. Some of the instructors have, moreover, received payments from Dick's bequest, which, when generally appropriated, is expected to afford an average of 25*l.* per annum to the several parochial instructors in the shires of Aberdeen, Banff and Moray (Elgin).

V. The number of Schools *not* Parochial is 3,995, in which are 4,469 instructors. The greatest number of scholars between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears to have been 147,811; adding to which a due proportion for defective Returns, the estimated number becomes 189,427; and the least number of scholars (78,316), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 139,237.

The greatest number of scholars at Schools *not* Parochial between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears to have been 154,160; adding to which a due proportion for the Returns as before, the estimated number becomes 207,310, and the least number of scholars (87,087), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 154,218.

V. The total number of Schools (Parochial and *not* Parochial) is 5,042, in which are 5,639 instructors. The greatest number of scholars at School in the several shires between Lady Day and Michaelmas 1833, appears to have been 211,397; adding to which a due proportion as before stated, the estimated number becomes 260,853; and the least number of scholars (114,345), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 189,266.
The greatest number of scholars at School in the several shires between Michaelmas 1833 and Lady Day 1834, appears to have been 222,453; adding to which a due proportion as before, the estimated number becomes 286,798; and the least number of scholars (124,630), the Return of whom is very defective, in like manner becomes 208,384.

Sabbath-day Schools are frequently mentioned in the Returns; but children receiving daily instruction, and no others, are included in the foregoing Summary and in these Remarks.

Scotland: because the Returns of two Parishes in each of these Shires (annexed herewith as a Supplement) have since arrived, and are included in the above Summary.

SUPPLEMENT,

Containing Returns received too late for insertion among the

Shire of Argyll.

ABSTRACT OF SUPPLEMENTARY

KILMICHAEL- GLASRY Parish } (Pop. in 1831, 1,354.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.	
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of	
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
	11	15	26	161	214	375	97	82

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
3	3	61	45	106	53	44	97	91	61	152	79	57

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
5	5	47	51	98	37	45	82	139	130	269	99	77

SMALL-ISLES Parish - (Pop. 1,065.)	Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.	
	Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of	
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
	-	-	-	60	20	80	26	8

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
Schools.	Instructors.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	1	27	6	33	21	7	28	30	10	40	28	9

OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.										
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.				
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
1	1	14	6	20	12	6	18	30	10	40	27	8

SUPPLEMENT—continued.

Shire of Edinburgh.

ABSTRACT OF SUPPLEMENTARY - - -

CUTHBERT, ST. or WEST KIRK Parish - - - } - (Pop. 58,887.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
		From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
Schools.	Instructors.	Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
128	190	3,286	3,087	6,373	2,752	2,593	5,345	3,495	3,404	6,899	3,019	2,735	5,754

than a twelvemonth ago, an ecclesiastical disjunction was made from this parish (viz. St. Cuthbert's) of the present which the preceding Return refers may be considered as amounting to only about 60,000.

- III. That, in estimating the number of young persons under a course of elementary and other education in this parish, as City of Edinburgh, that a very considerable number of such young persons residing in this parish attend schools show that the proportion of scholars attending schools in the City corresponding to its population is much greater
- IV. That so completely have the parishes of St. Cuthbert (including the four ecclesiastical parishes above referred education is concerned, that in order to judge of the actual number of young persons receiving education in was included the whole population of St. Cuthbert's, Canongate, North and South Leith), it is absolutely necessary from their Ministers, or from the Teachers themselves, as only together giving a just view of the real number of
- V. That in almost every school in this parish, besides the several branches of literary and other education taught in Scriptures being daily read, but by the Catechisms of the Church of Scotland being learned by them, whilst the

ROXBURGH Parish (Pop. about 3,000.)			Number of Children taught to Read.						To Write.				
			Under 5 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.			5 to 15 Years of Age.				
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
			24	21	45	274	221	495	160	137	297		
PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OTHER SCHOOLS.		CHILDREN AT SCHOOLS NOT PAROCHIAL.											
Schools.	Instructors.	From Lady Day to Michaelmas 1833.						From Michaelmas 1833 to Lady Day 1834.					
		Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.			Greatest Number.			Smallest Number.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
7	8	192	128	320	168	112	280	-	-	-	-	-	-

SUPPLEMENT—continued.

Shire of Edinburgh.

EDUCATION RETURNS.

CUTHBERT or WEST KIRK Parish.

Of the Schools which exist in the parish, one is called "The Scottish Naval and Military Academy," at which 60 males are taught military and civil engineering, drawing, mathematics in all its branches, English, writing, arithmetic, geography, history, composition, Latin, Greek, Persian, Hindoostana, Arabic, French, Italian, Spanish, Portuguese, German, fencing, gymnastics and military exercises; and lectures are given on natural philosophy, chemistry and military antiquities; another, called "George Watson's Hospital," contains 80 males, who are taught English in all its branches, arithmetic, writing, Latin, Greek, French, mathematics, natural philosophy, &c.; another, called "John Watson's Hospital," is attended by 50 males and 50 females; the boys are taught English, &c., history and geography, writing, arithmetic, mathematics, drawing, Latin and Greek; the girls are taught English and needlework; at another, called "The Merchant Maiden Hospital," 90 females are taught English, &c., writing, arithmetic, French, music, dancing, drawing and needlework; at another, called "The Orphan Hospital," 50 males and 50 females are taught reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar and geography; the females are also taught sewing; at another, called "Gillespie's School," are about 160 males; at the West Kirk Charity Workhouse are from 160 to 180 children of both sexes; and at a Lancasterian School are 310 males. The branches taught at the three schools last mentioned are reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar and geography. At the House of Refuge, 10 males are taught reading, writing, arithmetic and shoemaking. The remaining 120 are private schools, at which the usual branches of education are taught as at such establishments; four of the last-mentioned are Boarding, and two Day and Boarding Schools.

With reference to the preceding Return, it is thought of some importance to remark:—

- I. That it was drawn up from reports made to the minister by the Teachers of the several schools to which it relates, except in a few instances, in which there had been a change of Teachers in the schools after the periods concerning the state of the schools, during which the Return was required to be made; in which instances, there could be no absolute certainty that the information obtained respecting them was altogether correct. At the same time these cases are so few, that it is not supposed that there would be a difference of above 100 scholars, greater or less, who attended such schools during these periods.
- II. That the population of St. Cuthbert's parish, by the Census of 1831, was 70,887; which, there is little doubt, had from March 1833 to March 1834 (the period to which the Return relates) increased to at least 73,000; that not much more

parishes of Newington, Buccleugh, Roxburgh and St. Bernard's; and that, in consequence of these disjunctions, the population to

connected with the population of 60,000, it should be known and recollected, that the parish of St. Cuthbert is so circumjacent to the that are in the City; so that the minister should not be surprised though the Returns from the Ministers of the City should appear to than that of those attending schools in this parish is to its population.

to), of the City of Edinburgh, of the Canongate, and of North and South Leith, been amalgamated or connected in so far as Edinburgh (the population of which, according to general statistical reckoning, was said in 1831 to be about 163,000, but in which to consider these parishes as being but one, and consequently to count all the schools in them, as reported by the respective Returns pupils under a course of education in Edinburgh.

them, as reported in the preceding Return, particular attention is paid to the religious instruction of the pupils, not only by the Teachers also begin and frequently end the duties of the day with prayers for them.

(signed)

David Dickson, D.D., Minister of St. Cuthbert's.

ROXBURGH Parish is within the Parliamentary Burgh of Edinburgh.

It is one of the *quoad sacra* parishes created by an enactment of the General Assembly in 1834. A survey of the parish was recently and very accurately made by the members of session, and the return here given for the date required is calculated from that survey.

At the schools which exist in the parish (none of which are parochial), English reading, grammar, writing and geography are taught.

Although there are seven schools within the bounds of the parish, a trifling proportion of the children belonging to the parish attend them. There is a well known want of education at accessible schools for many of the parishioners.

(signed) J. C. Fowler, Minister.

